

体 例 说 明

一、词 条

每个词条包括三部分：

- (1) 本词（音标、词性、英汉释义）
- (2) 例句（英汉）
- (3) 同义词、反义词、词汇辨析、相关词汇

二、本 词

1 词性以《大学英语教学大纲》词汇表中词性为准，用英文缩写表示：

v 动词（表示该动词既是及物又是不及物，同时包括情态动词和助动词）

vi 不及物动词

vt 及物动词

n 名词

adj 形容词

adv. 副词

num. 数词

pron. 代词

art. 冠词

prep. 介词

conj 连词

int. 感叹词

aux. 助动词

2 有多个释义群时，各释义群分别用“①、②、③”等列出。

三、附有练习及答案

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目 录

Contents

A	2
B	14
C	20
D	32
E	42
F	48
G	56
H	58
I	62
J	70
K	72
L	72
M	78
N	88
O	92
P	98
Q	110
R	112
S	118
T	132
U	140
V	144
W	148
X	150
Y	152
Z	152



A a

abbreviate /Eʃbriːvieɪt/ v. 缩写; 简写

(It is generally a good idea when taking notes to abbreviate words that occur repeatedly.

be ~d to 缩写为 The word “kilogram” is usually abbreviated to “kg”.

abbreviation /Eʃbriːviʃeɪf(E)n/ n. 缩写, 节略, 缩短; 缩写词

~ for

(BBC is an abbreviation for British Broadcasting Corporation.

abide /Eɪbaɪd/ vi. ① 坚持 ② 遵守 vt. 忍受, 容忍 (用于否定或疑问句中)

(I can't abide people who push to get first in line.

~ by 遵守

(Those are the rules and regulations; we didn't make them but we have to abide by them.

abolish /Eɪbəlɪʃ/ vt. 废止; 废除(法律、制度、习俗等)[同]scrap; do away with; discontinue

abolition /AbEɪlɪʃ(E)n/ n. 废除, 废除奴隶制度

(Several states in the US intend to abolish capital punishment.

abortion /Eɪbɔːʃ(E)n/ n. ① 流产, 堕胎, 早产 have an ~ ② 失败, 中止

prove an ~ 最终失败

absent /5AbsEnt/ adj. 缺席的, 缺少的 ~-minded 心不在焉的

absorb /Eb5sC:b/ vt. ① 吸收 ② 理解, 领会[同]digest, assimilate

(A frog cannot drink, so it absorbs all the liquid it needs through its skin.

(A new baby has an enormous capacity for absorbing new information.

absorbed /Eb5sR:bd/ adj. 全神贯注的, 一心一意的[同]engrossed, enthralled

be ~ in

(She's totally absorbed in her work.

absorbing /Eb5sC:bɪn/ adj. 吸引人的; 非常有趣的[同]riveting, gripping, compelling

absorption /Eb5sC:pF(E)n/ n. 吸收

abstract /5AbstrAkt/ adj. ① 抽象的[同]unrealistic ② 深奥的 ③ 理论的 [同]theoretical

vt. 摘要, 提炼; 抽象化

absurd /Eb5s\ :d/ adj. 荒谬的, 可笑的[同]stupid, ridiculous, laughable

abundance /Eɪbʌndəns/ n. 丰富, 充裕 in ~

(Wild flowers grow in abundance on those hillsides.

accessory /Ek5sesEri/ n. 从犯, 同谋者 adj. ① 附属的 ② 同谋的

accord /E5kC:d/ n. ① 调和, 协议 ② 符合 of one's own ~ 自愿地, 自动地

in ~ with 与……一致

(His words are in complete accord with his thoughts.

v. 一致, 给与; 符合

(His behavior and his principles do not accord well together.

~ with

To be continued on page 4



Forward

1. We must _____ all hope of reaching our production target this year.
a. release b. retract c. resign d. abandon
2. He will _____ his promise if he gives it.
a. allow for b. renege on c. renew d. abide by
3. In times of war, the army will draft all _____ men.
a. able-bodied b. single c. young d. younger
4. George is a very fine man even though he's sometimes _____ in manner.
a. shrew b. abrupt c. devious d. amiable
5. I was so _____ in my book that I didn't hear the doorbell ring.
a. concentrated on b. absorbed
c. engaged d. occupied
6. Larry was so _____ in his novel that he forgot about his dinner cooking in the oven.
a. absorbed b. obliged c. enlivened d. excelled
7. The process of reform is _____ only by careful planning.
a. furthered b. speeded
c. hurried d. accelerated
8. There are two problems. One is lack _____ tutors, and the other is _____ new books.
a. of ... no access to b. for ... no access for
c. of ... no approach d. in ... no solution to
9. _____ their terms, we would go bankrupt.
a. If we accept b. If we should accept
c. If we had accepted d. If we are to accept
10. Ron O'neal received widespread _____ for his production of the new play.
a. confidence b. training
c. acclaim d. reimbursement
11. Anne Morrow Lindbergh _____ her husband, the aviator Charles Lindbergh, on several of his pioneering flights.
a. interviewed b. stopped
c. loved d. accompanied





(Your opinion accords substantially with mine.

accumulate /E5kju:mjuleit/ v. 积聚, 堆积[同]collect, gather, build up, pile up

相关的词: accumulation 积累, accumulative 堆积的, 喜欢积聚的

accurate /5AkjurEt/ adj. ① 正确的[同]correct, right ② 精确的[同]exact, faithful, strict

acknowledge /Ek5nRlidV/ v. 承认[同]accept, admit, concede

be ~d as

(De Valer was elected to be Prime Minister, and was acknowledged as leader of the Irish people.

① 答谢, 报偿[同]thank, recognize, show your appreciation

acquaint /E5kweint/ vt. 使熟知, 通知

be/get ~ed with

(I'm acquainted with him, but we've only met a few times on a strictly professional basis.

get ~ed

(I'll leave you two alone so you can get acquainted.

adapt /E5dApt/ vt. ① 适应 ② 改编

~ to sth.

(It's not easy, but we are slowly adapting to the new style of management.

~ to doing sth.

(The children have found it difficult to adapt to living in an apartment — they want a garden to play in.

(The movie was adapted by Steinbeck from his own best-selling novel.

相关的词: adept adj. 熟练的, 拿手的 n. 老手, 擅长者 adopt vt. 采用, 收养

addict /E5dikt/ vt. 使沉溺, 使上瘾

be ~ed to

(The rock star was addicted to cocaine.

addict /5Adikt/ n. 入迷的人, 有瘾的人

相关的词: addiction /E5dikF(E)n/ n. 沉溺, 上瘾

addictive /E5diktiv/ adj. 上瘾的

adhere /Ed5hiE(r)/ v. ① 粘附, 胶着 [同]stick ② 坚持 ~ to 坚持

adjacent /E5dVeisEnt/ adj. 邻近的, 接近的[同]the next, adjoining

(Fields adjacent to the nuclear plant have higher than usual levels of radioactivity.

adjoin /E5dVCin/ v. 邻接, 毗连[同]next to, border

(The kitchen adjoins the sitting room, which is spacious.

adjustable /E5dVQstEb(E)l/ adj. 可调整的[同]flexible, adaptable

administration /Edmini5streif(E)n/ n. ① 管理, 经营 ② 行政部门, 政权管理机构 [同]government, regime

(The Bush administration picked up where the Reagan administration left off.

admiration /Admi5reiF(E)n/ n. 钦佩, 赞美[同]respect, adulation full of ~

admission /Ed5miF(E)n/ n. ① 允许进入, 接纳 ② 供认[同]confession

on/by your own ~ 自己承认 / 认为

(On his own admission, Richard has always been impatient.

adore /E5dC:(r)/ v. ① 崇拜, 爱慕 ② (口语)喜爱

adoration /AdE5reiF(E)n/ n. 崇拜, 爱慕; 受崇拜(或爱慕)的对象

To be continued on page 6



Forward

1. According to the conditions of my scholarship, after finishing my degree, _____.
 - a. my education will be employed by the university
 - b. employment will be given to me by the university
 - c. the university will employ me
 - d. I will be employed by the university
2. "On no account" means _____.
 - a. without knowledge
 - b. without money
 - c. definitely not
 - d. without confidence
3. He went to Somerset House _____ looking up the terms of his grandfather's will.
 - a. in the event of
 - b. on account of
 - c. with reference to
 - d. with the purpose of
4. They came to inspect the house _____ buying it.
 - a. in the event of
 - b. with a view to
 - c. with reference to
 - d. on account of
5. Although teen-age drivers _____ only six percent of the driving population, they represent 15 percent of drivers involved in all accidents and 13 percent of drivers involved in _____ accidents.
 - a. account for ... fatal
 - b. give for ... bad
 - c. occupy ... fatal
 - d. take on ... bad
6. Without the friction between their feet and the ground, people would _____ be able to walk.
 - a. in no time
 - b. by all means
 - c. in no way
 - d. on any account
7. While they were away on vacation, they allowed their mail to _____ at the post office.
 - a. desert
 - b. accumulate
 - c. have accumulated
 - d. being accumulate
8. According to the weather forecast, which is usually _____, it will snow this afternoon.
 - a. exact
 - b. precise
 - c. perfect
 - d. accurate
9. Since I could not see anything through the microscope, _____ my careful adjustment, I gave up.
 - a. for all
 - b. above all
 - c. after all
 - d. in all
10. In swimming, _____ coordination of muscles is required than in other sports.
 - a. a swifter
 - b. more automatic
 - c. more exact
 - d. an easier

To be continued on page 7



Forward



advantageous /AdvEn5teidVEs/ *adj.* 有利的[同]beneficial, profitable

advertise /5AdvEtaiz/ *v.* ① 做广告, 登广告[同]promote, market, sell, push ② 通知[同]publicize, announce

advocate /5AdvEkeit/ *n.* 倡导者, 鼓吹者 *be an ~ of*

(Gandhi was a strong advocate of non-violent protest.

vt. 提倡, 鼓吹

(Some extremists are now openly advocating violence.

aerial /5eEriEl/ *adj.* ① 航空的 ② 空气的, 大气的 *n.* 天线

aerospace /5eErEuspeis/ *n.* 宇宙空间

affirm /E5f\m/ *v.* ① 断言; 确认 ② 肯定, 证实[同]assert, declare, argue, confirm

(When questioned, all the witnesses affirmed that the shooting had taken place exactly as the police described it.

aggregate /5A^ri^eit/ *n.* 合计; 集合体 *v.* 聚集, 集合; 合计 *adj.* (只能用在名词前) 合计的, 集合的

(The company's aggregate borrowings exceed \$900 million.

agitation /AdVi5teif(E)n/ *n.* ① 激动, 兴奋 ② 煽动; 搅动

相关的词: agitated /5AdViteitid/ *adj.* 激动的, 不安的

agitator /5AdViteitE(r)/ *n.* 煽动者

agreeable /E5^ri:Eb(E)l/ *adj.* 使人愉快的, 惬意的 [同]pleasant, enjoyable, acceptable

alert /E5l\;t/ *adj.* ① 提防的, 警惕的[同]watchful, vigilant ② 活跃的, 机灵的 [同]active, awake

n. 警惕, 警报 *v.* 通知, 警告[同]warn, caution, forewarn

(When he realized that one engine was not working the pilot alerted air traffic control.

alien /5eiliEn/ *n.* 外侨, 外人[同]foreigner, immigrant *adj.* ① 外国的[同]foreign ② 相异的, 不同的

alienate /5eiliEnet/ *v.* ① 疏远 ② 让渡 (财产) 所有权

相关的词: alienable /5eiliEnEb(E)l/ *adj.* 可让与的 alienation /eiliE5neiF(E)n/ *n.* 疏远, 转让

alignment /E5lainmEnt/ *n.* ① 队列 ② 结盟

allied /5Alaid/ *adj.* 联合的, 同盟的 ~ countries 协约国

allowance /E5lauEns/ *n.* ① 津贴, 补助[同]pension, welfare ② 宽容, 允许

alongside /E1RN5said/ *adv. & prep.* ① 并肩地, 并排地 ② 在……旁边, 与……并肩

alloy / 5AlCi/ *n.* 合金 an alloy of silver and copper 银和铜的合金

ally /5Alai/ *n.* ① 盟国, 支持者 ② 伙伴, 助手 *v.* 结盟

altitude /5Altitju:d/ *n.* (尤指海拔) 高度, 高处

alteration /C:ltE5reiF(E)n/ *n.* ① (缓慢的) 变化, 变更[同]change ② 改造 [同]adaptation, modification

(We are having some alterations made to our house.

alternative /C:l5t\;nEtiv/ *n.* 选择, 替换物[同]choice, option *adj.* 选择性的; 二中择一的

~ to

(Medical evidence suggests that these tonics are useful alternatives to more powerful drugs.

have no ~

(It will take a long time to get there by train, but we don't have any alternative.

alternate /5C:lt\;neit/ *adj.* ① 交替的, 轮流的 ② 预备的[同]alternative, substitute

~ between

(She would alternate inexplicably between cruelty and kindness.

~ with

To be continued on page 8



Forward

1. Astronomy provides the knowledge necessary for _____ time-keeping, navigation, surveying, and map making.
a. meticulous b. incessant c. accurate d. ancient
2. It is very likely that Martian will also be _____ to underground existence, for conditions are much more equable underground.
a. adopted b. acquired c. admitted d. adapted
3. He accused them _____ having broken their word.
a. of b. to c. by d. with
4. Being both spoilt and lazy he _____ everyone else for his lack of success when he was in the university.
a. blamed b. charged c. complained d. accused
5. The speaker is _____.
a. very well acquainted with the subject
b. recognized as an authority who knows a great deal in terms of the subject
c. someone who knows well enough about the subject which he has undertaken to do the speaking
d. a person who has close awareness of the subject that he speaks about so much
6. His first non-stop flight across the Atlantic Ocean was _____ of great daring and courage.
a. a narrative b. an act
c. an attempt d. a conspiracy
7. _____ of the play, "Mourning becomes Electra" introduces the cast of characters and hints at the plot.
a. The act first b. Act one
c. The act one d. First act
8. All the information we have collected in relation to that case _____ very little.
a. comes up with b. makes up for
c. puts up with d. adds up to
9. _____ how hot an object is, temperature is a measure of the kinetic energy of the molecules that make up the object.
a. Additionally showing b. It shows in addition
c. In addition to showing d. To show in addition
10. Ben would have studied medicine if he _____ to a medical school.
a. could be able to enter b. had been admitted
c. was admitted d. were admitted





(He has periods of inertia, which alternate with frenzied activity.

v. ① 交替, 轮流[同]vary, rotate ② 改变

amateur /5AmEtE(r)/ n. 业余爱好者 *adj.* 业余的[反]professional

ambassador /Am5bAsEdE(r)/ n. 大使

ambient /5AmbiEnt/ *adj.* 周围的, 包围着的[同]near, surrounding

ambiguous /Am5bi^juEs/ *adj.* ① 暧昧的, 不明确的[同]unclear, imprecise, vague ② 歧义的

相关的词: ambiguously *adv.* 含糊不清地, 引起歧义地

ambiguity /Ambi5^ju:iti/ n. 含糊, 不明确

ambitious /Am5biFEs/ *adj.* 有雄心的, 野心勃勃的[同]power-hungry, competitive, pushy

相关的词: ambition /Am5biF(E)n/ n. 野心, 雄心

amends /E5mendz/ n. ① (对毁坏, 损坏的)赔偿 ② 赔礼; 赔罪

相关的词: amend /E5mend/ v. 修正, 改进, 改正

ammunition /Amju5niF(E)n/ n. 军火, 弹药

ample /5Amp(E)l/ *adj.* 充足的, 丰富的[同]plenty of, plentiful, abundant, copious

(You will have ample opportunity to express your opinions during the debate.

amplitude /5AmpIitju:d/ n. ① 广阔 ② 充足, 丰富 ③ [物]振幅

analogue n. ① 相似物, 类似情况 ② 对等的人[同]counterpart

analogy /E5nAlEdVi/ n. 类似, 类推

by ~

(He analyzes the violence in ancient Rome and, by analogy, the violence in modern cities.

by ~ with

(We talk of the “memory” of computer by analogy with the brain of a human being.

draw an ~

(The author draws an analogy between the space adventures shown in “Star Trek” and the adventures undertaken by ancient Greek heroes.

analytical /AnE5litik(E)l/ *adj.* 分析的, 解析的[同]detailed, critical

anniversary /Ani5v\ :sEri/ n. 周年纪念

announce /E5nauns/ vt. 宣布, 通告[同]publicize, declare, state, express

annually /5AnjuEli/ *adv.* 一年一次; 每年

anode /5AnEud/ n. [电]阳极, 正极

Antarctic /An5tB:ktik/ *adj.* 南极的, 南极地带的

antenna /An5tenE/ n. 天线 (复 antennae 或 antennas)

antique /An5ti:k/ n. 古物, 古董 *adj.* ① 古时的, 过时的 ② 古老而珍贵的 [同]vintage

apologize /E5pRIEdVaiz/ vi. 道歉; 辩白

~ for sth.

(The bank wrote to apologize for overcharging me.

~ to sb.

(The US has apologized to Britain for the accident that cost nine lives.

相关的词: apology /E5pRIEdVi/ n. 辩解, 道歉

apparatus /ApE5reitEs/ n. ① 器械, 设备, 仪器[同]equipment stuff ② 机构[同]system, structure

To be continued on page 10



Forward

1. Unless all staff members agree to _____ to the plan there may be further changes in the course of action.
a. infer b. adhere c. prefer d. assure
2. In most countries, the metric system has been _____ for all measurement.
a. adapted b. applied c. harnessed d. adopted
- 3 I'd like to take _____ of this opportunity to thank you all for your cooperation.
a. profit b. benefit c. advantage d. interest
4. To generate income, magazine publishers must decide whether to increase the subscription price or _____.
a. to sell advertising b. if they should sell advertising
c. selling advertising d. sold advertising
5. Having come from an _____ society, Dick found it difficult to adjust to a small country town.
a. affable b. affluent
c. overpopulated d. large
6. You've been wearing the same clothes _____. Isn't it time you _____ some new ones?
a. to age/have b. for ages/have to buy
c. for ages/bought d. to ages/have to buy
7. The worker _____ personality kept him from being liked by many people.
a. depressed b. unstable c. insecure d. aggressive
8. In country after country, talk of nonsmokers's rights is _____.
a. in practice b. on schedule c. under way d. in the air
9. There are rumors _____ that prices will rise sharply soon.
a. in the open air b. off the air
c. on the air d. in the air
10. I am pleased with what you have given me and _____ you have told me.
a. all what b. all that
c. which d. about whatever
11. Not quite _____ of those present understood what was said.
a. either b. neither
c. all d. some

To be continued on page 11



Forward



appliance /E5plaiEns/ *n.* 用具, 器具[同]device

domestic ~

(Most homes now have numerous domestic appliances, from dishwashers to microwave ovens.)

相关的词: applicable /5AplikEb(E)l/ *adj.* 可适用的, 可应用的

apparent /E5pArEnt/ *adj.* ① 显然的[同]obvious, clear, noticeable ② 外观上的, 表面上的
[同]seeming, superficial

for no ~ reason

(Suddenly, for no apparent reason, he turned his back and walked away.)

appendix /E5pendiks/ *n.* (*pl.* appendices) ① 附录, 附属品 ② [解]阑尾

applaud /E5p1C:d/ *v.* ① 拍手喝彩[同]cheer, clap, give sb a big hand ② 称赞, 赞同[同]praise

applause /E5p1C:z/ *n.* 鼓掌欢迎, 欢呼[同]clapping

appliance /E5plaiEns/ *n.* 用具, 器具[同]device

appreciable /E5pri:FEb(E)l/ *adj.* 可感知的, 可评估的[同]marked, sensible

appropriate /E5prEupriet/ *adj.* 适当的[同]right, proper, acceptable, correct, apt

~ to

(We need marketing objectives and strategies which are appropriate to the market.)

apt /Apt/ *adj.* ① 聪明的, 灵敏的[同]clever, skillful ② 适当的, 切题的[同]proper, right, appropriate

arc /B:k/ *n.* 弧, 弓形, 拱

arch /B:tF/ *n.* 拱门; 拱形 *v.* (使)弯成弓形

architect /5B:kitekt/ *n.* ① 建筑师[同]designer, planners ② 创造者

architecture /5B:kitektFE(r)/ *n.* ① 建筑[同]building; 建筑学 ② 体系机构 [同]system

相关的词: architectural /B:ki5tektFEr(E)l/ *adj.* 建筑上的, 建筑学的

arctic /5B:ktik/ *adj.* 北极的, 北极区的[反]antarctic *n.* 北极, 北极圈

armor *n.* ① 盔甲, 装甲部队 ② 护身符

arouse /E5rauz/ *vt.* ① 唤醒 ② 鼓励, 激起[同]cause, excite, evoke

~ expectations (of) 引起 (期望, 兴趣等)

(The Prime Minister's remark aroused expectations of tax cuts.)

array /E5rei/ *n.* ① 排列, 编队 ② 打扮 *vt.* 排列; 部署

arrogant /5ArE^Ent/ *adj.* 傲慢的, 自大的[同]proud, conceited, vain, be full of yourself

相关的词: arrogance /5ArE^Ens/ *n.* 傲慢态度, 自大 arrogantly *adv.* 自大地, 傲慢地

artery /5B:tEri/ *n.* 动脉; 干线

articulate /B:5tikjuleit/ *adj.* 发音清晰的, 善于表达的

vt. ① 用关节 (榫卯) 连接 ② 清晰明白地说

artillery /B:5tilEri/ *n.* 炮的总称; 炮兵的总称

ascend /E5send/ *v.* 攀登; 上升[同]rise, climb, go up

(The little bird ascended into the sky.)

ascertain /AsE5tein/ *vt.* 确定; 探知[同]see, discover, find, determine

(A doctor should examine the patient to ascertain where the pain is localized.)

ascribe /E5skraib/ *vt.* ① 归因于, 归咎于[同]attribute ② 出自某人

~ to

To be continued on page 12



Forward

1. I should like to rent a house, modern, comfortable and _____ in a quiet neighborhood.
a. all in all b. above all c. after all d. over all
2. During the Second World War, all important resources in the United States were _____ by the federal government.
a. nationalized b. commandeered
c. taxed d. allocated
3. I don't allow _____ in my drawing-room. I can't allow my family _____ at all.
a. to smoke/smoking b. to smoke/ to smoke
c. smoking/to smoke d. smoking/smoking
4. Britain was _____ the United States many times in history.
a. allied with b. alluded to c. joined with d. allied on
5. When transferred from one container to another of a different design a liquid will maintain its volume but _____ its shape.
a. alter b. stretch c. confine d. cube
6. Professor Smith and Professor Brown will _____ in giving the class lectures.
a. alter b. alternate c. change d. differ
7. Of all the wonders of the universe, perhaps the most _____ is the creation of life itself.
a. imaginative b. touching c. amazing d. fundamental
8. An ambiguous statement is one which is _____.
a. forceful and convincing
b. capable of being understood in more than one sense
c. based upon good judgment and sound reasoning processes
d. uninteresting and too lengthy
9. To say that a soldier fought in battle like lion may be a descriptive _____, but it does not mean that he was on all fours, roaring and wagging his tail!
a. anode b. analogue c. analogy d. analytic
10. The _____ on the man's face showed that he was displeased.
a. look of fear b. look of delight
c. look of anger d. look of surprise





(She ascribed her success to hard work. This painting was ascribed to an unknown artist.

ashore /EʃC:(r)/ *adv.* 在岸上; 在陆上

aspiration /AspE5reiF(E)n/ *n.* ① 热望, 渴望 ② 志气; (pl.) 抱负 [同] ambition, dream, wish

(Young students tend to have higher academic aspirations.

ass /As/ *n.* ① 驴 ② 笨人, 傻瓜 [同] fool, idiot ③ 臀部

be a pain in the ~ 使人厌烦的人

(Roy's being a pain in the ass today. I wish he'd just go home.

assassinate /E5sAsineit/ *vt.* 暗杀, 行刺 [同] murder

相关的词: assassination *n.* 暗杀

assault /E5sC:lt/ *n.* (正式或法律文体中) 攻击, 袭击 [同] attack *v.* 袭击 [同] attack

assert /E5s\ :t/ *v.* 断言, 声称 [同] declare, argue, confirm, affirm

~ oneself 自信地行事

(You have to assert yourself if you want to be promoted.

相关的词: assertion /E5s\ :F(E)n/ *n.* 主张; 断言; 声明

assessment /E5sesmEnt/ *n.* (为征税对财产所作的) 估价, 评估 [同] estimate, evaluation

assign /E5sain/ *vt.* 分配, 指派 [同] give, set, commission

(The job of producing a development program was assigned to the junior minister.

相关的词: assignment /E5sainmEnt/ *n.* ① 分配, 委派 ② 任务; (课外) 作业

assumption /E5sQmpF(E)n/ *n.* 假定, 设想 **make the ~ of**

(Are you making the assumption that most New Yorkers will vote Republican?

on the ~ that

(Eden acted on the assumption that his allies would support him.

assurance /E5FuErEns/ *n.* ① 确信 ② 断言, 保证 [同] confirmation, assertion

astonishment /E5stRniFmEnt/ *n.* 惊讶 [同] surprise, amazement, wonder; 令人惊讶的人 / 物

相关的词: astonish *vt.* 使惊讶 astonished *adj.* 惊讶的 astonishing *adj.* 可惊异的

astronomy /E5strRnEmi/ *n.* 天文学

attendance /E5tend(E)ns/ *n.* ① 出席 [同] presence ② 伺候, 照料 [同] serve

attendant /E5tend(E)nt/ *n.* 服务员; 随员

attorney /E5t\ :ni/ *n.* ① <美> 律师 [同] lawyer, solicitor ② (业务或法律事务上的) 代理人 [同] agent

auction /5C:kF(E)n/ *n.* 拍卖 *vt.* 拍卖 **put sth. up for ~**

(After months trying to sell the farm, they decided to put it up for auction.

authorize /5C:WEraiz/ *v.* 批准 [同] allow, permit

(Only Congress can authorize the President to declare war.

autonomous /C:5tRnEmEs/ *adj.* 自治的 **an ~ region** 自治区

avail /E5veil/ *v.* 有益于, 有利 [同] benefit, profit *n.* ① 效用, 利益 ② 帮助

to no ~ 没有结果

(I wrote him several letters, but to no avail.

availability /E9veilE5bilEti/ *n.* 可用性, 有效性; 实用性

aviation /eivi5eiF(E)n/ *n.* 飞行; 航空 [同] flight, flying

To be continued on page 14



Forward

1. The crowd _____ until the noise made could be heard for miles.
a. were shouted b. cheered c. grew d. scattered
2. It is advisable that a general announcement _____ to the teaching staff.
a. will be made b. be made c. should make d. have been made
3. For good stereo reception you will need _____ on the roof.
a. an antenna b. a pick up c. an antique d. a filament
4. If you adjust the direction, height and position of the television _____, you will probably have better reception effects.
a. antenna b. set c. switch d. screen
5. _____ the factors already referred to, people sometimes feel insecure because their motives are misunderstood by others.
a. But for b. Except for c. Apart from d. Except that
6. If you want children to work hard you must _____ their interests instead of their sense of duty.
a. appeal to b. look into c. give rise to d. go in for
7. One of the most obvious characteristics of the moon is the way in which it continuously changes _____.
a. in appearing b. its appearance c. are appearing d. for appearance
8. To do justice to means to _____.
a. take advantage of b. make up for
c. fall on d. appreciate or value properly
9. He would much _____ it if you could do him that favor.
a. anticipate b. appreciate c. ascribe d. award
10. — Did Anny say anything about me in her letter?
— Only that she'd appreciate _____ from you.
a. to hear b. to hearing c. hearing d. to have heard
11. Her parents _____ of her plan to marry the young man.
a. agreed b. approved
c. consented d. conformed





B b

bachelor /ˈbætʃələ(r)/ *n.* ① 单身汉 ② 学士

相关的词: A Bachelor of Arts/Science 文学 / 理学学士

master 硕士 **doctor** 博士

bacon /ˈbeɪkən/ *n.* 咸肉, 熏肉

badge /ˈbædʒ/ *n.* ① 徽章, 证章[同]medal, brand ② 标志, 象征[同]sign, token

baffle /ˈbæf(ə)l/ *vt.* ① 困惑[同]confuse, puzzle ② 使……受到挫折[同]hinder, frustrate

相关的词: baffling *adj.* 阻碍的; 使困惑的, 不可理解的

bait /beɪt/ *n.* 饵, 诱惑物 *vt.* ① 以饵引诱(动物) ② 欺负, 折磨

balcony /ˈbælkəni/ *n.* 阳台; 包厢[同]cabin

bald /bɔːld/ *adj.* ① 光秃的[同]hairless, uncovered ② 单调的, 枯燥的[同]dull, dry ③ 无掩饰的, 明白的

(The bald facts were that the economy was in a state of crisis.

ballet /ˈbæleɪ/ *n.* 芭蕾舞

ballot /ˈbælət/ *n.* 选举票; 投票; 票数 *vi.* 投票[同]vote, go to the polls

cast a ~/vote

(By the end of the day, less than 43% of the population had cast their ballot.

bandage /ˈbændɪdʒ/ *n.* 绷带 *v.* 用绷带扎

bandit /ˈbændɪt/ *n.* 强盗[同]gangster, outlaw

bankrupt /ˈbæŋkrɒpt/ *n.* 破产者 *adj.* ① 破产了的[同]insolvent, go bust ② 枯竭的 *vt.* 使破产

go ~

(Her father went bankrupt in 1984.

banquet /ˈbæŋkwɪt/ *n.* 宴会[同]dinner, dinner party

barely /ˈbeɪli/ *adv.* ① 仅仅, 刚刚, 几乎不能[同]just, only just ② 裸体地

barge /bɜːdʒ/ *n.* 驳船, 游艇 *v.* ① 用船运输 ② 闯入, 侵入[同]burst in

(I was studying quietly when Ben suddenly barged in.

barley /ˈbɜːli/ *n.* 大麦

barometer /ˈbæɪrəmɪtə(r)/ *n.* 气压计

baron /ˈbærən/ *n.* 男爵(英国世袭的最低级的贵族爵位); 贵族

barren /ˈbærən/ *adj.* ① 不孕的 ② 贫瘠的, 荒芜的[同]poor, desolate ③ 单调的, 无聊的[同]dull, dry
n. 荒地

(The land, once rich and fertile, has become barren over the years.

barricade /ˈbærɪkeɪd/ *v.* 设路障 *n.* 路障

basement /ˈbeɪsmənt/ *n.* 地下室

batter /ˈbætə(r)/ *n.* 击球手 *v.* 打坏, 猛击[同]beat, club, knock sb. around

~ sb. with

(There were reports of soldiers battering prisoners with their rifles.

battery /ˈbætəri/ *n.* ① 电池 ② 殴打 ③ 炮兵连

To be continued on page 16



Forward

1. There are two problems. One is lack _____ tutors, and the other is no _____ new books.
 a. of/access to b. of/approach on
 c. for/access to d. in/solution to
2. You may not believe it, but Einstein is said to have no _____ for language learning when he was young.
 a. attitude b. aptitude c. interest d. difficulty
3. What may be considered courteous in one culture may be interpreted as _____ in another.
 a. clumsy b. sleazy c. arrogant d. flimsy
4. I have known him _____ a warm but calm character.
 a. for b. against c. on d. as
5. The universe _____ we know it might have begun with a great explosion.
 a. as b. that c. and which d. and
6. For many children, nothing seems so exciting _____ their first airplane ride.
 a. so does b. as c. on d. is
7. The facilities of the older hospital _____.
 a. is as good or better than the new hospital
 b. are as good or better than the new hospital
 c. are as good as or better than the new hospital
 d. are as good as or better than those of the new hospital
8. The doctor told his receptionist that he would return _____.
 a. as early as it would be possible
 b. as the earliest that it could be possible
 c. as soon as possible
 d. at the nearest early possibility
9. John said that no other car could go _____.
 a. so fast like his car b. as fast like his car
 c. as fast like the car of him d. as fast as his car
10. The universe _____ we know it might have begun with a great explosion.
 a. as b. that c. and with d. and

