

综合英语(一)标准预测试卷(一)
(考试时间 150 分钟)

题 号	I	II	III	IV	V	VI	VII	总 分	
题 分	10	10	10	10	20	20	20	核分人	
得 分								复查人	

得 分	评卷人	复查人

I .用国际音标标出下列单词中划线字母或字母组合的读音(每小题 0.5 分 ,共 10 分)

1. write
2. break
3. publish
4. humor
5. usage
6. author
7. screen
8. spare
9. course
10. ease
11. jump
12. notice
13. handle
14. enjoy
15. rather
16. cultivate
17. figure
18. boot
19. raise
20. yell

得 分	评卷人	复查人

II .用正确的语法形式、单词或词组填空。从 A、B、C、D 四个选项中选出一个最佳答案填空(每小题 0.5 分 ,共 10 分)

1. The audience was carried _____ by his smooth talk.
A. away B. in C. out D. on
2. If you want to know the times of buses , please _____ at the office.
A. require B. request C. inquire D. inform
3. Maths _____ a very useful subject.
A. is B. are C. was D. were
4. The new-comer behaved as _____ as a millionaire.
A. generous B. generously
C. more generous D. more generously
5. Do you have _____ trouble getting a visa ?
A. each B. all C. many D. much

6. Please _____ the new word in your dictionary.
A. look over B. look through C. look up D. look for
7. Even if it _____ tomorrow , the sports meet will go on.
A. rain B. rains C. will rain D. is going to rain
8. The man was _____ as a spy working for a foreign country.
A. exposed B. found C. discovered D. revealed
9. It is no use _____ to him again. He won 't agree.
A. talk B. talking C. to talk D. for talking
10. I wish Mark would _____ a little better when we have visitors.
A. affect B. conduct C. compose D. behave
11. Don 't get your schedule _____ , stay with us in this class.
A. to change B. changed C. changing D. change
12. _____ I realized the consequences , I would never have intended to get involved.
A. If B. When C. Had D. Unless
13. It was _____ day that there was nobody on the street.
A. such a cold B. such cold a C. so cold D. so cold a
14. By the end of 1999 , I _____ English for ten years.
A. have studied B. studied C. had studied D. has studied
15. Take a map with you _____ you get lost in the forest.
A. if B. in case of C. in the case D. in case
16. All the leaves _____ fall are swept away by the strong wind.
A. which B. that C. where D. when
17. The teacher said the monitor would _____ all the students got the message.
A. see to that B. see to it that C. see that D. see it that
18. His house , _____ he bought for \$ 10 000 ten years ago , is now worth \$ 35 000.
A. which B. that C. when D. to which
19. He stayed up late yesterday , and _____ a plan for the trip.
A. came into B. came out C. came on D. came up with
20. The classroom is empty. I think the student _____ to the laboratory.
A. can have gone B. should have gone
C. must have gone D. ought to have gone

得 分	评卷人	复查人

Ⅲ. 将括号里的单词转换成正确的词类形式填空(每小题 1 分, 共 10 分)

- 1. An interesting classroom _____ always attracts students ' attention. (active)
- 2. Hard work alone does not _____ contribute to success. (necessary)
- 3. I present this gift in taken of our invaluable _____. (friend)
- 4. June 's father says that he is too old to _____ his birthday any more. (celebration)
- 5. It is very _____ to drive after drinking. (danger)
- 6. The old _____ wrote books about the daring adventures of his youth.(explore)
- 7. Most children dread _____.(dark)
- 8. The first _____ of this novel is still on sale.(edit)
- 9. Knowledge _____ one to solve his own problems. (able)
- 10. She informed her parents of her _____ arrival. (safely)

得 分	评卷人	复查人

Ⅳ. 在下列单词中选择正确的词填空 ,每词限用一次(每小题 1 分 ,共 10 分)

among	way	both	still	when	heavy
over	sound	mean	wear	big	long

There have been many great inventions , things that changed the (1) _____ we live. The first invention was one that is (2) _____ very important today — the wheel. This made it easier to carry (3) _____ things and to travel (4) _____ distances. In the second half of the 19th century many great inventions were made. (5) _____ them were the camera , the electric light and the radio. These all became a (6) _____ part of our life today. The first part of the 20th century saw more great inventions. The helicopter in 1909. Movies with (7) _____ in 1926. The computer in 1928. And jet planes in 1930. This was also a time (8) _____ a new material was first made. Nylon came out in 1935. It changed the kind of clothes people (9) _____. The middle part of the 20th century brought new ways to help get (10) _____ disease. They worked very well. They made people healthier and let them live longer lives.

得 分	评卷人	复查人

V. 根据所学课文内容 ,用一两句话回答下列问题(每小题 2 分 ,
共 20 分)

1. What kind of people does Anderse laugh at in The Emperor 's New Clothes ?
2. When Marine knew the old man was not his father , why did he still stay at the hospital ?
3. What rule does an editor follow when he writes definitions ?
4. How did the man know that they were Bill 's bones when he saw bones of a man ?
5. Where does happiness lie in ?
6. What was Professor Agassiz 's first assignment for Scudder ?
7. When Dr. Coleman said hello to people on the route , what response did he get ?
8. When did Mr. Budd get his " Great Idea " ?
9. What did he say first when the boy was held by the large woman ?
10. Why is forgiving so important in relationships ?

得 分	评卷人	复查人

Ⅵ. 将下列句子译成英语(每小题 2 分 ,共 20 分)

1. 请把你的书拿走我好开饭。

2. 我经过他的房间时 ,听见他在唱一首中国民歌。

3. 他从不把任何词典视为权威。

4. 这几天我在考虑一个新计划。

5. 爱意味着要尊重对方。

6. 无论我说什么他都不相信。

7. 演戏是一回事 ,写剧本则是另一回事。

8. 上大学后 ,她接触到不少新思想。

9. 达到自己理想的标准是不容易的。

10. 既然你已经来了 ,为什么不和我们一起做游戏呢？

得 分	评卷人	复查人

Ⅶ. 阅读下列短文 ,从 A、B、C、D 四个选项中选出一个最佳答案
填空(每小题 2 分 ,共 20 分)

Passage 1
Building a City at Sea

One answer to the questions of land shortage was suggested by a committee some years ago. A city was to be built at sea ,housing 30 000 people.

The suggestion was to shape the city like a harbour. The outer wall of the harbour would stand on steel columns resting on the sea-bed. Naturally this could only be where the water was fairly shallow. The people would live in flats in the fifty-metre high outer wall. The flats would all face inwards ,and would be made of concrete and glass. The glass would be specially made and coloured to control the heat and strong light from the sun. The planners called this water the lake. The water inside this man-made harbour would be calm. On it would be floating islands carrying more buildings :a hospital ,two theaters ,a museum ,an art exhibition hall and a church. On one of the islands would be a special plant to take the salt out of sea water and turn it into fresh water.

People living in the city could move around on small boats driven by electricity , so there would be no air pollution from the burning of petrol. There would be platforms outside the main wall for ships bringing supplies. People could also travel to the mainland by motorboat or water plane.

1. What was suggested about the construction of a new city at sea ?

- A. The city was to be designed together with a harbour.
B. The walls around the city would be made of steel and glass.
C. The buildings of the city would rest on a floating island.
D. The people would live in tall buildings surrounded by a wall.
2. How would fresh water be supplied to the city ?
A. By treating sea water.
B. By getting it from the surrounding islands.
C. By building a small lake of fresh water inside the city.
D. By transporting it from the mainland.
3. There would be no air pollution to this city because _____.
A. there was a special plant to treat the polluted air
B. the city was away from the mainland
C. people in the city did not burn oil or coal
D. vehicles there were powered by electricity
4. The suggestion made by the committee is to solve the problem that _____.
A. there is not enough space for building cities on land
B. land transportation has become increasingly difficult
C. there are too many people on land
D. present cities are heavily polluted by cars and other vehicles
5. The purpose of the writer is _____.
A. to suggest how a new type of harbour could be built at sea
B. to give an account of a new-type city
C. to draw people 's attention to the problem of air pollution
D. to introduce a new way of constructiong harbour-cities

Passage 2

My Friend

When we were young , when we were little kids in grade school , he was really sweet and he did care then and he had feelings , It 's just sad to watch him over the years , to regress(后退) like that and lose his feelings. When people hurt my feelings , I get it over with. I don 't turn bitter. He turned bitter and cynical(愤世嫉俗的). He just takes everything as a personal offence. It all accumulates and he can 't talk about it , so he turns inward.

He 's seventeen now and he 's in jail. So that 's about it. He was my buddy (好朋友) for about four years. But then we went our separate ways. I don 't know where he is. I did last year , but there was nothing left to say. It wasn 't the same any more. He 's a human being , he 's intelligent and now he 's drug addict (吸毒上瘾的人) sitting in jail. He 's wasted.

He was a good little kid , nice and funny. He was everybody 's boy , the little boy you 'd like to have for your son. That was him. Mr Nice Little Boy. He had talent. I think he would have been an artist. He was always drawing and did good work. He had imagination. When he was seven or eight , he would draw purple cows. Everybody would say : " What are you drawing purple cows for ? " He 'd say : " Purple cows are pretty. When I 'm older I 'll be a farmer and I 'll breed purple cows. " He was really wild that way. He started hanging around with the older gang members — you know , a tough gang member doesn 't stand around with a paintbrush , drawing. Not in my neighbourhood. So he gave it up.

Now everyone in the neighbourhood is afraid of him. If he wasn 's in jail , if he was walking down the street , everybody would go in their houses. He wouldn 't do anything to them , but that 's the way they feel because they 've heard of him now. He 's created this image for himself , and now he 's stuck with it.

6. What happens to the writer when his feelings are hurt ?

- | | |
|-----------------------|---------------------------------|
| A. He becomes bitter. | B. He never forgets the insult. |
| C. He takes offence. | D. He doesn 't change. |

7. When did the writer last see his friend ?

- | | |
|---------------------|--------------------|
| A. He was in jail. | B. Four years ago. |
| C. He doesn 't say. | D. A year ago. |

8. What was the writer 's friend like when he was small ?

- | | |
|---------------|--------------------------|
| A. Creative. | B. He appeared grown up. |
| C. An artist. | D. Proud. |

9. Why did the writer 's friend stop painting ?

- | | |
|------------------|-----------------------------------|
| A. He got bored. | B. People mocked him. |
| C. To conform. | D. Because he went out of control |

10. What does the writer say about his friend ?

- | | |
|-------------------------------------|--|
| A. He can 't change his reputation. | B. People are no longer afraid of him. |
| C. He is danger to the community. | D. Neighbours know they 're safe. |

综合英语(一)标准预测试卷(二)
(考试时间 150 分钟)

题 号	I	II	III	IV	V	VI	VII	总 分	
题 分	10	10	10	10	20	20	20	核分人	
得 分								复查人	

得 分	评卷人	复查人

I .用国际音标标出下列单词中划线字母或字母组合的读音(每
小题 0.5 分 ,共 10 分)

1. relax
2. joyful
3. reach
4. disappointed
5. mean
6. solve
7. motion
8. instant
9. hearing
10. gaze
11. pack
12. elegant
13. couch
14. genius
15. view
16. turn
17. lonely
18. wrap
19. snore
20. merely

得 分	评卷人	复查人

II .用正确的语法形式、单词或词组填空。从 A、B、C、D 四个选
项中选出一个最佳答案填空(每小题 0.5 分 ,共 10 分)

1. It 's an honour for me _____ here to speak to you.
A. to invite
B. to be invited
C. being invited
D. to being invited
2. He lives on the _____ of the No. 300 bus.
A. road
B. route
C. way
D. street
3. We watched the sun _____ into the sea.
A. sink
B. to sink
C. sinking
D. sunk
4. Hardly had we left home _____ it began to rain cats and dogs.
A. than
B. as
C. after
D. when
5. John is no match _____ his younger brother at table tennis.
A. to
B. at
C. for
D. on

6. The food shows no sign of _____.
 A. touched B. being touched
 C. having been touched D. having touched
7. The girl led the blind woman _____ the arm to the other side of the road.
 A. by B. on C. to D. with
8. _____ he couldn't cope with his responsibilities as manager.
 A. As hard he tried B. Hard as he tried
 C. As he tried hard D. Hard as tried he
9. _____ you've come, why don't join us in the game?
 A. Since B. Even if C. That D. Now that
10. Seldom _____ do anything important without asking her parent's advice first.
 A. does she B. she does C. is she D. she is
11. What will the world use for power when it has _____ oil?
 A. run down B. run off C. run out D. run out of
12. I could tell he was surprised from the _____ on his face.
 A. view B. sight C. expression D. appearance
13. If I _____ him, I would be touring Europe now.
 A. was B. were C. am D. is
14. Cancer patients _____ great pain when they are dying.
 A. suffer B. suffer to C. suffer by D. suffer from
15. She was _____ only person I knew when I came here.
 A. \ B. the C. one D. a
16. He lost his _____ and fell down from the ladder.
 A. temper B. sense C. balance D. way
17. The novel will be _____ of his best sellers.
 A. another B. the one C. other D. the other
18. This article deals with the natural phenomenon which _____ most interesting to everyone.
 A. are B. they are C. it is D. is
19. His health _____, John went on staying in the army in 1998.
 A. fails B. failed C. failing D. was failing
20. Mother needs _____ help in the kitchen on weekends when all of us come home from school.
 A. extra B. additional C. actual D. regular

得 分	评卷人	复查人

Ⅲ. 将括号里的单词转换成正确的词类形式填空(每小题 1 分 , 共 10 分)

The English author , Richard Savage , was once living in London in (1) _____ (greatly) poverty. In order to earn a (2) _____ (littleness) money he had written the story of his life , but not many copies of the book had been sold in the shops. As a result of his lack of food he became very (3) _____ (illness) , but after some time , owing to the skill of the doctor who looked after him , he got well again. After a week or two the doctor sent a bill to Savage for his (4) _____ (visitable) , but poor Savage hadn ' t any money and couldn ' t pay for it. The doctor (5) _____ (waiter) for another month and sent the bill again. But still no money came. In the (6) _____ (endless) he came to Savage ' s house and ask him for (7) _____ (pay) , He said to Savage , “ You know , you owe your life to me and I expected some (8) _____ (grateful) from you. ” “ I (9) _____ (agreement) , ” said Savage “ that I owe my life to you and to prove to you that I am not (10) _____ (grateful) for your work I will give my life to you. ” With these words he handed two volumes entitled The Life of Richard Savage.

得 分	评卷人	复查人

Ⅳ. 在下列课文片段中填入遗漏的词(每小题 1 分 , 共 10 分)

This experience has taught me much about dying and about (1) _____. Through Jim , I have learned that I don ' t (2) _____ to do very much for a person (3) _____ is dying except to be with him or her by being myself. So often I have (4) _____ a sense of helplessness , of not knowing what to say or how (5) _____ to say , of not knowing what to ask or not to ask , of feeling (6) _____ to speak. Jim ' s oncoming death seems such a loss , and it ' s very (7) _____ for me to accept it. Gradually , however , I have learned not to be so concerned (8) _____ what to say or not to say. In fact , in my last visit I said very little , but I feel that we made significant contact with (9) _____ other , I ' ve also learned to share with him the sadness I feel , but there is simply no (10) _____ way to say good-bye to a friend.

得 分	评卷人	复查人

V. 根据所学课文内容 ,用适当的答案完成下列句子(每小题 2 分 ,共 20 分)

1. In the text The Letter“ A ”, the author was lonely because _____.
2. In the text The Outside Chance , the author and his father often argued about _____.
3. Louise Mallard finally understood that _____ when she was staying at her home alone.
4. When the Professor found his student drawing the fish , he said _____.
5. Bob Sugg thought that was fun to read about robberies , killings , and things like that on the newspaper because _____.
6. In the text The Time Message , the author thinks that a good plan must be a little flexible so that _____.
7. Andersen ’s famous tale The Little Match Girl is based on _____.
8. In the text Next Watch , someone in the personnel office had pulled out the wrong record because _____.
9. Only _____ give the man enough strength to kill the wolf.
10. Mr. Grayson want the Thinking Machine to help him to know _____.

得 分	评卷人	复查人

Ⅵ. 将下列句子译成英语(每小题 2 分 ,共 20 分)

1. 你应该控制时间而不是让时间控制你。
2. 他全身心地致力于青年人的教育事业。
3. 这个地区多数学生连收音机都买不起 ,更别说计算机了。
4. 他对这个课题一点也不感兴趣。
5. 如果我还年轻 ,我会做一个完全不同的选择。
6. 与其他学生相比 ,你的发音很美。
7. 经济是当前的头等大事。

8. 我把你看做最好的朋友。
9. 我喜欢旅行 ,我的大多数朋友也是如此。
10. 他穿着暖和的大衣 ,在寒风中走了很远。

得 分	评卷人	复查人

Ⅶ. 阅读下列短文 ,从 A、B、C、D 四个选项中选出一个最佳答案
填空(每小题 2 分 ,共 20 分)

Passage 1

Shopping for Clothes

Shopping for clothes is not the same experience for a man as it is for a woman. A man goes shopping because he needs something. His purpose is settled and decided in advance. He knows what he wants ,and his aim is to find it and buy it ; the price is a secondary consideration. All men simply walk into a shop and ask the assistant for what they want. The job can be and often is completed in less than five minutes ,with hardly any small talk to everyone 's satisfaction.

Now how does a woman go about buying clothes ?In almost every respect she does so in the opposite way. Her shopping is not often based on need. She has never fully made up her mind what she wants ,and she is only“ having a look round ”. She will try on any number of things. The most important thing in her mind is the thought of finding something that everyone thinks suits her. Most women have an excellent sense of value when they buy clothes. They are always ready for the unexpected bargain(交易). Faced with a roomful of dresses , a woman may easily

spend an hour going from one shelf to another , before selecting the dresses she wants to try on. It is a long and hard job , but obviously one to be enjoyed. Most dress shops provide chairs for the waiting husbands.

1. When a man is buying clothes , _____.
 - A. he doesn 't first consider the prices
 - B. he chooses things that others recommend him
 - C. he buys cheap things
 - D. he buys good things , as long as they are not too expensive
2. The most important thing when men go shopping for clothes is _____.
 - A. the cheap price for them
 - B. the right size and colour
 - C. to have a look round
 - D. to get advice from the shop assistants
3. Women go shopping for clothes because _____.
 - A. they simply want to have a look round
 - B. they like to bargain with the shop assistants
 - C. they want to follow fashion
 - D. they want to find something that everyone thinks suits them
4. What does the author think is the main difference between men and women shoppers ?
 - A. Men like to talk while women like to bargain.
 - B. Men have decided what to buy before shopping but women do not.
 - C. Women like to try clothes on , but men do not.
 - D. Women find what they need more easily.
5. Which of the following could best replace the title for this article ?
 - A. Dress Fashion.
 - B. Do Shopping Cleverly.
 - C. How They Buy Clothes in All Kinds of Clothes Shops.
 - D. Difference Between Male and Female Shoppers.

Passage 2

Body Clocks

“ Body clocks ” are biological methods of controlling body activities. Every living thing has

one. In humans , a body clock controls normal periods of sleeping and waking. It controls the times when you are most likely to feel pain. Eating , sleeping and exercising at about the same time each day will help keep body activities normal. But changes in your life —— a new job , for example —— destroy the balance and thus cause health problems. You could have difficulty sleeping , for example. Scientists suggest that early afternoon is the best time of day for physical exercise. They say we are stronger and faster then. Later , about four o 'clock , most people feel tired because of the drop of sugar level in the blood. Early afternoon also is a good time to do tasks involving memory and mathematics. If you must study , however , do it just before going to sleep at night. Scientists say you are more likely to remember information when there is a short delay between study and bed. Body clocks control all the activities from day to day. They also produce changes about every ninety minutes during the day. At the end of such a time period , our ability to think hard begins to weaken. That is the time we are most likely to day-dream. Within fifteen minutes , we are ready to go back to what we were doing.

6. The main idea of this passage is that _____.

- A. one can help maintain balance in the " body clock "
- B. scientists have worked out " body clock " methods to control body activities
- C. body activities are under the control of an unseen force
- D. the human body is always in balance

7. Irregular signs shown by " body clocks " may serve as a warning of _____.

- A. the breakup of the body clock
- B. possible illnesses
- C. difficulty in sleeping
- D. growing old

8. We tend to do physical exercise early in the afternoon because _____.

- A. we feel tired of doing anything else
- B. the level of sugar in the blood drops
- C. we cannot study then
- D. our body is most active then

9. The author suggests that the best time to study is _____.

- A. at night
- B. late afternoon
- C. at about 4 o 'clock p. m.
- D. in the morning

10. According to the passage we are most likely to day-dream _____.

- A. in the morning
- B. every hour in the day time
- C. both in the morning and afternoon
- D. in the afternoon

综合英语(一)标准预测试卷(三)

(考试时间 150 分钟)

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题 分	10	10	10	10	20	20	20	核分人	
得 分								复查人	

得 分	评卷人	复查人

I . 用国际音标标出下列单词中划线字母或字母组合的读音(每小题 0.5 分 , 共 10 分)

1. special
2. agent
3. fireplace
4. silence
5. throat
6. legal
7. audience
8. eve
9. hesitate
10. poison
11. shrug
12. growl
13. crime
14. staff
15. puzzle
16. detective
17. though
18. electric
19. jean
20. balance

得 分	评卷人	复查人

II . 用正确的语法形式、单词或词组填空。从 A、B、C、D 四个选项中选出一个最佳答案填空(每小题 0.5 分 , 共 10 分)

1. The manager claimed that his company had the _____ right of publication.
A. single B. unique C. lonely D. sole
2. Fred could finish his work in less time if he were more _____.
A. evident B. essential C. efficient D. necessary
3. Although the city is small , its library is as complete _____.
A. as a large city B. as that of a large city
C. like a large city D. like that of a large city
4. I ,who _____ your friend , will try my best to help you.
A. be B. am C. are D. is
5. Certain robots are used _____ work dangerous to man.