

中专英语词汇用法手册

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内 容 简 介

本手册以教育部颁发的《全国普通中等专业学校英语教学大纲》(试行)规定的词汇为主,介绍了中专英语基本词汇的基本用法。全书共收词条约 3000 个。

本书是中专学生学习英语和参加英语等级考试的必备书籍,也可供技校学生及有关人员参考。

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《中专英语词汇用法手册》

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前 言

本手册是根据教育部 1997 年 11 月颁布的《全国普通中等专业学校英语教学大纲》(试行)所规定的词汇编写的,并收录了由湖北省教委组织编写的中等职业学校试行教材《英语》中的必考词汇。

本手册全部词汇按字母顺序编排;单词采用国际音标注音,部分词汇还标注了美式读音;按单词词性分别介绍其词义和用法;对多词性及多词义的单词作了简明介绍,同时,还提供了部分单词的派生词、同义词、反义词以及常用短语。

本书针对当前中专学生的英语实际水平,对其中常用词汇的基本用法作了详尽的说明。词条中提供了大量通俗易懂、生动好记、贴近教材的例句,以帮助学生在学习英语的过程中更好地理解 and 运用。此书是中专学生学习英语和参加英语等级考试不可多得的工具书。

在编写过程中,得到了武汉铁路运输学校、武汉市化工学校、湖北省能源经济学校、湖北省制药工业学校、湖北省水产学校、武汉市民政学校、武汉科技工程学校、武汉水运工业学校、武汉市二轻工业学校、武汉铁路桥梁学校、武汉经贸学校、湖北省电子工业学校、武汉交委培训中心及湖北省青年政治学校的领导和教师的大力支持,在此一并表示感谢!

因水平有限,书中难免有不妥之处,欢迎指正。

编者

1999.07.19

体 例 说 明

1. 词条内容

1.1 每个词条包含以下内容:单词、音标、词性、中文释义。

1.2 单词如有不同的拼法或读音时,则排在原有拼法或读音之后;如有美式拼法时,则在前面加(美)注明,两种拼法或读音之间用逗号隔开。不规则动词及读音用()给出,放在音标之后。

2. 词性的标注

词性一律采用缩写形式标注。如果一个单词有多个词性时,一般按大纲所列顺序排列。

3. 释义说明

在中文释义后,分别给出例句或短语。用[同]表示同义词,[反]表示反义词,[派]表示派生词。

A

a [(强)ei, (弱)ə] *art.* (a 用于以辅音音素开始的词前; an 用于以元音音素开始的词前) 一(个, 件……), 每, 各: I can see a girl, an old man, and two dogs. 我能看见一个女孩, 一个老人和两只狗。A dog is a faithful animal. 狗是忠实的动物。These cups are all of a size. 这些杯子都是同样大小的。He comes here once a week. 他每星期来一次。

[常用短语] a couple of 一对, 几个/a period of time 一段时间/A. D (after the birth of Christ or Anno Domini) 公元[拉丁语]

abbreviation [ə'brɪ:vɪeɪʃən] *n.* 缩略: Mr. is the abbreviation of Mister. Mr. 是 Mister 的缩写。

ability [ə'bɪləti] *n.* 能力; 天资: He was a man of great ability. 他是一个很有能力的人。

[常用短语] to the best of one's ability 尽力地/have ability to do sth 有干……的能力

[同] capacity *n.* 能力

[反] inability *n.* 没有能力

able [ˈeɪb(ə)l] *a.* 能够; 有能力的: He is an able leader. 他是一个有

才干的领导者。

[常用短语] be able to do sth. 能够(有能力)做某事/We shall be able to finish the work tomorrow. 我们可以在明天完成这工作。

about [ə'baʊt] *a.* 大约; 周围; 到处: She was about fifty. 她大约 50 岁。He looked about. 他环顾周围。 *prep.* 在……周围; 在……各处; 关于: There are some trees about the house. 房子周围有树。Tell me all about it. 把那一切都告诉我吧。

[常用短语] be about 忙于(某事): I am about an important piece of work. 我正忙于一件重要的事。be about to 即将: Autumn harvest is about to start. 快要秋收了。

above [ə'baʊ] *prep.* 在……上面: This mountain is 1500 meters above sea level. 这座山海拔 1500 米。 *ad.* 在上面: My bedroom is just above. 我的卧室就在上面。 *a.* 上面的: For the above reasons, I must go. 根据上述的理由, 我必须走。

abroad [ə'brɔ:d] *ad.* 到(在)国外: He has gone abroad. 他已经出国了。

absent [' 坵 bsənt] *a.* 缺席; 不在: He is absent from school. 他未到学校上课。

absolute [' 坵 bsəlu:t] *a.* 绝对的; 完全的: A child usually has absolute trust in its mother. 小孩通常完全信任母亲。

abundant [ə'bʌndənt] *a.* 丰富的; 充分的: I enjoy an abundant of sunshine. 我享受充足的阳光。

abuse [ə'bjuz] *v.* 虐待; 伤害: Stop abusing that dog! 不许虐待那只狗! *n.* [u] 损害: Our car has taken much abuse. 我们的车被严重损害。

academic [坵 kə'demik] *a.* (高等) 专科学院的; 学术的: He got an academic degree. 他获得了一个学位。

accept [ək'sept] *v.* 承认; 接受; 答应: I can't accept such a poor excuse. 我不承认这种借口是对的。Did you accept his invitation to dinner? 他请你吃饭, 你去了没有?

[派] acceptable *a.* 可接受的

[反] refuse 拒绝

acceptable [ək'septəbl] *a.* 可接受的: This proposal is acceptable to you. 这个建议对你是可以接受的。

[反] unacceptable *a.* 不可接受的

acceptance [ək'septəns] *n.* 接收, 接受: The President's acceptance of the flowers they brought delight

ed the children. 总统接受了孩子们买的花, 使他们很高兴。

access [' 坵 kses] *n.* 接近, 进入, 使用的机会: You can easily get access to him. 你很容易接近他。

[常用短语] have access to 接近

[派] accessible *a.* 容易接触或接近的

accident [' 坵 ksident] *n.* 事故; 意外的事: This is a traffic accident. 这是一起交通事故。

[常用短语] by accident 偶然: She found it by accident. 她偶然发现了这件事。We met by accident. 我们偶然遇见了。

according [ə'kɔ:diŋ] *ad.* according (to) 根据, 按照: A typhoon is coming according to the newspaper. 报上说有台风要来。

accordingly [ə'kɔ:diŋli] *ad.* 因此, 因而, 相应的: You ordered us to lock the doors and we locked them accordingly. 你吩咐我们锁上门, 我们按照你说的锁了。

account [ə'kaunt] *n.* 叙述; 账: He give her an account of his progress. 他对她讲述了他的进步。He opened an account with the People's Bank of China. 他在中国银行立了一个账户。

[常用短语] on account of 由于; 因为/take into account 考虑到/account for 说明

accountant [ə'kauntənt] *n.* 会计: His mother is an accountant. 他母亲是一位会计。

accumulate [ə'kju:mjuleit] *vt.* 积累,

积聚: We accumulate funds for production. 我们为生产积累资金。
vi. 聚集, 积累: Snow accumulated to a depth of five feet. 雪堆积达五尺深。

accuracy [ˈkjʊərəsi] *n.* **准确(性); 精确性**: There is need to check the accuracy of the report. 需要检查这份报告的准确性。

accurate [ˈkjʊrɪt] *a.* **准确的**: His information is accurate. 他的消息是准确的。

[**派**] **accurately** *ad.* She works slowly but accurately. 她工作很慢, 但很准确。

ache [eɪk] *vi.* **痛**: Which place aches most? 哪个部位最痛? *n.* **痛; 疼痛**: She felt an ache in her chest. 她感到胸部疼痛。

[**同**] pain

achieve [əˈtʃi:v] *v.* **达到; 取得**: He hoped to achieve his goal by peaceful means. 他希望通过和平手段达到他的目的。They achieved some victories. 他们取得了一些胜利。

[**反**] fail

[**同**] accomplish

achievement [əˈtʃi:vmənt] *n.* **成就; 成绩**: Such was Albert Einstein, a simple man of great achievements. 爱因斯坦就是这样一个纯朴而又取得巨大成就的人。

[**反**] failure

acid [ˈsɪd] *a.* **酸的**: A lemon is an acid fruit. 柠檬是酸水果。

[**派**] acidity *n.* 酸

[**同**] sour *a.* 酸的

[**反**] alkaline *a.* 碱的

acquire [əˈkwaɪə] *vt.* **取得, 获得, 学到(知识等)**: He acquired a lot of money by working hard. 他经过努力工作赚了许多钱。We have acquired English. 我们学到了英语知识。

[**派**] acquirement *n.*

[**同**] get

[**反**] lose

acre [ˈeɪkə] *n.* **英亩**

across [əˈkrɒs] *prep.* **穿过; 在另一边; 在对面**: The child ran across the road without looking. 这个孩子没看就跑过马路。There is a garage just across the street. 汽车间就在街对面。
ad. **穿过**: If the road is busy, don't walk across. 如果道路拥挤, 不要穿行。

[**反**] along *沿着*

act [ækt] *n.* **法令; 条例**: Parliament has passed an act forbidding the killing of animals. 国会通过一项禁止捕杀动物的法令。
vi. **(戏) 表演**: He acts very well. 他表演得很好。
vt. **(扮演) 角色; 演出(戏)**: He acts Hamlet well. 他演哈姆雷特很出色。

[**常用短语**] act as **起……的作用**

active [ˈæktɪv] *a.* **积极的; 主动的**: He is taking an active part in school affairs. 他积极参加学校的活动。

activity [æktɪvɪti] *n.* **活动**: He organized this cultural activity. 他

组织了这项文化活动。

actor [' 坵 ktə] *n.* 男演员: He is a famous actor. 他是一个著名的男演员。

actress [' 坵 ktrɪs] *n.* 女演员: We all like this actress. 我们都喜欢这位女演员。

actual [' 坵 ktjuəl, (美) ' 坵 ktʃuəl] *a.* 实际的; 客观的: Those were his actual words. 那便是他实际说的话。

actually [' 坵 ktjuəli] *ad.* 如今, 实际上: He looks honest, but actually he is a rogue. 他看起来很诚实, 但实际上他是一个无赖。

adapt [ə'd 坵 pt] *vt.* 使适应; 适用于: I suggested that he should adapt himself to his new conditions. 我建议他本人要适应新环境。The book is adapted to the needs of beginners. 这本书适合初学者。

add [坵 d] *vt.* 添加; 增加: If the tea is too strong, add some more hot water. 如果茶太浓, 再加点开水。
[常用短语] add... to (把) ... 加到 ... 上 / add up (to) 加起来, 总计

[反] subtract *v.* 减

addition [ə'dɪʃən] *n.* 加; 加法: 5 + 5 is a simple addition. 5 加 5 是一个简单的加法。

[常用短语] in addition 另外: In addition, there are four swimming pools. 另外, 还有 4 个游泳池。

address [ə'dres] *n.* 住址; 通讯处:

Let me know if you change your address. 假若你变更通讯地址, 请通知我。

adjust [ə'dʒʌst] *v.* 调节; 调整: She adjusted her watch. 她将表拨准。The speaker adjusted his speech to suit the interest of his audience. 这位演讲者随机应变地调整了他的演讲内容, 使之适合听众的兴趣。

[派] adjustment *n.* 调整

administer [əd'mɪnɪstə] *v.* 管理; 执行; 实施: The headmaster administers the school. 校长管理学校。They must administer justice. 我们必须执法。

[派] administrate *v.* 管理
administration *n.* 管理

admire [əd'maɪə] *vt.* 钦佩; 羡慕: I admired him for his cleverness. 我很钦佩他的聪明。

[派] admiration *n.* 羡慕

admit [əd'mɪt] *vt.* 承认 (doing, that): He admitted stealing. 他承认偷窃。The boy admitted that he broke the window. 这孩子承认他打破了玻璃。

adopt [ə'dɒpt] *vt.* 收养; 采用; 采取: As they had no children of their own, they adopted an orphan. 因为他们没有亲生儿女, 他们就收养了一个孤儿。I like your methods of teaching and shall adopt them in my school. 我喜欢你的教学法, 并将在我们学校采用。

[派] adoption *n.* 采用

[反]reject *v.* 拒绝

adult ['ʌdʌlt] *n.* 成人; 已成人的; 成熟的: He taught English at an institute for adult students. 他在一所成人学院教英语。 *a.* 成熟的: She is an adult girl. 她是一个成熟的女孩。

[反]child *n.* 小孩

advance [əd'vɑ:ns] *vi.* 进展, 前进:

Has civilization advanced during this century? 文明在这个世纪里有进步吗? *vt.* 推进; 促进: That pact didn't advance peace among nations. 这公约并没有促进国际和平。 *n.* 前进, 进展: The negotiation made a mighty advance. 谈判取得很大进展。

[常用短语] in advance 预先, 提前

advancement [əd'vɑ:nsmənt] *n.* 前进, 进展: The aim of university should be the advancement of learning. 大学的目标应该是促进学术的发展。

advantage [əd'vɑ:ntidʒ] *n.* 优点, 好处: Installment buying has advantages and disadvantages. 分期付款有利又有弊。

[常用短语] take advantage of 乘……之机, 利用

[同]benefit *n.* 利益, 好处

[反]disadvantage 不利

advantageous [əd'vɑ:ntedʒəs] *a.* 有利的; 有助于: This matter is advantageous to you. 这件事对你有利。

advertize ['ʌdʌtaɪz, (美)]

əd'və'taɪz] *vi.* 为……做广告: This company advertised for its new car. 这家公司为其新汽车做广告。 *vt.* 做广告: He advertised his goods. 他为其商品做广告。

[派]advertiser *n.* 登广告者

advertisement [əd'vɜ:tɪzmənt, (美)]
[派] də'taɪzmənt] *n.* 广告: He made an advertisement on the newspaper. 他在报上登了一则广告。

advertis(z)ing ['ʌdʌtaɪzɪŋ] *n.* (总称) 广告; 登广告: Some people don't like watching advertising. 一些人不喜欢看广告。

advice [əd'vaɪs] *n.* advise [əd'vaɪz] *v.* 忠告; 劝告; 建议: If you take my advice and study hard, you will pass the examination. 如果你听我的劝告用功学习, 你就会考及格。 *v.* 劝: I advise you not to go. 我劝你不要去。

affair [ə'feə] *n.* 事; 事情: The railway accident was a terrible affair. 那次火车车祸是可怕的事。 *n.* (pl.) 事务: China plays an important part in the world affairs. 中国在国际事务中起重要的作用。

affect [ə'fekt] *v.* 影响: The climate affected the amount of the rainfall. 气候影响了雨量。

[同]influence *v.* 影响

afford [ə'fɔ:d] *v.* 负担得起(……的费用), 抽得出(时间), 提供: We can't afford a holiday this summer. 今年夏天我们抽不出时间去度假。 This book is too dear, I

can't afford to buy it. 此书太贵, 我无力购买。This meeting will afford you an opportunity of hearing good publicspeakers. 此会将给你一个听名人演说的机会。

afraid [ə'freɪd] *a.* (作表语) 害怕; 担心: He is afraid of dogs. 他怕狗。I am afraid that it's going to rain. 我看要下雨了。

[常用短语] be afraid of 害怕: I was afraid of hurting his feelings. 我怕伤了他的感情。

after ['ɑ:ftə] *prep.* 在……后面: I ran after him. 我在他后面追。
ad. 在后; 后来 He came soon after. 他随后就来了。*a.* 在……以后: I found the letter long after he had gone away. 他走后许久, 我才发现那封信。

[常用短语] after all 毕竟; 终究

afternoon ['ɑ:ftə'nu:n] *n.* 下午: I shall sleep in the afternoon. 我将在下午睡一觉。

again [ə'geɪn] *ad.* 再一次; 又: Read it again, please. 请再读一遍。Don't do that again. 下次不可再这样做。

[常用短语] again and again 再三地; 反复地/once again 再一次; 反复地/He told this story again and again. 他反复地讲这个故事。Do it once again. 再做一次。

against [ə'geɪnst] *prep.* 反对; 不同意; 对着; 逆: No one is against this proposal. 没有人反对这个提议。Place the ladder against the

wall. 把梯子靠在墙上。

age [eɪdʒ] *n.* 年龄: What's his age? 或 How old is he? 他多大年纪?

agency ['eɪdʒənsi] *n.* 经办机构, 代理处: This company has agencies in all parts of Africa. 该公司在非洲各地均有代理店。

agent ['eɪdʒənt] *n.* 代理人, 代理商: He is a house agent. 他是房产经纪人。

ago [ə'gəʊ] *ad.* 以前: The train left a few minutes ago. 火车在几分钟以前开走了。

[常用短语] long ago 很久以前

[同] before *ad.* 以前

agree [ə'gri:] *v.* 同意; 答应: *vi.* They will never agree. 他们决不会同意。*vt.* I agree that the book is well worth reading. 我同意这本书值得一读。

[常用短语] agree to do sth. 同意做某事/agree upon (或 on) 对……达成协议/agree with 赞成某人的意见; 与某人意见相同/We agreed to leave at once. 我们同意立即离开。I quite agree with you. 我完全赞同你。The two sides have agreed on the date of negotiation. 双方商定了谈判的日期。

[同] consent *v.* 同意

agreement [ə'gri:mənt] *n.* 协议, 同意, 一致: I am in agreement with what you say. 我同意你说的。

[反] disagreement *n.* 不一致

agriculture ['ɪ grɪkʌltʃə] *n.* 农业; 农学: Agriculture plays an im-

portant role in our national economy. 农业在我国经济中起着重要作用。

ahead [ə'hed] *ad.* 在前; 向前: Tom was a quick walker and soon got ahead of the others. 汤姆是一个健步者, 不久就走在别人前头去了。

aim [eim] *n.* 目的; 目标: The ultimate aim of the Party is the realization of communism. 党的最终目标是实现共产主义。

air [εə] *n.* [u] 空气; 大气: The fresh air will do you good. 新鲜空气于你有益。

[常用短语] by air 乘飞机/in the air 流行

airbus ['εəbʌs] *n.* 空中客车, 大型客机, 空中客车公司: They like to take this airbus. 他们喜欢乘坐这种空中客车。

aircraft ['εəkrɑ:ft] *n.* 航空器, 飞机: This company bought an aircraft. 这家公司买了一架飞机。

airline ['εəlain] *n.* 航空公司, 航线: This airline is to Beijing. 这条航线到北京。

airport ['εəpɔ:t] *n.* 航空站; 飞机场: We met him at the airport. 我们在机场遇到他。

alarm [ə'la:m] *n.* 报警: They gave the alarm three times a day. 他们一天发三次警报。 *vt.* 使惊慌: Don't alarm the passengers. 不要惊动旅客。

[派] alarming *a.* 惊慌的

alike [ə'laik] *a.* (用作表语) 同样

的; 相像的: The two sister are very much alike. 这两姐妹非常相像。

[同] similar *a.* 相同的

[反] unlike *a.* 不同的

alive [ə'laiv] *a.* (用作表语) 活着的:

Who's the greatest man alive? 当今最伟大的人是谁?

[同] living *a.* 活着的

[反] dead *a.* 死的

all [ɔ:l] *a.* (修饰单数名词) 全; 总; 整: All hope has gone. 全部希望化为乌有。 *a.* (修复合数名词) 全部; 所有的: All roads lead to Rome. 条条大道通罗马。 *pron.* 全部; 全体: He wanted all or nothing. 他要么就全要, 要么都不要。 *adv.* 全部地; 都: They were dressed all in black. 他们都穿着黑衣。

[常用短语] in all 总计/not at all (用来加强 not 的语气) 一点也不; 根本不/all over the country (world) 遍及全国(全世界)/all over 到处; 结束/We were fifteen in all. 我们共有 15 位。 He has travelled all over the world. 他曾周游世界各地。 He orders furniture from all over the country. 他从全国各地订购家具。

allot [ə'lot] *v.* 规定; 派定; 指定给: Can we do the work within the time they have allotted us? 我们能在他们规定的时间内把工作做完吗?

[派] allotment *n.* 规定

[同] allocate *v.* 分配

allow [ə'laʊ] *vt.* 允许: Smoking is not allowed. 严禁吸烟。My father will not allow me to go. 父亲不会允许我去的。

[派] allowance *n.* 津贴

[同] permit *v.* 允许

[反] forbid *v.* 禁止

almost [ə'lməʊst] *ad.* 几乎; 近乎: The bag is almost full. 这袋差不多满了。

[同] nearly *ad.* 几乎

alone [ə'ləʊn] *a.* 单独的: I found him all alone. 我见他独自一人在那儿。

along [ə'lɒŋ] *ad.* 向前: The road runs along a river. 这条路沿河而去。How are you getting along? 你生活得怎么样? *prep.* 和……在一起; 一同: I came along with some friends. 我同几个朋友一道来的。

[常用短语] all along 自始至终/
along with 同……一道/get along with 与……相处

aloud [ə'laʊnd] *ad.* 大声地: Please read the story aloud. 请大声地读这个故事。

alphabetical [ˌɪfə'betɪk(ə)l] *a.* 字母表的; 依字母顺序的: The word in a dictionary are in alphabetical order. 字典中的单词是按字母顺序排列的。

already [ə'lredi] *ad.* 已经: I have already done it. 我已经做了。

also [ə'lsəʊ] *ad.* 也: They also agree with me. 他们也同意我。

although [ə'l'dəʊ] *conj.* 虽然: Al-

though it was so cold, he went out without an overcoat. 虽然天很冷, 他未穿大衣就出去了。

altitude [ˈɪltɪtʃd] *n.* 高; 高度: At this altitude the air is thin. 在这个高度空气是稀薄的。

altogether [ˌɔːltə'gəðə] *ad.* 总共: There are ten people here altogether. 这里总共有十个人。

always [ə'lweɪz] *ad.* 永远; 总是: Be always loyal to the Party, and the people. 永远忠于党, 忠于人民。The boy is always asking whys. 这男孩总是问这问那没个完。

amazing [ə'meɪzɪŋ] *a.* 令人惊异的: The experiment was an amazing success. 这项实验是一个令人惊异的成就。

[派] amaze *v.* 使惊愕

amazement *n.* 惊异

among [ə'mʌŋ] *prep.* 在……中间; 在(三者或三者以上)之间: She was sitting among her children. 她坐在她的孩子们中间。The Yangtze is among the longest rivers in the world. 长江是世界上最长的河流之一。

amount [ə'maʊnt] *n.* 数量; 总数: He owed me \$1000 but could pay only half that amount. 他欠我一千美元, 但是只能偿还总数的一半。 *v.* 合计: His books amount to 5000. 他的书合计有 5000 本。

amuse [ə'mjuːz] *vt.* 给……娱乐; 逗……笑: Keep the boy amused with these toys. 用这些玩具使婴

儿高兴。

[同]entertain *v.* 使娱乐

[反]annoy *v.* 使……烦恼

[派]amusement *n.* 娱乐

analyze ['ænləɪz] (*analyse*) *vt.* 分析: If we analyze water, we find that it is made up of two parts of hydrogen and one part of oxygen. 如果我们分析水, 我们就会发现它是由两份氢和一分氧构成的。

ancient ['eɪnfənt] *a.* 古代的; 古老的: Rome is an ancient city. 罗马是一座古城。

[同]old *a.* 旧的, 老的

[反]modern *a.* 现代的

and [(强)ænd, (弱)ənd] *conj.* 和; 又: He and I are students. 他和我都是学生。

[常用短语]and so on……等等, 诸如此类

anger ['æŋgə] *n.* [u] 怒; 愤怒: His father forgot his anger. 她父亲怒气消了。

angry ['æŋgri] *a.* 生气的; 愤怒的: The little boy got angry. 这个小男孩生气了。

[常用短语]be angry with sb. 生某人的气/be angry at sth. 因……而生气

[派]angrily *adv.*

animal ['ænɪməl] *n.* 动物: Animals can't exit without oxygen. 没有氧, 动物不能生存。

announce [ə'naʊns] *vt.* 宣布; 宣告: He announced immediate action. 他宣布立即行动。

[派]announcement *n.* 宣布; 宣布的通告

[同]declare *v.* 宣布, 声明

annual ['ænjuəl] *a.* 每年的; 年度的: Her annual income is \$20,000. 她年收入2万美元。

another [ə'nʌðə] *a.* 再一, 另一; 别的, 不同的: Would you have another cup of tea? 你要再喝一杯茶吗? We can do it another time. 我们可以下一次再做。
pron. 另一个: I don't like this, please show me another. 我不喜欢这个, 请另拿一个给我看看。

[常用短语]one after another 相继; 顺次: We achieved one after another victory. 我们取得了一个又一个的胜利。

answer ['ɑ:nsə] *v.* 回答, 答复; 回信: Please answer this question. 请回答这个问题。Have you had an answer to your letter? 你的信是否已有回信?
n. 答案: The answer to 3×4 is 12. 3 乘以 4 等于 12。

anxious ['æŋkʃəs] *a.* 忧虑的; 焦急的: We have had an anxious time. 我们一直焦急着。

[常用短语]be anxious to do sth. 急于做某事/be anxious for (about) sth. 为……而忧虑

[派]anxiety *n.* 忧虑

any [eni] *a.* (用于疑问句, 否定句等) 一些, 什么; 任何的: We don't have any tea. 我们没有茶。Come any day you like. 随便哪一天来。
pron. (无论) 哪一个; (无

论) 哪些: I don't want any of these books. 我不需要这些书中的任何一本。

anybody ['eni'bɒdi] *pron.* 任何人: Anybody will tell you where the bus stop is. 无论谁都会告诉你公共汽车站在哪里。

anyhow ['eni'hau] *ad.* 无论如何: The house was locked and I couldn't get in anyhow. 房子锁了, 我无论怎样都进不去。

anything ['eniθɪŋ] *pron.* 什么事(物); 任何事(物): Is there anything in that box? 那盒子中有什么东西吗?

anyway ['eniwei] *ad.* 无论如何: Anyway I must finish this work today. 无论如何, 我今天必须完成这项工作。

anywhere ['eniweə] *ad.* 任何地方: You may leave your bag anywhere in the room. 你把包放在房间的什么地方都行。

apartment [ə'pɑ:tment] *n.* 一套公寓, 房间: He lived in an apartment. 他住在一套公寓里。

[同] flat *n.* 一套房间

apologize [ə'pɒlədʒaɪz] *vt.* 道歉; 谢罪: He apologized to her for coming late. 他因迟到而向她道歉。

[同] excuse *v.* 原谅

appear [ə'piə] *vi.* 出现; 显得; 好像: Everybody appears well prepared. 看来大家都准备好了。It appears to me that he is unhappy. 据我看来, 他不高兴。

[派] appearance *n.* 出现

[反] vanish *vi.* 消失

apple ['æpl] *n.* 苹果: I like eating apples and apple-pies. 我喜欢吃苹果和苹果饼。

applicant ['æplɪkənt] *n.* 申请人: As the wages were low, there were no applicants for the position. 因工资太低了, 没人申请这个职位。

application [æplɪ'keɪʃən] *n.* 申请; 应用: The manager received twenty applications for the position. 经理收到 20 份求职申请书。

apply [ə'plai] *vi.* 申请: You may apply in person or by letter. 你亲自去申请或写信去申请皆可。 *vt.* 应用: Apply a theory to practice. 把理论应用于实际。

appreciate [ə'pri:ʃieɪt] *vt.* 欣赏; 鉴赏; 赏识: You can't appreciate English poetry unless you understand the rhythm. 你若不懂英诗的韵律, 就不懂欣赏英诗。

[派] appreciation *n.* 欣赏

appropriate [ə'prəʊprieɪt] *a.* 合适的; 适宜的: We must take appropriate measures. 我们必须采取适当的措施。

[反] inappropriate *a.* 不适合的

approve [ə'pru:v] *vi.* 赞成; 同意; 批准: His father will never approve of his marriage to you. 他的父亲永远不会同意他和你结婚。 *vt.* 批准: The session approved the report. 会议批准了这个报告。

[反]disapprove *v.* 反对

approximately [ə'prɒksimətli] *ad.* 近似: There were approximately 50 people there. 大约有 50 人在那里。

Arab ['rəb] *a.* 阿拉伯的; 阿拉伯人的: The Arab states have vast oil deposits. 阿拉伯国家拥有大量的油田。

area ['eəriə] *n.* 地区; 地域; 面积: The school covers an area of 300 mu. 这所学校占地 300 亩。

argue ['ɑ:ɡju:] *vi.* 争论; 争辩
[常用短语] argue with (或 against) sb. about (或 on) sth. 与某人辩论某事: I am not going to argue with you tonight. 我今晚不打算和你争辩。I won't argue about this matter. 我不想争辩这件事。

arm [ɑ:m] *n.* 手臂; 胳膊: This mother has a child in her arms. 这位母亲抱着一个孩子。
[常用短语] take sth. in one's arms 抱……: They took some books in their arm. 她们手里抱着一些书。

army ['ɑ:mi] *n.* 军队: Without a people's army the people have nothing. 没有一个人民的军队, 便没有人民的一切。

around [ə'raund] *ad.* 在周围; 在附近: The building around were badly damaged. 周围的建筑物严重地损坏了。

arrange [ə'reindʒ] *vt.* 安排; 布置: I will arrange everything. 我会将

一切事情安排好。

[派]arrangement *n.* 安排

arrive [ə'raiv] *v.* 到达; 来到: When did you arrive? 你什么时候到达?

[常用短语] arrive at (或 in) a place 到达某地: We arrived at the station five minutes ago. 我们五分钟之前到达车站。They arrived in London today. 他们今天到达伦敦。

art [ɑ:t] *n.* 艺术; 美术; 艺术品: She is very keen on art. 她十分喜爱艺术。They visited an art gallery. 他们参观了一个美术馆。This is a work of art. 这是一件艺术品。

article ['ɑ:tɪkl] *n.* [c] 文章; 冠词: He wrote an excellent article. 他写了一篇非常好的文章。

[同]composition

artificial [ɑ:ti'fiʃəl] *a.* 人工的; 人造的: They bought beautiful artificial flowers. 他们买了漂亮的人造花。

[同]man-made 人造的

[反]natural *a.* 自然的

artist ['ɑ:tɪst] *n.* 艺术家, 美术家: They are famous artists. 他们是著名的艺术家。

as [(强) ʌz, (弱) əz] *conj.* 因为, 像……一样, 当……时候: Everybody like him as he is kind and honest. 人人喜欢他, 因为他和气而且诚实。The work is not so easy as you imagine. 这工作决不像你想象的那么容易。As a

young man, he joined the Eighth Route Army. 他在青年时代就参加了八路军。*ad.* 像……一样;如同: I am as tall as she. 我跟她一样高。He studied not so hard as his brother. 他学习不如他兄弟努力。He speaks English as if he were an Englishman. 他说起英语来好像一个英国人似的。*prep.* 作为;当作: Fight as men, on die as slaves? 像男子汉一样地战斗, 还是奴隶般死去? *pron.* 像……一样的人(物); 凡是……的人(物): I have the same watch as you. 我有块和你一样的表。My home town is no longer the same as it was. 我的家乡和过去不一样了。

[常用短语] as……as 像; 如同/not so…as 不像; 不如/as if (或 though) 好像; 好似/as usual 像往常一样/as well 也; 又/He runs as fast as his brother. 他跟他兄弟跑得一样快。We didn't do well as the teacher asked us to do. 我们做的没有像老师要求的那样好。I've loved you as if you were my son. 我爱你就像爱我儿子一样。

ash [ʌʃ] *n.* [u] 灰; (pl.) 灰烬: Don't drop your cigarette ash on the carpet. 不要把你的香烟灰掉在地上。These houses are burnt to ashes. 这些房子被烧成灰烬。

[常用短语] lay in ashes 把……化(烧)为灰烬

ask [ɑːsk] *vi.* 要求; 问: If you don't

know, just ask. 你要是不懂, 就问好了。*vt.* 问; 请求; 要求: I asked where to go. 我问要到哪里去。

[常用短语] ask for sth. 请求; 向……要/ask sb. for sth. 请某人给某物/ask after 探问, 询问/ask for trouble 自找麻烦

[同] inquire 问

[反] answer 回答

Asia ['eɪʃə] *n.* 亚洲: China is in the east of Asia. 中国在亚洲的东部。

[派] Asian *a.* 亚洲的

asleep [ə'sliːp] *a.* (常作表语) 睡着的: The baby was fast asleep. 婴儿熟睡了。

[常用短语] fall asleep 睡着/a-sleep at the switch 玩忽职守; 错过机会/He was too tired and fell asleep quickly. 他太累了, 很快就入睡了。

aspect ['ɪ ʃpekt] *n.* 方面: They considered the plan in all its aspects. 他们从各个方面考虑了这个计划。

assembly [ə'sembli] *n.* 集合; 装备; 组装: We have freedom of speech and assembly. 我们有言论和集会的自由。This is a car assembly shop. 这是一个轿车装配车间。

assign [ə'sain] *vt.* 指派; 布置; 指定: What did the teacher assign you to do at home? 老师布置你们在家做什么功课?

assist [ə'sist] *vt.* 帮助: Good glasses will assist you to read. 好眼镜能