

A

abandon [ə'bændən]	v.t. ① 丢弃 ② 离弃 ③ 放弃
------------------------------	---------------------

- ① The captain **abandoned** his burning ship. 船长放弃了着火的船。
- ② The car was found **abandoned** near the village.
那辆汽车被发现遗弃在村子附近。
- ③ The search was **abandoned** when night came. 天黑以后放弃了搜索。

同义词 give up 放弃 desert v. 背弃

用法 abandon 作“放弃”讲时,后常接表示事物的名词;作“抛弃,遗弃”讲时,后常接表示人或事物、场所、地点的名词。

辨析 abandon 和 desert

abandon 强调由于被迫或逃避责任而“完全放弃”。

desert 强调违背允诺、誓言或逃避责任,意为“背弃”。

搭配 abandon doing sth. 放弃做某事

The man shamelessly **abandoned** his wife and child for another woman.
那个男人无耻地遗弃了妻儿,另觅新欢。

He **abandoned** his idealist dream after encountering difficulties.

他碰钉子后,再也不想入非非了。

The man who will not **desert** his friend in the misfortunes is a good friend.

患难时不抛弃朋友的人才是挚友。

You should **abandon** smoking. 你应戒烟。

ability [ə'biliti]	n. ① 能力,智能 ② 才能,才干
------------------------------	--------------------

- ① She has the **ability** to go to college, but she doesn't want to.
她有能力上大学,但她不愿去。
- ② From each according to his **abilities**, to each according to his work.
各尽所能,按劳分配。
- ③ This is a job more suited to his **abilities**. 这是更适合他才能的一项工作。

辨析 ability, capability, capacity

ability “能力”、“才干”、“本领”,主要指善于干某事所表现出的体力和脑力

Davy Jones has the artist **ability** to endow the people of whom he writes with flesh

的“能力”、“本领”或“才干”，其后可用带 to 的不定式作定语。

capability “能力”、“才能”，侧重于天生的“素质”和有待发展的潜在“能力”。其后可用介词 above, beyond, for, in, of 等。

capacity “能力”、“才能”、“智能”，侧重指接受、容纳、吸收事物的能力，用来指人的才能时，通常说明以智力接受事物的“潜在能力”。

and blood.

戴维·琼斯具有赋予自己笔下人物以血肉的艺术家的才华。

As a scientist, he has the **capability** of doing important research.

作为一个科学家，他有能力从事重大的研究工作。

They illustrated the Anglo-Saxon **capacity** for making the best of things.

他们举例说明盎格鲁-撒克逊人有随遇而安的本领。

aboard [ə'bo:d]	<i>adv.</i> 在船(或飞机,车)上,上船(或飞机,车)
	<i>prep.</i> 在船(或飞机,车)上,上船(或飞机,车)

- ① All **aboard**! 请各位上船(飞机,车)!
- ② He climbed **aboard**. 他上了船(飞机,车)。
- ③ They went **aboard** the ship. 他们上了船。

absence [ˈæbsəns]	<i>n.</i> ①缺席,不在 ②缺乏,没有 ③缺席的时间

- ① Please look after my house during my **absence**. 我不在时,请照看我的房子。
- ② I did not notice his **absence**. 我没有注意到他的缺席。
- ③ The police were delayed by the **absence** of information about the crime. 警方因缺乏关于犯罪的信息而被耽误了。

同义词	lack of 缺乏,没有
反义词	presence <i>n.</i> 出席
搭配	in (the) absence of 在没有……时

What caused her **absence**?
她为什么缺席?
In absence of water, plants would not grow at all.
如果缺水,植物根本长不好。

absolute [ˈæbsəlu:t]	<i>adj.</i> ①绝对的 ②完全的
	派 <i>absolutely adv.</i> ①完全地,极其 ②肯定地,绝对地

- ① You must tell the **absolute** truth. 你必须讲出全部真相。
- ② A child has **absolute** trust in his mother. 孩子绝对信任母亲。

记忆	ab-(离开) + solut(分解) + -e
同义词	perfect <i>adj.</i> 绝对的

This is the **absolute** truth.
这是绝对真理。

absorb [əb'sɔ:b]	<i>vt.</i> ①吸收 ②吸引,使全神贯注 ③把……并入,同化

- ① Dry sand **absorbs** water. 干的沙子吸收水分。
- ② A woman was **absorbed** in taking down the data.

一位妇女正专心致志地记录数据。

用法 absorb 作“吸收”解时, 宾语常用液体、光线、知识、思想、意见等名词; 作“聚精会神, 专心”解时, 宾语是人, 常用 be (get) absorbed in.

The United States of America has **absorbed** millions of immigrants.
美国吸收并同化了数百万移民。
He was entirely **absorbed** in his business.
他全神贯注于他的业务。

abstract [ˈæbrækt]	<i>adj.</i> 抽象的 <i>vt.</i> ①做……摘要 ②提取, 抽取
	<i>n.</i> 摘要, 梗概

- ① The word “spirit” is an **abstract** noun. “精神”一词是个抽象名词。
- ② Please include an **abstract** of your paper. 请附上一份你的论文摘要。
- ③ Scientist can **abstract** precious medicines from ordinary substances.
科学家能从普通的物质中提炼出珍贵药品。

记忆 ab- (离开加在 s 前变成 abs-) + tract (拉抽)

同义词 summary *n.* 摘要, 提要

反义词 concrete *adj.* 具体的

辨析 abstract 和 digest

abstract 指原作者或他人从一本书 (文章或演说) 中所提出的要点, 并以此作为原文的索引。

digest 指以较短的篇幅压缩原著, 但又保持着原著的风貌和特色。

The lecture was boring because it was too **abstract**.
讲座太抽象, 令人听而生厌。

Please write an **abstract** of this scientific article.

请给这篇科学论文写个提要。

He likes to read a **digest** of the week's news.

他喜欢看一周的新闻摘要。

abundant [əˈbʌndənt]	<i>adj.</i> 大量的, 丰富的, 充裕的

- ① China is **abundant** in/with natural resources. 中国的自然资源丰富。
- ② We have **abundant** proof of his guilt. 我们有他大量的罪证。

同义词 plentiful *adj.* 丰富的 ample *adj.* 充足的, 丰富的

搭配 be abundant in/with 富于, 很丰富

The library is **abundant in** books on science and technology.

这图书馆里的科技书很丰富。

academic [ækəˈdemɪk]	<i>adj.</i> ①学院的 ②学术的 ③纯理论的, 不切实际的
	④ <i>adj.</i> 大学的, 学术的

- ① An **academic** discussion will be held next Saturday. 下周六将举行学术讨论会。

② A good historian must have an **academic** mind.

一位好的历史学家必须具有学术头脑。

③ He remembered his **academic** days fondly. 他天真地回忆起他的学生时代。

记忆 academ(y) (学院) + -ic (表示“与……有关的”、“具有……性质的”形容词后缀)

accelerate [æk'seləreɪt]	v. (使)加快, (使)增速
	派 accelerative <i>adj.</i> 加速的 accelerator <i>n.</i> 加速器, 催化剂

① Fertilizers will **accelerate** the growth of plants. 肥料能促进植物生长。

② The car suddenly **accelerated**. 汽车突然加速。

记忆 ac-(朝向加速 ad-的异形) + celer (快, 迅速) + -ate (表示“成为”、“使……”动词后缀)

The matter **accelerated** his departure. 此事促使他离去。

同义词 speed up 加速

access [ˈæksɛs]	n. ①使用, 接近 ②通道, 入口

① He is a man of easy **access**. 他是一个易于接近的人。

② Students must have **access** to good books. 学生们必须有机会接触到好书。

③ We gained **access** to the building. 我们获准进入大楼。

④ The only **access** to the farmhouse is across the fields. 到农舍去的惟一途径是穿过田野。

记忆 ac-(朝, 向 ad-的异形) + cess (行走, 进行)

同义词 entry *n.* 进入, 入口 entrance *n.* 入口, 通道

比较 access 接近; 通道 excess 超过; 过度

搭配 have/gain access to 可以获得或接受……

辨析 access 和 approach

access 指“接近”的自由或权利, 如对人可自由会见, 对地可自由出入。

approach 指“接近”的动作。

The only **access** to the shed is by a pathway.

进入小棚的惟一通道是房子旁边的一条小径。

Only a few people **have access** to the full facts of the case.

只有几个人有机会了解案件的全部事实。

Two or three men, conversing earnestly together, ceased as he **approached**.

有两三个人专心谈着话, 当他走近

时,便不说了。

accomodation	<i>n.</i> 住处, 宿膳
[ə'kɒmə'deɪʃən]	

- ① This hotel has **accomodation** for fifty people. 这家旅馆可供 50 人食宿。
- ② Hotel **accomodations** were scarce during the Olympic Games.
奥运会期间旅馆房间非常紧张。
- ③ Please phone the hospital for **accomodation**. 请给医院打电话预订床位。

同义词 lodging *n.* 住所, 住宿

accompany	<i>vt.</i> ① 陪伴, 陪同 ② 伴随 ③ 为……伴奏
[ə'kʌmpəni]	

- ① She asked me to **accompany** her to the dinner party. 她请我陪她去参加宴会。
- ② Thunder **accompanies** lightning. 雷声伴随着闪电。
- ③ He **accompanied** the singer at the piano. 他为歌唱家作钢琴伴奏。

记忆 ac-(朝, 向 ad-的异形) + company
(同伴, 陪伴)

用法 accompany 指“陪同某人去某处或去干某事”, 不能简单地理解为“做伴”。用于被动语态时可接 by 或 with, by 表示“陪伴或伴奏”, with 表示“伴有, 附(带)有”。

The singer was **accompanied** at the piano by Mr More.
那位钢琴家由穆尔先生做钢琴伴奏。

accomplish	<i>vt.</i> 完成, 实现
[ə'kɒmplɪʃ]	

- ① They didn't **accomplish** the purpose desired. 他们没有达到所要求的目标。
- ② This mission must be **accomplished**. 必须完成这项任务。
- ③ If you don't rely on the masses, you will **accomplish** nothing.
如果不依靠群众, 你将一事无成。

记忆 ac-(朝, 向, 加强 ad-的异形) + compl(充满, 完成) + -ish(表示“做……”、“使……”的动词后缀)

同义词 achieve *vt.* 完成, 实现

辨析 accomplish, complete, finish, fulfil
accomplish 表示成功, 强调结果而非过程。

He has **accomplished** a great deal in the last few days.
在过去几天里, 他完成了相当多的工作。

It is impossible to **accomplish** the socialist modernization of our country without the leadership of the Party.

complete 指完成一件指派或预定的任务或完成、完善、完整某事(物)未完成的部分,补足缺少的部分等。
finish 表示在一个连续的过程中完成了最后的一步。

fulfil 指履行所允诺、期待、希望的事情。

没有党的领导我们的社会主义现代化是不可能实现的。

We should be able to **complete** the work in five days.

我们在 5 天内应该能完成这项工作。It is good to have **finished** work for the day.

做完了一天的工作,真高兴。

Only they who **fulfil** their duty in everyday matters will **fulfil** them on great occasions.

能够在处理日常事务上尽责的人才能对重大事件尽责。

accordance	<i>n.</i> 一致,符合
[ə'kɔ:dəns]	

① He did not act in **accordance** with your instructions.

他没有依照你的教导来做。

② We locked the doors, in **accordance** with your orders.

遵照你的命令,我们把门锁上了。

记忆 accord-(致) + -ance(表示行为、性质、状态的抽象名词后缀)

搭配 in accordance with 与……一致;按照,根据

In **accordance** with your instructions, we have suspended our work.
 根据你的指示,我们已中止了我们的工作。

accordingly	<i>adv.</i> ①因此,于是②照着,相应地
[ə'kɔ:dɪŋli]	

① Sometimes the press went too far, and suffered **accordingly**.

有时报刊走得太远,因此吃了苦头。

② These are the rules. Please act **accordingly**. 这是规则,请照此行事。

③ The weather has changed suddenly, so we must alter our plans **accordingly**.

天气突然变化了,我们也必须相应地改变计划。

同义词 consequently *adv.* 因而 therefore *adv.* 因此

搭配 accordingly as = according as 按照,随……而定

People see things differently **accordingly** as they are materialists or idealists.

人们的观点有唯物、唯心之分,因而

| 他们对事物的看法也就不同。

account [ə'kaunt]	<i>n.</i> ①叙述,说明②原因,理由③报道④账,账户
	<i>v.</i> 说明(原因等)

- ① She gave him a full **account** of her conversation with the doctor.
她向他全面叙述了与医生的谈话。
- ② The **accounts** show we have spent more than received.
账目显示我们支出大于收入。
- ③ She opened an **account** with the bank. 她在银行开了一个账户。
- ④ At first Philip hesitated on **account** of the expense.
起初菲利普因顾及费用而犹豫不决。
- ⑤ Everything taken into **account**, the proposal is relatively practical.
通盘考虑,这个建议相对实用些。
- ⑥ He has been asked to **account** for his conduct.
他被要求对他的行为做出解释。

记忆 ac-(加强,从事 ad-的变形) +
count(计数,计算)

同义词 statement *n.* 陈述,说明 bill *n.*
账单

用法 account 作动词“认为”讲时,后可
接复合宾语,有时在宾语之上可
加上 to be。

搭配 on account of 因为,由于 take...
into account 把……考虑在内
account for 解释,说明

We **accounted** him (to be) a wise
man.

我们认为他是个聪明的人。

If we want to arrive at a correct conclu-
sion we must make sure we **take** every-
thing **into account**.

要得出正确结论,我们必须对一切有
关的事情加以考虑。

accumulate [ə'kju:mjuleit]	<i>v.</i> ①积累,积聚②堆积
	⑧ accumulation <i>n.</i> 累积,储蓄(金) accumulative <i>adj.</i> 累积的,爱存钱的

- ① They quickly **accumulated** a large fortune. 他们很快积累起大笔财产。
- ② If you don't clear away the rubbish regularly, it will just **accumulate**.
如果不定期地清理垃圾,它就会越积越多。

记忆 ac-(加强,从事 ad-的变形) + cu-
mul-堆积 + -ate(表示“使……”、
“做……”的动词后缀)

同义词 heap *v.* 堆积

He gradually **accumulated** an impres-
sive collection of stamps.

他渐渐积聚起可观的邮票收藏品。

反义词 disperse *v.* 分散 scatter *v.* 散开

accurate

['ækjʊrɪt]

adj. 准确的, 精确的

- ① This is an **accurate** watch; it keeps good time.
这是一块精确的手表, 走得很准。
- ② His information was **accurate**. 他的情报是准确的。
- ③ Clocks in railway stations should be **accurate**. 火车站的钟应非常准确。

反义词 inaccurate *adj.* 不准确的

辨析 accurate 和 exact

accurate 表示因细心、谨慎等原因避免了错误、误差而达到准确与精确。

exact 强调可度量的质与量的精确。

Some of the sounds were **inaccurate**.
有些音不准。

He is **accurate** in his observation.
他观察准确。

The **exact** time is 3 minutes and 30 seconds past 3.

精确的时间是 3 点 3 分 30 秒。

accuse

[ə'kju:z]

v. ① 指责, 谴责 ② 指控, 告发

派 accusation *n.* ① 指控, 告发 ② 谴责, 指责 (the) accused 被告

- ① He **accused** them of having broken their word. 他指责他们没有遵守诺言。
- ② The report **accuses** the government of shirking its responsibilities.
报告指责政府推卸责任。
- ③ They **accused** him of theft. 他们控告他偷窃。
- ④ He was **accused** of stealing public property. 他被指控盗窃公共财产。

记忆 ac-(在……上 = ad-) + cus(原因, 理由) + -e(后缀)

用法 后不可接 that 从句, 在宾语后接 of 表示控告或指责的内容。如 accuse (a person) of theft 或 telling lies 告发(某人)偷窃或指责(某人)说谎。

辨析 charge 和 accuse

charge 正式用语, 正式向法院控告某人犯罪。常用作 charge sb. with (doing) sth.

accuse 有时与 charge 通用, 但 accuse 比较直接、尖锐, 指控对方的事不一定是很

He **accused** Tom of taking his book.
他指责汤姆拿了的书。

She **accused** me of telling a lie.
她指责我说谎。

They **charged** Jim that he had committed murder.
他们指控吉姆犯了杀人罪。

A neighbour **accused** him of playing his radio too loudly.

严重的,还可指“谴责”,“指责”。常用 | 邻居指责他把收音机开得太响了。
作 *accuse sb. of (doing) sth.*

accustomed *adj.* 习惯的,通常的
[ə'kʌstəmd]

- ① I am **accustomed** to a spare diet. 我已习惯于简单的饭食。
- ② You have to make yourself **be gradually accustomed to** using metrical system of measurement.

你必须使自己逐渐习惯于使用公制计量。

记忆 *accustom* (习惯) + *-ed* (表示“有……的”、“具有……特征的”形容词后缀)

用法 *be accustomed* 后可接 *to* + 名词或接不定式 (*to do*), 意思不变。*accustomed* 与 *used* 表示“习惯于”, 可互换。

She was **not accustomed to** be away from home for so long.
她不习惯离家这么久。

achieve *v.* ①完成,实现 ②达到,得到 ③成功
[ə'tʃi:v] **attain** *vt.* 完成,达到 **achievable** *adj.* 完成的,能获得的 **achievement** *n.* 完成,成就

- ① All this cannot be **achieved** overnight.
所有这一切不是一夜之间就能实现的。
- ② They hope to **achieve** their goal by peaceful means.
他们希望通过和平手段达到目的。
- ③ One after another they **achieved** independence.
他们一个接一个地取得了独立。
- ④ He **achieved** because he worked hard.
他因为努力工作而获得了成功。

同义词 *accomplish* *vt.* 完成,实现

用法 后不接不定式、动名词或宾语从句。

The working class understands that it can **achieve** its own final emancipation only by emancipating all mankind.
工人阶级懂得,只有解放全人类,才能最后解放自己。

acquaintance *n.* ①认识,了解 ②相识的人,熟人
[ə'kweɪntəns]

- ① He has some **acquaintance** with modern art. 他对现代艺术有一些了解。
- ② Where did you make the **acquaintance** of this lady?

你是在哪儿认识这位小姐的？

③ I have many **acquaintances** in all parts of the world.

我在世界各地有很多熟人。

记忆 acquaint (熟悉) + ance (表示行为、性质、状态的名词后缀)

I am delighted to make your **acquaintance**.
我很高兴认识你。

同义词 knowledge *n.* 知识, 认知

acquire [ə'kwaɪə]	<i>v.</i> ①取得, 获得②学到
	③ acquirement <i>n.</i> 获得, 学(习)得; (复数) 学识; 技能; 才艺

① The shopkeeper was once poor, but he **acquired** a lot of money by working hard.

店主过去很穷, 但通过辛苦经营赚了很多钱。

② Gradually they **acquired** experience in how to guide the work.

他们逐步取得了指导这项工作的经验。

③ They have **acquired** many skills in these few years.

这几年他们学到了很多技能。

记忆 ac-(到, 向) + quire(求取, 要求)

He has **acquired** a good knowledge of history.
他学到了很多历史知识。

反义词 lose *v.* 丢失, 失

辨析 acquire 和 get

acquire 指经过努力或积累的过程而取得, 有“一经获得即成永久”之意, 尤指知识。

get 为常用词, 不一定需努力就能得到。

The ability to use a language can be **acquired** only by the act of using the language.

只有通过实践才能获得掌握一种语言的能力。

He bicycled to town at night to **get** me medicine.

他夜里骑车进城给我买药。

action ['æksən]	<i>n.</i> ①行动, 行动过程②作用③已做的事, 行为

① They asked him to reconsider his **action**. 他们请他重新考虑他的行为。

② The time has come for **action**. 行动的时刻到了。

③ It is brought about by the combined **action** of several factors.

它是由几种因素共同作用引起的。

记忆 act(行动) + ion(表示行为、状态、行为结果的名词后缀)

同义词 act *n.* 行为, 行动

搭配 bring into action 使行动起来
in action 在活动, 在运转
take actions 采取行动

辨析 action, act 和 activity

action 指抽象的、占时较长的行为, 强调结果。

act 指具体行为, 短暂的、个别的。

activity 指活动、事情, 常用复数。

We will **bring** these regulations **into action**.

我们要把这些规章制度付诸实施。

We should suit the **action** to the word.
我们应当言行一致。

He was caught in the **act** of stealing.
他偷窃时被抓。

The **activities** in gold market is not brisk.
黄金市场交易不怎么活跃。

adapt [ə'dæpt]	<i>v.</i> ①使适应, 使适合②改写, 改编③适应
	派 adaptable <i>adj.</i> 能适应的 (~ to) adaptive <i>adj.</i> 适合的

① I suggested he should **adapt** himself to the new conditions.

我建议他要让自己适应新的条件。

② The house was **adapted** for occupation. 这所房子已被改造得可以居住了。

③ Novels are often **adapted** for the stage, television and radio.

小说常被改写为剧本、电视剧或广播剧。

记忆 ad-(到, 向) + apt(合适, 适应)

He found it difficult to **adapt** himself to new circumstance.

他感到难以适应新的环境。

同义词 adjust *v.* 调整, 适应 accommodate *v.* 适应 fit *v.* (使)符合 (使)适合

addition [ə'dɪʃən]	<i>n.</i> ①加, 加法②附加物

① The sign “+” stands for **addition**. 符号“+”代表加法。

② They have just had an **addition** to the family. 他们家刚刚又增加了一口人。

③ These houses have been improved by the **addition** of bathrooms.

这些房屋增加浴室后得到了改善。

记忆 add(增加) + -ition(表示行为、状态、行为结果的名词后缀)

搭配 in addition 另外, 加之
in addition to 除……之外

In any gas, molecules have this energy, and perhaps other forms of energy **in addition**.

任何气体的分子都具有这种能量,也许另外还有其它形式的能量。

adequate ['ædɪkwɪt]	<i>adj.</i> ①充分的,足够的②适当的,胜任的
---------------------------------	------------------------------

① For the use of beginners, this book is **adequate**.

对初学者来说,这本书也够用了。

② The supply is not **adequate** to the demand. 供不应求。

③ His wages are **adequate** to support three people. 他的工资足够养活3个人。

记忆 ad-(朝,向) + equate(使相等)

His abilities were not **adequate** to the demands of his position.

他的能力同他的职位的要求不相适合。

反义词 insufficient *adj.* 不够的 inadequate *adj.* 不充分的 deficient *adj.* 不足的

辨析 adequate 和 enough, sufficient

adequate 着重指符合一个客观要求或标准,指数量、质量、才能等。

To be healthy one must have an **adequate** diet.

一个人如欲健康,必须有足够的规定饮食。

enough 指数量多到能满足一种愿望,特别是物质上的需要。

A miser never has **enough** money.

守财奴总嫌钱财不足。

sufficient 为正式用语,指数量上多到能满足或达到某特殊需要,特别是精神上的要求。

He has acquired **sufficient** proficiency to read English literary works.

他有足够的的能力阅读英国文学作品。

administration [ədminɪ'streɪʃən]	<i>n.</i> ①管理,经营②管理部门,行政机关,政府
--	-------------------------------

① We must consolidate economical **administration**. 我们必须加强经济管理。

② The Chief Executive should be experienced in business **administration**.
总经理应有企业管理经验。

③ The new **administration** has come into power. 新政府已经开始执政。

记忆 ad(表示“加强”、“从事”) + min-
istration(服务,服侍)

同义词 management *n.* 管理

admission [əd'mɪʃən]	<i>n.</i> ① 准许进入, 准许加入 ② 承认, 供认 ③ 入场费(券)

- ① He has the requirements for **admission** into the university.
他具备了进入该大学的条件。
- ② **Admission** to the literary club is open to all. 人人均可加入文学俱乐部。
- ③ He made an **admission** that he was the thief. 他承认他是盗贼。
- ④ I knew it on his own **admission**. 他自己承认, 我才得知此事。

记忆 ad-(到, 向) + miss(= mit, 送, 递送) + -ion(表示行为、状态、行为结果的抽象名词后缀)

同义词 admittance *n.* 入场, 允许进入

搭配 admission free 免费入场 admission by card 凭证入场

His **admission** of guilt came as a surprise.
他承认有罪, 出人意外。

adopt [ə'dɒpt]	<i>v.</i> ① 收养 ② 采取, 采用 ③ 正式通过, 批准
	④ adoptable <i>adj.</i> 可采用的, 可收养的 adoptive <i>adj.</i> 采用的, 收养的

- ① Another peasant family **adopted** him as their own son.
另一户农民把他收养起来作为自己的儿子。
- ② Finally they **adopted** the suggestion. 最后他们采纳了这项建议。

记忆 ad-(表示“添加, 接近”、“到, 向”) + -opt(选择)

比较 option *n.* 选择 optional *adj.* 可任选的

We **adopted** their teaching method.
我们采用了他们的教学方法。

advantage [əd'vɑ:ntɪdʒ]	<i>n.</i> ① 优点, 优势 ② 好处

- ① They claim many **advantages** for a newly introduced article.
他们声称新推广的商品有很多优点。
- ② They often took **advantage** of his lack of experience.
他们常常利用他缺乏经验这一点。
- ③ The taller team has an **advantage** in a basketball game.
在篮球比赛中, 队员身材高的球队要占优势。

同义词 benefit *n.* 利益, 好处 profit *n.* 益处, 收益

搭配 gain/have an advantage over 胜过, 优于 take advantage of 利用, 趁……之机

The parents' absence was **taken advantage** of by the kids.
孩子们利用了父母不在的机会。

affect [ə'fekt]	<i>vt.</i> ①影响②感动, 打动 ③侵袭
---------------------------	---------------------------

- ① The climate gravely **affected** his health. 气候严重影响了他的健康。
② Thousands of people were **affected** by the floods.
成千上万人受到了洪水的影响。
③ His speech deeply **affected** the audience. 他的演说深深地打动了听众的心。

记忆 af-(音变 = a-) + fect (做)

同义词 influence *vt.* 影响, 感化 touch *v.* 感动

用法 表示“感动”或“(疾病)侵袭”时, 常用被动语态。

The audience was deeply **affected**.
观众深受感动。

afford [ə'fɔ:d]	<i>v.</i> ①买得起, 负担得起②提供, 给予
---------------------------	-----------------------------

- ① I cannot **afford** to buy a bicycle; I have not enough money.
我买不起自行车, 我的钱不够。
② Before liberation many people could not **afford** to go to school.
解放前很多人上不起学。
③ History **affords** us lessons that merit attention.
历史给我们提供了值得注意的经验教训。

用法 ①常与 can (could) 或 be able to 连用; 在用否定句或疑问句时, 常与 can 连用。can afford (to buy) a car 买得起(一辆)汽车。can't afford (to keep) a car 买不起(一辆)汽车。②后接名(代)词, 也可接不定式作宾语。表示“提供, 给予”时, 接双宾语。

We cannot **afford** to go away for a holiday.
我们负担不起外出度假。
His son's success **afforded** him great pleasure.
他儿子的成功给他带来了极大的欢乐。

afterwards [ˈɑ:təwɔ:dz]	<i>adv.</i> 以后, 后来
-----------------------------------	--------------------

- ① They set to work immediately **afterwards**. 他们随后马上就工作起来。
② Soon **afterwards** they left. 他们不久以后就离开了。

记忆 after (在……后面) + -wards (表示“朝, 向”的副词后缀)

He is out. Please ring him up **afterwards**.

他不在,请过一会儿再来电话。

同义词 later *adj.* 后来

agency ['eidʒənsi]	<i>n.</i> ①代理处,代办处,机构②力量,作用
------------------------------	-----------------------------

① The company has **agencies** all over the world.

这家公司在全世界都有代理机构。

② It was achieved through the **agency** of his friends.

这件事是他通过朋友的力量办成的。

记忆 ag-(做,行动) + -ency(表示行为者或行为、过程、状态的名词后缀)

搭配 employment agency 职业介绍所
natural agency 自然作用

He found a job through an **employment agency**.

他经由职业介绍所找到了一份工作。

agent ['eidʒənt]	<i>n.</i> 代理,代理商,代理人
----------------------------	----------------------

① I phoned my **agent** in London about the business.

我打电话给在伦敦的代理讨论这桩业务。

② A travel **agent** arranges journeys and holidays.

旅行代理商办理旅行与休假业务。

记忆 ag-(做,行动) + -ent(表示行为者或行为、状态、过程的名词后缀)

搭配 house agent 房屋经纪人 universal agent 全权代理人

A **house agent** arranges the buying and selling of house.

房屋经纪人负责安排房屋的买卖。

aggressive [ə'gresiv]	<i>adj.</i> ①侵略的,好斗的②有进取心的,敢做敢为的
---------------------------------	----------------------------------

① He was in a highly **aggressive** mood. 他正心情暴躁。

② His manner is slightly **aggressive**. 他的行为有点咄咄逼人。

③ An **aggressive** young man can go far in this firm.

在这家公司里,上进的年轻人大有前途。

记忆 ag-(到,向,ad的异形) + gress(行走) + -ive(形容词后缀)

aid [eid]	<i>n.</i> ①帮助,援助②助手,辅助手段
	<i>v.</i> 帮助,援助

① Nurses learn to give first **aid** to people who are hurt. 护士们学习急救伤员。

- ② He came to my **aid**. 他来帮助我。
 ③ We **aid** him with advice. 我们提出意见来帮他。
 ① A dictionary is an important **aid** in learning a language.
 词典是学习语言的重要助手。

同义词 assistance *n.* 帮助 help *v.* 帮助
 assist *vt.* 协助

用法 aid 常用作 aid sb. to do (或 in doing) sth. 帮某人做……。

We were greatly **aided in** our investigation by the cooperation of the police.
 我们在调查过程中得到警方的大力协助。

alarm [ə'la:m]	<i>n.</i> ① 惊恐, 忧虑 ② 警报 ③ 报警器
	<i>v.</i> ① 使惊恐 ② 向……报警

- ① The **alarm** spread rapidly. 警报迅速传来。
 ② There is no cause for **alarm**. 没有必要惊慌失措。
 ③ He was struck with **alarm**. 他受惊了。
 ① They were **alarmed** by sudden attack. 他们因受袭击而惊恐万状。

同义词 fear *v.* 害怕, 担心 scare *v.* 惊吓

用法 alarm 作及物动词, 后可接 at、不定式或 that 从句。

She is **alarmed** that you are going abroad.
 你要出国使她大吃一惊。
 She was **alarmed** at the bad news.
 她听到这个坏消息而惊惶不安。

搭配 be alarmed at 被……吓一跳
 in alarm 惊恐地, 担心地

alike [ə'laik]	<i>adj.</i> 同样的, 相像的
	<i>adv.</i> ① 同样地, 相似地 ② 同样程度地

- ① The two sisters are very much **alike**. 这两姐妹长得一模一样。
 ② They are much **alike** in character. 他们的性格很相似。
 ③ He treats everyone **alike**. 他对每一个人都一视同仁。
 ① She treats all her children **alike**. 她对她所有的孩子都同样看待。

记忆 a-(表示“加强, 引申”) + like(相像的)

同义词 similar *adj.* 相似的 like *adj.*
 相像的, 相同的

辨析 alike 和 like

alike 指彼此在外貌、性格、方法等方面完全相像, 只作表语, 只能用 much, very much, exactly, somewhat 等词修饰。

like 指在很多方面相似, 可作定语和

The two girls are very much **alike** in character.
 这两个女孩在性格上非常相似。

Learning is **like** rowing up stream, not to

表语,可用 very 修饰。

advance is to drop back.

学如逆水行舟,不进则退。

alter ['ɔ:ltə]	v. 改变,变更

- ① The ship **altered** her course. 这条船改变了航线。
- ② The weather **alters** almost daily. 天气几乎每天都在变化。
- ③ The trousers should be **altered**. 这条裤子应该改一改。

辨析 alter 和 change

alter 指局部的、表面的某方面的改动,特别强调保留原貌和性质,只改动外表或用途,语气比 change 弱。

You must **alter** your way of living in order to keep your health in good condition.

你必须改变生活方式,才能保持良好的健康。

change 指本质上或形态上产生与以前完全不同的状况,为普通用语。

The new life **changed** her mental outlook.

新的生活改变了她的精神面貌。

alternative [ɔ:l'ɔ:ntəv]	n. ① 供选择的東西 ② 取舍,抉择
	adj. 两者择一的,可供选择的
	③ 派 alternatively adv. (两者中)选其中任何一个,两者选一地,替代地

- ① He was given the **alternative** of leaving or standing.
他只有去和留之间的抉择。
- ② We have no **alternative** but to move. 我们除了搬家之外,别无选择。
- ③ That's the only **alternative**. 那是惟一可供选择的对象。
- ④ There are **alternative** answers to the questions. 这些问题有两种可能的答案。

记忆 alternat(e) (交替,轮流) + -ive (表示“与……有关的”、“有……倾向的”形容词后缀)

There is no **alternative** to going to school.

除了上学以外,别无选择。

辨析 alternative 和 choice

alternative 意为两者必择其一,对象十分有限的,不指具体事物的选择。

You have the **alternative** of working hard and being successful or of not working hard and unsuccessful.

你只能在这两者中选择,努力工作则成功,不努力工作则失败。

choice 指一般性的选择,范围较广,强调自由选择。

Be careful in your **choice** of friends.
择友要谨慎。