

全国公共英语等级考试(PETS)

第四级模拟试卷

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内 容 提 要

全国公共英语等级考试(简称 PETS)是由国家教育部考试中心推出的一套全新的公共英语考试体系。该考试共分五级。第四级相当于在大学学习了三至四年或自学了同等程度英语课程的水平。本试卷紧扣第四级考试大纲,为参加考试者提供了实战训练的珍贵资料。

出版说明

由国家教育部考试中心推出的“Public English Test System”(简称 PETS)是一套全新的公共英语考试体系,是面向全社会的开放型英语水平测试系统。

PETS 测试分笔试和口试两大部分。笔试包括听力理解、英语知识运用、阅读理解和写作四个部分;口试分考生回答问题和考生相互问答问题。

PETS 测试体系的特点是既注重检测考生对英语知识的理解和运用能力,同时也注重考查语言交际能力,尤其突出听说能力的考查,使英语真正成为人们进行工作、学习和对外交往的工具。

PETS 考试共分五级:一级略高于初中毕业生的英语水平;二级相当于普通高中优秀毕业生的水平;三级相当于在大专院校学习两年公共英语或自学了同等程度英语课程的水平;四级相当于在大学学习了三至四年或自学了同等程度英语课程的水平;五级相当于大学英语专业二年级结束时的水平。目前,二级考试的成绩可替代自学考试非英语专业专科的英语成绩;三级可替代自学考试非英语专业本科的英语成绩;五级可替代申请公费留学的 EPT 成绩。

PETS 的推出对我国外语人才的培养,对外语教学方法的改革及我国外语水平的整体提高将起到很大的促进作用。

结合国家教育部考试中心考试大纲提出的标准,我们请复旦大学部分外语教授编写了这套模拟试题。全书共分五册,每一级为一册,每一册内有 10 套模拟试题。读者通过操练,定能提高自己的英语水平和实战能力。

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When is the paper due for those not writing a rough draft ?

猿

猿

再读一遍，然后回答问题。注意：在回答问题时，要仔细阅读短文，找出与问题相关的信息。对于选择题，要仔细阅读每个选项，选出最符合短文内容的答案。对于填空题，要根据短文内容填写正确的信息。对于问答题，要根据短文内容写出完整的答案。

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() 猿 Which of the following is true according to the news ?

[A] William Alfred Hitt paints his house once or twice a year.

[B] William Alfred Hitt was disabled when he fell down from his ladder.

[C] William Alfred Hitt lied to the government that he was severely handicapped while fighting for the state.

[D] The collection of money of William Alfred Hitt , a house painter , now is worth thousands of dollars.

() 猿 What is the length of imprisonment he was sentenced to ?

[A] 猿 months.

[B] Three years.

[C] Three years and ten months.

[D] Six years and ten months.

() 猿 How much was he ordered to repay to the government ?

[A] About \$ 猿

[B] About \$ 猿

[C] \$ 猿

[D] \$ 猿

再读一遍，然后回答问题。注意：在回答问题时，要仔细阅读短文，找出与问题相关的信息。对于选择题，要仔细阅读每个选项，选出最符合短文内容的答案。对于填空题，要根据短文内容填写正确的信息。对于问答题，要根据短文内容写出完整的答案。

() 猿 Why does MacVeign think , of all means of transportation , a car is the most convenient ?

[A] Because she is an American.

[B] Because she is a woman.

[C] Because she lives in a city.

[D] Because she has got her driver's license.

() 猿 What is the legal age for one to get his/her driver's license in the States ?

[A] 猿

[B] 猿

[C] 猿

[D] 猿

() 猿 MacVeign used to fly a lot because _____ .

[A] she found flying so pleasant

[B] her work involved travelling a lot

[C] she liked flying in the States

[D] she had a job on the plane

() 猿 How many ships did MacVeign mention ?

[A] 猿

[B] 猿

[C] 猿

[D] 猿

- 芥菜 萝卜 韭菜 菠菜 芹菜 香菜 葱 蒜 姜 洋葱 韭菜 芹菜 菠菜 萝卜 芥菜
 (选园 minutes)

[illegible]

· 源 ·

So it was with some trepidation that I brought home a pair of Cybikos. While the device has just gone on sale (online only at 憎憎增增增增增增), I had been dying to test one ever since I saw a photo. Your typical Cybiko looks like a walkietalkie with a teensy typewriter keyboard cloned onto it, only cooler, since it comes in four translucent colors (if you count clear and black as colors, that is). Its primary function is wireless chat — you peck out messages on the keyboard and beam them to any other Cybiko users who happen to be around. While the device's range is 怨园, each has a kind of repeater built in, so that a message can be relayed over great distances — if you could somehow assemble a chain of users every hundred m. Such an ad hoc local wireless network could theoretically hold up to 怨怨 daughters. A bigger limitation, however, may be its price: \$ 员怨 per unit is pretty steep.

While the ability to chat on a wireless walkie-talkie alone might make it worth the money for some, I was more excited by the other stuff that the Cybiko promises to do. The Chicago-based Cybiko company calls the device an “entertainment system” because it aspires to be a new gaming platform, like the Game Boy only better, since you can connect Cybiko to your PC and download a free game every day from its website, says the company. Chess, darts — wireless darts, how cool is that! — billiards, poker and dozens of other games are promised, which you can play wirelessly against your Cybiko-toting pals. I was particularly taken with the idea of CyLandia, which features a virtual creature that's like Pokémon except that you can beam it to other users. (Indeed, if you don't take care of it, it will supposedly “flee” to any open Cybiko.)

So how did my real-life progeny like these whizzy entertainment systems? Remember those films in health class that showed how rats will give up food and water for certain addictive drugs? My kids made those rats look like teetotalers. This was especially amazing given that the prerelease models I was testing weren't even close to fully functional — only the chat functions worked reliably. Also a shoot-'em-up game, which Ella reported was a big hit with “the popular boys”. For some reason, that made me feel good.

() 源题 What's the purpose of the author's buying plastic dinosaurs, soldiers and guns for his daughters?

- [A] The author tried to know whether his daughters like these toys.
- [B] The author wanted to treat his daughters in the same way that parents did to their sons.
- [C] The author thought the toys good to girls were also good to boys.
- [D] The author had no definite purpose.

() 源题 When the author says “I'll never forget the look my girls gave me” in the second paragraph, he means that _____.

- [A] his daughters were very considerate towards him
- [B] his daughters were happy that they could use the toys to make a day-care center
- [C] his daughters were surprised and showed little interest in these toys
- [D] his daughters were indifferent to the new toys

() 源题 The author was satisfied with Cybiko except _____.

- [A] its price
- [B] its chat function

[C] its entertainment system

[D] its colors

() 源 部 From the passage , we can conclude that _____ .

[A] the author's daughters were very much taken with the games of Cybiko

[B] if the prerelease words were close to fully functional , the daughters would like Cybiko more

[C] Cybiko allows kids to chat and play games with one another wirelessly

[D] the present model can provide games only for boys

() 源 部 The popular boys " in the last paragraph refer to " _____ " .

[A] the boys of the family

[B] the boys who show much interest in games

[C] the boys in the games

[D] the author's three daughters

裁 判 题

After 源 年 years as queen of Jordan , she still cannot speak Arabic fluently. She is more widely admired in the jet-set realms of fashion and society than among the Palestinian exiles and Bedouin tribesmen who inhabit her husband's dusty kingdom. Born in America and converted to Islam only on the eve of her marriage , she is known to some of her disgruntled stepchildren as the king's " CIA wife ". At 源 苑 Queen Noor al-Hussein — a. k. a. Lisa Halaby , Princeton class of 源 苑 缘 — still enjoys the support of the only person who really matters in Jordan. But whenever her husband dies , she will be left almost friendless in her adopted land.

She seemed a bit clueless when she arrived in Amman in the late 源 苑 园 with a degree in architecture and urban planning. Being the daughter of Najeeb Halaby , former chairman of Pan American World Airways , she got a planning job with Royal Jordanian Airlines and lived for a while in the InterContinental Hotel. Employees remember how she hung out in cutoffs and occasionally transfixed everyone in the lobby by greeting a businessman boyfriend with a passionate public embrace.

Hussein was then in mourning for his popular third wife , Queen Alia , who died in a helicopter crash. Lisa brought light — that's what " Noor " means in Arabic — into his life. Lithe and lanky with light brown hair and striking eyes , she was taller than he and 源 远 years younger : a trophy queen. They were married in 源 苑 德 , and Noor quickly bore him two sons and two daughters.

Then she faded into the background , promoting worthy causes and staying out of politics. But she became a useful asset to her husband in 源 苑 园 , when Hussein was one of the few Arab leaders who didn't join the coalition against Iraq (he had all he could do keeping his country at peace with its neighbors and itself). Noor improved the kingdom's image by taking Western reporters to the Jordanian camps for refugees from Kuwait and Iraq. She also opened the palace to journalists , even inviting some of them to dine with the king and the kids.

That helped make Noor a celebrity. She was profiled in Vanity Fair by Dominick Dunne , who also gave her a cameo role in his latest novel. She took over for the late Princess Diana in the

campaign against land mines . She became a staple of the royaltywatching press and launched her own self-promotional Web site . None of that endeared her to her critics , who complained about her shopping and accused her of corruption . Some called her Jordan's Imelda Marcos .

Her marriage was rocky at times ; the king has always had a weakness for nannies and other attractive women . But his latest illness seems to have brought them together . In the letter he wrote rebuking his brother Hassan , the king said Noor " belongs to this country with every fiber of her being " . Hassan's downfall was a blessing for Noor ; she and his wife don't get along , and if he had become king , Noor almost certainly would have been forced into exile . It isn't known what kind of relationship , if any , Noor has with the new heir , Crown Prince Abdullah , who is only 16 years her junior . But if Abdullah formally designates Noor's older son , Prince Hamzah , as his own heir , that should give her at least a toehold on Jordan's uncertain future .

() 源部 According to the passage , we know that _____ .

- [A] all Jordanians hate Queen Noor because she and the king don't get along
- [B] Queen Noor is admired among some of the Jordanian society
- [C] Queen Noor is hated by some Jordanians , but she still has the support of her husband
- [D] The Arabians , especially the Palestinian exiles hate her very much

() 源部 Some of Queen Noor's stepchildren regard her as the king's " CIA wife " , because _____ .

- [A] they don't like a Queen mother who is from America
- [B] she was converted to Islam too late
- [C] she is from America and was once an employee of CIA
- [D] she is taller than the king and 14 years younger : a trophy queen

() 源部 What do we know about Noor ?

- [A] She is tall with light brown hair and behaves very traditionally .
- [B] She is graceful and thin with light brown hair and quite open .
- [C] She is attractive but licentious .
- [D] She is considerate but is often criticized for her shopping .

() 源部 Noor became a useful asset to King Hussein in that _____ .

- [A] she had been very loyal to her husband
- [B] she took over for the late Princess Diana in the campaign against land mines
- [C] she had been the most popular Queen in Jordan
- [D] she had done a lot for her husband and Jordan

() 缘部 What conclusion can we draw from the end of the passage ?

- [A] Noor may be forced into exile after the death of her husband .
- [B] Noor will be a lonely woman and lead a miserable life .
- [C] Noor's fate will depend on Abdullah's designation .
- [D] She will remain in Jordan and live a better life .

裁缝裁缝

Albert einstein's death , in 1955 , hasn't stopped his brain from leading a lively existence . Its

visit to McMaster University in Ontario , Canada , has led to an article in the June 员怨 Lancet (a British medical journal) affirming that maybe , just maybe , the secrets of relativity were due in part to unusual development of a lobe known for mathematical thought. And then again , maybe not.

It was just one more chapter in the twisted history of a brain that was born in 员愿怨, hatched the secret of relativity in 员愿圆缘 and was liberated from its body by a Princeton pathologist 缘 years later. No further news came until the summer of 员怨圆, when I came into the picture ; my editor at a regional magazine asked me to find it. I deduced that it was still in the hands of the pathologist , Dr. Thomas Harvey. I tracked him to Wichita , Kans. , where , after much cajoling , he sighed deeply and pulled from a cardboard box two glass jars with the sectioned pieces of Einstein's brain. Eureka ! Harvey told me that so far in his ongoing study he'd found no variations from the norm.

My article encouraged Berkeley neuroanatomist Marian Diamond to get some samples from Harvey ; she counted 猿 percent more glial cells than the norm. (Glial cells help keep the network of neurons humming.) In 员怨怨, another study indicated that the Nobel winner's cortex was “ more densely populated with neurons ”. But there was no indication that the density led to E 越mc^圆.

The McMaster researchers , led by Sandra F. Witelson , began their work when Dr. Harvey sent them some samples in 员怨怨, as well as photos of the brain before sectioning. Unlike brains in a control group of 猿, Einstein's had a short sylvian fissure (a groove on the side) , and a brain part known as the operculum was undeveloped. This may have allowed Einstein's parietal lobes , believed to affect math , music and visual images , to grow 员 percent wider than average. “ The thing that's compelling , ” says Witelson , “ is that the differences occur in the region that supports psychological functions of which Einstein was a master. ”

The Lancet findings may well be a valuable jumping-off point for further research. But will taking the measure of parietal lobes really tell us why Einstein stands atop the scientific pantheon ? His genius was unique , a control group of one. That's why his brain fascinates us , and has been the subject of potboilers , poems , screenplays and paranoid cloning plots. And that's why , when I beheld Albert's brain matter bobbing in the formaldehyde like soggy tofu chunks , my own mind spun with amazement and wonder. When it comes to appreciating the most famous brain of our century , it ain't the meat — it's the emotion.

() 缘即 Albert Einstein's brain was taken from his body _____ .

- [A] fifty years after he was born
- [B] fifty years after he was dead
- [C] fifty years after his theory of relativity was born
- [D] on June 员怨, 员缘

() 缘即 Einstein's brilliance may have been due to _____ .

- [A] several distinctive brain features
- [B] his cortex being “ more densely populated with neurons ”
- [C] the unusual development of a lobe for mathematical thought
- [D] his glial cells which are more than the norm

() 缘即 The phrase “ came into the picture ” in the second paragraph probably means . 愿 .

“ _____ ”.

- [A] obtained the picture of Einstein's brain
- [B] joined in the research
- [C] found the whereabouts of Einstein's brain
- [D] showed interest in the secret of relativity

() **缘起** We can be sure that _____ .

- [A] Einstein's unique genius is based on his parietal lobes
- [B] the article in Lancet has finally found the roots of genius
- [C] the Lancet findings can be the starting-point for further study
- [D] Nobel winners' successes have little to do with their brains

() **缘起** The most likely reason the researchers have been trying to study Einstein's brain is that _____ .

- [A] Einstein has made the greatest achievement in the **国** century
- [B] Einstein's brain has been well preserved while others haven't
- [C] Einstein's brain is still active
- [D] Einstein has been the subject of poems , plays and paranoid cloning plots

裁源

Just over two years ago , indonesia's then president Suharto found himself in a corner. During a visit to Jakarta , South Africa's President Nelson Mandela asked to meet the jailed resistance leader from East Timor , Xanana Gusmao. Suharto reluctantly agreed. After the meeting Mandela gave Suharto some trenchant advice : release Gusmao , who had fought to reverse Indonesia's **占领** occupation of the former Portuguese colony. In freedom , Mandela argued , Gusmao could help lead Jakarta and Lisbon toward a solution for East Timor , ending a long and bloody conflict.

Now Suharto's successor , B. J. Habibie , has finally taken the big step. Or at least a small step. Last week Habibie ordered Gusmao's release from Jakarta's Cipinang Prison and had him transferred to a nearby bungalow , where he remained under house arrest. The **缘**year-old former guerrilla was allowed to meet with diplomats , visiting foreigners , Indonesian politicians and his own followers. As in the case of Mandela , power and authority seemed to flow to Gusmao almost automatically.

The comparison is not completely farfetched. As a resistance header , prisoner and now politician , Gusmao exudes a similar sense of destiny. He received a classical education at a Jesuit seminary in East Timor , learned at least five languages (including Latin) and subsequently used his prison time to hone his skills as a painter and poet. All along Gusmao was also a revolutionary firebrand. He took his Fretelin guerrillas into the hills after the Indonesian occupation and continued his struggle for **几**years before his capture in **监狱**.

Gusmao's struggle is far from over. The Indonesian Army never was able to bring stability to his homeland , and now that Jakarta appears to be relaxing its grip , proIndonesian forces in East Timor appear eager to kindle a new civil war. “ East Timorese have been forced into a culture of

violence ,” says Florentino Sarmiento , a human-rights activist in the province. “ They have never had the space to develop democracy , human rights or peace. ”

Gusmao’s first priority , Sarmiento says , will be to try to “ create a peaceful climate ” in East Timor. Sarmiento favors five to ten years of autonomy under Indonesian sovereignty , followed by a United Nations-organized referendum on independence. Gusmao may pursue a faster timetable. But first he must work to engineer a ceasefire among warring factions in East Timor , persuade Jakarta to rein in rogue military elements and create an East Timorese political consensus virtually from scratch. Winning his full freedom would help — “ and it had better be soon ,” says a Western diplomat in Jakarta.

Habibie may go along with that : he insists that his government truly does intend to rid itself of the old sore. “ We do not want to be burdened by the problem of East Timor as of Jan. 1999,” Habibie said last week. In other words , the president of Indonesia more than anyone else now depends on the skills and good graces of Xanana Gusmao.

- () 缘起 The text is mainly about _____ .
- [A] peace in Indonesia
- [B] East Timor’s revolutionary who turned peacemaker
- [C] cooperation between Habibie and Gusmao
- [D] importance of Gusmao in the peace of East Timor
- () 缘起 What was Suharto’s response to Nelson Mandela’s advice about Gusmao’s release ?
- [A] He agreed to release Gusmao when he served out his office.
- [B] He told his successor to release Gusmao.
- [C] He didn’t follow Mandela’s advice.
- [D] He reluctantly agreed.
- () 缘起 What Florentino Sarmiento says in the fourth paragraph implies that _____ .
- [A] East Timor will never achieve peace
- [B] violence will make democracy , human rights and peace in East Timor impossible
- [C] East Timor has not gained independence
- [D] East Timor is one part of Indonesia and it’s hard for East Timorese to win freedom
- () 缘起 The phrase “ rein in ” in paragraph five can be defined as “ _____ ”.
- [A] put a restraint on
- [B] rule over
- [C] wipe out
- [D] disarm
- () 远起 Which of the following is true ?
- [A] It’s a certainty that East Timor will gain independence.
- [B] The Indonesian government has every intention of settling the problem.
- [C] It’s impossible for Gusmao to solve the present problem.
- [D] The independence of East Timor will be the only way to make peace.

[illegible]

That is why we grant them special protection. In an emergency , it is our duty to save them first because they , helpless , have put their lives in our hands. And in wartime , they are supposed to enjoy special immunity because they , blameless , can have threatened or offended no one.

还 “Women and children” attributes to women the same pitiable dependence and moral simplicity we find in five-year-olds. Such an attitude made sense perhaps in an era of male suffrage and “Help Wanted : Female” classifieds. 还 Given the disabilities attached to womanhood in 民国, it was only fair and right that a new standard of gender equality not suddenly be proclaimed just as lifeboat seats were being handed out. 还 That deference — a somewhat more urgent variant of giving up your seat on the bus to a woman — complemented and perhaps compensated for the legal and social constraints placed on women at the time.

远源 But in this day of the most extensive societal restructuring to grant women equality in education , in employment , in government , in athletics , what entitles women to the privileges — and reduces them to the status — of children ?

The evolutionary psychologists might say that ladies-to-the-lifeboats is an instinct that developed to perpetuate the species : Women are indispensable child bearers. You can repopulate a village if the women survive and only a few of the men , but you cannot repopulate a village if the men survive and only a few of the women. 缘故 Women being more precious , biologically speaking , than men , evolution has conditioned us to give them the kind of life-protecting deference we give to that other seed of the future , kids.

The problem with this kind of logic, however, is its depressing reductionism. It recapitulates in all seriousness the geneticist's old witticism that a chicken is just an egg's way of making another egg.

But humans are more than just egg layers. And chivalrous traditions are more than just disguised survival strategies. So why do we say “ women and children ”? Perhaps it’s really “ women for children ”. The most basic parental bond is maternal. Equal parenting is great , but women , from breast to cradle to cuddle , can nurture in ways that men cannot. And thus , because we value children , women should go second. The children need them.

奈藻菌綠土IV 宰刈雞
(猿minutes)

边陲防戍需灵思，悦逢梓桑亲剿孽。孟秋居生当剿贼，曾蒙援粤督吏早厥葬。歆曾，葬恩城。葬至圣亲剿孽。遭厄北去，遭害匪偶。至元恩援幸，匪亲杜藻。曾剿贼员，潮城剿贼生剿曾。