

高等学校英语教材配套辅导丛书

《新视野大学英语》 单元练习与测试

第 源册)

大学英语课程指导研究小组 组编

主 编 卢长怀
副主编 徐荣博 杨艳华



大连理工大学出版社

© 卢长怀 编

图书在版编目 (CIP) 数据

《新视野大学英语》——单元练习与测试·第 1 册 卢长怀主
编 大连 : 大连理工大学出版社, 2009
陈晔 陈元 陈德 陈德

I 援新… II 援卢… III 援英语—高等学校—习题
IV 援与援想远

中国版本图书馆 (CIP) 数据核字 第 号

大连理工大学出版社出版

地址 大连市凌水河 邮政编码 116023

电话 0411-84706000 传真 0411-84706001 邮购 0411-84706005

电子邮箱: dlutpress@163.com 网址: www.dlutpress.com

大连理工印刷有限公司印刷 大连理工大学出版社发行

幅面尺寸 185mm×260mm 印张 16 字数 4000 千字
印数 1~ 10000
2009 年 8 月第 1 版 2009 年 8 月第 1 次印刷

责任编辑 刘宪芹 责任校对 和 力
封面设计 王福刚

定 价 15.00 元 本册 15.00 元)

前言

《新视野大学英语》是外语教学与研究出版社根据教育部“新世纪网络课程建设工程”计划而开发的一套全新的大学英语教材。《新视野大学英语——单元练习与测试》是与《新视野大学英语》“读写教程”相配套的教材。它针对“读写教程”每一单元的题材和体裁,将学生引进同一话题和交际情景,进行启发性、思维性、扩展性、深化性和巩固性的语言操练,以求更完整地覆盖大纲要求的词汇与结构及读、写、译等综合技能的培养,从而使学生在更丰富的语境中培养出英语语言应用能力。同时,本书的编写旨在帮助学生及时消化理解课文每一单元重点内容,以奠定扎实的语言基础。

《新视野大学英语——单元练习与测试》共分四册,分别与《新视野大学英语》“读写教程”一至四册配套。所有练习均按照《大学英语四级考试大纲》要求的题型设计。其中词汇、语法结构和英汉翻译练习均根据《新视野大学英语》“读写教程”中每一单元的语言要点编写;阅读理解、完型填空和写作练习均按照“大学英语四级考试”的题型编写,旨在帮助学生熟悉考试题型并掌握解题技巧。

本套教材的内容和特色如下:

每册由 10 个单元练习和 10 个单元测试组成。

“词汇和结构”练习部分是根据《新视野大学英语》“读写教程”中的重点词汇、语法和句型编写的练习,是课文知识的补充与延伸。

“阅读理解”部分选择的材料均与课文的主题一致。旨在提高学生的阅读速度和理解的准确性,并扩充其知识面。

“翻译”部分是训练学生能根据上下文的理解,准确地将课文重点句子进行英汉互译,并进一步掌握课文内容。

源完型填空 '部分是训练学生提高英语综合能力的练习,所选短文仍是所在单元的同一主题,具有很强的知识性、趣味性和可读性。

缘写作 '部分旨在提高学生的英语写作能力。

选单元测试 "单元测试 员主要测试学生对 **哉量员** 缘的语言点的掌握情况 而单元测试 圆则测试学生对 **哉量远** 员的语言点的掌握情况。

苑所有练习均附有答案和解析,写作练习附有范文,以引导学生知其然和知其所以然,从而达到触类旁通、举一反三的目的。

全套 《新视野大学英语——单元练习与测试》由大学英语课程指导研究小组组编,大连医科大学、辽宁师范大学、大连海事大学和东北财经大学联合编写。卢长怀担任第 源册主编,参加第 源册编写的人员还有卢秀清、孙莹、王立河、佟兆俊、李云川、王欣双、谭晶华。

由于时间仓促,不妥之处在所难免,恳请各位同行不吝指教。

编 者

圆年 苑月



目 录

单元练习

员 Unit One

圆 Unit Two

圆 Unit Three

源 Unit Four

源 Unit Five

单元测试 员

缘 Unit 员 缘

远 Unit Six

苑 Unit Seven

愿 Unit Eight

怨 Unit Nine

圆 Unit Ten

单元测试 圆

远 Unit 远 圆

缘 单元练习参考答案与详解





单元练习

Unit One

李则成 灾难营救

陈建生 杜粤

阅读题 Each of the following sentences is provided with four choices... Choose the one that best completes the sentence or that best explains the underlined part

员 After I had finished eating, he _____ to set off immediately.

- A) suggested B) proposed C) requested D) advised

圆 It is a pleasure to do business with a/an _____ person.

- A) upright B) outright C) alright D) right

猿 He turned his head away, feeling too ashamed to meet her _____.

- A) glimpse B) watch C) gaze D) stare

源 Owing to the electricity strike, a lot of factory workers were left _____.

- A) spare B) idle C) standing by D) jobless

缘 The nurse bathes the patient with _____ care.

- A) lovely B) smooth C) tender D) slender

远 Mr. Smith enjoyed rich earnings from his wise _____ in the stock market.

- A) decisions B) investments C) steps D) input

苑 Mosquitoes are the only means of _____ of Malaria, the deadly disease in the tropical areas.

- A) broadcasting B) spreading C) transmission D) infection

愿 It was a long and bitter struggle, but the victory was worth the _____.

- A) sacrifice B) cost C) loss D) expenditure

怨 Some neighbors' _____ of rich, powerful people is just disgusting.

- A) love B) pursuit C) worship D) enthusiasm

员园 According to the latest system of _____, this creature is a mammal.

- A) criterion B) category C) classification D) knowledge

员员 The noise of the explosion penetrated the thickest walls.

- A) passed through B) passed by C) passed onto D) passed over

员圆 He never seemed at ease in my presence.

- A) reality B) existence C) appearance D) company

员猿 The newborn pup grew a coat of sheer brown hair.

- A) very B) total C) complete D) whole

源 Jerry made a terrible nuisance of himself by talking loud in class.

- A) annoyance B) favor C) fuss D) boredom

缘 A breeze blew over the garden, and was lost in the bush.

- A) gust B) hurricane C) typhoon D) gentle wind

远 As an outstanding scientist, he found it pretty difficult to interpret the black hole theory to the public laymen.

- A) develop B) explain C) discuss D) appraise

苑 The Haier Company, China's largest electric household appliance manufacturer guarantees its products for three years.

- A) warrants B) safeguards C) promises D) ensures

愿 Since that was the young man's first offense, the jury was going to give him a light sentence of one-month social work in his neighborhood.

- A) misdeed B) crime C) misbehavior D) misconduct

怨 In the last part of the race, the marathon runner was not able to sustain his pace.

- A) retain B) preserve C) keep D) reserve

园 Throughout his life Cavour remained faithful to his fundamental political, economic and cultural principles.

- A) true B) humble C) sincere D) loyal

杂糅题

阅读题选择 Fill in the blanks with the words or expressions given below. Change the form where necessary.

wit concessions maximum yield succession virtue
object hollow bonds procession temptation observation

员 They are not the kind of people to _____ to threats.

圆 The sight of the purse on the table was a strong _____ to the poor child.

猿 She showed a great deal of _____ in handling the delicate situation.

源 Mother _____ that the weather was too wet to play outdoors.

缘 The endless _____ of parties wore us out.

远 Over the years we have learnt that we cannot believe the _____ promises of insincere politicians.

苑 He says that his plan had the _____ of being the easiest to implement.

愿 The latest Formula One race car makes a _____ speed of 猿怨 miles an hour.

怨 Oftentimes, in order to reach an agreement you have to make _____ so that your counterpart will do it too.

园 The two countries are linked by _____ of economic, political and military interests.

李则斌 杂糅题

阅读题选择 Each of the following sentences is provided with four choices... Choose the one that best completes the sentence



A) manually B) artificially C) automatically D) synthetically

A) does B) had C) was D) did

A) informed B) acquainted C) enlightened D) acknowledged

A) having been canceled B) had been canceled

C) having canceled D) were canceled

A) prevent B) prohibit C) turn D) avoid

A) leaked B) drew C) quoted D) yielded

A) blamed B) to blame C) be blamed D) would blame

A) turn in B) turn over C) turn up D) turn down

A) lively B) alive C) live D) living

A) seen B) is seen C) to be seen D) having been seen

A) accurate B) fixed C) delicate D) rigid

A) has been insisting B) had insisted C) would insist D) insisted

A) arbitrary B) aggressive C) ambitious D) abundant

A) behind B) between C) along D) among

A) capacity B) potential C) possession D) impact

A) diagram B) label C) signal D) mark

苑 The twentieth century has witnessed an enormous worldwide political, economic and cultural _____.

- A) tradition B) transportation C) transmission D) transformation

愿 He wasn't appointed chairman of the committee, _____ not very popular with all its members.

- A) to be considered B) considering C) being considered D) having considered

怨 _____ energy under the earth must be released in one form or another, for example, an earthquake.

- A) Accumulated B) Gathered C) Assembled D) Collected

园 There is no _____ to the house from the main road.

- A) access B) avenue C) exposure D) edge

马则划 砾囊堡早恍皂贵砾囊社里社

阅题指导 There are four passages in this part. Each passage is followed by some questions. For each question there are four suggested answers marked A, B, C, and D. You should choose the ONE best answer.

马特事桌员

Anna arrived far too early. Usually she left things to the last minute, but today was a very special occasion. It was almost as if by getting there an hour beforehand she hoped to cause the plane to arrive sooner. Thoughts raced through her mind. "Do I look all right? Will he notice that I'm wearing a new trouser suit? Will he even recognize me?" After all, it was a year almost to the day since she had last seen Joe. She fished a mirror out of her handbag and inspected her face. Too much make-up? Joe had never made any comment but she knew that he did not approve of heavy make-up—"gilding the lily", he called it.

It was funny how much importance she attached to making a good impression on him. After all, friends do not judge each other by appearance. All the same, it was the first meeting after a long separation, and she wanted everything to go off right.

Looking out of the window, Joe caught a first glimpse, through a break in the clouds, of the town far below. This was his third visit, and looked like becoming an annual event. Certainly it was very flattering that they had invited him to be the guest lecturer at their Autumn Congress yet again. The Chairman of the Organizing Committee, as a matter of courtesy, had offered to meet him at the airport, as he had done on previous occasions. This time, however, it was not necessary, partly because Joe was quite familiar with the city, but mainly because Anna had said that she could take the afternoon off in order to come and meet him.

员 Anna looked in her mirror because _____.

- A) she wanted to check that her make-up was alright
B) in case she had too much make-up on
C) she knew that Joe disapproved of heavy make-up
D) she wanted to make a good impression on Joe



圆 Anna thought that Joe might not recognize her because

- A) she was wearing a new suit.
- B) he had not seen her for about a year.
- C) He might expect someone else to meet him.
- D) She had changed a lot in the past year.

猿 When did Anna get to the airport ?

- A) About an hour earlier.
- B) Just before the plane was due to land.
- C) At the last possible minute.
- D) Shortly after the plane had arrived.

源 How many times had Joe been to this town ?

- A) Several times before.
- B) Three times before.
- C) Twice before.
- D) Four times before.

缘 Joe did not want the Chairman to meet him because _____.

- A) the Chairman was not willing to meet him
- B) he was not sure which day he would travel
- C) he could not find his own way to the city center
- D) he thought that Anna would be there to meet him

马

One of the qualities that most people admire in others is the willingness to admit one's mistakes. It is extremely hard sometimes to say a simple thing like "I was wrong about that," and it is even harder to say, "I was wrong, and you were right about that."

I had an experience recently with someone admitting to me that he had made a mistake fifteen years ago. He told me he had been the manager of a certain grocery store in the neighborhood where I grew up, and he asked me if I remembered the egg cartons. Then he related an incident and I began to remember vaguely the incident he was describing.

I was about eight years old at the time, and I had gone into the store with my mother to do the weekly grocery shopping. On that particular day, I must have found my way to the dairy food department where the incident took place.

There must have been a special sale on eggs that day because there was an impressive display of eggs in dozen and half-dozen cartons. The cartons were stacked three or four feet high. I must have stopped in front of a display to admire the stacks. Just then a woman came by pushing her grocery cart and knocked off the stacks of cartons. For some reason, I decided it was up to me to put the display back together, so I went to work.

The manager heard the noise and came rushing over to see what had happened. When he appeared, I was on my knees inspecting some of the cartons to see if any of the eggs were broken, but to him it looked as though I was the culprit. He severely reprimanded me and wanted me to pay for any broken egg. I protested my innocence and tried to explain, but it did no good. Even though I quickly forgot all about the incident, apparently the manager did not.

远 How old was the author when he wrote this article ?

A) About 愿

C) About 缘故

B) About 圆痕

D) About 圆象

苑 Who should be to blame for knocking off the stacks of cartons of eggs?

A) The manager.

B) The writer.

C) A woman.

D) The writer's mother.

愿 Which of the following statements is NOT true?

A) It was the author who put the display back together.

B) A woman carelessly knocked off the stacks of cartons.

C) The writer was severely reprimanded by the manager.

D) The woman who knocked off the stacks of cartons was severely reprimanded by the manager.

怨 What is the best title for the passage?

A) An Incident That I Remember.

B) I Used to Be the Culprit.

C) It's Hard to Admit One's Mistakes.

D) A Case of Mistaken Identity.

园 The tone of the article expresses the author's _____.

A) admiration for the manager's willingness to admit the mistakes he made

B) regret for the mistake he made in the grocery store

C) indignation against the woman who knocked off the stacks of cartons of eggs

D) anger to the manager for his wrong charge

马 林 林 林 林

Economic liberalism was the prevailing economic philosophy in much of the nineteenth and early twentieth centuries, and the US economy developed within its framework. Economic liberalism promoted freedom of action for the individual and the firm through the doctrines of free trade, self-interest, private property, laissez-faire, and competition.

According to this philosophy, individuals were free to seek their own occupations, to enter any business, and to act as they saw fit to improve their economic welfare. Economic society was held together by self-interest. Self-interest was thus the motivating force of the economy. For example, to increase personal economic welfare, an individual might decide to produce goods and sell them for profit. But in so doing, that individual automatically benefited the community as well by purchasing raw materials, providing employment, and supplying goods or services. A worker seeking to increase his or her wages could do so by increasing productivity. This, too, benefited the employer and the community in general. According to Adam Smith, the individual, in seeking personal gain, was led by an invisible hand to promote the welfare of the whole community. Under economic liberalism, individual were free to engage in the trade, occupation, or business they desired. Workers were free to move from one job to another and to enter or exit from an industry.

Competition was the regulator of the economy under economic liberalism. Business competed with one another for consumer trade by developing new and better products and by selling existing products at lower prices. Free entry into the market ensured adequate



competition, and prices were determined by the free forces of supply and demand. Competitive forces determined not only the prices of goods and services but also wage rates.

Since a beneficial self-interest was the motivating and driving force of the economy and since competition was to serve as the regulator of the economy, a policy of laissez-faire prevailed. According to this policy, the government should keep its hand off the economic activities of individuals and businesses. Its economic role was strictly to protect private property, to enforce contracts, and to act as a judge in economic disputes.

原 Concerning economic liberalism, which of the following is true ?

- A) It was a theory in the field of philosophy in the 18th and 19th centuries.
- B) The development of the US as a nation owes much to this philosophy.
- C) It is about the freedom of action in the field of economics.
- D) It is about the doctrines of private sectors of economy.

题 According to the passage, people exchange goods and services mainly to _____.

- A) meet their own needs
- B) meet the needs of other people
- C) form an economic society
- D) bring benefits to society

题 Which of the following is the best interpretation of Adam Smith's theory ?

- A) Individuals only care about their own interest.
- B) In their sub-consciousness, people wish to serve the community.
- C) Individual's economic behavior is regulated by an invisible being.
- D) In pursuing their self-interest, individuals bring benefits to society.

原 Which of the following functions competitive forces have is NOT true ?

- A) To force manufacturers to provide new and better products.
- B) To give every individual a fair chance for a better job.
- C) To help determine the prices of goods and services.
- D) To help regulate the wages of people who are employed.

题 According to the policy of laissez-faire, governments should _____.

- A) control the market as much as possible
- B) strictly regulate the market
- C) give the market much freedom
- D) intervene in the market when they like

马

As we know, it is very important that a firm should pay attention to the training of its staff as there exist many weak parts in its various departments. Staff training must have a purpose, which is defined when a firm considers its training needs, which are in turn based on job descriptions and job specifications.

A job description should give details of the performance that is required for a particular job, and a job specification should give information about the behavior, knowledge and skills that are expected of an employee who works in it. When all of this has been collected, it is possible to make a training specification. This specifies what the Training Department must teach for the successful performance of the job, and also the best methods to use in the training period.

There are many different training methods, and there are advantages and disadvan-

tages of all of them. Successful training programmes depend on an understanding of the difference between learning about skills and training in using them. It is frequently said that learning about skills takes place “off the job” in the classroom, but training in using these skills takes place “on the job”, by means of such activities as practice in the workshop.

It is always difficult to evaluate the costs and savings of a training programme. The success of such a programme depends not only on the methods used but also on the quality of the staff who do the training. A company can often check on savings in time and cost by examining the work performed by the workers and technicians who have completed a training programme. The evaluation of management training is much more complex than that.

15 To be successful in our training programmes, one must understand the difference between _____.

- A) the savings in time and cost
- B) learning about the skills and training in using them
- C) what is taught and how it is taught
- D) a job description and a job specification

16 The success of a training programme depends on _____.

- A) the place where the training takes place
- B) the proper evaluation of the costs and savings of the programme
- C) the performance of the workers and technicians trained in the programme
- D) the training methods and the quality of the training staff

17 A training specification attaches great importance to _____.

- A) the performance required for a certain job
- B) the behavior, knowledge and skills expected of an employee
- C) the training contents and methods
- D) the costs and savings of the programme

18 According to the passage, which of the following statements is NOT true?

- A) As there exist weak parts in different departments of a firm, the training of its staff is highly necessary.
- B) A training specification is based on the information collected from a job description and a job specification.
- C) Learning about skills and training in using skills usually don't take place at the same place.
- D) It is easier to evaluate management training than to evaluate the training of workers and technicians.

19 The best title for the passage might be _____.

- A) The Importance of Staff Training
- B) Staff Training Programme
- C) How to Describe and Specify a Job
- D) A Successful Training Programme



守则V 悦读藻

阅读理解 There are 圆 blanks in each of the following two passages. For each blank there are four choices marked A, B, C, and D.. You should choose the ONE that best fits into the passage

藻藻藻藻藻

Social factors play a very important role in health. Social conditions and situations not only promote the possibility of illness and disability, 员 also help in disease 圆 and health maintenance. The greatest threats 猿 an individual's health and physical well-being today 源 largely from unhealthy lifestyles and high-risk behavior, and this is true 缘 heart disease, cancer, AIDS and a host of modern day health problems.

Social factors are important 远 influencing the manner in which societies organize their resources to cope 苑 health risks and deliver medical 愿 to the population at large. Individuals and societies tend to respond 怨 health problems in a manner consistent 员 their culture, norms, and values. As Donald Light explains, "medical care and health services are acts of political philosophy"; thus, social and political 员 influence the choices made, institutions formed, and the levels of funding provided 圆 health. Health is therefore not 猿 a matter of biology, but involves a number of factors that are social, cultural, and economic.

The purpose of this book is to 源 the readers to the field of medical sociology. Recognition of the significance of the complex relationship 缘 social factors and the level of health characteristic of various groups and societies has led to the development of medical sociology 苑 an important area within the general field of sociology. As an academic discipline, medical sociology is 苑 with the social causes and consequences of health and illness. Medical sociologists 怨 the social aspects of health and disease, the social 怨 of health organizations and institutions, the social behavior of health personnel and those 圆 are consumers of health care, and patterns of health services.

- | | | | |
|------------------|-------------|----------------|---------------|
| 员) A) as | B) but | C) well | D) so |
| 圆) A) infection | B) cause | C) prevention | D) spread |
| 猿) A) to | B) for | C) through | D) with |
| 源) A) come | B) deceive | C) result | D) reduce |
| 缘) A) to | B) upon | C) for | D) by |
| 远) A) on | B) at | C) in | D) from |
| 苑) A) in | B) at | C) through | D) with |
| 愿) A) well-being | B) benefits | C) examination | D) care |
| 怨) A) with | B) towards | C) upon | D) to |
| 员) A) to | B) with | C) about | D) from |
| 员) A) philosophy | B) disorder | C) values | D) tendency |
| 圆) A) for | B) on | C) with | D) to |
| 猿) A) barely | B) simply | C) really | D) completely |

- | | | | |
|---------------|------------------|----------------|----------------|
| 源A) confront | B) provid | C) introduc | D) disclos |
| 缘A) among | B) in | C) for | D) between |
| 远A) as | B) for | C) in | D) to |
| 苑A) concerned | B) related | C) worried | D) dealt |
| 愿A) focus | B) discuss about | C) concentrate | D) study |
| 怨A) positions | B) status | C) functions | D) environment |
| 圆A) who | B) whom | C) whose | D) people |

猿猿猿猿月

What do you know about the sea? We know that it looks very pretty when the sun is 员 on it. We also know that it can be very 圆 when there is a strong wind. What other things do we know about it?

The first thing to remember is that the sea is very big. When you look at the map of the world you will find there is more water 猿 land. The sea 源 three quarters of the world.

The sea is also very 缘 in some places. It is not deep everywhere. Some parts of the sea are very 远. But in some places the depth of the sea is very great. There is one 苑, near Japan, where the sea is nearly 猿kilometers deep! The highest 愿 in the world is about nine kilometers high. If that mountain were put into the sea at that place, there 怨 be two kilometers of water above it! What a deep place!

If you have swum in the sea, you know that it is 圆. You can 源 the salt. Rivers, which flow into the sea, carry salt from the land into the sea. Some parts of the sea are more salty 圆 other parts. There is one sea, 猿 the Dead Sea, which is very salty. It is so salty that swimmers cannot sink! Fish cannot live in the Dead Sea!

In most parts of the sea, there are plenty of fishes and plants. Some live near the top of the sea. Others live deep 源. There are also millions of 缘 living things that float in the sea. These floating things are so small that it is 远 to see them. Many fish live by eating these.

The sea can be very 苑. Divers, who go deep down in the sea, know this. On the top the water may be warm. 愿 the diver goes downwards, the sea becomes colder and colder. Another thing happens. When the diver goes deeper, the water above presses down on him. It 怨 him. Then the diver has to wear clothes made of metal. But he cannot go very deep. Some people who wanted to go very deep used a very strong diving ship! They went down to the deepest part of the sea in it. They went down 圆 a depth of eleven kilometers!

- | | | | |
|--------------|-------------|-------------|--------------|
| 员A) pouring | B) shining | C) falling | D) setting |
| 圆A) rough | B) tough | C) mild | D) wild |
| 猿A) as | B) than | C) in | D) off |
| 源A) includes | B) contains | C) occupies | D) covers |
| 缘A) deep | B) wide | C) shallow | D) tiny |
| 远A) deep | B) wide | C) shallow | D) tiny |
| 苑A) position | B) place | C) status | D) spot |
| 愿A) place | B) altitude | C) mountain | D) longitude |



- | | | | |
|--------------|-----------------|-------------|----------------|
| 怨A) will | B) would | C) should | D) could |
| 渴A) fresh | B) salty | C) stale | D) mellow |
| 鼻A) smell | B) swallow | C) taste | D) dip |
| 因A) in | B) than | C) to | D) then |
| 惹A) called | B) that is | C) which | D) naming |
| 源A) top | B) above | C) up | D) down |
| 殊A) colossal | B) medium-sized | C) tiny | D) giant |
| 远A) easy | B) hard | C) obvious | D) transparent |
| 寒A) cold | B) cool | C) hot | D) warm |
| 愿A) If | B) Where | C) However | D) When |
| 怨A) swells | B) shrinks | C) squeezes | D) attracts |
| 围A) at | B) to | C) near | D) through |

马则城 魏林社通社

魏林社通社

魏林社通社 Translate the following passage into Chinese.

Most forest fires are caused by human carelessness, so it is mainly a problem of enabling people to understand better the importance of the forests. At the same time, people should be made aware of the responsibility to protect the forests. This is not an easy job, and it requires the continuous efforts of the government.

魏林社通社

魏林社通社 Translate the following passage into English.

环境科学家们说,如果要使地球继续供养人类生存,保护野生生物是极为重要的。这些专家说,我们必须明白在我们的这个环境供养体系中,我们自己与野生动植物之间有重要联系。他们指出,没有人有把握地知道这些动植物中的哪一种将来可能对我们有用。

马则城 宰则魏林社

魏林社通社 For this part you are required to write a composition entitled “魏林社通社 魏林社通社”. You are given the first sentence of each paragraph and required to develop its idea in complete paragraph in about 魏林社通社 words.

魏林社通社 魏林社通社

Living in a big city has a number of advantages. _____

However, life in a big city is not always pleasant. _____

Now most urban citizens are willing to live in big cities, but they often want to take a trip to the countryside for a while. _____

Unit Two

孕则城 灾精登楚赠

杂糖酥吐粤

阅题精操译 Each of the following sentences is provided with four choices. . Choose the one that best completes the sentence or that best explains the underlined part

员 Many youngsters are looking forward to being discovered by _____ so that they may stand a chance to become a star.

- A) detectives B) scouts C) inspectors D) examiners

圆 The students in Prof. Fielding ' s class had a/an _____ passion for William Shakespeare .

- A) extraordinary B) magnificent C) grand D) surprising

猿 It was an immense _____ to find my family had survived the great fire .

- A) luck B) relaxation C) relief D) comfort

源 All the actors , workmen and equipment were in place , and the director was anxiously waiting for the _____ .

- A) play B) blueprint C) workbook D) script

缘 Imports from 员 圆 July this year are larger by 员 圆 per cent than for the _____ period last year .

- A) reacting B) relevant C) related D) corresponding

远 Some soccer _____ would like to coach the inexperienced young men in the clubs .

- A) retired players B) veterans C) masters D) aces

苑 I remember , that as an ambitious actor , I was very _____ of Laurence Olive ' s acting .

- A) jealous B) envious C) outrageous D) enviable

愿 He always beat his wife when there were no _____ around , and so her lawyer could not charge him effectively .

- A) witnesses B) on-lookers C) observers D) inspectors

怨 The police stopped several _____ and arrested 员 圆 men on the election night .

- A) uprisings B) rebellions C) riots D) resistance

员 圆 Cold drinks are _____ on a warm summer day .

- A) fascinating B) encouraging C) nourishing D) refreshing

员 圆 The parents asked if their kids had behaved properly in the summer camp .

- A) performed B) conducted C) done D) lived

员 圆 There was a nine-car collision in Park Avenue at 苑 愿 yesterday morning , which sent five of the motorists to hospital and caused a two-hour congestion .

- A) conflict B) clash C) strike D) crash