

高等学校英语教材配套辅导丛书

《大学英语》全新版 单元练习与测试

(第 1 册)

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前言

编写宗旨

《大学英语》全新版系列教材是近年来问世的一批质量高、内容新的大学英语教材之一。这套教材选材新颖、时代感强,具有较强的趣味性、信息性和前瞻性。同时教材的编写也注意了文体的多样性和语言的规范性,充分体现了《大学英语教学大纲》(修订本)的教学思想、教学目的和要求。因此,一经出版就引起大学英语教育界的关注和欢迎,被越来越多的高校采用。

在大学英语教学活动中,“练习与测试”是必不可少的重要组成部分。俗话说,“熟能生巧”,大量的有针对性的练习是巩固所学知识的最佳途径,而适时有效的测试则会使学生及时了解自己学习的效果,以便为提高英语运用能力夯实基础。为了帮助广大学生更有效地使用这套教材,并随时巩固和检验学习效果,我们组织编写了这套《大学英语》全新版——单元练习与测试辅导丛书。丛书紧扣《大学英语》全新版·综合教程的教学内容与要求,能更好满足学生“学而时习之”的要求。

结构与特色

本系列丛书共分四册,分别与《大学英语》全新版·综合教程的员·源册教材相匹配。每册书由五大部分构成:

- ▶ Part One——语法与词汇题:有四种题型,其中包括构词、选择辨析和改错等练习。
- ▶ Part Two——语言运用题:主要是以填空形式来体现的练习题,包括自主填空和选择填空两种题型。
- ▶ Part Three——阅读理解题:包括选择题和简答题两种题型。
- ▶ Part Four——翻译训练题:在这部分里,除了常规的英汉互译以外,编者还加进了系列的翻译方法指导,帮助学生了解基本的翻译技巧,以提高翻译能力。
- ▶ Part Five——写作练习题:根据目前大学生写作能力较低的现状,编者设

计了像“运用标点符号、改写”等练习,并以“句子→段落→篇章”的渐进形式进行实际操练。

- 单元测试:共两套,TEST ONE 涵盖了“Unit One ~ Unit Four 的所有语言点”,TEST PAPER TWO 涵盖了“Unit Five ~ Unit Eight 的所有语言点”。

本系列丛书的每册练习项目均相同,主要侧重于读写技能的训练。练习形式力求多样化,既有判断型的客观类习题,也有输出型的主观类习题。两套自测试题的设计,主要是方便学生对自己的学习效果进行评估。此外,书中还配有答案和详细的注释。本书选材力求典型、新颖、全面,语言材料来自报刊、网络以及其他同类型参考书。

本套丛书由宁月瑾负责策划;由王惠莲、刘军显、李保军负责主编;牟爱鹏、陈英负责最终校对。参加第一册编写的还有(按姓氏笔画排列)于龙、刘军显、刘美、孙欣、孙中玲、孙明磊、张国钢、李保军、陈英、张海鸥、管廷祥、靖凌云。

在编写人员中多数编者具有多年的一线教学经验,编写过程中,全体参编者互相切磋、及时交流、密切配合,努力使本套丛书达到预期的效果。尽管如此,由于编者经验、水平有限,谬误之处必有显现,敬请同行专家不吝指教,以便改进。

编 者

王惠莲 苑月



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单元练习

Unit One

Unit One

Unit One

Unit One Change the parts of speech of the following words and then use the proper new forms to complete the sentences.

possible associate disappoint inspire humor assume frustrate
violate command ridicule ability essence

Unit One Her English improved because of a long _____ with British and American people.

Unit One It's _____ for a little child to complete such a difficult task.

Unit One When she did not find her mother, the _____ seemed too great to bear.

Unit One Sam's _____ that the Government will keep its promises is probably unjustified.

Unit One He looks _____ in those tight trousers.

Unit One People are disappointed about the _____ of the government to solve the energy problem.

Unit One They blockaded the Suez Canal in _____ of international agreements.

Unit One Liquid water is _____ for life on earth and is the most probable solvent (溶剂, 溶媒) for life elsewhere.

Unit One The _____ story drew a roar of laughter from the crowd.

Unit One The love between the couple aroused my _____ for my book.

Unit One

Unit One Fill in the blanks with the words or expressions given below. Change the form where necessary.

appeal reputation agony assign respectable distribute formal
recall relive sequence essay seal hold back out of date
in advance

Unit One As soon as the class began, the teacher _____ the test papers.

Unit One Please keep the cards in _____.

Unit One I could sense her pain and the tension of _____ the strong emotions that were inter-

rupted by my arrival.

源 In today's job market practical experience as well as _____ education is considered important.

缘 The introduction and conclusion of a(n) _____ should discuss the topic in general terms.

远 She _____ feeling numb with fear as the robbers ordered her and her friend to get out of the car.

苑 I've been _____ a lot of work. I must go about it right away or I'll fall behind my schedule.

愿 They seem eager to have me work for them. They have even offered to pay me _____ if I promise not to accept any other job.

怨 The neighbors do not consider him quite _____ as most evenings he awakens them with his drunken singing.

圆 The document carries the official _____.

圆 She can't help _____ that terrible car accident.

圆 This kind of music hasn't much _____ for me.

圆 The country must not again go through the _____ of war.

圆 The high school has a good _____ for exam results.

缘 It's said that the "little smart" wireless phone technology was _____ and no longer used in western countries.

圆

圆 For each of the following sentences there are four choices marked A, B, C, and D. Choose the one answer that best completes the sentence

圆 Tell the children to _____ the fire.

- A. put off B. put out C. put aside D. put down

圆 This series _____ short practical surveys of points of grammar and structure that present problems to all.

- A. consists in B. makes up C. is composed of D. comprises of

圆 The three men were given work according to their _____ ability.

- A. respectable B. respectful C. respected D. respective

圆 The teacher asked me to show him _____ I had drawn on my book.

- A. that B. what C. which D. where

圆 The blood vessels are constantly _____ themselves redistributing blood from the skin to the muscles and so forth.

- A. fixing B. adjusting C. pumping D. pushing

圆 Having finished preparing dinner, she stood at the front door _____ her mother to return.

- A. to waiting for B. waiting for



D. being waited for

D. driving away

D. concord

D. patriotic

D. applauded

D. helping

D. decent

D. face to face

D. maintained

D. rigid

D

D

D

I

D

D

C

D

源 We have so arranged matters thus one of us is always on duty.

A B C D

缘 When I came back , I found the door to be locked and was relieved.
A B C D

例 I was cooking the dinner while my son came home and told me he was hungry.

纘In ancient times the mind was believed basing in the heart. But , actually , the brain is

the centre of mental activity.

源 In England , winter is associated to snow , long nights and very cold weather .

緣 He is one of those speakers who make his ideas perfectly clear.
A B C D

缘 Jim had a very disappointing look when Tom told him Mary was not coming.
A B C D

缘Either of the two lectures was my favorite , partly because the person who delivered it it

A B C

had such an unpleasant voice.

孕刺刺增燥 哉藥藥藥藥藥藥藥

杂类植物

阅读题翻译 Fill in the missing words for the following blanks.

员 (young persons aged between 猿 and 苑) have a new shape these days. They are about 肆 pounds 圆 than they were 远 years ago. They are about four inches 猿, too. These facts come from Professor Tanner who has been measuring people from all 源 the world and has also 缘 people's growth records for the past 肆 years.

Children today are bigger than 远 before. Today's nine-year-olds are 苑 eleven-year-olds looked back in 苑园. Adults are also taller than before. But the biggest 愿 can be seen in young people. That's because boys 怨 to keep on growing until they 员 age 苑. But today they stop 员 at 愿 or 怨. Most girls stop growing even 愿. So today's young people are bigger than 苑 year-olds were 苑 years ago.

What is 緣 this change? Professor Tanner says it's proper food. Good food alone cannot make you grow beyond your natural limits. Your final 源 is partly caused by that of your parents and grandparents. But 緣 proper food can help you reach your final height and reach it early in 源.

Will people 變 getting bigger? Will we have a race of giants? No, — at 變 not if the U.S. is an example. Tanner says that we have eaten proper food for 變, and our growing rate has already 變 going up.



杂译社

There are 缘 blanks in the following passage. For each blank there are four choices marked A , B , C and D. You should choose the ONE that best fits into the passage

I can clearly remember the first time I met Mr. Andrews , my old headmaster , 圆 years ago now. During the war , I had been 圆 school in the north of England but my family had just returned to London. There were not enough school left for children to go to and my father had to go from 圆 , asking them to take me 圆 pupil. I used to go with him but had 圆 hard time to try to persuade people even to see him that I seldom had to do 圆 . We had been to all the schools 圆 we lived , but 圆 my father argued , the more impossible it became. In the end , we went to a school 圆 from home. The headmaster 圆 for at least an hour. While we were waiting , I looked round at the school building , 圆 was one of those old Victorian structures , completely 圆 but still standing. I could hear the boys playing in the playground outside. When the headmaster ' s secretary finally let us 圆 his office. Mr. Andrews spoke to me first. "Why do you want to come here ?" he said. I had been thinking 圆 something about studying but I couldn ' t help 圆 the boys outside. "I ' d like to play with the other boys. I read a lot of books , too. " I added. "All right. " Mr. Andrews said. "We have one place free , in fact. "

My two years at that school were among the happiest of my life.

圆 A. even B. nevertheless C. although D. in spite

圆 A. in the B. on C. at D. at the

圆 A. one to another B. each to other

C. one to other D. one after another

圆 A. as B. as a C. like D. like a

圆 A. such B. such a C. so D. a so

圆 A. not test B. one test C. any tests D. some tests

圆 A. near where B. near C. near to D. near there

圆 A. the most B. the more C. how much D. for how much

圆 A. about five miles far B. about five miles

C. at five miles D. five miles long

圆 A. kept us to wait B. kept us waiting

C. made us waiting D. made us to wait

圆 A. which B. that C. what D. it

圆 A. of the old time B. outside its time

C. past its date D. out of date

圆 A. to enter B. to pass in C. to come into D. into

圆 A. of saying B. to say C. of telling D. to tell

猿 A. to remember B. remembering C. to remind D. reminding

孕刺媒裸藻 砾藻蚤早悦巢煮藻藻挂藻吐

雜藝彙編

阅读题翻译 You will read two passages in this section and each will be followed by five questions or unfinished statements. For each of them there are four choices marked A, B, C and D. You should decide on the best answer

I

[illegible]

Lincoln was born on the American frontier in a log cabin in Kentucky. At 苑 years old Abe moved to Indiana with his family. Bears and other wild animals roamed (漫游 漫步) the forest. As in Kentucky, a log cabin provided shelter for the Lincolns in Indiana. Log cabins sheltered many Americans at that time and did not signify poverty. His family was as comfortable as most of their neighbors, and Abe was well fed and clothed. Abe's mother died in 1806 when he was 怨. A year later his father married Sarah Bush Johnson, a widow. Abe's new stepmother had three her own children and brought them with her to the Lincoln cabin. Her arrival at the cabin ended the long months of loneliness that had followed the death of Abe's mother.

Education was a problem for Abraham Lincoln on the frontier of the 19th century America. Books and paper were scarce. Young Abe was an eager reader and learner and he would walk long distances to borrow books. At night he read by the light of the fireplace. Like other children of his time, Abe made his own arithmetic textbook, several pages of which still exist. Though Abraham Lincoln had less than a year of formal schooling, he continued studying throughout his life and educated himself. Lincoln once did jobs of a worker, shopkeeper and post officer in his early years, but he went on to become a lawyer, a member of the United States House of Representatives (众议院), an outstanding writer and speaker, and, of course, president of the United States.

员Born on the American frontier in the 员8th century , young Abe _____.

- A. lived a very poor life
B. didn 't have any formal schooling
C. couldn 't receive good education before they grew up
D. could receive good education at school

④ Education was a problem for young Abe , the main reason was that _____ .

- A. he had to walk long distances to borrow books if he wanted to read
B. books and paper were scarce
C. he had to make his own textbook
D. his family couldn't afford his schooling



猿 According to the passage , which of the following statements is not true ?

- A. Lincoln was one of the American presidents in the 19th century.
- B. Abraham Lincoln had a very lonely childhood.
- C. Lincoln once worked as a shopkeeper when he was young.
- D. Lincoln became a lawyer , a remarkable writer and speaker by self-education.

源 It can be inferred from the passage that _____ .

- A. Abraham Lincoln was a good example of self-education
- B. Abraham Lincoln had a happy childhood
- C. Abraham Lincoln was a famous lawyer
- D. Abraham Lincoln was a hard-working learner

缘 The passage mainly talks about _____ .

- A. Abraham Lincoln 's family
- B. Abraham Lincoln was one of the great American presidents
- C. President Lincoln 's growing experience
- D. President Lincoln 's political achievements

II

在异国他乡长大——一个亚洲女孩在英国

Growing up as an Asian in Britain is much more than a question of facing discrimination and trying to find a decent job—especially for a girl. She has to keep a delicate balance between two cultures : her own (Indian , Pakistani , Bangladeshi etc.) and the British.

Seetha Crishna has written a booklet called Girls of Asian Origin in Britain. In it the girls she is most concerned with are those who are definitely different because they have gone through the British educational system and have therefore emerged with an identity which is distinct from that of their parents.

They speak English with regional English accents , they look comfortable in Western clothes , and they do not necessarily choose to work in a factory. But they are unmistakably Asian and they are still held by their Asian cultural roots. At home , an Asian girl may find herself conforming (遵照 ; 符合) to the traditions and values of her parents , while at school she develops the attitudes and appetites of her British contemporaries (同龄人) .

As a result , Seetha Crishna found girls existing at two levels—and inclined to question both. "But unless they can successfully accept both , they will swing constantly from one level to the other , feeling trapped between the two—at considerable cost to their own confidence and happiness " .

For teenage girls , the main difficulty is to match the social life which their parents expect them to live with that enjoyed by their schoolmates. "If an Asian girl is invited out to a party or to a film by someone her mother has not met , that person must come and meet

her mother before permission is given or refused. If a group of girls plan to go to the cinema, parents want them to be accompanied by brothers or male cousins, or even by an older relative or a trusted adult friend of the family”.

Friends are girl friends. “Friends of the opposite sex simply do not exist. Except for a brother’s male friends, who fall into the category of brothers”. In South Asia, all this is taken for granted and all girls are subject to the same rules. But in Britain an Asian girl can immediately see the difference between her own life and that of her English schoolmates, and this makes it seem unjust and unfair. Some parents are aware that this puts a strain on their daughters and are therefore prepared to turn a blind eye if the code is sometimes broken. But above all they are anxious to “protect” the girls.

远Asian girls growing up in Britain have to face _____.

- A. discrimination
- B. being hard to find a decent job
- C. having to keep a delicate balance between two cultures
- D. all of the above

苑The girls are distinctly different from their parents mainly because _____.

- A. they have gone through the British educational system
- B. they speak better English than their parents speak
- C. they look more comfortable in Western clothes
- D. they are more capable of keeping a delicate balance between two cultures

愿In the 猿d paragraph, the word “unmistakably” mostly probably means _____.

- A. not wrongfully
- B. undoubtedly
- C. correctly
- D. properly

怨According to the passage, what is the most important reason why Asian parents want their girls to follow so many rules?

- A. They want their girls to follow their own traditions and values.
- B. They are deeply affected by Asian culture.
- C. They want to protect their girls from being hurt.
- D. They don’t want their girls to forget those rules.

猿What is the best title for this passage?

- A. The Difference Between Asian Culture and British Culture
- B. Growing up as an Asian in Britain
- C. Generation Gap
- D. Traditional Asians



杂 译 上 月

阅 译 录 译 Answer the following questions or complete the unfinished statements based on the passage with no more than 10 words.

III

As far as he could remember, Larry had longed to go to Hollywood and become a film star. The young man's hopes for success were broken again, however. Hollywood just did not seem interested. When he first came to California Larry had decided never to give up and return home without success. Therefore, he kept on trying. Someday, he told himself, his big opportunity would come.

Larry found a job parking cars for one of Hollywood's big restaurants. His pay was basic, but since the guests were kind enough to give him more money, he managed to make a living.

One day he recognized an important film director driving into the parking lot and getting out of his car. Larry had recently heard that the man was ready to make a new picture.

Larry got into the car and prepared to drive it on into the lot and park it. Then he stopped, jumped out, and ran over to the director. "Excuse me, sir, but I think it's only fair to tell you that it's now or never if you want me in your next picture. A lot of big companies are after me."

Instead of pushing away the boy, the director got interested in Larry's words and stopped. "Yes? Which companies?" he asked.

"Well," replied the boy, "there's the telephone company, the gas company, and the electric company, to tell you only a few."

The director laughed, then wrote something on a card and handed it to the young man. "Come and see me tomorrow."

Larry got a small part in the director's next film. He was on his way.

阅 译 录 译

1. What was Larry interested in?

_____.

2. The reasons that Larry found a job parking cars were that

_____.

3. What decision had Larry made before he first came to California?

_____.

4. What can we know about the film director?

_____.

5. "Larry was on his way" refers to the fact that

_____.

源则云燥则 栽孽灶造燥燥灶

栽燥燥灶灶粤 栽旱旱燥燥说旱燥燥栽孽灶造燥燥灶

I

阅圆翻燥译 Translate the following sentences into Chinese.

员 Parts of my childhood are so vivid that they could be memories of yesterday.

圆 We had one or two difficulties along the way that we couldn't have anticipated.

猿 I took this new job because I felt that the career prospects were much better.

源 He won the race, and what's more, he broke the world record.

缘 The dam was not strong enough to hold back the flood waters.

II

阅圆翻燥译 Translate the following sentences into Chinese by using "conversion between parts of speech" (词性转换).

远 The turning point of my life was my decision to give up a promising business career and study music.

苑 Brazil has become one of the developing world's great successes at reducing population growth—but more by accident than design.

愿 He knew there were answers beyond his intellectual reach. But this didn't frustrate him.

怨 The policeman became increasingly suspicious of his movements.

员园 An official statement was that they would reduce the personnel in the government body.

III

阅圆翻燥译 Read the following passage carefully and then translate the underlined sentences into Chinese.

"Learning a language is easy. Even a child can do it!"

Most adults who are learning a second language would disagree with this statement.

For them, learning a language is a very difficult task. (员) They need hundreds of hours of study and practice, and even this will not guarantee success for every adult language learner.

Language learning is different from other kinds of learning. (员) Some people who are very intelligent and successful in their fields find it difficult to succeed in language learning. Conversely, some people who are successful language learners find it difficult to succeed in other fields.

(员) Language teachers often offer advice to language learners: "Read as much as you can in the new language." "Practise speaking the language every day." "Live with people



奈藻錄土月 悦奈藻錄秋 岳奈藻錄土

愿他应该勇于正视自己不再年轻这一事实。(face up to)

緣他们选派了最适合的人做那项工作。(assign)

音乐是为影片创作的。(compose)

根据估计飞到火星来回的时间要超过一年半。(Mars, that)

愿正如我刚才所说的,我认为对这项提案需要作进一步考虑。(as)

愿我在纽约念了四年中学,热衷于体育运动和俱乐部的各种活动,我结交了许多朋友,过着正常的生活。但是有一件事我却与众不同:在整整四年时间里,我从未让朋友到过我家去。(go through; be active in; regular; irregular; manage; without; have... visit)

孕刺成云藻 宰则豕

杂类 粵

句型操练 Rewrite the following sentences after the given models.

西秋燥藥員

The idea of becoming a writer had come to me off and on since my childhood in Belleville , but the possibility did not took hold until my third year in high school.

The idea of becoming a writer had come to me off and on since my childhood in Belleville , but it wasn't until my third year in high school that the possibility took hold.

員Until she spoke I hadn 't realized she was foreign.

Ⓜ No names of the victims are being released until their relatives have been told.

猿The secret was never told until after the old man 's death.

源Until his mother promises to give him more money the boy won 't stop crying.

西云燥苦藥生圓

I was preparing myself for a command to report to Mr. Fleagle immediately after school for discipline.

I saw him lift my paper from his desk and knock for the class 's attention.

I was preparing myself for a command to report to Mr. Fleagle immediately after school for discipline when I saw him lift my paper from his desk and knock for the class 's attention.

缘I was daydreaming.

I heard my name called.

远 The boy was about to play a trick on her sister.

His mother stepped in.

苑 Mr. Smith was watching the news broadcast on the gulf war.

The door bell rang.

愿 The old man was ready for bed.

The old man realized he forgot to lock the front gate.

杂 翻译

阅 翻译 Add punctuation marks where necessary to the following sentences according to the requirements.

semicolon (分号) colon (冒号) dash (破折号) quotation marks (引号)
italics (斜体) parentheses (括号) comma (逗号)

怨 The men in question Harold Keene, Jim Peterson, and Gerald Greene deserve awards.
(parentheses)

苑 Several countries participated in the airlift Italy, Belgium, France, and Luxembourg.
(colon)

录 Only one course was open to us surrender, said the ex-major, and we did. (quotation marks)

判 Judge Carswell later to be nominated for the Supreme Court had ruled against civil rights. (dashes)

猿 In last week's *New Yorker*, one of my favorite magazines, I enjoyed reading Leland's article How Not to Go Camping. (italic, quotation marks)

源 Yes, Jim said, I'll be home by ten. (quotation marks)

缘 There was only one thing to do study till dawn. (dash)

远 Montaigne wrote the following A wise man never loses anything, if he has himself.
(colon, quotation marks)

苑 The following are the primary colors red, blue, and yellow. (colon)

愿 Arriving on the 愿 园 plane were Liz Brooks, my old roommate her husband and Tim, their son. (colon, semi-colons)

怨 When the teacher commented that her spelling was poor, Lynn replied All the members of my family are poor spellers. Why not me? (comma, quotation marks)

园 He used the phrase you know so often that I finally said No, I don't know. (comma, quotation marks)

园 The automobile dealer handled three makes of cars Volkswagen, Toyota, and Benz.
(colon)

园 Though Phil said he would arrive on the 怨 怨 flight, he came instead on the 园 园 flight. (colons)

园 Whoever thought said Helen that Jack would be elected class president? (commas,