

Part I
SOCIALIZING

第一部分
社交惯用语



1. SAYING HELLO

问 候

1) TO STRANGERS

初次见面

常用句

例 1: Hi

你好

例 2: Hello

你好。

例 3: How do you do

你好

例 4: Good Morning

早上好。

例 5: Good afternoon

下午好。

例 6: Good evening

晚上好。

例 7: Nice to meet you

很高兴见到你。



- 例 8: Glad to see you.
认识你很高兴。
- 例 9: Me, too.
我也是。
- 例 10: How do you do? My name's Mabel Wong.
你好。我叫 Mabel Wong。
- 例 11: Excuse me. My name's Mabel Wong.
你好。我叫 Mabel Wong。
- 例 12: Excuse me. I don't think we've met before.
My name's Mabel Wong.
你好。我们以前可能没有见过面。我叫
Mabel Wong。
- 例 13: How do you do? I don't think we've met before. My name's Mabel Wong.
你好。我们以前可能没有见过面。我叫
Mabel Wong。
- 例 14: Hello! My name's Mabel Wong.
你好。我叫 Mabel Wong。
- 例 15: Hello! You must be May. I'm Mabel.
你好。你一定是 May。我叫 Mabel。
- 例 16: May I introduce myself: Mabel Wong, City College.
请允许我自我介绍 我叫 Mabel Wong 在
城市大学读书。
- 例 17: It's very nice to have a chance to meet you.
真高兴能有这个机会认识你。

应用范例

例 1: A: How are you doing?

你好吗?

B: Pretty good. Thanks.

很好 谢谢!

例 2: A: How do you do.

你好。

B: How do you do.

你好。



2) TO PEOPLE YOU KNOW

问候熟人

常用句

例 1: Hello, Joe. It's nice to see you again.

嗨 乔 很高兴见到你。

例 2: Hi, Jim. What's new?

嗨 吉姆 有什么新的改变?

例 3: Nothing much. How about you?

没有什么特别的, 你呢?

例 4: Nothing much.

没有什么特别的。

例 5: Hello, Bill. It's been a long time.

嗨 比尔 好久不见。

例 6: It certainly has. What have you been doing lately?

的确是 近况如何？

例 7: Nothing much. How about you?

没有什么特别的 你呢？

例 8: Well! This is a surprise! How have you been?

嗯！真惊奇！近来可好吗？

例 9: How have you been?

你近来都好吗？

例 10: How is your business?

你近来生意如何？

例 11: How is your study?

你近来学业如何？

例 12: How's everything?

一切都好吗？

例 13: How's your family?

你家人都好吗？

例

我很好 谢谢你。

例

我一切都很好，谢谢你。

例 16: I'm so-so, thank you.

马马虎虎 谢谢你。

例 17: I'm pretty good, thank you.

我很好 谢谢你。

例 18: I'm very well, thank you.



我很好 谢谢你。

例 19: Please give my best regards to your family.

请代我向你的家人问好。

例 20: Please say hello to your brother for me.

请代我向你的兄弟问好。

例 21: I haven't seen you for a long time.

我已经很久没有看见你了。

例 22: Long time no see.

好久不见了。

例 23: I didn't expect to meet you here.

没想到在这里遇见你。

例 24: So far so good.

到目前为止还好。

例 25: Couldn't be better.

非常好。

例 26: Is everything going on well?

一切还好吗？



应用范例

例 1: A: Good morning.

早上好。

B: Good morning, How are you?

早上好。近来身体好吗？

A: Fine, thank you, and you?

很好，谢谢。你呢？

B: I'm very well, too. Lovely day, isn't it?

我也很好。今天天气真好。

A: It certainly is. Oh, here's my bus. Well,
goodbye.

是的。哦，我等的车来了。再见！

B: Goodbye.

再见！

例 2: B: Hello, Carrie !

喂，卡丽！

C: Hello, Bob. Haven't seen you for some
time, where have you been?

你好，鲍勃！有段时间没见到你，你去
哪里了？

B: I've just come back from Hawaii.

我刚从夏威夷回来。

C: You had a good time there, didn't you?

你一定玩得很愉快吧！

B: Yes. How have you been?

是的 你近来如何？

C: Same as ever, you seem to be in a hurry.
老样子，你看上去很匆忙。

B: Yes. I've got a meeting to attend in half an hour.
对，半小时后我要参加一个会议。

C: O.K. I won't hold you up then.
好吧，那我就不耽误你了。

B: Right. Goodbye!
好 再见！

C: Goodbye!
再见！

使用说明

要想真正学好外语，对于中西文化背景的不同就必须有所了解。比如：见面打招呼致以问候是人们日常生活中不可缺少的一部分，但中西方的习惯却大不相同。在中国，熟人相遇，常常以“你吃了没有？”“你上哪儿去？”这类作为招呼问候。而在西方，这类纯属个人生活的事是不可以随便打听的。

在英美，遇到熟人，最普通的招呼语是：Hello；随便一些就说声：Hi 比较正式的是：Good morning (afternoon, evening)。无论用哪种方式打招呼（“How do you do”除外）通常紧接着就要问对方：How are you? 或更随便一些：How are you doing? 真正要了解对方

健康状况的人，是很少的。因为，这样的问候只是一种招呼，是一种友好和关心的表示。人们即使感到不舒服，通常还是回答：**Fine**。

白天任何时间，都可以说：**Good day!**（您好！）用以打招呼或告别。不过，英国人不常用。

当今世界 商战愈演愈烈 在招呼问候之时 刺探情报者也屡见不鲜。如果你不想说出有关人士的姓名 笑以“小鸟”替答即可。

练习

1. Find what you should say or what you should do.

- () ① You're in a shop. You suddenly meet a friend whom you haven't seen for a long time. You should
- A. say "Hello" as loud as you can to show your friendship.
- B. have long talk with him in a big voice.
- C. say "Hello" to him in a very friendly voice.
- D. sing him a happy song.
- () ② On the way to the zoo, you see two classmates. You should
- A. say "Hello, you two".
- B. say "Hello, everyone".
- C. say nothing but shake hands with them.
- D. say nothing but stare at them.

- ()③You are at a bus stop alone. A man comes up and say“Hello”to you. You should
- A. say“You’re a stranger to me. Go away”.
 - B. say“Hello”to him, too.
 - C. shake hands with him and then tell him your name and address.
 - D. ask him where he is going.
- ()④After school you get home and see your parents. You should
- A. tell them what you did at school first.
 - B. say“Hello, I’m back. I’m fine”. to them.
 - C. sing a short song to make them happy.
 - D. say“Hello”to them first.

2. Find the incorrect answers.

- ()①How is your day, son?
- A. Wonderful!
 - B. Sorry I know nothing about it.
 - C. Quite good indeed.
 - D. Very bad, thanks.
 - E. Busy as usual.
- ()②How are you getting on?
- A. Very good, thanks.
 - B. Couldn’t be worse, thank you.
 - C. Just so. so, I think.
 - D. Very busy.
 - E. Very well, thanks.

- ()③How's your friend, Jane?
A. Fine, thanks.
B. He's not very well, thank you.
C. Quite OK. Thank you.
D. Very sick, thank you.
E. Just all right. Thanks.
- ()④Did you sleep well last night, dad?
A. Yes, I got a terrible dream.
B. Yes. Thanks.
C. Why do you ask?
D. Well, not very bad.
E. Yes, I think I slept soundly.

3. Find the right order.

- ()①(1) Certainly. Here you are.
(2) Much better than before. It seems the new medicine works.
(3) Morning, dad. Did you sleep well last night?
(4) Good. May I try it tonight?
(5) Just so-so, I think. How about you?
A. 14532 B. 34125
C. 35241 D. 32541
- ()②(1) Well, that's my favourite park.
(2) Yes, I went to the Yellow Rock Park yesterday.
(3) Why, hello, Sam! How's everything on your farm?

(4) Fine, too. Thank you. Have you done any sightseeing yet?

(5) Just fine, thanks. And yours?

A. 54312 B. 35421

C. 23541 D. 43125

()③(1) That's very good. I hope I can join you soon.
I have to save some money for it.

(2) Very well indeed. We've learned a lot.

(3) Hi, Mike! Haven't seen you for quite some time. How are you getting along with your work?

(4) Fine, thanks. And how are you getting on at the language school?

(5) Give me a call when you are ready. I can introduce the best teachers to you.

A. 24315 B. 51342

C. 45312 D. 34215

()④(1) Maybe it's the last job I should take.

(2) How do you like your new job?

(3) Hi, Tom! Nice and warm here, isn't it?

(4) I should say so!

(5) Sorry to hear it. Come on, tell your sad story and you'll feel better.

A. 25341 B. 34215

C. 45123 D. 51242

※ ANSWERS:

1. ①C; ②A; ③B; ④D

2. ①B, D; ②A, B; ③B, D; ④A, C

3. ①C; ②B; ③D; ④B



2. INTRODUCTIONS

介绍

1) INTRODUCING YOURSELF

自我介绍

常用句

例 1: How do you do? My name's Mabel Wong.

你好！我叫 Mabel Wong。

例 2: Excuse me, my name's Mabel Wong.

打扰了，我叫 Mabel Wong。

例 3: Hello! You must be May. I'm Mabel.

你好！你一定是 May。我叫 Mabel。

例 4: I'd like to introduce myself. My name is

Shen.

容我自我介绍，我姓沈。

例 5: Please let me introudce myself. My name is

James McNally.

请容我自我介绍，我叫詹姆斯·麦克那利。

例 6: It's nice to meet you. My name's Peter Wen-

del.

很高兴见到你，我叫皮特·温得尔。

例 7: I don't think you remember me, Mr. Yang.
But I was in your class last year. My name's
Chen.

我想你不记得我，杨先生，我去年上你的
课 我姓陈。

例 8: Excuse me, Mr. Moore. I'm a friend of Paul
Lee's. I'd like to introduce myself. My name's
Bill Ross.

打扰了 慕尔先生 我是保罗·李的朋友，
容我自我介绍 我叫比尔·罗斯。

例 9: May I introduce myself to you?
我可以自我介绍吗？

例 10: I would like to introduce myself to you.
我想向您作自我介绍。

例 11: May I take the liberty of introducing myself to
you?
我可以冒昧地自我介绍吗？

例 12: I would like to meet Mr. Brown.
我很想会晤勃朗先生。

应用范例

例 1: A: Excuse me . are you Mr. Brown?
打扰了 您是布朗先生吗？

B: Yes. I am William Brown. Are you Prof.

Wang?

是的，我是威廉·布朗。您是王教授吗？

A: No, I'm Linda.

不 我是琳达。

B: Oh, I remember. You must be Prof. Wang's assistant.

噢，我记得了。您一定是王教授的助手。

A: Yes, you're right.

是的 您说对了。

B: Which country are you from?

您来自哪个国家呀？

A: China. I'm Chinese.

我来自中国，是中国人。

例 2: A: Excuse me, Madam. May I sit here beside you?

打扰了，夫人。我可以坐在您旁边吗？

B: Certainly. In fact, I don't like to be alone.

当然了，事实上我不喜欢单独呆着。

A: You are so kind.

您真好。

B: Well, it seems I've seen you somewhere before.

我好像曾经见过您。

A: Oh? I'm Prof. Smith.

噢？我是史密斯教授。

B: No, I don't think so.

是吗，我倒不这样认为。

A: My name is Robert Smith. And this is my calling card.

我叫罗伯特·史密斯。这是我的名片。

B: Oh. I remember now.

哦 我现在想起来了。

A: You saw me in my college?

您在我们学校见过我吗？

B: No, at the bus stop.

不，是在汽车站。

A: I do believe you are wrong.

我想您是记错了。

B: No, not me, but you! You stole my money. You're a thief!

我没有记错你，你倒记错了。你曾偷了我的钱。你是一个贼！

2) INTRODUCING SOMEONE

介绍别人

常用句

例 1: Let me introduce for you. Mrs. Warren. This is