

大学英语四级词典

A Dictionary of CET4

东北大学出版社

• 沈阳 •

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前 言

学习任何一种语言最重要的是熟悉它的词汇，而对其词义的理解及词组用法的掌握则是精通词汇的核心内容。如今，现代化的教学手段日新月异，但一本内容翔实、释义准确、简明实用的词典的作用依然是难以取代的。通过多年的大学英语教学及四级考试辅导，我们更能体会到大学生们对一本简明、实用词典的渴求，这类词典既要满足其日常学习及准备四级考试之需要，还应方便使用、容易携带、经济适用。基于这些考虑，我们以实施修订后的大学英语教学大纲、新的词汇表为基准，编撰出这部《大学英语四级词典》。本词典与其他同类的词汇手册、词典等相比，有以下几个特点：

1. 收录了新词汇表中四级以内所有的词目及词组，其中词目 4200 条（包括中学阶段应掌握的词 1800 个）。
2. 各词目及词组的每条义项均附至少一个例句，例句丰富是本书的一大特色。例句的选择注重准确性、知识性及趣味性且尽量体现词或词组的用法，力争收到事半功倍之效果。
3. 各词目义项的确定、排列及汉语释义均以修订后的词汇表为基准。
4. 名词均注明是可数名词还是不可数名词；动词都有及物动词或不及物动词的标志。同时给出可数名词复数不规则变化形式及动词不规则变化形式，并附有音标。
5. 根据阅读和四级考试的需要，一些词目设有“注释”和（或）“辨析”内容。“注释”一栏从语法、语义等方面对词目作进一步的解释、说明，力争基本满足大学阶段阅读的需求。“辨析”部分则对一些常见的同义词存同指异，侧重四级考试考点，通过例句叙述出词与词之间的细微差别，力求帮助学生更全面地掌握词汇和提高应试能力。

本书如有疏漏或不当之处，敬请读者批评指正。

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体例说明

1. 单词用黑正体按字母顺序排列。
2. 不同拼写形式的单词分列。
3. 同形异义词一般不分列词条，读音不同的同形异义词则分列，并在右上角标以 1, 2 等数码。如：

content¹ ['kɒntent] *n.* ① [pl.] 所容纳的东西，所含之物
② [pl.] (书等的)内容，目录 ③ [sing.] 含量，成分

content² [kən'tent] *a.* 满意的，满足的
▷ *n.* [U] 满意，满足
▷ *vt.* 使满意，使满足

4. 单词后注有国际音标，凡发音不同而涉及词义或词性不同的，则把发音分别标注在各词性缩写之前；否则并列在一起，用逗号分开。

5. 单词的词性用斜体英语缩写形式表示：

n. 名词 *a.* 形容词 *ad.* 副词 *prep.* 介词
art. 冠词 *pron.* 代词 *v.* 动词 *vi.* 不及物动词
vt. 及物动词 *aux. v.* 助动词 *conj.* 连词 *int.* 感叹词

注：*v.* 表示既可作及物动词也可作不及物动词。

单个单词可作不同词性使用时，其词性按常用程度排列。

6. 义项按常用程度排列，并用顺序号标明。
7. 名词的可数与不可数和单、复数的用法在方括号内标注。
如：

[C] 可数名词 [U] 不可数名词

[C , U] 既可作可数名词，也可作不可数名词

[pl.] 用复数形式 [常 pl.] 常用复数形式

[sing.] 用单数形式 [常 sing.] 常用单数形式

[sing. 同 pl.] 单复数形式相同

8. 词组分别列在中心词的词条中，同一词条下有多个词组时，按第一个词的字母顺序排列。词组条目用黑体。

9. 符号用法说明。

(1) 圆括号“()”用于：

①对释义的补充说明。如：

bay *n.* [C] ① (海或湖泊的) 湾 ② (大厅等建筑物内的) 分隔间

②释义中可以替换的部分。如：

attraction *n.* [C] 具有吸引力的事物(或人)

③可以省略的部分。如：

battery *n.* [C] ① 电池(组), 蓄电池(组)

age *v.* ① (使) 显老, (使) 变陈旧 ② (使) 变陈, (使) 成熟

④动词、形容词等常用的搭配关系。如：

interfere *vi.* (with, in) ① 干涉, 介入

⑤可数名词复数的不规则变化形式。如：

child (children ['tʃɪldrən])

⑥动词不规则变化形式。如：

bend (bent [bent])

(2) 方括号 “[]” 用于音标前后。

(3) 例证的分隔用符号 “○” 表示。



a[强 ei, 弱 ə] *art.* (用于以辅音音素开始的词前), an[强 æn, 弱 ən] *art.* (用于以元音音素开始的词前) ① 一(个): a university 一所大学 ○ an old friend of my father's 我父亲的一个老朋友 ② (同类事物中的)任何一个: An owl can see in the dark. 猫头鹰在黑暗中能看见东西。 ③ 每一(个): 800 words an hour 每小时 800 字 ○ My dentist charges me \$ 50 a filling. 每补一颗牙, 我的牙医就要收我 50 美元。

abandon[ə'bændən] *vt.* ① 丢弃, 离弃: Give orders to abandon the burning ship. 下令离开正在着火的船。 ○ A baby was found abandoned near the village. 发现一个婴儿被遗弃在村子附近。 ② 放弃: abandon hope 放弃希望 ○ The project was abandoned a week ago. 一周前就放弃了那个方案。

【词组】abandon sth/sb to sb 舍弃某物(某人)而被(别人)取得: The army abandoned the city to the enemy. 这支军队丢下了城市, 它被敌军占领了。 abandon oneself to sth 完全屈从于, 沉溺于(某种情感和冲动): He abandoned himself to despair. 他陷于绝望之中。 with abandon 放任的, 放纵的: shout with abandon 尽情地大喊大叫 ○ dance with abandon 纵情地跳舞

ability[ə'biləti] *n.* ① [U] (后常接动词不定式)能力: He has the ability to cope with it well. 他有把这件事处理好的能力。 ② [C, U] 天分, 才能: a man of a great musical ability 一个很有音乐才华的人 ○ He has multiple abilities. 他有很多方面的才能。

【词组】to the best of one's ability 尽某人所能: We'll do the work to the best of our ability. 我们会尽我们所能把这项工作做好。

【辨析】ability, capability, capacity 和 competence. ability(常指做某种体力或脑力工作的)能力: These creatures have the ability to withstand very low temperature. 这些生物有抗低温的能力。 capability(强调天生的)能力, 素质: a child's language capability 一个孩子(天生的)语言能力。 capacity 能力(同 ability, 但是后面+for): She has an enormous capacity for hard work. 她有苦干的巨大能力。 competence(常指对某一工作的)胜任的能力: one's competence for/to do the task 对某一任务的胜任。

able[ˈeɪbl] *adj.* ① (后接不定式)有能力的: The child is not yet able to write. 这个孩子还不会写字。 ○ He is able to read music after just a few lessons. 他刚上几次课就能读乐谱了。 ② 出色的, 能力出众的: an able leader 一个能力出众的领导 ○ the most able student in the class 班上最有才能的学生

【辨析】be able to do sth, be capable of doing sth/n. 和 enable sth/sb to do sth. be able to do sth 能够做...。 be capable of doing sth/n. 能够做...: He is capable of running a mile in four minutes. 他能用 4 分钟跑一英里。 enable sth/sb to do sth 使某人(某物)能够做某事: A rabbit's large ears enable it to hear the slight sound. 兔子耳朵大使它听到极其微小的声音。

aboard [ə'bo:d] *prep.* 在船(飞机, 车)上, 上船(飞机, 车): He was already aboard the ship. 他已经上船了。○ They went aboard the train. 他们上了火车。

▷ *ad.* 在船(飞机, 车)上, 上船(飞机, 车): The plane crashed killing all 200 people aboard. 飞机失事了, 飞机上的 200 人全部遇难。○ It's time to go aboard. 上船(上车, 登机)时间到了。

about [ə'baʊt] *prep.* ① 关于, 对于: a novel about the Civil War 关于美国南北战争的一本小说 ○ What is he so angry about? 他对什么事这么生气? ② 在...的周围(或附近): I dropped the key somewhere about here. 我把钥匙掉在这附近了。

▷ *ad.* ① 大约, 差不多: She is about my height. 她大约我这么高的个头。○ It cost me about \$ 50. 它花了我 50 美元左右。② 周围, 附近, 到处: He is somewhere about. 他就在附近。○ There was nobody about. 周围没有人。

【词组】be about to do sth 即将做..., 正要... : We were about to eat dinner when he came in. 他进来的时候, 我们正要吃饭。how/what about... (用于询问消息, 征求意见, 或提出建议)...怎么样: What about his qualification for the job? 他有资格做这件工作吗? ○ How about a cup of tea? 喝杯茶怎么样?

above [ə'baʊ] *prep.* 在...之上, 高于, 多于: fly above the clouds 在云层上面飞行 ○ The temperature has been above the average recently. 近来的气温一直高于平均温度。○ Applicants must be above the age of 35. 申请人的年龄必须在 35 岁以上。

▷ *ad.* ① 在较高处, 在上方: Seen from the above, the fields are like a geometrical pattern. 从高处往下看, 那些农田像是几何图案。○ citizens aged 18 and above 18 岁以上的公民 ② 前文, 上文: the remark quoted above 前文引用的话 ○ As was stated above... 如上所述...

▷ *a.* 上面的, 上述的: the above explanation 上面的解释 ○ All the above just proves what I've been saying. 上述内容正好证明了我一直说的事情。

abroad [ə'brɔ:d] *ad.* ① 到国外, 在国外: He is famous at home and abroad. 他在国内外都很出名。○ He lived abroad for many years. 他在国外住了许多年。② 在传播, 在流传: Rumors were abroad. 谣言传开了。○ The news soon spread abroad that the examination results were ready. 考试结果快要揭晓的消息很快就传开了。

absence ['æbsəns] *n.* ① [U] (常接 from) 缺席, 不在: absence from school 缺课 ○ It happened in the absence of the manager/in your absence. 那是经理(你)不在的时候发生的。② [U] 缺乏, 不存在: He was released because of the absence of definite proof. 由于缺乏确凿的证据, 他被释放了。③ [C] 不在某处的次数和时间: after an absence of three years 在离开 3 年之后 ○ numerous absence from meeting 开会无数次的缺席

【词组】absence of mind (absent-mindedness) 心不在焉, 神不守舍

absent ['æbsənt] *a.* ① (常接 from) 缺席, 不在: be absent from class/a meeting/work 不上课(不到会, 缺勤) ○ How many students are absent today? 今天有多少学生缺席? ② 不存在, 缺少的: Revenge was absent from his mind. 他再也没有复仇的念头了。○ Love was totally absent from his childhood. 他童年时代没有受到丝毫的疼爱。③ 心不在焉的: He had an absent look on his face. 他的脸上显出心不

在焉的表情。

absolute [ˈæbsəlu:t] *a.* ① 绝对的, 完全的: an absolute lie 一个完全的谎言 ○ have an absolute trust in a person 对一个人绝对的信任 ② 十足的, 地道的: You are an absolute fool. 你是一个十足的傻瓜。③ 不受任何限制或约束的, 无条件的: absolute power 绝对的权力 ○ an absolute ruler 专制统治者

absolutely [ˈæbsəlu:tli] *ad.* ① 绝对地, 完全地: It is absolutely necessary to finish it on time. 准时把它做完这是绝对必要的。② 肯定地, 确实地: Are you tired after studying all night? — Absolutely. 你学习了一整夜, 是不是累了? — 确实是。○ He did absolutely no work. 他确实是什么也没做。

absorb [əbˈsɔ:b] *v.* ① 吸收: A sponge absorbs water. 海绵吸水。○ Aspirin is quickly absorbed by/into the body. 阿斯匹林很快被身体吸收了。○ (比喻用法) Clever children absorb knowledge easily. 聪明孩子容易接受知识。② 吸引...的注意力, 使全神贯注: His business absorbs him. 他专心致志地处理业务。③ 把...并入, 同化: Most little shops have been absorbed into big businesses. 大部分小商店已被并入大公司。

【词组】be absorbed in sth(某人)全神贯注于...: She was absorbed in reading her book. 她专心地看书。

【注释】absorb 的名词形式为 absorption。

abstract¹ [ˈæbstrækt] *a.* ① 抽象的: an abstract word like “justice” 像“正义”这个抽象的词 ○ We may talk of beautiful things, but beauty itself is abstract. 我们尽可能谈论美的事物, 但是美本身就是抽象的。② (指艺术)抽象派的: an abstract painter 一个抽象派画家

▷ *n.* [U] ① 抽象, 抽象性 ② 抽象派艺术品: a painter of abstracts 抽象画的画家 ③ 摘要, 梗概: an abstract of a lecture 一个演讲的摘要 ○ Please include a 250-word abstract of the paper. 请包括一个 250 字的论文摘要。

【词组】in the abstract 抽象的, 在理论上: Consider a problem in the abstract. 就事论事地考虑一下这个问题。○ Talking about bringing up children in the abstract just isn't enough. 空谈抚养孩子实在是够的。

abstract² [æbˈstrækt] *vt.* ① 做...的摘要: abstract a story for a book review 为一篇书评撰写故事梗概 ② (from sth)提取, 抽取: Abstract metal from ore. 从矿石中提取金属。

abundant [əˈbʌndənt] *a.* ① 大量的, 充足的, 丰富的: an abundant supply of water 充足的水供应 ○ We have abundant proof of his guilt. 我们有大量的证据证明他有罪。② (作表语) be abundant in sth 富有某物: The river is abundant in salmon. 这条河盛产鲑鱼。

abuse [əˈbju:s] *n.* ① i. [C] (of) 滥用, 妄用: government officials' abuse of power 政府官员滥用职权 ii. [U]: drug abuse 滥用麻醉药品 ② [U] 虐待, 伤害: child abuse 虐待儿童 ③ [U] 辱骂, 毁谤: I don't see why I should put up with this kind of abuse. 我不明白我为什么要忍受这种毁谤。○ He greeted me with a stream of abuse. 他一见我就不住地破口大骂。

▷ [əˈbju:z] *vt.* ① 滥用, 妄用: abuse one's authority 滥用某人的权威 ○ abuse

one's trust 辜负了某人的信任 ② 虐待, 伤害: People who were abused as children often turn into child-abusers themselves. 孩童时代受到虐待的人往往也会变成一个虐待孩子的人。③ 辱骂, 毁谤: They abused each other. 他们相互辱骂。

academic [æk'demik] *a.* ① 学校的, 学院的: an academic degree 学位 ○ the academic year 学年 ② 学术的: an academic discussion 学术讨论 ○ academic exchanges 学术交流 ○ The question is purely academic. 这是一个纯学术性的问题。③ 纯理论的, 不切实际的: The question of where we go on holidays is purely academic, since we don't have any money. 我们去哪度假的问题只是口头说说而已, 因为我们根本没有钱。

▷ *n.* 大学教师, 专业学者: My uncle, who has been an academic all his life, teaches at a university. 我叔叔一生以教书为业, 现在一所大学任课。

academy [ə'kædəmi] *n.* [C] ① 研究院, 学会: the American Academy of Arts and Letters 美国艺术学院 ○ the Chinese Academy of Science 中国科学院 ② (中等以上) 专门学校: an academy of music 音乐学院 ○ a military academy 军事学院

accelerate [æk'seləreit] *v.* ① (使) 加快, (使) 增快: accelerate the rate of growth 提高增长率 ② 加速, 加快: The car accelerated as it overtook me. 那辆汽车一加速就超过了我。

accent¹ [ˈæksənt] *n.* ① [C, U] 口音, 腔调: Alex spoke Portuguese with a Brazilian accent. 亚历克斯说葡萄牙语带有巴西的口音 ② [C] 重音, 重音符号: In the word "corset" the accent is on the first syllable. "corset" 一词的重音在第一个音节上。③ [C, 常 sing.] 强调, 重点: In all our products the accent is on quality. 在我们的一切产品中, 最重要的就是质量。

accent² [æk'sent] *vt.* 重读: accent the second syllable 重读第二个音节

accept [ək'sept] *vt.* ① 接受, 领受, 收受: Please accept this small gift. 请收下这份薄礼。○ Are you going to accept their invitation? 你打算接受他们的邀请吗? ② 承认, 同意, 认可: accept the judge's decision 同意法官的裁决 ○ I'm willing to accept that some mistakes have been made. 我愿意承认出了一些差错。③ 相信: We do not accept your explanation. 我们不能相信你的解释。

acceptance [ək'septəns] *n.* ① [C, U] 接受, 接纳:

Russia's acceptance of economic aid from Western countries 俄罗斯接受西方国家的经济援助 ○ Since we sent out the invitations we've received five acceptances and one refusal. 我们发出请帖以后, 收到的回复是五位接受, 一位推辞。② [U] 赞同, 承认: The proposal met with general acceptance. 提案得到了普遍的认可。③ [U] 容忍: the acceptance of poor living conditions 忍受恶劣的居住条件

access [ˈækses] *n.* [U] ① 通道, 入口: The only access to the building is across this bridge. 只有过这座桥才能到达那幢大楼。○ The village is difficult/easy of access. 到那个村子的路很难(容易)走。② 接近, 进入: He is easy of access. 他是易于接近的。○ We gained access into the house through the window. 我们从窗户进入屋内。③ 接近(进入, 享用)的机会: Only high officials had access to the president. 只有高级官员才有机会接近总统 ○ Before liberation, the laboring people had no access to education. 解放前, 劳动人民没有受教育的机会。

▷ *vt.* 存取(计算机文件): She accessed three different files to find the correct information. 她存取了三个文件以找寻所要的信息。

accident [ˈæksɪdənt] *n.* [C] ① 意外遭遇, 事故: Ken had an accident at work and he had to go to hospital. 肯在工作中出了事故, 他得去医院。○ An accident occurred on the icy road. 冰雪路面上发生了车祸。② 意外, 意外因素: I'm sorry I broke your glass. It was an accident. 很抱歉我打破了你的玻璃杯, 这完全是无意的。○ A series of lucky accidents led to the discovery. 一系列幸运的意外导致了这一发现。

【词组】**by accident** 偶然: I met her quite by accident. 我是偶然遇见她的。

accidental [ˌæksɪ'dentl] *a.* 意外的, 偶然发生的: an accidental death 意外的死亡 ○ an accidental discharge of toxic waste 有毒的废物的意外泄露

accommodation [əˌkɒmə'deɪʃən] *n.* [常 pl.] 住处, 膳宿: find temporary accommodation 找到临时的住宿处 ○ The accommodations at that hotel were quite luxurious. 那个旅馆的住宿条件很豪华。

accompany [ə'kʌmpəni] *vt.* ① 陪伴, 陪同: Children under 14 must be accompanied by an adult. 14岁以下的儿童要由成人陪同。○ She accompanied me on that journey. 她陪着我做了那次旅行。② 伴随, 和...一起发生: Rain accompanied the thunder. 雷雨交加。○ accompany one's speech with gestures 以手势帮助说话 ③ 为...伴奏(或伴唱): I accompanied her on guitar. 我用吉他给她伴奏。

accomplish [ə'kɒmplɪʃ] *vi.* 达到(目的), 完成(任务), 实现(计划, 诺言等): accomplish one's aim/a task 达到目的(完成任务) ○ We have accomplished all we set out to do. 我们已经完成了我们着手做的事情。

accomplished [ə'kɒmplɪʃt] *a.* (in sth) 有技巧的, 熟练的: an accomplished poet 一位有才艺的诗人 ○ be accomplished in music 擅长音乐

accord [ə'kɔ:d] *n.* ① 一致, 符合: There is no accord on what we should do now. 我们现在应该做什么, 大家意见不一。② (国与国之间的) 谅解, 协议: an accord banning nuclear weapons in space 太空禁止核武器的协议

▷ *vi.* (with) 相符合, 相一致, 相和谐: What you say does not accord with the previous evidence. 你所说的与以前的证词不一致。

▷ *vt.* 授予, 赠予, 给予: They accorded the president great honor. 他们给予总统很高的敬意。

【词组】**of one's own accord** 出于自愿, 主动地: It's better that she comes of her own accord. 她自愿来那就更好了。 **in accord with** 与...一致, 与...相符合: That promotion was in accord with the

manager's wishes. 那个提升符合经理的愿望。 **with one accord** 一致地, 一致同意地: With one accord they all stood up and cheered. 他们全体一致起立欢呼。

accordance [ə'kɔ:dəns] *n.* 一致, 和谐, 符合

【词组】**in accordance with** 与...一致, 依照, 根据: He was buried in his hometown, in accordance with his wishes. 根据他的意愿, 他被埋葬在家乡。

according to [ə'kɔ:dɪŋ tə] *prep.* ① 据...所说, 按...所载: You've been in prison six months according to our records. 根据我们的记录, 你曾入狱六个月。② 根据, 按

照：They were rewarded according to how hard they worked. 根据他们努力的程度，给予酬劳。

accordingly [ə'kɔ:diŋli] *ad.* ① 照着，相应地：I've told you what the situation is, you must act accordingly. 我已经把情况告诉你了，你得采取相应的行动。② 因此，所以，于是：The budget for health care has been cut by 10%. Accordingly, some hospitals may be forced to close. 医疗保健的预算被削减了 10%，因此，一些医院可能会被迫倒闭。

account [ə'kaunt] *n.* ① 记述，描述，报告：David gave us a vivid account of his trip to Joe. 大卫向乔生动地描述了他的这次旅行。○She gave the police a full account of the incident. 她把事件向警方作了详细叙述。② 账，账户：open/close an account 开(结)户头○My salary is paid directly into my bank account. 我的工资是直接存入到我的银行账户上。③ 解释，说明：Chomsky's account of how children learn their first language 乔姆斯基关于孩子怎样学会第一语言的解释

▷ *vi.* (for) ① 说明...的原因，是...的原因：Recent pressure at work may account for his behavior. 最近工作中的压力造成了他的这种行为。○Can you account for your fingerprints on the gun? 你能解释一下枪上为什么有你的指纹吗？② (在数量，比例方面)占：Imports from Japan accounted for 40% of the total. 从日本的进口占进口总量的 40%。

【词组】of no account 不重要的：Don't worry about what he said, it's of no account. 不要担心他所说的话，那不重要。on account of 为了...的缘故，因为，由于：We delayed our departure on account of the bad weather. 由于天气不好，我们将启程的时间推迟了。on no account (放在句首，主句要部分倒装) 绝不，绝对不：On no account must you tell him about your plans. 你千万不要把你的计划告诉他。take account of 考虑到，顾及，体谅：These figures do not take account of changes in the rate of inflation. 这些数字没有把通货膨胀率的变化考虑进去。take... into account (= take account of) 把...考虑进去：We didn't take the cost of the project into account. 我们没有把这个项目的成本考虑进去。

accountant [ə'kauntənt] *n.* [C] 会计人员，会计师：a chartered accountant(英) 会计师○a certified public accountant(美) 会计师

accumulate [ə'kjʊ:mjuleit] *vt.* 堆积，积累，积聚：accumulate funds for 为...积累资金○accumulate enough evidence to ensure his conviction 搜集足够的证据以给他定罪

▷ *vi.* 累积，聚积：Dust accumulated on the desktop. 桌面上的灰尘越来越多。

accuracy [ˈækjʊrəsi] *n.* [U] 准确(性)，精确(性)：predict sth with great accuracy 极准确地预言某事物○I wasn't convinced about the accuracy of the report. 我不相信这份报告的准确性。

accurate [ˈækjʊrit] *a.* ① 正确无误的：accurate calculations 正确无误的计算○His description was accurate. 他的叙述很正确。② 准确的，精确的：an accurate memory 准确的记忆○Journalists are not always accurate in what they write. 新闻工作者的报道并非一贯准确。

accurately [ˈækjʊritli] *ad.* 准确地，精确地：It is impossible to predict the weather

accurately. 不可能精确地预测天气。

accuse [ə'kju:z] *vt.* 指控, 控告, 指责: They accused him of murdering. 他们控告他谋杀。○accuse sb of cheating 谴责某人欺诈

▷ **the accused** *n.* (复数不变) 刑事被告: The accused was/were acquitted for the charge. 被告被宣告无罪。

【辨析】accuse 和 charge。二者均意为“指控, 控告”。当表示指控某人犯有某罪行时, 应该是 **accuse sb of (doing) sth**: We accused him of theft. 我们指控他偷盗。如果用 charge 应该用 **charge sb with sth**: We charged him with theft. 我们指控他偷盗。

accustomed [ə'kʌstəmd] *a.* ① (作定语) 通常的, 惯常的: take her accustomed seat 坐在她常坐的位置上 ② (作表语时接 to sth, 相当于 used to sth) 习惯于某事物:

He quickly became accustomed to the local food. 他很快就习惯了当地的食物。○

I'm not accustomed to getting up so early. 我不习惯起床这么早。

ache [eik] *vi.* ① 痛, 疼痛: My head is aching. 我头痛。○I'm aching all over. 我浑身疼痛。② 渴望: I was aching to tell him the good news. 我渴望告诉他这个好消息。○He was aching for a hot shower. 他渴望洗个热水澡。

▷ *n.* (常用以构成复合词) 疼痛: backache/a headache/toothache 背痛(头痛, 牙痛) ○He has an ache in the chest. 他胸部疼痛。

achieve [ə'tʃi:v] *vt.* 完成, 实现, 达到: achieve her goal 达到了她的目标 ○Women have not yet achieved full equality in the work place. 在工作单位妇女们还没有实现完全平等。

▷ *vi.* 成功: We want all our students to achieve within their chosen profession. 希望我们所有的学生在他们选择的行业中都能获得成功。

achievement [ə'tʃi:vmənt] *n.* ① [C] 成绩, 成就: Winning three gold medals is a remarkable achievement. 获得三枚金牌是一项非凡的成就。○the greatest achievement of the decade 这十年最伟大的科学成就 ② [U] 完成, 达到: the achievement of one's object 达到某人的目的 ○celebrate one's achievement of one's aims 庆祝愿望的实现

acid [æsid] *n.* [C, U] 酸, 酸性物质: sulphuric acid 硫酸 ○Strong acids can burn holes in material or damage your skin. 强酸能把其他物质烧成洞或者损伤你的皮肤。

▷ *a.* ① 酸的, 酸味的: A lemon is an acid fruit. 柠檬是一种酸味的水果。○Vinegar has an acid taste. 醋有酸味。② 尖刻的, 刻薄的: acid remark/comment/ tone. 刻薄的话(评论, 语调)

acknowledge [ək'nɒlɪdʒ] *vt.* ① 承认, 承认...的权威: He acknowledged the defeat. 他承认失败。○They acknowledged it to be true/that it was true. 他们承认那是事实。② 告知收到, 确认: acknowledge a letter 告知已收到一封信 ③ 对...表示谢忱, 报偿: She acknowledged the applause. 她感谢大家的掌声。

【辨析】It is acknowledged that... 和 be acknowledged as. It is acknowledged that... 被公认为, 人们公认: It is now generally acknowledged that he was innocent. 人们公认他是无罪的。be acknowledged as 被认为: He was acknowledged as

the finest poet in the land. 他被公认为全国最优秀的诗人。

acquaintance [ə'kweɪntəns] *n.* ① [C] 相识的人, 熟人: She's an old acquaintance. 她是个老相识。○ He has a wide circle of acquaintances. 他交游甚广。② [U] 认识, 相识, 了解: his acquaintance with African literature 他对非洲文学的了解。○ I have some acquaintance with the Swedish language. 我对瑞典语略知一二。

【词组】**make sb's acquaintance** 认识某人, 与某人相识: I'm pleased to make your acquaintance. 我很高兴与你相识。**make the acquaintance of sb** 同 **make sb's acquaintance of sb's acquaintance** 某人认识的: a certain lawyer of my acquaintance 我认识的某个律师。**have a nodding/passing acquaintance with sb/sth** 与某人有点头之交, 对某事略知一二: I must admit I have only a passing acquaintance with his books. 我得承认我对他的书只是略知一二。

acquire [ə'kwaɪə] *vt.* ① 取得, 获得: acquire a completely new outlook 获得全新的面貌。○ acquire two new paintings 得到两幅新画。② 学到: acquire a knowledge of English 学到英语知识

【辨析】**acquire**, **get**, **gain**, **obtain** 和 **procure**。这组词均有“取得, 获得”的意思。**acquire** 取得, 获得; 强调经过自己的努力而获得某物: We should try to acquire good study habits. 我们应该努力养成好的学习习惯。**get** 得到, 获得, 收到; 是常用词, 指以某种方法或手段得到某种东西, 这东西可能是需要的或企图获得的, 也许不是: He got first prize. 他获得一等奖。○ He got a bad reputation. 他得了个臭名声。**gain** 获得, 收获, 博得; 指付出很大的努力获取, 有强有力地夺取之意, 还表示增加已有的东西: The troop gained the victory after a bloody battle. 部队经过一场血战之后赢得胜利。○ He gained additional honors with each new book he published. 他每出版一本新书, 就又增加一些荣誉。**obtain** 得, 获得; 指努力工作或奋力而得到所需要的东西或达到某种目的: I obtained permission to go. 我获准离开。○ I haven't been able to obtain that record anywhere; can you obtain it for me? 我弄不到那张唱片, 你能为我搞到吗? **procure** 取得, 设法获得; 指用相当的手段而得到, 但也必须做点努力才能得到: He cannot procure employment. 他未能谋到职业。○ Please procure me some specimens. 请设法给我搞一些标本。

acquisition [ækwi'zɪʃən] *n.* ① [U] 取得, 获得, 可得: second language acquisition 第二语言习得。○ the acquisition of new territory 获得新的领地。② [C] 获得物, 增添的人(或物): the library's most recent acquisitions 图书馆最近增添的书籍。○ He is a valuable acquisition to the team. 他是该球队一个不可多得的新队员。

acre [ˈeɪkə] *n.* [C] 英亩: a 200-acre wood 一片 200 英亩的树林。○ They own 200 acres of farmland. 他们拥有 200 英亩的农田。

across [ə'krɒs] *prep.* ① 穿过, 越过, 横过: They built a bridge across the river. 他们在河上建了一座桥。○ The path cut across the meadow. 这条小路穿过了牧场。② 在...对面: The post office is just across the street. 邮局就在马路对过。○ From across the fields came cheers of the crowd. 从田野的那一边传来群众的欢呼声。

▷ *ad.* ① 从一边到另一边, ...宽: Can you swim across? 你能游过去吗? ○ The river is half a mile across. 这条河有半英里宽。② 在对面, 向对面: We'll soon be across. 我们很快就要到对面了。○ Why don't you go across and say hello to Jim?

你为什么不走过去和吉姆打招呼呢？

act [ækt] vi. ① 行动，做事：Act quickly, but do not lose your head. 行动迅速，但不要丧失理智。○The UN Security Council must act to end the war in Bosnia. 联合国安理会必须行动起来以结束波斯尼亚的战争。② 举止，表现：Don't act foolishly. 别表现得很傻气。○He acted as if he had never seen me before. 他显得好像以前从来没见过我似的。③ 起作用：The brakes wouldn't act, so there was an accident. 刹车不起作用，结果出了事故。○My brother speaks French — he will act as interpreter. 我哥哥讲法语，因此由他来做翻译。④ 表演，假装：He acted well. 他表演得很好。○He was just acting and wasn't really sorry. 他只是装模作样，并不真地很难过。

▷ vt. 扮演，装做：He acted the part of a hunter. 他扮演了一个猎人的角色。○He is always acting the experienced man who has seen everything. 他总是装做是个饱经世故的人。

▷ n. ① [C] 行为，行动：an act of kindness/courage 善良的行为(有勇气的行为)② [C] 法令，条例：an act of Congress 国会的法案○the social security act 社会保障条例③ (一)幕：a play in three acts 三幕剧○Act I, Scene II 第一幕第二场

【词组】act on ① 遵照...行动，奉行：act on the doctor's advice 遵照医嘱○Acting on the information received, the police raided the club. 警方根据所获情报，突然搜查了那个俱乐部。② 作用于，影响：Alcohol acts on the brain. 酒精对大脑有影响。act up ① 出毛病，运转不正常：The car's transmission is acting up. 汽车的变速器出了毛病。② 耍脾气，捣蛋：Children, stop acting up. 孩子们别捣蛋了。in the act of 正做...的过程中：The thief was caught in the act of stealing. 小偷在偷盗的过程中被抓住了。

action [ækʃən] n. ① [U] 行动，行动过程：We need more action, and less talk. 我们需要多做少说。○The police took firm action to deal with the riots. 警方采取有力的行动来处理这些暴乱。② [C] 已做的事，行为：We must judge a person by his actions, not by what he says. 判断一个人要看他的所做所为，而不是他所说的。○His prompt action probably saved my life. 很可能是他动作迅速，因而救了我一命。③ [U] 作用：the action of an acid on metal 酸对金属所起的作用④ [U] 情节：The action took place in a mountain village. 故事发生在一个小山村里。

【词组】out of action 不(再)起作用，不(再)运转：My car is out of action at the moment, so I have to go by bus. 我的车此时出了毛病，因此我得乘公共汽车去。○The enemy guns put many of our tanks out of action. 敌军炮火击毁我军很多坦克。

【辨析】act, action 和 deed. act 或 action 用于指好事或坏事均可，这两个词词义相近，有时完全相同：a generous act/action 慷慨之举。凡指一般的行动或行为，持续时间长，步骤多而复杂，具体或抽象的行为过程，可用 actions：He is impulsive in his actions. 他凭一时冲动行事。act 一词常伴有具体的说明(往往指已完成的动作，指人，小组或物的短暂，简单而具体的行为)：Helping the homeless is an act of mercy. 帮助无家可归者是慈善行为。deed 一词较文雅，常指重大的举动，

指用巨大勇气、聪明才干、力量、技能所完成的艰难而高尚、引人注目的行为：
foul deeds 有多项恶行 ○ He spent his whole life doing good deeds. 他一生行善。 ○
The labors of Hercules were deeds of courage and ingenuity. 海格利斯的劳动是独
创和英勇的行为。

active [ˈæktɪv] *a.* ① 活跃的，积极的：Active efforts are being made to reach a settlement. 为了达成一项解决办法，正在做出积极的努力。 ○ lead an active life 过着活跃的生活 ② 主动的，起作用的：the active voice 主动语态 ○ Active ingredients in that toothpaste prevent cavities. 牙膏中的有效成分能够防止蛀牙。

activity [æk'tɪvɪti] *n.* ① [C] 活动，行动：extracurricular activities 课外活动 ○ social activities 社会活动 ○ Sailing is an activity I much enjoy. 帆船运动是我非常喜爱的活动。 ② [U] 活跃，活力：I missed the noise and activity of the city. 我怀念城市的喧闹和活跃。 ○ The house has been full of activity all day. 房子里整天都很热闹。

actor [ˈæktə] *n.* [C] 男演员：a screen actor 影视演员

actress [ˈæktɪs] *n.* [C] 女演员：She was a fine actress. 她曾经是一名出色的演员。

actual [ˈæktʃʊəl, ˈæktjuəl] *a.* 实际的，事实上的，真实的：the actual conditions 实际情况 ○ in actual fact 事实上 ○ I'm not joking. Those were his actual words. 我没开玩笑，这是他说的原话。 ○ The actual cost was much higher than we had expected. 实际成本比我们预料的高得多。

acute [əˈkjʊt] *a.* ① 严重的，激烈的：an acute pain 剧痛 ○ an acute shortage of water 严重的缺水 ② 敏锐的：an acute observer 敏锐的观察家 ○ acute eyesight 敏锐的目光 ③ (疾病) 急性的：acute tuberculosis 急性肺炎 ○ an acute patient 患急性病的病人 ④ 尖的，锐的：an acute angle 锐角

ad [æd] 见 advertisement

adapt [əˈdæpt] *vt.* ① 使适应，使适合：She adapted (herself) quickly to the new climate. 她很快地适应了这种新的气候。 ○ My children adapted (themselves) to life abroad quite smoothly. 我的孩子们很顺利地适应了国外的生活。 ② 修改，改编：books adapted for middle-school students 为中学生改写的书 ○ The play was adapted from a novel. 这部戏是由一部小说改编的。

▷ *vi.* (to) 适应：Our eyes slowly adapted to the dark. 我们的眼睛慢慢地适应了黑暗。 ○ The children are finding it hard to adapt to their new school. 孩子们发现很难适应他们的新学校。

add [æd] *vt.* ① 添加，增加：If the tea is too strong, add some hot water. 如果茶太浓，加一点开水。 ○ add fresh blood to the Party 增加党的新鲜血液。 ② 把...加起来，计算...的总和：Three added to four makes seven. 3加4等于7。 ③ 进一步说(或写)，附带说明：“And don't be late.” she added. 她又加上一句，“别迟到了”。 ○ That's all I have to say. Is there anything you'd like to add, David? 这就是我要说的，大卫，你还有什么要进一步说明的吗？

▷ *vi.* (to) 增添：Our explanation seemed only to add to his bewilderment. 我们的解释似乎使他更糊涂了。 ○ That adds heavily to the difficulty of my work. 这大大

增加了我工作的难度。

【词组】**add up** ① 加起来：Add your scores up and we 'll see who won. 把你的得分加起来，我们就知道谁赢了。② 说得通：He had been arrested for murder, but the evidence just didn't add up. 他是由于谋杀而被逮捕的，但是这些证据根本说不通。**add up to** 合计达，总括起来，意味着：These numbers add up to 100. 这些数目合计为 100。○All this adds up to a new concept of the universe. 这一切意味着对宇宙的新看法。

addition [ə'dɪʃən] *n.* ① [U] 加，加法：Figure out your answer by addition. 用加法可以算出答案。○The addition of networking facilities will greatly enhance the system. 再加上一些网络设施会大大加强这个系统。② [C] 增加的人(或物)：They've just had an addition to the family. 他们家里刚刚又添了一口人。○A bottle of wine would make a pleasant addition to the meal. 一瓶酒会使我们这顿饭更愉快的。

【词组】**in addition** 另外，加之：She can sing, and, in addition, she can dance. 她会唱歌，另外她也会跳舞。**in addition to** (同 besides) 除...之外(还)：In addition to copper, there are many other metals which are good conductors. 除了铜之外，还有其他许多金属是良导体。○In addition to being a singer, she's a dancer. 她不仅是个歌手，还是个舞蹈家。

additional [ə'dɪʃənl] *a.* 添加的，额外的，另外的：It will take an additional two weeks to finish the work. 还得再花两星期才能完成这项工作。○An additional charge is made for heavy bags. 份量重的包裹要另收费用。

address [ə'dres] *n.* [C] ① 地址，住址：my home/business address 我家(办公处)的地址○Tell me if you change your address. 如果你的地址改变了，请告诉我。② 演说，讲话：a television address 电视讲话○The senator delivered a passionate address. 那个议员发表了激昂的演说。

▷ *vt.* ① (在信封或包裹上)写姓名地址：If you address the letter, I'll mail it for you. 如果你写上地址，我就替你邮了这封信。○The letter was wrongly addressed to our old home. 那信上误写了我们的旧地址。② 向...作(正式)讲话，对...发表演说：The chairman will now address the meeting. 现在由主席向与会者讲话。③ 称呼：Address him as "Sir". 称他为爵士。④ 对付，处理：The new laws don't address the issue of ownership. 新颁布的法律不涉及所有权问题。○address oneself to a task 着手处理一项工作

adequate ['ædɪkwɪt] *a.* ① 充足的，足够的：adequate rainfall for farming 对耕种来说充足的降雨○She has adequate grounds for a divorce. 她有充分的理由离婚。② 适当的，胜任的：take adequate precautions 采取适当的预防措施○Without the proper resources the department cannot do an adequate job. 没有适当的资源，这个部门就无法胜任这项工作。

【辨析】adequate, enough 和 sufficient. 这组形容词均有“充分，足够”的意思。adequate 和 sufficient 比 enough 更正式，都可用来指数量。adequate 充分的，足够的：不但用来指数量，也可以用来指达到质量，才能等要求，特别是经常与不可数名词连用：His knowledge of French was adequate for the job, although he was not