

Unit One

Section 1

abnormal [æb'nɔ:məl] *a.* 反常的, 异常的 [同] exceptional, peculiar, queer, odd, unusual [反] conventional, normal, ordinary, typical

(考点 **abnormal behavior** 反常行为; **abnormal psychology** 变态心理学)

【例句】This warm weather is **abnormal** for February. 在二月里, 如此温暖的天气不太正常。

That cat has an **abnormal** fear of birds. 那只猫特别怕鸟。

【记忆】normal *a.* 正常的, 正规的; norm *n.* 标准 规范 准则

abolish [ə'bɒlɪʃ] *vt.* 彻底废除, 废止 [同] eliminate, terminate, get rid of, put an end to, wipe out [反] conserve, establish, found, keep, preserve, retain

【例句】Slavery was **abolished** in the US in the 19th century. 美国在十九世纪废除了奴隶制。

【记忆】abolition *n.* 废止; astonish *v.* 使吃惊; flourish *v.* 繁荣; nourish *v.* 养育, 喂养; polish *v.* 磨光 润饰

abortion [ə'bɔ:ʃən] 流产, 堕胎

【例句】She had an **abortion**. 她做了人工流产。Is **abortion** legal in your country? 在你们国家人工流产合法吗?

abrupt [ə'brʌpt] *a.* ① 突然的, 意外的 [同] sudden, unanticipated, unexpected [反] anticipated, expected (举止、言谈等) 唐突的, 鲁莽的 [同] discourteous, impolite, rough, rude [反] courteous, polite, thoughtful

【例句】The train came to an **abrupt** stop, making many passengers fall off their seats. 车子突然刹车, 使许多乘客从座位上掉了下来。Research work can never be done in an **abrupt** way. 永远不要草率地从事科研工作。

【记忆】disrupt *vt.* 使中断, 扰乱; erupt *vi.* (火山等) 喷发 (战争、危机等) 爆发, 发生; interrupt *v.* 打断, 打扰; incorrupt *a.* 廉洁的; abruptly *ad.* 突然地, 无礼地; abruptness *n.* 无礼, 出其不意

absurd [əb'sɜ:d] *a.* 荒谬的 荒唐的 [同] illogical, irrational, ridiculous, senseless, unreasonable [反] logical, rational, reasonable, sensible, sound

(考点 **It is absurd of sb. to do sth.** 某人做某事很荒唐)

【例句】It was **absurd** of you to make such a suggestion. 你竟然提出这样的建议, 真是荒唐。The idea that the number 13 brings bad luck is utterly **absurd**. 数字 13 带来厄运的想法是极其荒唐的。He looks **absurd** in that hat! 他戴着那顶帽子看起来真可笑!

【记忆】absurdly *ad.* 荒谬地, 荒唐地, 愚蠢地; absurdity *n.* 荒谬 荒唐

abundance [ə'bʌndəns] *n.* 大量, 丰富, 充足 [同] *ampleness, plenty, sufficiency* [反] *deficiency, scarcity, shortage*

(考点) **in abundance** 充足, 丰富; **an abundance of** 大量的, 多的 (可用来修饰可数或不可数名词, 作主语时, 其谓语动词要用单数形式)

【例句】**An abundance of instances is cited.** 列举了大量的例证。 **There is a great abundance of sunshine here.** 这里阳光充足。 **The country has an abundance of skilled workers, but not enough jobs.** 这个国家有大量技术熟练的工人, 但就业机会不够。 **There was good food in abundance at the party.** 宴会上有丰美的食品。

【记忆】**abundant a.** 大量的, 丰富的

accessory [ək'sesəri] *n.* ① 附件 零件 配件 ② [常 *pl.*] (妇女手提包之类的) 装饰品 ③ 同谋 帮凶 包庇犯

(考点) **I.** 用作 ② 意时, 常常用复数形式: **fashion accessories** 时装饰品 **II. be an accessory to ...** 是...的附属品; 是...的同谋或帮凶 (后接介词 *to*)

【例句】**The car's accessories included a CD player.** 汽车的附件中包括一台激光唱片播放机。 **The driver was charged with being an accessory to the murder of the tourist** 司机被指控为杀害这位游客的同谋。

【记忆】**access n.** 接近 进入 入口 通路; **accessible a.** 可进入的

accommodate [ə'kɒmədeɪt] *vt.* ① 容纳 [同] *hold* ② 向...提供住处 (或膳宿) [同] *lodge, put up* ③ 使适应, 顺应 [同] *adapt, adjust, accustom*

(考点) **accommodate sb. with sth.** 向某人提供方便、住宿等; **accommodate ... to ...** 使...适应... 使...与...相一致

【例句】**The hall can only accommodate 200 people.** 大厅只能容纳 200 人。 **Delegates will be accommodated at this hotel** 代表们将被安排在这家旅馆住宿。 **I will accommodate my plans to yours.** 我将修改我的计划, 以便和你的相适应。 **She accommodated herself to the new rules.** 她使自己适应了新规则。 **The bank will accommodate you with a loan.** 银行将贷给你一笔款。

【记忆】**accommodation n.** 住宿 膳宿

acquaint [ə'kweɪnt] *vt.* (with 使认识 使了解 使熟悉 [同] *familiarize, introduce*

(考点) **acquaint oneself with ... = be / get / become acquainted with ...** 熟悉或了解..., 认识...; **acquaint sb. with sb. / sth.** 使某人了解或熟悉某物 / 某人, 向某人介绍某物 / 某人

【例句】**You should acquaint yourself with the facts before you make a decision.** 在下决定前你必须熟悉事实。 **The author of the report is / gets / becomes well (slightly) acquainted with geology** 该报告的作者对地质学了如指掌 (略知一二)。 **She acquainted me with the change of the plan.** 她告诉我计划变更一事。

【记忆】**acquaintance n.** 熟人, 认识; **complaint n.** 抱怨; **constraint n.** 约束 克制; **restraint n.** 约束, 抑制; **saint n.** 圣人

activate ['æktɪveɪt] *vt.* 使活动起来, 使开始起作用 [同] *initiate, propel, start, trigger, put into action, set in motion* [反] *check, halt, stop*

【例句】The smoke **activated** the fire alarm. 烟雾触发了火警报警器。 The criminal confessed that he was **activated** by selfish motives to commit the crime. 罪犯承认他是在自私动机的驱使下犯罪的。

【记忆】active *a.* 活动的, 活跃的, 积极的; actively *ad.* 活跃地, 积极地; activity *n.* 活动性; activation *n.* 活化作用; activator *n.* 活化剂

addict ['ædɪkt] *n.* ① 有瘾的人 ② 入迷的人

['ə'dɪkt] *vt.* 使成瘾, 使入迷

(考点) **be addicted to** 对...上瘾, 对...入迷 (常用被动语态, 后跟介词 to)

【例句】Many heroin **addicts** have contradicted AIDS. 许多吸食海洛因成瘾的人染上了爱滋病。 He is **addicted** to alcohol. 他嗜酒成瘾。 Those kids are **addicted** to computer games 那些儿童迷上了电脑游戏。

【记忆】contradict *v.* 否定, 否认, 与...矛盾; predict *v.* 预言, 预报

adhere [ə'dhɪə] *vi.* (to) ① 粘附 附着 [同] attach, cling, glue, stick [同] follow, obey, be faithful / loyal to, cling to, abide by, conform to ② 遵守 坚持 ③ 追随 支持 [同] support (考点) **adhere to** 坚持 粘附 常跟介词 to)

【例句】The stamp won't **adhere to** the envelops. 这张邮票粘不到信封上。 They failed to **adhere to** our original agreement. 他们未能遵守我们原来的协议。 A large percentage of the voters **adhere to** the new political party. 大部分的选民拥护这一新的政党

【记忆】adherence *n.* 依附 坚持; adherent *a.* 粘着的 *n.* 支持者, 拥护者

adjacent [ə'dʒeɪsənt] *a.* (to) 邻近的, 毗连的

考点 **be adjacent to** 与...邻近的, 毗连的 (to 为介词)

【例句】Their house is **adjacent to** ours. 他们的房子与我们的毗邻。 The two families live in **adjacent** streets. 两家人住在邻近的街上。

【记忆】adjust *v.* 调整, 调节, 适应; adjoin *v.* 贴近, 与...毗连

adjoin [ə'dʒɔɪn] *vt.* 贴近, 与...毗连 [同] border, join, verge

【例句】Our house **adjoins** theirs. 我们的房子同他们的毗连。 We heard laughter in the **adjoining** room. 我们听到了隔壁房间里的笑声。

【记忆】join *v.* 参加, 连接; joint *a.* 连接的 联合的

administer [əd'mɪnɪstə] *vt.* ① 掌管, 料理...的事务 [同] control, govern, manage, run, supervise ② 施行, 实施 [同] execute, enforce ③ 给予, 派给, 投 (药)

(考点) **administer to sb.** 给予某人...

【例句】It takes brains to **administer** a company. 经营一个公司需要运用智慧。 The courts **administer** the law. 法院执法。 The government **administered** relief to famine victims. 政府向饥民发放救济品。 The doctor **administered** the medicine to the patients. 医生给病人服药。

【记忆】minister *n.* 部长, 大臣; ministry *n.* (政府的) 部; administration *n.* 管理, 经营, 政府; administrative *a.* 政府上的; administrator *n.* 行政管理人员

adolescent [ˌædəʊ'lesnt] *n.* 青少年 || *a.* 青春期的 青少年的 [同] juvenile, teenager, youth

【例句】The **adolescent** crimes are causing people's growing concern. 青少年的各种犯罪正日

益引起人们的关注。 The movie's attitude towards life is **adolescent**. 这部电影对人生的看法是很不成熟的。

【记忆】adolescence *n.* 青春期 青春

Ex. 1 For each of the following blanks, four choices are given. Choose the most appropriate one.

- The college directors of physical education urged that boxing should be _____ at least in high schools and colleges since it causes serious brain injuries.
A) magnified B) abolished C) disposed D) hampered
- The idea that number 6 and 8 bring good luck and success is definitely _____.
A) absurd B) eccentric C) senseless D) silly
- If you work in a foreign country, you may find it hard to _____ yourself either to a different work style or to new manners and customs.
A) contain B) provide C) reside D) accommodate
- Although she is only seventeen years old, she _____ drugs for two years.
A) addicts B) has addicted to
C) has been addicted to D) has addicted
- In the Persian Gulf area, oil is found in _____ and its production has been able to keep up with world demand.
A) elaboration B) abundance C) elegance D) efficiency
- Nowadays, more and more people choose to work in cities but live in their _____ suburbs.
A) adjacent B) adjoin C) haunted D) remote
- Even with adequate light and moisture, plant growth ceases when the air temperature _____ drops below a certain minimum level.
A) accidentally B) accordingly C) abruptly D) largely
- In the experiment, Milgram _____ painful electric shocks to another person so as to determine the extent to which people would obey a command.
A) administered B) imparted C) accorded D) imposed
- The anthropologist hoped to become _____ with some of the living patterns of one little-known African group, the Sebei.
A) accorded B) immersed C) acquainted D) accommodated
- She often wears _____ such as a diamond bracelet, a necklace and earrings.
A) decorations B) ornaments C) decorate D) accessories

Section 2

adore ['ædɔː] *vt.* ① 崇拜 敬慕 爱慕 ② 非常喜欢 [反] dislike

(考点) **adore (doing) sth.** 喜欢 做 某事

【例句】He **adores** his elder brother. 他敬仰他的哥哥。 Don't you just **adore** these cookies? 你不是爱吃这些小点心吗? She **adores going** to the cinema 她非常爱看电影。

【记忆】**adorer** *n.* 崇拜者, 热爱者; **adoring** *a.* 崇拜的 爱慕的

adverse ['ædvə:s] *a.* 不利的, 有害的 [同] **contrary, disadvantageous, hostile, negative, unfavorable** [反] **advantageous, beneficial, favorable**

考点 **be adverse to** 对... 不利的, 与... 相反的

【例句】Smoking by parents could have an **adverse effect** on their children's health. 父母吸烟可能有害子女的健康。 The result is **adverse** to his wishes. 结果与他的愿望相反。

【记忆】**converse** *v.* 谈话, 交谈; **diverse** *a.* 不同的, 多种多样的; **reverse** *v.* 颠倒 倒转 *n.* 背面 相反 *a.* 相反的; **traverse** *v.* 横渡 横越

aerial ['eəriəl] *a.* 飞机的 航空的 由飞机进行的 ② 空中的 架空的 || *n.* 天线 [同] **antenna**

【例句】After the **aerial** attack, the village was in ruins. 空袭后这个村庄变成了灰烬。 There are many **aerial** railways in Japan. 日本有许多高架铁道。

【记忆】**aeroplane** *n.* 飞机

aesthetic [i:s'tetɪk] 见 **esthetic**

affiliate [ə'fɪliət] *vt.* 使隶属 (或附属) 于 [同] **attach, merge**

[ə'fɪlɪt] *n.* 附属机构, 分公司 [同] **branch, division**

(考点) **affiliate oneself with / to = be affiliated with / to** 使隶属于..., 使附属...

【例句】The research center is **affiliated** to the university. 这个研究中心附属大学。 The two players **affiliated themselves with / became affiliated with** the same club. 这两个足球运动员在同一个俱乐部效力。 The local television station is an **affiliate** of the national network. 本地电视台是全国电视网的分支机构。

【记忆】**afflict** *vt.* 使苦恼 折磨

affirm [ə'fɜ:m] *vt.* ① 断言 坚持声称 [同] **allege, assert, claim, declare, proclaim** [反] **refute** ② 证实 确认 [同] **certify, confirm, testify, warrant** [反] **deny, reject, veto**

考点 **affirm + that clause = affirm to be ...** 断言..., 声称 ...; **affirm sth. to sb.** 向某人申明某事; **affirm one's loyalty to sb.** 声明忠实于某人

【例句】He **affirmed** his innocence. He **affirmed that** he was innocent. = He **affirmed to be** innocent. 他坚持自己清白。 He was **affirmed as** a candidate. 他被确认为候选人。

【记忆】**firm** *a.* 结实的, 稳定的, 坚固的; **confirm** *v.* 证实, 确定, 批准

afflict [ə'fɪkt] *vt.* 使苦恼, 折磨 [同] **distress, grieve, plague, torment** [反] **delight, comfort, console, relieve**

(考点) **be / feel afflicted at / with / by ...** 遭受...的痛苦, 受...的煎熬

【例句】The mother **felt greatly afflicted with / at / by** the loss of her child 儿子的死使母亲痛苦万分。 Severe drought has **afflicted** the countryside 严重的干旱使乡村深受其害。

【记忆】**conflict** *n. / v.* 冲突, 争论; **inflict** *vt.* 使遭受 (痛苦等), 使承担 (责任等); **addict** *vt.* 使沉迷于 *n.* 上瘾者

aggravate ['ægrəveɪt] *vt.* ① 加重 加剧 使恶化 [同] intensify worsen, better [反] alleviate, ease, lessen, relieve ② 激怒 使恼火 [同] anger, annoy, irritate, tease, vex

【例句】He **aggravated** his condition by leaving hospital too soon. 他因过早出院而使病情恶化。She **was aggravated** by his stupid questions. 她被他愚蠢的问题激怒了。

【记忆】grave *a.* 严重的 ;aggregate *vt.* 总计达, 合计, 使聚集, 使积聚

aggregate ['ægrɪɡɪt] *n.* 总数 合计 [同] total || *a.* 总计的 合计的 [同] total, combined
['ægrɪɡeɪt] *vt.* ① 总计达, 合计 [同] amount to, add up to, total ② 使聚集, 使积聚 [同] accumulate, collect, build up

(考点) **in the aggregate** 总共 作为总体 ;**on aggregate** 整个来说, 总体上

【例句】Society is not just an **aggregate** of individuals. 社会不仅仅是个人的总和。The **aggregate** investment of individuals is 5,000,000 dollars. 个人的投资总额是 5 000 000 美元。Sociologists **aggregated** the data from several groups. 社会学家从数群人中收集积累资料。The tax increases will **in the aggregate**, cause much hardships. 增加税收归结起来将造成很多困难。Our team scored the most goals **on aggregate**. 整个来说, 我们队得分最多。

【记忆】aggravate *vt.* 加重, 激怒 ;aggressive *a.* 侵犯的 有进取心的

agony ['æɡəni] *n.* (极度的 痛苦, 创痛 [同] affliction, distress, misery, pain, suffering, torture [反] comfort, joy, pleasure, relief

(考点) **in agony** 痛苦地 ;**in an agony of** (despair, doubt, fear, joy) 在极度的 (绝望, 怀疑 恐惧 快乐 之中

【例句】He lay **in agony** until the doctor arrived 他十分痛苦地躺在那里, 直到医生来到。Peasants rose in rebellion **in an agony of despair**. 农民们在极度的绝望中揭竿而起。They are suffering the **agony** of war. 他们忍受着战争的煎熬。

【记忆】agency *n.* 代理处 代办处

agreeable [ə'ɡri:əbl] *a.* ① 令人愉快的 惬意的 ② (欣然)同意的, 乐意的 [同] attractive, enjoyable, pleasing [反] disagreeable, offensive

(考点) **be agreeable to sb. / sth.** 令某人愉快的 赞同...的 与...一致的 ;**it is agreeable to do sth.** 做某事令人愉快

【例句】It's very **agreeable** to keep company with you because you are a very **agreeable**, sensible woman. 和你交往让人感到非常愉快, 因为你很惹人喜爱又聪颖。Are you **agreeable** to my suggestion? 你同意我的建议吗?

【记忆】agree *v.* 同意, 赞同 ;agreeably *ad.* 令人愉快地 惬意地

air-conditioning ['eɪkənɪdʃənɪŋ] *n.* 空调设备, 空调系统 [同] air-conditioner

【例句】They installed **air-conditioning** in the hall. 他们在大厅里安装了空调设备。It's too hot. Please turn **on air-conditioning**. 天太热, 请打开空调器。

【记忆】air-conditioner *n.* 空调器, 空调设备 ;air-conditioned *a.* 有空调设备的

aisle [aɪl] *n.* 过道 通道 [同] corridor, doorway, passage

【例句】She was seated in the **aisle** seat. 她就靠走道的座位坐下。

album ['ælbəm] *n.* 粘贴簿, 集邮簿, 相册

【例句】He selected one photograph from their wedding **album** when he went abroad. 他出国时, 从他们的结婚像册中挑了一张照片带着。

alien ['eɪljən] *a.* ① 外国的, 外国人的 [同] foreign [反] native ② 陌生的 [同] foreign, strange, unfamiliar [反] familiar ③ 性质不同的, 不相容的 [同] conflicting, contrary, inconsistent, opposed [反] compatible, consistent || *n.* ① 外国人 外侨 [同] foreigner, emigrant, immigrant ② 外星人

考点 **be alien to** 与...不相容的, 与...格格不入的

【例句】When living in an **alien** culture, people have to experience the stages of adjustment. 当生活在异族文化中时, 人们得经过几个适应阶段。 Faced with a way of life that is totally **alien to** us, we felt quite at a loss. 面对着完全陌生的生活方式, 我们真是茫然不知所措。 Their ideas are quite **alien to** our own. 他们的想法与我们的截然不同。 This is a film about **aliens** from Mars. 这是一部关于火星人的电影。

【记忆】alienate *vt.* 使疏远

alienate ['eɪljəneɪt] *vt.* ① 使疏远 使不友好 离间 ② 转让, 让渡 (财产等)

考点 **alienate from** 使疏远, 使脱离, 离间; **be alienated from** 和...不和, 和...疏远

【例句】Her selfish behavior **alienated** her from her friends and family. 她的自私行为使得她的朋友和家人疏远了她。 Many artists **feel alienated from** society. 很多艺术家都感到与社会脱节。 The property of the enemy was **alienated** during the war. 在战时敌产被没收。

【记忆】alien *a.* 陌生的; alienation *n.* 疏远, 离间

allege [ə'ledʒ]

vt. 断言, 宣称, 硬说 [同] assert, affirm, claim, declare, profess [反] deny, refute

考点 **allege sb. to do sth.** 断言某人曾做过某事 (常用不定式的完成式); **it is alleged that ...** 据称...

【例句】He **alleged** illness as the reason for his absence. 他称病缺席。 **It was alleged that** the accused man had been seen at the scene of the crime. 据称曾看到被告在犯罪现场。 We were **alleged** to have brought goods into the country illegally. 我们被指控非法携带货物入境。

【记忆】alleged *a.* 断言的; allegation *n.* 断言, 陈述; pledge *n. / vt.* 保证 许诺

Ex. 2 For each of the following blanks, four choices are given. Choose the most appropriate one.

- The Radcliffe college is _____ with Harvard University. The Harvard faculty provides all instruction, and Radcliffe graduates receive Harvard degree.
A) affiliated B) connected C) linked D) attached
- Eating foods that are high in cholesterol (胆固醇) and fats may affect the health of an individual _____.
A) aesthetically B) adversely C) marginally D) readily
- An organization in which all the staff feel that the culture is _____ to them is unlikely to

- be staffed with willing and highly motivated individuals.
 A) obscure B) immune C) adverse D) alien
4. Other students mistakenly think that acknowledging the sources and putting quotation marks around all the copied bits will be enough to make their papers _____.
 A) agreeable B) pertinent C) acceptable D) valid
5. Before the advent of the last century, if a patient had to undergo an operation, he had to put up with the _____ of the knife or saw cutting into his flesh.
 A) dilemma B) agony C) agitation D) sensation
6. Politicians more often _____ their desire for retirement than show that they really mean it.
 A) disclose B) announce C) affirm D) warrant
7. Nobody knows how many boxers, professional and amateur, who are so _____ by brain injuries exist in the United States today.
 A) baffled B) tangled C) affiliated D) afflicted
8. Oncogenes are cancer-causing genes which remain unharmed and inactive in normal cells so long as they are not _____.
 A) inaugurated B) activated C) perished D) eliminated
9. It is _____ that flying saucers are either crude forgeries or misinterpreted images of such earthly objects as clouds, weather balloons or small private planes.
 A) alleged B) announced C) revealed D) acknowledged
10. These photo studios have to cut prices to win back their customers, a fact that _____ their already worsening financial situation.
 A) elevates B) aggravates C) heightens D) enhances

Section 3

alleviate [ə'li:vɪət] *vt.* 减轻 缓解 缓和 [同] ease, lessen, relieve [反] aggravate, worsen
 [例句] Is there anything the doctor can do to **alleviate** her mental agony 医生能做些什么事来减轻她的精神痛苦? They have taken all kinds of measures to help the local farmers to **alleviate** poverty. 他们采取许多措施帮农民脱贫。

【记忆】alleviation *n.* 减轻 缓解 ; abbreviate *vt.* 缩写 缩短

alloy ['ælɔɪ] *n.* 合金 *vt.* 将...铸成合金

[例句] Brass is an **alloy** of copper and zinc. 黄铜是铜和锌的合金。 The case is made of **alloyed** steel 这盒子是由合金钢制成的。

【记忆】allow *v.* 允许

alternate [ɔ:l'tə:nɪt] *a.* ① 交替的 轮流的 ② 间隔的

[ɔ:l'tə:nɪt] *v.* (使)轮流 (使)交替 [同] interchange, rotate, take turns

(考点) **alternate between ... 时而...时而 ; alternate in (doing) sth. 轮流做某事 ; alternate with ... 与 ... 交替出现**

【例句】We had a week of **alternate** rain and sunshine. 这一周时晴时雨。 He works **alternate** days. 他隔天上班。 The weather **alternates between** rain and sunshine. 时而下雨, 时而放晴。 We **alternate in doing** the household chores. 我们轮流做家务。 Day **alternates with** night. 昼夜交替。

【记忆】alter *vt.* 改变, 变更; alternative *n.* 选择, 取舍; alternately *ad.* 交替地; alternation *n.* 交替, 间隔

ambiguous [æm'bigjuəs] *a.* 引起歧义的, 模棱两可的, 含糊不清的 [同] indefinite, obscure, vague [反] clear, definite, explicit

【例句】His role in the affair is **ambiguous**. 他在这件事里所起的作用不清楚。 The last paragraph of your letter under reply is **ambiguous**. Please clarify. 你方来信的最后一断意义不清楚, 请澄清。

【记忆】ambiguously *ad.* 含糊不清的; ambiguity *n.* 意义含糊, 模棱两可; ambitious *a.* 有抱负的, 有野心的

ambitious [æm'bitʃəs] *a.* ① 有抱负的, 雄心勃勃的 ② 有野心的 [同] desirous, eager

考点 **be ambitious for / of / after / to do sth.** 渴望做某事, 有做某事的野心

【例句】He is an **ambitious** and hard-working young manager, 他是一个勤奋而有抱负的年轻经理。 They are **ambitious for / after / of** fame and wealth, 他们热衷于追逐名利。 He is **ambitious to achieve** success in his career. 他立志要在事业上有所成就

【记忆】ambition *n.* 雄心, 志|向|抱负; ambiguous *a.* 含糊不清的

amend [ə'mend] *vt.* 修改, 修订, 改进 [同] alter, modify, revise *n.* [pl.] 赔罪, 赔偿 [同] apology, compensation

(考点) 用作名词时, 用复数形式: **make amends to sb. for sth.** 为...向某人赔罪/赔偿

【例句】The members of the club voted to **amend** the constitution 俱乐部的成员们投票修改俱乐部的章程。 It is time you **amended** your behavior. 你早该改过自新了。 They had to **make amends to** the suffers for injuries. 他们不得不赔偿受害者所受的损害。 He **made amends to** her for his rudeness in the party. 他因在舞会上的无礼行为向她赔礼道歉。

【记忆】amendment *n.* 修改, 改动; mend *vt.* 修理, 修补; commend *vt.* 表扬, 称赞; recommend *vt.* 推荐, 建议

ammunition [æmju'nɪʃən] *n.* 弹药, 军火 [同] arms

(考点) 用于比喻时, 表示“依据”

【例句】They were desperately short of **ammunition**. 他们极缺弹药。 These figures gave them fresh **ammunition**. 这些数字使他们有了新的依据。

ample [æmpl] *a.* ① 足够的 [同] abundant, adequate, enough, plentiful, sufficient ② 宽敞的, 面积大的 [同] spacious, vast

(考点) **be ample for ... 对...充足或足够的**

【例句】The money her mother gave her **was ample for** care fare and lunches. 她母亲给她的

钱足够她的车费和午饭费。 The election was given **ample** coverage on TV. 电视上对选举作了广泛的报道。 There is **ample** space for four people. 有足够大的地方容纳四个人。

【记忆】sample *n.* 样本, 样品

amplify ['æmplɪfaɪ] *vt.* ① 放大 (声音等) 增强 [同] intensify [反] simplify ② 扩大, 详述, 进一步阐述 [同] enlarge, illustrate, elaborate on [反] decrease, reduce

【例句】The sounds of the guitar are then **amplified** and sent through the speakers. 然后吉他的声音经放大通过扩音器传出去。 He **amplified** his remarks with drawings and figures. 他用图表和数字进一步阐述他的讲话。 We must **amplify** our knowledge in order to keep pace with the development of society. 我们必须扩充知识以跟上社会的发展。

【记忆】ample *a.* 足够的; clarify *v.* 澄清; classify *v.* 分类; identify *v.* 识别; intensify *v.* 强化; justify *v.* 证明...正当; magnify *v.* 放大; modify *v.* 修改; qualify *v.* 具有资格; quantify *v.* 确定...的数量; signify *v.* 表示, 表明; specify *v.* 指定, 说明; testify *v.* 证实; unify *v.* 联合, 统一; verify *v.* 证实

analogy [ə'neɪlədʒɪ] *n.* 比拟, 类比, 类推 [同] comparison, likeness, resemblance, similarity (考点) by analogy 用类推的方法; by analogy with ... = on the analogy of ... 根据...类推; bear / show / have an analogy to / with ... 与...有相似之处; make / draw an analogy with ... (或 between ... and ...) 和...进行类比 (在...和...之间进行类比); there is a striking / close analogy between ... 在...之间有惊人的 / 极其相似之处

【例句】My theory applies to you and by analogy to others like you. 我的理论适应于你, 照此类推, 也适应于像你一样的其他人。 We can explain the movement of light by analogy with that of water. 我们可以以水的运动作比喻解释光的运动。 There is a close analogy between foreign exchange markets and stock markets. = Foreign exchange markets bear a close analogy to / with stock markets. 外汇市场与证券市场非常相似。

【记忆】analyze *vt.* 分析, 分解; analogue *n.* 类似物; apology *n.* 道歉

analytic [ˌænə'litɪk] 见 analytical

analytical [ˌænə'litɪkəl] *a.* 分析的, 分析法的 [同] diagnostic, systematic

【例句】She has a very **analytical** mind. 她有一个善于分析的头脑。 The problem needs an **analytical** approach. 这个问题需要分析的方法来解决。

【记忆】analyze / analyse *vt.* 分析, 分解; analysis *n.* 分析, 分解

angel ['eɪndʒəl] *n.* ① 天使 ② 可爱的人

【例句】That little girl of theirs is an **angel**. 他们的那个小女儿长得真可爱。 Be an **angel** and make me a cup of tea. 你做好事, 给我沏杯茶吧。

【记忆】音译“安琪儿”

anonymous [ə'nɒnɪməs] *a.* ① 无名的, 不具名的 ② 匿名的 ③ 无特色的, 无个性特征的

【例句】They didn't know whom to thank for the **anonymous** gift. 收到这份不具名的礼物, 他们不知道该感谢谁。 The author wishes to remain **anonymous**. 作者希望姓名不公开。 It's an **anonymous** little town. 这是个普普通通的小城。

【记忆】anonymously *ad.* 匿名的, 无名的; anonymity *n.* 匿名, 无名; antonym *n.* 反义词;

synonym *n.* 同义词

apparatus [ˌæpə'reɪtəs] *n.* ① 器械, 器具, 仪器 [同] appliance, device, implement, instrument, machine, tool ② 机构, 组织 [同] organization, institution, structure

考点 a piece of apparatus 一件器械

【例句】The vaulting horse is a difficult piece of **apparatus** to master. 鞍马是很难掌握的器械。Firemen needed breathing **apparatus** to enter the burning house. 消防队员需要呼吸器械才能进入燃烧着的房屋。The company has just set up the **apparatus** for settling industrial disputes. 公司成立了一个解决劳资纠纷的机构

【记忆】apparent *a.* 显然的, 表面上的

appease [ə'pi:z] *vt.* 平息, 抚慰, 姑息 [同] comfort, console, indulge, tolerate, calm down, die down, quiet down

【例句】The minister **appeased** the King painstakingly 大臣竭力使国王息怒。Water **appeases** thirst. 水能解渴。

【记忆】peace *n.* 和平, 平静

appendix [ə'pendɪks] *n.* ① 阑尾 ② 附录

(考点) 该词的复数形式为: appendixes 或 appendices; an appendix to ... 的附录 / 附件

【例句】I have recently had my **appendix** removed. 我最近切除了阑尾。There are 6 **appendices** to this dictionary. 这本字典有 6 个附录。

【记忆】preface *n.* 序言, 前言; foreword *n.* 序言, 前言; postscript *n.* 书后附言; accessory *n.* 附件, 配件

Ex. 3 For each of the following blanks, four choices are given. Choose the most appropriate one.

1. "Indian" is an _____ word because it can refer to an American Indian or a native of India.
A) ambiguous B) obscure C) obscene D) ingenious
2. Such space science applications will prove to be a most effective tool in controlling and utilizing the earth's resources to _____ problems such as the shortage of food and of fresh water.
A) aggravate B) alleviate C) diagnose D) allocate
3. Having studied your report carefully and _____, I'm convinced that neither of your solution is practicable.
A) timely B) enthusiastically C) analytically D) ultimately
4. A firm which dismisses an employee on the grounds of redundancy (过剩) is obliged to _____ loss of employment.
A) mess with B) make a plea for C) refrain from D) make amends for
5. He tried to ascertain the identity of the writer of the _____ letter.
A) unanimous B) anonymous C) infamous D) autonomous
6. His plans are very _____; he wants to master French, German, and Spanish before he is eighteen.

- A) ambitious B) erroneous C) practicable D) ambiguous
7. The lecturer explained the nervous system of the body by drawing an _____ with a telephone exchange.
A) aerial B) analysis C) analogue D) analogy
8. A well-formulated argument _____ the reader to the writer's knowledge of the two sides if the issue and makes the writer's position more convincing.
A) averts B) tumbles C) alerts D) initiates
9. You should _____ the account of the event, so that I'll have a deeper understanding of it.
A) strengthen B) enlarge C) extend D) amplify
10. _____ floods and droughts are as worrying to farmers as the long-term decrease in rainfall that parts of Africa are suffering.
A) Allocating B) Altering C) Alternative D) Alternating

Section 4

applaud [ə'plɔ:d] *vi.* 鼓掌 喝彩 || *vt.* ① 向...鼓掌 向...喝彩 ②称赞 赞许 [同] commend, compliment, praise

考点 **applaud sb. for ...** 为...而赞扬某人

【例句】The singer was warmly **applauded** by the audience. 这位歌手博得了观众热烈的掌声。
The mayor **applauded** the fireman for his bravery in his speech. 市长在他的讲话中赞扬了消防队员的勇敢。

【记忆】**applause** *n.* 鼓掌 喝彩 称赞

appraisal [ə'preɪzəl] *n.* 估计 估量 评价 [同] assessment, estimate, evaluation

考点 **give / make an appraisal of ...** 对...作出评价或估价

【例句】They will **make / give an annual appraisal of** the employees' work at the end of the year. 年底他们将对雇员工作业绩作年度评估。
Fifty thousand dollars would be a fair and objective **appraisal** of their new house 把他们的新房子估价为5万美元是公平且客观的。

【记忆】**praise** *vt.* 赞扬, 表扬 **appraise** *vt.* 估计 估价

apt [æpt] *a.* ① 易于, 有...做某事的倾向 [同] inclined, liable, likely, prone ② 恰当的, 适宜的 [同] appropriate, fitting, pertinent, proper, suitable ③ 聪明的 反应敏捷的

考点 **be apt to do sth.** 易于做某事, 倾向于做某事; **be apt at / in (doing) sth.** 擅长(做)某事

【例句】He is **apt to exaggerate**. 他往往言过其实。 Food is **apt to deteriorate** in summer. 食物在夏天易变质。
His **apt reply** to the question shows his keen insight. 他对该问题恰当的回答表明了他敏锐的洞察力。 She is **apt at / in skating** 她擅长溜冰。

【记忆】**aptly** *ad.* 恰当地 易于地 聪颖地

arc [ɑ:k] *n.* ① 弧形(物) ② 弧 ③ 电弧 弧光

【例句】The sun moves across the sky in an **arc**. 太阳横越天空作圆弧运动。 There appears the **arc** of a rainbow in the sky after the rain. 雨后天空中出现了弧形的彩虹。

【记忆】**arch** *n.* 拱, 拱门, 拱形(结构)

arch [ɑ:tʃ] *n.* 拱, 拱门, 拱形(结构) || *v.* (使)成拱形 || *a.* 调皮的, 淘气的 [同] mischievous, naughty, tricky

【例句】The bridge has seven **arches**. 这桥有 7 个拱洞。 The cat **arched** its back when it saw the dog. 那猫见了狗就拱起了背。 Trees **arched** over the path 树枝连成拱顶遮盖在小路上。 He speaks to his teacher in an **arch** tone. 他用调皮的口气向老师讲话。

【记忆】**architect** *n.* 建筑师, 设计师; **architecture** *n.* 建筑学 建筑风格

arena [ə'ri:nə] *n.* ① 表演场地, 竞技场 ② 活动场所

【例句】The bull was led into the **arena**. 公牛被引入斗牛场。 Women are entering the political **arena** in large numbers. 大量的妇女正在步入政界。

【记忆】**area** *n.* 地区, 领域

armor ['ɑ:mə] *n.* 盔甲 装甲 保护物

(考点) a **suit of armor** 一套盔甲

【记忆】**arms** *n.* 武器

armour ['ɑ:mə] 见 **armor**

array [ə'rei] *n.* ① 展示, 陈列, 一系列 [同] arrangement, display, exhibition ② 排列, 队形 ③ 衣服 盛装 ④ 数组 阵列 || *vt.* ① 排列, 配置(兵力) [同] arrange, marshal ② 打扮 装饰 [同] decorate

(考点) an **array of** ... 一系列..., 大量的..., 一长排... ; in **full battle array** 严阵以待; in **holiday array** 穿着节日的盛装; **array oneself for / against** ... = **be arrayed for / against** 部署好反对/打击... 联合起来支持/反对

【例句】The museum has a vast **array of** pottery. 博物馆展出了大量的陶器。 The lion in the cage displayed a formidable **array of** teeth. 笼子里的狮子露出一排可怕的牙齿。 The children went out in **holiday array**. 孩子们身穿节日盛装出门了。 The army was drawn up in **full battle array**. 部队严阵以待。 The troops were **arrayed for** the battle against the enemy. 部队已部署好, 准备打击敌人。

【记忆】**betray** *vt.* 背叛 泄露; **pray** *v.* 请求, 乞求; **portray** *n.* 扮演, 描绘; **spray** *n.* 浪花 喷雾 *vt.* 喷; **tray** *n.* 托盘

arrogant ['ærəgənt] *a.* 傲慢的, 自大的 [同] conceited, impudent, proud, self-important [反] modest, open-minded

(考点) It's **arrogant of sb. to do sth.** 做某事太自大了

【例句】It's **arrogant of** you to assume that you'll win every time. 你自以为每次都能赢, 未免太自大了。

【记忆】**arrogance** *n.* 傲慢; **arrogantly** *ad.* 傲慢地

artery ['ɑ:təri] *n.* ① 动脉 ② 干线 要道

【例句】The **arteries** leading to the brain are on both sides of neck. 颈部两侧都有通向大脑的动脉。Jing Guang Railway is the most important traffic **artery**. 京广铁路是最重要的交通干线。

articulate [ɑ:'trikjʊlət] *a.* ① 善于表达的, 发音清晰的 ② 表达得清楚有力的 [同] eloquent, expressive, fluent, intelligent [反] inarticulate, incomprehensible, unintelligible

[ɑ:'trikjʊlət] *vt.* ① 明确有力地表达 ② 清晰地吐(字), 清楚地发(音)

【例句】**Articulate** speech is essential for a teacher. 对教师来说, 口齿清楚是必不可少的。He is **articulate** about everything in the field of economics. 他对经济学领域里的一切都讲得头头是道。He finds it very difficult to **articulate** his distress 他感到很难表达自己的痛苦。He **articulated** each word carefully. 他用心地一字一句地说。

【记忆】**article** *n.* 物件, 文章; **artificial** *a.* 人造的 假的

artillery [ɑ:'tɪləri] *n.* ① 火炮 大炮 ② [the ~] 炮兵(部队)

(考点) 用作“炮兵(部队)”时, 用 **the artillery**

【例句】He is in an **artillery** regiment. 他在炮兵团。I'm acquainted with the captain in the **artillery**. 我熟悉一个炮兵部队的上尉。

ascend [ə'send] *vi.* 渐渐上升 升高 *vt.* 攀登 登上 [同] climb, rise, soar, go up [反] descend, go down

(考点) **ascend the throne** 登基 登王位

【例句】The path started to **ascend** more steeply at this point. 这条路从这里向上就更陡了。The sun is **ascending** from the horizon. 太阳正从地平线上冉冉升起。He **ascended** the hill overlooking the seaport. 他登上小山俯瞰下面的海港。Queen Victoria **ascended the throne** in 1837. 维多利亚女王于 1837 年登上王位。

【记忆】**descend** *v.* 下降; **ascent** *n.* 上升; **ascendant** *a.* 上升的 *n.* 祖先; **ascending** *a.* 上升的

ascertain [ə'se'teɪn] *vt.* 查明 弄清 确定 [同] detect, verify, find out

【例句】The police are trying to **ascertain** exactly who was at the party. 警方想查明有谁参加了聚会。Scientific expeditions to **ascertain** the nature of Antarctica have been fruitful. 为弄清南极洲的自然环境而进行的科学探险一直成效显著。

【记忆】**certain** *a.* 肯定的, 确实的; **uncertain** *a.* 易变的 不明确的; **sure** *a.* 确信的, 一定的; **assure** *v.* 使确信 向...保证

ascribe [ə'skraɪb] *vt.* (to) ① 把...归因于 ② 把...归属于 [同] attribute, owe

考点 **ascribe ... to ...** 把...归因于, 把...归属于

【例句】He **ascribes** his success to luck. 他把他的成功归功于运气。She **ascribes** her health to balanced diet and regular exercise. 她把她的健康归因于均衡饮食和经常性的锻炼。This song is usually **ascribed to** Bach. 这首歌曲常被说成是巴赫所作。

【记忆】**describe** *vt.* 描述, 描绘; **inscribe** *v.* 铭刻, 刻写; **prescribe** *v.* 开药 规定; **subscribe** *v.* 同意, 订阅

aspiration [ˌæspə'reɪʃən] *n.* 强烈的愿望 志向 抱负 [同] ambition, desire, ideal, hope, wish

【例句】She has **aspirations** to become a great writer. 她有成为一个大作家的志向。 The presidency has been his **aspiration** since college. 他从大学时就立志当总统。

【记忆】inspire *v.* 鼓舞, 鼓励

assassination [ə,sæsɪ'neɪʃən] *n.* 刺杀, 暗杀

【例句】They attempted the **assassination** of the President. 他们企图暗杀总统。

【记忆】表示“kill 杀”的词有: assassinate 暗杀; execute 处决; hang 处以绞刑; murder 谋杀; poison 毒杀; slaughter 大屠杀; suicide 自杀

Ex. 4 For each of the following blanks, four choices are given. Choose the most appropriate one.

- No one believes that John has become a(n) _____ man, without cultivation or culture.
A) humble B) arrogant C) respectful D) stubborn
- We may know what we want, but even the most _____ among us can find ourselves fumbling for the right way to say it.
A) articulate B) sober C) ambiguous D) coherent
- Many people _____ personality to nature. In effect, environment counts far more than nature in shaping one's personality.
A) ascribe B) subscribe C) pertain D) subordinate
- All the soldiers were _____ on the opposite hill, waiting for the call to fire the enemies.
A) arranged B) made C) ordered D) arrayed
- If you didn't _____ the age of the small boys working for you their strength would be exhausted.
A) hold in high esteem B) make amends for
C) make allowance for D) feel contempt for
- "Health is wealth". This is an old saying which the majority _____ and cherish.
A) applaud B) appraise C) despise D) adhere
- The statement that in England we have weather can be _____ by any foreigner who stays in the country for longer than a few days.
A) intensified B) highlighted C) ascertained D) exemplified
- A person who is _____ to lose his head under stress knows that he is _____ to fail when he is put to a test and therefore forms the habit of avoiding situations in which he is _____ to encounter difficulties.
A) likely ... apt ... subject B) liable ... subject ... apt
A) apt ... liable ... subject D) apt ... likely ... liable
- He lists narrative prose, essays, short plays, and poems in a(n) _____ order of difficulty.
A) descending B) ascending C) adverse D) reverse
- Before granting an applicant a job, the engineering firm will first _____ his ability, and

then decide whether it is beneficial to employ him.

A) make compensation for

B) give impetus to

C) bear testimony to

D) make an appraisal of

Answers to Unit I

Ex. 1	1. B)	2. A)	3. D)	4. C)	5. B)	6. A)
	7. C)	8. A)	9. C)	10. D)		
Ex. 2	1. A)	2. B)	3. D)	4. C)	5. B)	6. C)
	7. D)	8. B)	9. A)	10. B)		
Ex. 3	1. A)	2. B)	3. C)	4. D)	5. B)	
	6. A)	7. D)	8. C)	9. D)	10. D)	
Ex. 4	1. B)	2. A)	3. A)	4. D)	5. C)	
	6. A)	7. C)	8. D)	9. B)	10. D)	

Unit Two

Section 1

assault [ə'sɔ:lt] *n.* / *vt.* (武力或口头上的)攻击,袭击 [同] attack, raid

考点) carry out / make an assault on ...向...发起攻击,抨击...,对...施暴; under assault 受到非难或攻击

【例句】The opponents **made** a vigorous **assault on** the agricultural policy of the present government. 反对者们对当局的农业政策进行了猛烈抨击。The plan was **under assault** from all sides. 这项计划受到来自各方的抨击。He got two years imprisonment for **assaulting** a police officer. 他因袭击警察而受两年监禁。

【记忆】fault *n.* 缺点 过失

assert [ə'sɔ:t] *vt.* ① 肯定地说 断言 [同] affirm, allege, contend, insist [反] deny, refute ② 维护 坚持 [同] defend, maintain

(考点) assert oneself 坚持自己的权利(或意见),显示自己的权威(或威力); assert sth. to be ...声称或断言某事物是...; it is asserted that ...断言...,肯定地说...

【例句】She **asserted** her innocence. She **asserted** that she was innocent. 她坚持自己是清白无辜的。He most positively **asserted** the charge to be incorrect. 他斩钉截铁地声称这一指控是不正确的。It can be safely **asserted** that I had not borrowed your book. 可以有把握地断言我没有借过你的书。You should **assert yourself** as the captain of this team. 你应该显示自己身为队长的权威。Justice will **assert itself**. 正义必然会得到伸张。

【记忆】avert *vt.* 防止,避免; desert *vt.* 离弃 *n.* 沙漠; dessert *n.* 饭后甜点心; insert *vt.* 插入

assimilate [ə'simileɪt] *v.* ① (被)吸收(被)消化 [同] absorb, digest, take in [反] reject 使同化 [同] adapt, blend, incorporate, integrate, merge, mingle

考点) assimilate into / to ... 被...同化,使适应...,变得与...相似; assimilate with ... 与...同化或融为一体

【例句】You must **assimilate** the facts, not just remember them. 你必须领会这些事实,而不是仅仅记住它们。The immigrants **assimilated** rapidly. 移民迅速被同化。Some foreigners **assimilate easily into** our way of life. 有些外国人很容易适应我们的生活方式。By living with Indians, he **assimilated with** them soon. 和印第安人生活在一起,他很快就和他们融为一体

【记忆】similar *a.* 相似的

assurance [ə'ʃʊərəns] *n.* ① 把握,信心 [同] certainty, confidence 保证,表示保证(或鼓励、安慰)的话 [同] pledge, promise, oath, warranty ③ (人寿)保险 [同] insurance