



1. **abandon**[ə'bəndən] *v.*
In his early days he **abandoned** medicine for literature.
He **abandoned** his wife and went away with all their savings.
2. **ability**[ə'biliti] *n.*
She has the **ability** to go to college, but she doesn't want to.
From each according to his **abilities**, to each according to his work.
3. **aboard**[ə'bo:d] I *ad.*
It's time to go **aboard**.
II *prep.*
They went **aboard** the ship.
4. **abroad**[ə'brɔ:d] *ad.*
The happy tidings soon got **abroad**.
5. **absence**['æbsəns] *n.*
In the **absence** of the Manager, Mr. Smith is in charge of the business.
In the **absence** of exact data, these discussions are bootless.
6. **absent**['æbsənt] *a.*
Four students are **absent** from class today.
When I asked him a question, he looked at me in an **absent** way but did not answer.
7. **absolute**['æbsəlut] *a.*
He is a man of **absolute** honesty.
8. **absorb**[əb'sɔ:b] *v.*
The clever boy **absorbed** all the knowledge that his teachers could give him.
His business **absorbs** him.
be absorbed in
She **was** completely **absorbed in** her own affairs.
9. **abundant**[ə'bandənt] *a.* (in)
Rice is **abundant** in the river valleys.
China is **abundant** in minerals.
10. **abuse** I [ə'bjuz] *v.*
Don't **abuse** the confidence they have placed in you.
Another problem with children involved is child **abuse**.



1. 放弃 抛弃
他早年弃医学文。
他抛弃了妻子并带走了他们所有的积蓄。
2. 能力 智能 才能 才干
她有能力上大学 但她不愿去。
各尽所能，按劳分配。
3. I 在船(飞机 车)上 上船(飞机 车)
该上船(飞机 车)的时候了。
II 在(船,飞机 车)上 上(船,飞机 车)
他们上了轮船。
4. 到国外 在国外 到处
喜讯不久就传播开来。
5. 缺席 不在场 缺乏 没有
在经理离开的期间，由史密斯先生管理业务。
在缺乏精确资料的情况下，这些讨论是徒劳的。
6. (from) 缺席 不在场 漫不经心的
今天四个学生缺课。
当我问他一个问题时，他茫然地望着我而未回答。
7. 绝对的 完全的
他是一个绝对诚实的人。
8. 吸收 吸引 使专心
那聪明的男孩把他老师所能教他的知识完全吸收了。
他的业务使他全神贯注。
专心于
她完全专注于她自己的事情。
9. 丰富的 充分的 充裕的
稻米盛产于河谷。
中国矿产丰富。
10. I 滥用 虐待 谩骂
不要滥用他们对你的信任。
涉及到孩子的另一个问题就是虐待儿童。

II [ə'bjʊs] *n.*

Borrowing money is an **abuse** of friendship.

He greeted me with a stream of **abuse**.

1. **academic**[ˌækə'demik] *a.*

He remembered his **academic** days fondly.

the **academic** year

2. **accent**[ˈæksənt] *n.*

She complained about me to the police with a tearful **accent**.

The **accent** in the word "important" is on the second syllable.

3. **acceptance**[ək'septəns] *n.*

It took years for Einstein's theory to gain **acceptance**.

The employer gave his **acceptance** to the workers' suggestions.

4. **access**[ˈækses] *n.*

He is a man of difficult/easy **access**.

The only access to the farmhouse is **across** the fields.

have/gain access to

Students **have access to** the library during the vacation.

5. **accidental**[ˌæksi'dentl] *a.*

Our meeting was quite **accidental**.

6. **accommodation(s)**[əˌkɒmə'deɪʃən(s)] *n.*

Hotel **accommodation** was scarce during the Olympic Games.

These travellers found **accommodation** at moderate term.

7. **accompany**[ə'kʌmpəni] *v.*

He was **accompanied** by his secretary.

The Singer was **accompanied** at the piano by Mr. More.

8. **accomplish**[ə'kɒmplɪʃ] *v.*

We tried to settle the argument but **accomplished** nothing.

9. **accordance**[ə'kɔ:dəns] *n.*

Everything has been done in **accordance** with the rules.

in accordance with(见 accordance)

10. **accordingly**[ə'kɔ:dɪŋli] *ad.*

The weather has changed suddenly, and we must alter our plans for rush-harvesting **accordingly**.

Please inform us if you are not satisfied with the car, and we will act **accordingly**.

11. **account**[ə'kaʊnt] I *n.*

I opened an **account** with the People's Bank of China.

She gave him a full **account** of her conversation with the doctor.

II *v.*

He couldn't **account** for his absence from school.

Ⅱ滥用 虐待 谩骂

向人借钱是滥用友谊。

他一见到我就不停地谩骂。

1.学院的 学术的 学位

他天真地回忆起他上学的日子。

学年

2.腔调 口音 重音(符号)

她用悲泣的腔调向警察控诉我。

这个词的重音在第二个音节。

3.接受 验收 承认 认可

爱因斯坦的理论经过多年才被人们接受。

雇主同意了工人们的建议。

4.接近 进入 入口 通路 接近(或进入)的方法

他是个很难 容易 接近的人。

要到农舍去的唯一通路是穿过田间。

可以获得

学生假期中可以使用图书馆。

5.偶然的 意外的

我们的相遇十分偶然。

6.住宿 留宿 膳宿供应

奥运会期间，旅馆房间很难找。

旅客们感到那儿的膳宿费是公道的。

7.陪同 伴随 为……伴奏

他由秘书随行。

那位歌唱者由穆尔先生钢琴伴奏。

8.完成

我们试图解决争端 但没起什么作用。

9.一致

一切都是按照规则做的。

与……一致(见 *accordance*)

10.因此 从而 相应地 照着(办)

天气突然变了，因而我们必须改变抢收计划。

如果你对这辆汽车不满意 请通知我们 我们将照您的吩

咐办。

11. I 帐目 户)叙述 说明

我在中国人民银行开立了一个帐户。

她把她与医生的谈话都一五一十地告诉了他。

Ⅱ说明 解释

他不能说明缺席的原因。

on account of

I was thinking of going down to Richmond for a fortnight, **on account of** my health.

On account of holiday our store will be closed tomorrow.

take...into account

This is not a heavy stone, its size being **taken into account**.

1. **accumulate** [ə'kjʊmjuleit] *v.*

He quickly **accumulated** a large fortune.

A pile of work **accumulated** on his desk.

2. **accuracy** ['ækjʊrəsi] *n.*

There is need to check the **accuracy** of the report.

3. **accurate** ['ækjʊrɪt] *a.*

He is always **accurate** in what he says and does.

4. **accuse** [ə'kjʊz] *v.* (of)

The police **accused** him of stealing.

5. **accustomed** [ə'kʌstəmd] *a.*

He is **accustomed** to a simple way of living.

be accustomed to (见 **accustomed**)

6. **achieve** [ə'tʃi:v] *v.*

I've **achieved** only half of what I hoped to do.

They are capable of **achieving** this by stubborn and consistent work.

7. **acid** ['æsid] *I n.*

Acids react with bases to form salts.

II *a.* Vinegar has an **acid** taste.

8. **acquaintance** [ə'kweintəns] *n.*

Few of my **acquaintances** like him.

9. **acquire** [ə'kwəɪə] *v.*

It is sometimes possible for a student to master English grammar and **acquire** a large vocabulary, even without the help of a teacher.

Usually we can **acquire** the knowledge through experience.

10. **acre** ['eɪkə] *n.*

The grounds comprise six hundred and thirty-five **acres**.

11. **across** [ə'krɒs] *I prep.*

There is no bridge **across** the river.

My flat was just **across** the street.

II *ad.*

Can you swim **across**?

The man sawed the plank **across**.

因为 由于

因为健康原因，我正考虑南下里士满两个星期。

由于明天是假日，我们的商店停止营业。

考虑

从体积考虑，这不是一块很重的石头。

1. 积累 积蓄 堆积

他很快积蓄了一大笔财富。

一大堆工作堆积在他的办公桌上。

2. 准确 精确度

有必要核对一下报告的准确性。

3. 精确的 准确的

他说话做事都很精确。

4. 控告 谴责

警察指控他偷盗。

5. 惯常的 习惯的

他习惯于简朴的生活方式。

习惯于 (见 accustomed)

6. 完成 达到 达成 获得

我仅完成了我希望完成的一半。

他们能够依靠坚韧不拔的努力达到这一目标。

7. I 酸

酸和碱反应形成盐。

II 酸的

醋有酸味。

8. 熟人 相识

我的熟人中很少有人喜欢他。

9. 取得 获得 学到

有时候学生在没有老师的帮助下掌握英语语法和获得大量词汇是可能的。

通常我们可以从经验中学到知识。

10. 英亩

这院子占地英亩。

11. I 横越 穿过 在.....的对面 与...交叉

这条河上没桥。

我的公寓就在街道对面。

II 横过 穿过 横断

你能游到对岸去吗？

他把木板锯开。

1. **action**['ækʃən] *n.*
We must take **action** before it is too late.
Photographs are made possible by the **action** of light on film.
2. **activity**[æk'tiviti] *n.*
She has many **activities** that take up her time when she's not working.
When a man is over seventy, his time of full **activity** is usually past.
3. **adapt**[ə'dæpt] *v.*
When you go to a new country, you must **adapt** yourself to new manners and customs.
Novels are often **adapted** for the stage, television and radio.
4. **addition**[ə'dɪʃən] *n.*
This brought an **addition** of ¥10,000 to the original estimate.
They've just had an **addition** to the family.
5. **additional**[ə'dɪʃənl] *a.*
There is an **additional** charge for heavy bags.
It will take an **additional** two weeks to finish the work.
6. **adequate**['ædikwɪt] *a.*
Three pounds a week is not **adequate** to support a family.
They still have not come up with a solution **adequate** to the problem.
7. **adjective**['ædʒɪktɪv] I *n.*
a demonstrative **adjective**
a relative **adjective**
II *a.*
an **adjective** phrase
8. **administration**[əd'mɪnɪs'treɪʃən] *n.*
It has all along been under my **administration**.
These expenses are paid out directly by the **administration**.
9. **admission**[əd'mɪʃən] *n.*
Admission to the school is by examination only.
His **admission** of guilt surprised everyone.
10. **admit**[əd'mɪt] *v.*
He **admitted** having done wrong.
You must **admit** that the task is difficult.
11. **adult**['ædʌlt] I *n.*
Nobody is willing to be a dependent **adult**.
II *a.*
He is completely **adult**.

1. 行动 行为 动作 活动 ; (on 作用
我们必须采取行动 否则就太晚了。
照片是由于光线对感光软片发生作用而形成的。
2. 活动 活性 活力
她活动很多，把她的业余时间占满了。
当人活到七十岁以后，他的充满活力的时期通常都已过去了。
3. (to) 使 适应 适合 改编 改写
当你到一个新的国家时，你必须使你自己适应新的风俗习惯。
小说常被改编成剧本，电视和广播节目。
4. (增 加 加法 附加 物)
这使原来的估计增加了一万美元。
他们的家庭刚又增加一口人。
5. 附加的 另外的 额外的
重提包另收费。
还得再花两星期才能完成这项工作。
6. 足够的 充分的 恰当的
三镑一周不足以维持一个家庭。
他们还没有找到解决这个问题的适当的方法。
7. I 形容词
指示形容词
关系形容词
II 形容词的
形容词短语
8. 管理 经营 行政 机关 部门) 政府
这一直在我的管理之下。
这些开支直接由政府行政部门支付。
9. 允许进入 接纳 收容 承认
就读该校必须经过考试。
他供认犯了罪 使大家感到惊奇。
10. 让.....进入 接纳 承认
他承认做了错事。
你必须承认这项工作是很困难的。
11. I 成年 人
没有哪个成年人甘愿寄人篱下。
II 成年人的 已成熟的
他完全成年了。

1. **advanced**[əd'vɑːnst] *a.*
He is spending a year in **advanced** studies.
2. **advantage**[əd'vɑːntɪdʒ] *n.*
He had the **advantage** over other boys of being born into a rich family.
They obtained an important **advantage** from conducting scientific experiments.
3. **adventure**[əd'ventʃə] *n.*
A flight in an aircraft is no longer such an **adventure** as it used to be.
An **adventure** happened to him.
4. **adverb**['ædvərb] *n.*
a relative **adverb**
an interrogative **adverb**
5. **advisable**[əd'vaɪzəbl] *a.*
It is not absolutely necessary, but highly **advisable**.
6. **affect**[ə'fekt] *v.*
The economic crisis has seriously **affected** the country's exports.
All the people in the room were **affected** to tears.
7. **affection**[ə'fekʃən] *n.*
Every mother has **affection** for her children.
8. **afford**[ə'fɔːd] *v.*
We can't **afford** a holiday this summer.
This letter seemed to **afford** her peculiar satisfaction.
9. **afterwards**['ɑːftəwɜːdz] *ad.*
She had her supper and went to bed soon **afterwards**.
Four days **afterwards** they were on the Zenith train.
10. **agency**['eidʒənsi] *n.*
He found a job through an employment **agency**.
11. **agent**['eidʒənt] *n.*
Our **agent** in Rome deals with all our Italian business.
12. **aggressive**[ə'ɡresɪv] *a.*
The **aggressive** nature of imperialism will never change.
If you want to be a success in business, you must be **aggressive**.
13. **agreement**[ə'ɡriːmənt] *n.*
There is no **agreement** upon what should be done.
I'm sorry we could not come to an **agreement**.
14. **aid**[eɪd] *I v.*
She made no effort to **aid** Sophia.
We are determined to **aid** their struggle against violent repression.

1. 高级的 先进的 前进的
他正在花一年的时间进行深造。
2. 优点 长处 有利条件 利益 好处
他出生于有钱人家，所以比其他男孩子条件优越。
他们从进行科学实验中得到了巨大好处。
3. 冒险 惊险活动 奇遇
乘飞机已不再象以前那样是件冒险的事了。
他遇到了一件奇事。
4. 副词
关系副词
疑问副词
5. 可取的 适当的
这并非绝对必要 但却是非常可取的。
6. 影响 感动
经济危机已严重影响这个国家的出口。
屋子里所有的人都感动地流泪了。
7. 爱 慈爱 感情 影响
每个母亲都爱她的孩子们。
8. 担负得起 买得起 花得起 (时间) 供给 给予
今年夏天我们无力度假。
这封信似乎给予了她特别的满足。
9. 后来 以后
她吃过晚饭之后不久就睡觉了。
四天后 他们乘上了“天顶号”列车。
10. 代理 (处) 代办处
他经由职业介绍所找到了一份工作。
11. 代理商 (人) 代表
我们在罗马的代理商处理我们在意大利的一切事务。
12. 侵略的 好斗的 敢做敢为的 有进取心的
帝国主义的侵略本性是决不会改变的。
如果你想要生意成功，就一定要有闯劲。
13. 同意 一致 协定 协议
应该怎么办，大家没有一致的意见。
很遗憾我们不能达成协议。
14. I 援助 救援 帮助
她没有尽力去帮助索菲亚。
我们决心帮助他们抵抗暴力镇压的斗争。

II *n.*

He went to the **aid** of the hurt man.

A dictionary is an important **aid** in learning a new language.

1. **aircraft**['ækrɑ:ft] *n.*

An unidentified **aircraft** overflowed the island.

2. **airplane**['æplein]/**aeroplane**['æərəplein] *n.*

We are going to Beijing by **airplane**.

3. **airport**['eəpɔ:t] *n.*

All his colleagues went to see him off at the **airport**.

4. **alarm**[ə'la:m] I *n.*

The **alarm** was given for a fire.

He set the **alarm** to go off at 6.

Small **earthquakes** are so common here that people don't feel much **alarm** at them.

II *v.*

The idea somewhat **alarmed** his mother.

When the cold wave comes near, the weatherman **alarms** the residents.

5. **alcohol**['ælkəhɔ:l] *n.*

Alcohol is made from grain and molasses.

6. **alike**[ə'laik] *a.*

The houses in this row are just **alike**.

They are much **alike** in character.

7. **alloy**['æloi] *n.*

Brass is an **alloy** of copper with zinc.

8. **alphabet**['ælfəbit] *n.*

English **alphabet** has only 26 letters to represent more than 40 sounds.

9. **alter**['ɔ:ltə] *v.*

These clothes are too large; they must be **altered**.

10. **alternative**[ɔ:l'təmətiv] I *a.*

There are **alternative** answers to your question.

II *n.*

We have no **alternative** but to move.

11. **altitude**['æltitju:d] *n.*

The mountain has an **altitude** of 4,000 meters above sea level.

12. **aluminum**[ə'luminəm]/**aluminium**[æljə'miniəm] *n.*

Many cooking utensils are made of **aluminum**.

13. **amaze**[ə'meiz] *v.*

Visitors were **amazed** at the soaring drive of our shipbuilders.

Ⅱ援助 救护 助手 辅助物 辅助设备

他帮助那个受伤的人。

词典是学习新语言的重要工具。

1. 航空器, 飞机

一架国籍不明的飞机飞越小岛上空。

2. 飞机

我们将乘飞机去北京。

3. 机场 航空站

他所有的同事去机场为他送行。

4. I 警报 惊恐 惊慌

报的是火警。

他把闹钟定在六点钟。

这儿小地震是常见的事, 人们并不为此而大惊小怪。

Ⅱ使惊恐 惊动 惊吓 向……报警

这个想法使他母亲感到惊恐。

寒潮临近的时候, 气象员向居民发出警报。

5. 酒精 乙醇

酒精是用谷类或糖蜜制成的。

6. 相同的 相像的

这一排房子完全一样。

他们的性格很相似。

7. 合金

黄铜是铜和锌的合金。

8. 字母表

英语字母表只有 26 个字母 表示 40 多个语音。

9. 改变 变更

这些衣服太大, 必须加以修改。

10. I 两者挑一的

回答你的问题有两种可能的答案。

Ⅱ可选择的事物 替换物 选择对象

我们除了搬家外没有别的选择。

11. 高度 海拔

这座山高达海拔 4, 000 米。

12. 铝

许多炊具是用铝制造的。

13. 使惊奇 使惊愕 使惊叹

参观者对我国造船工人的冲天干劲感到惊奇。

It **amazed** me to hear that you were leaving.

1. **ambition**[æm'biʃən] *n.*

He keeps on working hard to achieve his great **ambitions**.

2. **ambulance**['æmbjuləns] *n.*

3. **amount**[ə'maunt] I *n.*

A large **amount** of money is spent on tobacco every year.

II *v.* (to)

Your words **amount** to a refusal.

4. **amuse**[ə'mju:z] *v.*

The boys **amused** themselves by drawing portraits of their teacher.

I was **amused** by a funny man.

5. **analysis**[ə'næləsis] *n.*

In this book Lenin gave a profound **analysis** of the political struggle inside the party.

6. **analytic(al)**[,ænə'litik(əl)] *a.*

A chess player must have an **analytical** mind.

7. **analyze/analyse**['ænəlaiz] *v.*

The teacher **analyzed** the long sentence.

8. **ancestor**['ænsistə] *n.*

The two families derived from a common **ancestor**.

9. **anchor**['æŋkə] I *n.*

The sailors cast **anchor** for the night.

II *v.*

We **anchored** at Seattle.

10. **ancient**['eɪnʃənt] *a.*

Archaeologists found the ruins of an **ancient** city.

11. **angle**['æŋɡl] *n.*

The two lines form an **angle** of 45°.

These plays mirror our society from various **angles**.

12. **ankle**['æŋkl] *n.*

I hurt my right **ankle** at high jump.

13. **annoy**[ə'nɔɪ] *v.*

His constant sniffing **annoys** me.

I hope you won't be **annoyed** by all my questions.

14. **annual**['ænjuəl] I *a.*

The **annual** report is to be sent by the end of next month.

II *n.*

The new **annual** has been published recently.

15. **ant**[ænt] *n.*

听到你要走的消息，我大吃一惊。

1. 雄心 野心

为了实现自己的雄心壮志，他努力工作，毫无松懈。

2. 救护车

3. I 数量 总额

每年在烟草上花费大量的金钱。

II 合计 总共达 等于

你这么说等于拒绝。

4. 逗……笑 给……以娱乐(消遣)

男孩子们画老师的像以取乐。

我被一个滑稽的人逗乐了。

5. 分析 分解

列宁在该书对党内政治斗争作了深刻的分析。

6. 分析的 分解的

棋手必须有分析头脑。

7. 分析 分解

老师分析了这句长句子。

8. 祖宗 祖先

这两家同宗。

9. I 锚

船员抛锚过夜。

II 抛锚 停泊

我们停泊在西雅图。

10. 古代的 古老的

考古学家们发现了一个古城遗址。

11. 角 角度,方面,观点

这两条线构成一个 45 度的角。

这些剧本从不同角度反映了我们的社会。

12. 踝

我跳高时伤了右踝。

13. 使烦恼 使生气 打搅

他不停地抽鼻子使我心烦。

我希望你不要为我所有的问题生气。

14. I 每年的 年度的

年度报告要在下月底前送交。

II 年刊 年签

新的年刊最近已出版。

15. 蚂 蚊

This animal eats **ants**.

1. **anticipate**[æn'tisipeit] *v.*

We are not **anticipating** trouble when the factory opens again.

Do you **anticipate** meeting any trouble?

2. **anxiety**[æŋ'zaiəti] *n.*

We waited with **anxiety** for news of her safe arrival.

After hearing their advice he had not more **anxieties**.

3. **anyhow**['enihaʊ] *ad.*

We managed to get what we wanted, **anyhow**.

I could not think of his name **anyhow**.

4. **anyway**['eniwei] = **anyhow** *ad.*

He may not like my visit, but I shall go and see him **anyway**.

5. **apart**[ə'pɑ:t] *ad.*

Apart from his nose he's quite good-looking.

You never see them **apart** these days.

The two buildings are three miles **apart**.

6. **apartment**[ə'pɑ:tmənt] *n.*

"Quite charming **apartments**!" Miss Stanley admired.

There is an **apartment** of four rooms for rent.

7. **apologize/apologise**[ə'pɒlədʒaiz] *v.* (to, for)

She **apologized** to her teacher for coming to school late.

Perhaps we ought both to **apologize** for it.

8. **apology**[ə'pɒlədʒi] *n.*

I must make an **apology** to your aunt for forgetting her birthday.

9. **apparatus**[ˌæpə'reitəs] *n.*

The television workers set up their **apparatus** ready to film.

10. **apparent**[ə'pærənt] *a.* (to)

Her anxiety was **apparent** to everyone.

Her **apparent** indifference made him even more nervous.

11. **appeal**[ə'pi:l] I *v.*

Her sense of humour **appealed** to him enormously.

She **appealed** to the high court against her sentence.

II *n.*

The citizens made an **appeal** to the Administrations for environmental pollution.

Not satisfied with the verdict they decided to make an **appeal**.

12. **appearance**[ə'piərəns] *n.*

The sudden **appearance** of a policeman caused the thief to run away.

Don't judge a person by **appearance**.

这种动物吃蚂蚁。

1. 预期 预料 预感 期望

工厂再次开工时，我们预料不会有麻烦。

你预料会有麻烦吗？

2. 挂念 焦虑 焦急 忧虑 渴望 热望

我们焦急地等待着她安全到达的消息。

听了他们的劝告以后，他不再感到忧虑了。

3. 不管怎样 无论如何 不论用何种方法

不管怎样，我们想方设法地得到了我们想要的东西。

我怎么也想不起他的名字了。

4. 无论如何

他可能不喜欢我的来访，但我无论如何得去看他。

5. (from) 除去 撇开 分开 分离 相距 相隔

他除了鼻子以外，哪儿都很好看。

他们近来形影不离。

这两幢楼相距三英里。

6. 英) 房间 套间 ; (美) 公寓

“多漂亮的房间啊！”斯坦利小姐赞叹道。

有四间一套的公寓住房供出租。

7. 道歉 认错

她因迟到而向老师道歉。

也许我们俩都应为此认错。

8. 道歉 歉意 认错

我把你婶婶的生日给忘了，我必须向她道歉。

9. 器械 设备 仪器 装置

电视工作者安装好器材准备拍摄。

10. 明显的 显而易见的 表面的 貌似似的

大家都看得出她焦虑不安。

她表面上若无其事反而使他更加紧张。

11. I (to) 呼吁 要求 ; (to) 对……有吸引力 申诉 上诉

她的幽默感把他强烈地吸引住了。

她不服判决而向高等法院上诉。

II (to) 呼吁 要求 吸引力 申诉 上诉

市民们就环境污染问题向政府发出呼吁。

他们不服判刑，决定上诉。

12. 出现 出场 露面 外表 外貌 外观

警察突然出现，小偷就逃跑了。

不要以貌取人。

1. **appetite**['æpɪtaɪt] *n.*

Don't eat anything that will spoil your **appetite** for dinner.

We need more books to satisfy the **appetite** of young people for literature.

2. **appliance**[ə'plaɪəns] *n.*

The kitchen is full of electrical **appliances**, eg. , a washing machine, dishwasher, liquidizer, etc.

3. **applicable**['æplɪkəbl] *a.* (to)

Yesterday's solutions are not always **applicable** to today's problems.

4. **application**[ˌæpli'keɪʃən] *n.*

I've made five **applications** for jobs, but got nothing.

The **application** of new scientific discoveries to industrial production methods usually make jobs easier to do.

5. **apply**[ə'plaɪ] *v.*

I've **applied** for a passport.

In this way they can better **apply** theory to practice.

6. **appoint**[ə'pɔɪnt] *v.*

It was suggested at the meeting that a committee of eleven be **appointed** to investigate it.

Let's **appoint** a day to have dinner together.

7. **appointment**[ə'pɔɪntmənt] *n.*

I have an **appointment** with the doctor.

The **appointment** of Mr. Bailey as superintendant of the hospital displeased everyone.

8. **appreciate**[ə'pri:ʃieɪt] *v.*

We greatly **appreciate** your timely help.

We can't fully **appreciate** foreign literature in translation.

9. **approach**[ə'prəʊtʃ] I *v.*

As we **approached** the village I saw a boy running toward us.

II *n.*

A new **approach** to the study of English has been introduced by them.

In our **approach** to problems we must listen attentively to the views of the masses.

10. **appropriate**[ə'prəʊpriət] *a.* (to)

His remarks were **appropriate** to the occasion.

His bright clothes were not **appropriate** for a funeral.

11. **approval**[ə'pru:vəl] *n.*

Don't lightly express your **approval** or disapproval.