

1.Ability 能力

A: **How many languages can you speak?** (001) 甲：你能讲几种语言？

B: **I can speak French and German.** (002) 乙：我会说法语和德语。

A: **How well can you speak them?** 甲：你说得怎样？

B: **I can speak German quite well, but I can't speak French very well.** (003) 乙：德语我讲得相当好，但法语不太好。

A: **Can you help me to translate the sentences into German now?** (004) 甲：你能帮我把这些句子译成德语吗？

B: **No, but I'll be able to tomorrow.** (005) 乙：现在不行，但明天可以。

DIALOGUE One

对话训练(一)

A: **Can you speak English?** 甲：你会说英语吗？

B: **Yes, I can. I speak it very well.** 乙：是的，我会，我讲得很好。

A: **Where did you learn it?** 甲：你在哪里学的？

B: **I lived in England when I was a child.** 乙：我小时候住在英格兰。

A: **What else can you speak?** 甲：还会别的语言吗？

B: **Well, I know a little Italian.** 乙：嗯，我还懂一点儿意大利语。

DIALOGUE Two

A: Most of our customers are foreigners.

How many foreign languages can you speak, Elizabeth?

B: Two. French and Spanish.

A: And how well can you speak them?

B: Well, French was my best subject at school. I can read and write it pretty well.

A: And how about your Spanish?

B: Well, it's not as good as my French. I can speak it reasonably well, but my written Spanish is not very good.

A: I see. Well, we have a lot of Spanish customers, but you wouldn't need to write any Spanish here.

B: In that case, I'm fit for the position, I think.

DIALOGUE Three

A: Can you help me now?

B: No, but I'll be able to tomorrow.

A: That'll be too late.

B: Why don't you ask Bill if he can help?

A: I did, but he wasn't able to either.

对话训练(二)

甲：我们的大多数顾客都是外国人。

伊丽莎白，你会几种外语呢？

乙：两种，法语和西班牙语。

甲：你讲得怎么样？

乙：嗯，法语是我在学校里学得最好的科目，读、写都很不错。

甲：你的西班牙语呢？

乙：嗯，不像法语那么好，我的口语不错，但笔头不太好。

甲：我明白了。我们有许多西班牙顾客，但在这里你不需要用西班牙语书写。

乙：那样的话，我觉得我适合这个职位。

对话训练(三)

甲：你现在能帮我吗？

乙：现在不行，明天可以。

甲：那就太晚了。

乙：你为什么不去问问比尔，看他能不能帮忙？

甲：我问了，他也不行。

Passage

短篇表达

Jane and Sally are friends. They are both married and they are very proud of their husbands. One day they met each other and they started talking about their husbands. According to Jane, her husband is big and strong and handsome. He is also very much of a sportsman. He can swim and ski, and he can play several ball games such as football, rugby and cricket. Sally's husband, however, seems to be just the opposite. He is physically neither big nor strong but he excels in intelligence. He is good at languages and can speak six languages, including French, German, Italian, Spanish, Arabic, and Japanese. Besides, he is much of a family man. He can cook, sew, and iron. Indeed, as Sally puts it, he is a good husband.

简和莎莉是朋友。她们都已经结婚了，并且为自己的丈夫而感到自豪。一天，她们见了面，开始谈论自己的丈夫。简说她丈夫高大、英俊。他也是一个有运动天赋的人。他会游泳、滑雪，还会几种球类运动，例如足球、橄榄球和棒球。而莎莉的丈夫呢，刚好相反，他身体既不高大也不强壮，但他很聪明。他擅长语言，能说六种不同语言，包括法语、德语、意大利语、西班牙语、阿拉伯语和日语。除此之外，他还是个家庭观念较强的人。他会做饭，缝纫、熨衣。事实上，正如莎莉所说，他是个好丈夫。

Expressions

同类归纳

1. *Can you ride a bike?* 1. 你会骑自行车吗？
2. *Will you be able to finish your work by noon?* 2. 中午以前你能把工作做完吗？
3. *Are you capable of painting beautiful pictures?* 3. 您能画美丽的图画吗？
4. *I can do it.* 4. 我能做这事。
5. *I know how to operate a computer.* 5. 我会操作计算机。
6. *It's not too difficult to climb up the* 6. 要爬上这棵树并不太难。

tree .

7. *I'm not too bad at telling stories .*

8. *I feel able to swim across the river .*

9. *I'm able to recite all Shakespeare's sonnets .*

10. *I'm afraid I can't cope with those troubles .*

7. 讲故事我还行。

8. 我觉得我能游过这条河。

9. 我能背诵莎士比亚全部十四行诗。

10. 恐怕我对付不了这些麻烦。

Notes

be able to 有主观上的能力，而 can 则表客观上能或否。

fit for the position 适合这个职业。

rugby 橄榄球

excel in sth. 在……方面擅长

cricket 棒球

Arabic 阿拉伯语

2. Advice 忠告

A: **I don't know how to adjust my life.**
(006) **Would you give me a piece of advice?** (007)

B: You look a bit pale, don't you?

A: Yes. I can't sleep well every night.

B: **You should get plenty of sleep.** (008)

A: I drink a lot of wine.

B: **If I were you, I wouldn't drink too much.** (009)

A: I often feel so tired.

B: **You'd better do some exercise every morning.** (010)

A: I sometimes find the shadow of death in front of me.

B: **Why do you worry about your future?**
You're very young and you'll make

甲：我不知道怎么调整我的生活。你能给我一些建议吗？

乙：你脸色看起来有点苍白，是不是？

甲：是的，我每天晚上都睡不好。

乙：你应该增加睡眠。

甲：我喝了许多酒。

乙：如果我是你的话，我不再多喝酒。

甲：我经常感到疲劳。

乙：你最好每天早上进行一下锻炼。

甲：有时，我觉得死亡的阴影就在前面。

乙：为什么你要为前途担忧呢？你还很年轻，你还要为我们的世界做

great contribution to the world. **I hope you take my advice.** (011)

DIALOGUE One

A: Hi, Joan. How are you?
B: Terrible.
A: What's wrong?
B: Someone robbed my apartment last week. The robber took \$ 550.
A: Oh, no! Did you call the police?
B: No.
A: Why not?
B: My English isn't very good. I didn't know what to say to them.
A: I'm going to give you some advice, Joan. If this happens again, you should call the police immediately. You should try to remember everything. You should explain everything to the police.

DIALOGUE Two

A: I'm afraid I've had a terrible row with my boss. What shall I do?
B: I think you'd better apologise.
A: Oh, but I can't. It wasn't my fault.
B: Maybe not, but I advise you to say it was your fault.

DIALOGUE Three

A: You're going to get into a lot of trou-

贡献。我希望你接受我的建议。

对话训练(一)

甲：嗨，琼，你好吗？
乙：很糟。
甲：怎么了？
乙：上周有人抢了我的公寓。劫匪抢走了 550 美元。
甲：哦，不！你报警了吗？
乙：没有。
甲：为什么不？
乙：我英语不好。不知道怎么和他们说。
甲：琼，我奉劝你，如果再发生这种事，你应该立即报警，努力记住每件事，并将一切告诉警察。

对话训练(二)

甲：恐怕我和老板吵得很厉害，怎么办呢？
乙：我想你最好道歉。
甲：但是 我做不到 不是我的错。
乙：也许，但我建议你承认是你的错。

对话训练(三)

甲：如果你那么做，会有很多麻烦。

ble if you do that.

B: What makes you say that?

C: I don't see anything wrong with what we're doing.

A: That's just the problem. In these kinds of things the trouble doesn't always appear at first.

B: But everything has been so easy!

C: Everything has gone as smooth as clock work—just like we planned.

A: That may be true. But if you were to do it, you would have trouble on the horizon.

C: You always say that.

B: Yeah. You never look at the positive side of things.

A: Okay. Have it your way, but don't say I didn't warn you.

DIALOGUE Four

A: Are you feeling better today, Bill?

B: Well, it's hard to say. I cough a lot in the evening.

A: You'd better give up smoking. It's bad for your health.

B: You're right. But you know it's hard to give up an old habit.

A: But you should make up your mind first.

B: You know I often have to work till late at night. I need something to keep me

乙：你为什么这么说？

丙：我不觉得我们做的有什么不妥。

甲：这正是个问题，在这种事情上，问题往往不先出现。

乙：但每件事都很容易。

丙：每件事都很顺利，和我们计划的一样。

甲：也许是这样，但如果你继续做，就将出现麻烦。

丙：你总那么说。

乙：是的，你总看不到事情积极的一面。

甲：好吧，照你们的想法做吧，不要说我没提醒你们。

对话训练（四）

甲：比尔，今天感觉好些了吗？

乙：嗯，很难说。我晚上咳嗽得厉害。

甲：你最好别抽烟了，对你的健康不利。

乙：你说得对，但你知道改变旧习惯是件很难的事。

甲：但你应先下定决心。

乙：你知道我经常工作到很晚，我需要保持清醒。

awake.

A: Why don't you go to bed and get up early? You'll have the same time for work.

B: Thank you for your advice. I'll try it.

DIALOGUE Five

A: I can't decide whether to go to university or to get a job.

B: Well, if I were you, I'd go on studying.

A: But I don't even know what to study.

B: If I had chance again, I'd major in English. You're good at language.

A: That's what my parents want me to do.

B: You should take their advice. They know what's best for you.

A: But my friends will have jobs and lots of fun while I spend all my time doing reading and writing.

B: But if you go to university, you'll still have time for fun.

A: Umm. What you say makes sense. But you know, I still have to ask my parents for pocket money and I hate to do so at this age.

B: And if you try to find a part-time job, you will have some money, too.

A: You're right. Thank you for the advice.

甲：为什么你不早睡早起呢？工作的时间是一样的。

乙：谢谢你的建议，我会试试。

对话训练（五）

甲：我不知道去上大学还是去工作。

乙：嗯，如果我是你，我就继续上学。

甲：但我都不知道学什么。

乙：如果再给我一次机会，我会选英语专业，你很擅长语言。

甲：那正是我父母想要我做的。

乙：你应该听他们的意见。他们知道什么对你是最好的。

甲：但我的朋友们都找工作了，他们有很多时间玩，而我要把时间花在读写上。

乙：如果上大学，也会有时间玩的。

甲：哦，你说的听起来挺有道理。但你知道，我还得向父母要零花钱，这个年龄了，我不喜欢再那么做。

乙：如果你找一份兼职的话，你也会挣些钱。

甲：你说得对，谢谢你的建议。

Passage

Most Americans don't like to get advice from members of their families. When they need advice, they don't usually ask people they know. Instead many Americans write letters to newspapers and magazines which give advice on many different subjects, including family problems, sex, the use of language, health, cooking, children care, clothes and how to buy a house or a car.

Two of the most famous writers of advice are women without special training for this kind of work. Experience is their preparation for giving advice. There's one writer who has not lived long enough to have much experience. She is a girl, who started writing advice for newspaper readers at the age of ten. Her advice to young readers now appears regularly in the column called "Dear Angel".

Expressions

1. *Could you give me some advice on how to make up for the time I've lost?*
2. *I'd like your advice about my research.*
3. *What would you advise?*
4. *What would you do if you were in my*

短篇表达

大多数的美国人都不愿意向家人寻求建议。当他们需要建议时，他们通常不问自己认识的人。相反，许多美国人会给报纸和杂志写信。这些刊物通常包括许多不同的方面 家庭问题、性问题、语言的使用、健康、烹饪、照顾孩子、服饰 以及怎样买房子和车。

最著名的两位建议专栏的作家是两位没有经过特殊培训的女士。她们的忠告来自于经历。有一位作家，还没有积累更多的经验。她是一个女孩，她从十岁的时候就给别人写建议了。她给年轻的读者写建议，她的专栏按期出现 叫做“亲爱的安琪儿”。

同类归纳

1. 你给我说说怎样才能弥补损失的时间好吗？
2. 我想请你对我的研究提些意见。
3. 你看怎么办？
4. 你要是处在我的地位会怎么办？

shoes?

5. *I would appreciate your advice.* 5. 如能得到您的指点 我将十分感激。
6. *I think you should go on a diet.* 6. 我看你应该节食。
7. *It might be a good idea if you got a part-time job.* 7. 你如果找一个零工做做倒不错。
8. *I advise you to see a doctor.* 8. 我劝你去看看医生。
9. *I advise you not to look down upon him.* 9. 我劝你不要小看他。
10. *I don't think you should keep silent.* 10. 我认为你不应该保持沉默。

Notes

adjust 调整

contribution 贡献

on the horizon 出现, horizon 地平线

make sense 有意义, 有道理

shadow 影子

row 吵架

positive side 积极的一面

column 专栏

3. Agreement and Disagreement

同意与不同意

A: What do you think of the new television channel? Aren't the programs awful?

B: **I quite agree with you.** (012) They're terrible. They're complete waste of time. **But my wife disagrees with me.** (013)

A: Actually, what bothers me is the violence. There are far too many detective and police shows.

B: **I couldn't agree with you more.** (014) There aren't enough educational programs. And even the news shows

甲: 你觉得这个新电视频道怎么样? 节目是不是很糟?

乙: 我很同意你的说法, 很差, 完全是在浪费时间, 但我妻子不同意我的观点。

甲: 让我烦的是暴力。有太多侦探及警匪片。

乙: 我非常赞同, 教育节目太少, 甚至新闻做得都不好。

are not well done.

A: **You're absolutely right.** (015)
They're too brief. They don't tell you anything.

DIALOGUE One

A: What a great weekend that was!
B: My feelings exactly.
A: I really enjoy the beach in the summer.
B: I couldn't agree with you more.
A: We should come here more often.
B: You're absolutely right.
A: I'd like to come back next weekend.
B: That's exactly the way I feel.

DIALOGUE Two

A: China will finally become a superpower in my opinion. What do you think?
B: I'm afraid I can't agree with you. Chinese leaders have already said China will never be a superpower.
A: But things will change, you know.
B: Other countries may, but I don't believe China will.

DIALOGUE Three

A: I thought that quite a good film, didn't you?
B: Yes, I did.
A: It's one of the best that have come out

甲：完全正确，新闻太短了，什么也没说。

对话训练（一）

甲：多棒的周末呀！
乙：我也有同感。
甲：我喜欢夏日的海滩。
乙：再同意不过了。
甲：我们应该经常来。
乙：非常正确。
甲：下周末我们再来吧。
乙：这正是我想说的。

对话训练（二）

甲：在我看来，中国一定会成为超级大国，你认为呢？
乙：我并不赞同，中国领导人说中国将永远不会成为一个超级大国。
甲：但你知道，事情会变的。
乙：其他国家也许会，但我觉得中国不会。

对话训练（三）

甲：我觉得那是部不错的电影，是不是？
乙：我同意。
甲：我认为是今年电影中最好的。

this year, I think.

B: I quite agree with you.

DIALOGUE Four

A: Did you go to the movie yesterday?

B: Yes, I did.

A: What do you think of it?

B: I don't think much of the film.

A: I think it is the worst one I have ever seen.

B: Oh, I'm not sure I agree with you. It was not a good one, but it was not the worst one. Actually, it wasn't too bad.

A: I can't think the same.

B: What's more, some scenes were good, much fit for the children.

A: I couldn't agree with you.

DIALOGUE Five

A: Why do you want to spend your summer days in a mountain village?

B: I think a mountain village is splendid.

A: I don't agree with you. It's too small to live.

B: It has fresh air, and it is nicer than a big town.

A: I disagree. A big town is more lively.

B: But I like a small mountain village, the big town is noisy. How charming it is when walking along the hill!

乙 我非常赞同。

对话训练 (四)

甲：你昨天去看电影了？

乙：是的。

甲：你觉得怎么样？

乙：我觉得不怎么样。

甲：我觉得是我看过的电影中最差的。

乙：哦，我想我不同意你的看法，它不算好，但也不是最坏的，事实上，还不太差。

甲：我不这样想。

乙：而且，有些地方还不错，更适合孩子。

甲：我很难赞同。

对话训练 (五)

甲：为什么你要在山村里过暑假呢？

乙：我觉得山村棒极了。

甲：我不同意，住起来太小了。

乙：有新鲜空气，还比大城市美丽。

甲：我不同意，大城市更充满活力。

乙：但我喜欢小山村，大城市太吵。在山上散步，多美妙呀。

A: Well, all right. I agree with you about that. But I still prefer a big town.

甲：嗯，好吧，这点我同意，但我仍然更喜欢大城市。

Passage

My colleague thinks the government should give all students a weekly wage. I'm not sure I agree with him. Some students would want to be students for the whole of their life. However, My colleague doesn't think so. He said that he doesn't mean a high wage—just an allowance. I don't think it would be a good idea. I think it would be better for the government to give students an interest-free loan. That's what they do in Sweden. Then my colleague agrees with me. He thinks it sounds like quite a good idea. The students can pay it back in ten years.

短篇表达

我的同事认为政府应该给学生们发周薪。我不太赞同那样的想法。如果那样，一些学生就会想做一辈子学生。然而，我的同事不这样认为，他说不是高工资——只是生活费，我不认为那是个好主意，我觉得政府向学生提供无息贷款更好些。瑞典就是这样。这样我的同事就和我意见一致了。他认为这听来是个好主意，学生们可以在10年后偿还。

Expressions

同类归纳

1. Don't you agree?
 2. Can I ask if you agree with his argument?
 3. I wonder if you would agree money doesn't mean happiness.
 4. You don't disagree, do you?
 5. I absolutely agree.
 6. I suppose so.
 7. Oh, I agree entirely.
 8. I agree in principle, but our emotions exist anyway.
1. 你不同意吗？
 2. 请问你是否同意他的论点？
 3. 不知您是否同意金钱并不就是幸福？
 4. 您不是不同意，对吧？
 5. 我绝对同意。
 6. 我看是这样。
 7. 哦，我完全同意。
 8. 原则上我同意，但不管怎么说我们的情感是存在的。

9. *I don't think so.*

9. 我不这么认为。

10. *I think you're absolutely wrong.*

10. 我认为你绝对错了。

Notes

channel 频道

violence 暴力

detective 侦探

superpower 超级大国

splendid 辉煌的, 极好的

charming 迷人的, 吸引人的

allowance 津贴

interest-free loan 无息贷款

4. Annoyance 恼怒

A: Flight BE 407 to Paris is delayed. Will passengers please wait in the lounge.

甲: 飞往巴黎的 BE 407 次航班延迟, 请乘客们在休息室中等待。

B: Oh, how annoying! (016)

乙 唉呀 真气人!

A: The time of departure will be announced as soon as possible.

甲: 起飞的时间将会尽早通知。

B: What a nuisance! (017)

乙: 真讨厌!

C: I'm always annoyed at the delay. (018)

丙: 我对晚点总是很恼怒。

B: It really makes me mad. (019)

乙: 这真叫我恼火。

DIALOGUE One

对话训练(一)

A: I'm very annoyed at your disobedience.

甲: 你不听话让我太生气了

B: But Mum, I didn't mess it up.

乙: 但是妈妈, 我并没把事情弄糟呀。

A: You should have asked for my opinion before you did it.

甲: 你应该在做之前问一下我的意见。

B: Sorry, Mum. I won't do it again.

乙 对不起 妈妈。我不要再那么做了。

A: You'd better remember your promise.

甲: 你最好记住你的诺言。

DIALOGUE Two

对话训练(二)

A: Mr. Smith is really a thorough drag.

甲: 史密斯先生真是个累赘。

B: What is it?
A: His endless talking about stocks almost bores me to death.
B: Don't you like to know anything about stocks?
A: I'm not at all keen on this subject.

DIALOGUE Three

A: Bob, put on your shoes! Your feet are really smelly.
B: No foot gives out scent.
A: But don't forget you're in a cafe.
B: Never mind. The odor of my feet will quicken their eating speed.
A: I simply can't bear your barbaric behavior.
B: Don't pretend that you're a good god.
A: You should feel shameful for your behavior.
B: I've never experienced such a kind of feeling.
A: I'm really sick of you.

DIALOGUE Four

A: Did you hear about Henry?
B: No, what happened?
A: He's really upset. He didn't get accepted to any of the colleges he really wanted to go to.
B: Why not? His grades were so good.
A: I think his applications were received too late for the fall semester.

DIALOGUE Five

A: What do you think you're doing?

乙: 怎么了?
甲: 他永不停止地谈着股票, 我都要让他烦死了。
乙: 你不愿意了解一些关于股票的事情吗?
甲: 我对它根本毫无兴趣。

对话训练 (三)

甲: 鲍勃, 穿上鞋子! 你的脚太难闻了。
乙: 谁脚也不会散发香味的。
甲: 但别忘了你是在餐厅里。
乙: 没关系。我脚上的气味有助于加快他们的进食速度。
甲: 我无法忍受你这种野蛮的行为。
乙: 别假装是个圣人。
甲: 你应该为自己的行为感到羞愧。
乙: 我从来没有羞愧这种感觉。
甲: 我太讨厌你了。

对话训练 (四)

甲: 你听说关于亨利的事了吗?
乙: 没有, 怎么了?
甲: 他很心烦, 他没有被他想去的任何一所大学录取。
乙: 为什么呀? 他的成绩很好呀。
甲: 我觉得对于秋季学期来说, 那些学校收到他的申请太晚了。

对话训练 (五)

甲: 你认为你在做什么?

B: I'm just getting myself some milk.

A: How dare you! You've no right to help yourself. I'll have none left for the morning.

DIALOGUE Six

A: You don't seem to like Beijing Opera very much.

B: To tell you the truth, it really turns me off.

A: Same feeling here.

B: To me it's just like listening to a language completely unknown.

乙：我只是在拿点牛奶喝。

甲：你怎么敢这么做！你没有权力自己拿东西。我明天早上就没什么吃的了。

对话训练（六）

甲：你好像不太喜欢京剧。

乙：说实话，它让我感到厌烦。

甲：我也有这种感觉。

乙：对我来说，京剧就像是一门完全不懂的语言。

Passage

A doctor who worked in a village was very annoyed because many people used to stop him in the street and ask for his advice. In this way, he was never paid for his services, and he never managed to earn much money. He made up his mind to put an end to this. One day, he was stopped by a young man who said to him, "Oh, doctor, I'm so glad to see you. I've got a severe pain in my left side." The doctor pretended to be interested and said, "Shut your eyes and stick your tongue out of your mouth." Then he went away, leaving the man standing in the street with his tongue hanging out... and a large crowd of people laughing at him.

短篇表达

有一个在山村工作的医生感到非常烦心，因为在街上，许多人都会叫住他，向他请教。以这种方式，他的服务从来也得不到报酬。他从未设法赚到很多钱。他下定决心，要结束这种局面。一天，他又被一个年轻人叫住，对他说：“唉呀，医生，见到你真是太好了，我身体的左边痛得很厉害。”这位医生就假装很感兴趣的样子，说：“闭上眼睛，然后把舌头伸出来。”然后他就走了，留下那个人站在街上，伸着舌头……有成群的人在笑话他。

Expressions

1. Don't talk to me about that fellow.

同类归纳

1. 别跟我谈起那个家伙。

- | | |
|--|---------------|
| 2. <i>His indifference irritates me.</i> | 2 他漠不关心,叫我恼火。 |
| 3. <i>I really hate being kept waiting.</i> | 3.我实在讨厌让我等着。 |
| 4. <i>Impossible! That is too much.</i> | 4.办不到,这太过分了。 |
| 5. <i>Isn't that annoying!</i> | 5.真叫人恼火! |
| 6. <i>It makes me sick the way they laugh.</i> | 6.他们笑的样子叫我恶心。 |
| 7. <i>That's a bore!</i> | 7.真讨厌! |
| 8. <i>Yuck? my luck!</i> | 8.真倒霉! |
| 9. <i>Oh, damn!</i> | 9.哦,该死! |
| 10. <i>What a fool!</i> | 10.真蠢! |

Notes

lounge 大厅,休息室

disobedience 不服从,不听话

mess up 弄糟

stock 股票

how annoying, what a nuisance 都可以用来表达对一件事的不满。

如果你不喜欢某人,可以说“sb. is really a thorough drag.”如果一件事让你心烦的话,可以说“*It almost bores me to death.*”

scent 香味

odor 味道

barbaric 野蛮的 粗鲁的

good god 圣人

it turns me off 它使我厌烦

put an end to sth. 结束某事

stick...out of 伸出.....

hang out 悬挂

5. Apology 道歉

- | | |
|---|---------------------------|
| A: You didn't ring me last night. You said you would. | 甲:你说昨天晚上要给我打电话,但你没有。 |
| B: I'm sorry to have made you disappointed. (020) | 乙:对不起,叫你失望了。 |
| A: That's all right, (021) but why were you so rude to me at lunch? | 甲:没关系,但吃午饭的时候你为什么对我那么粗鲁? |
| B: Was I? Sorry, I didn't mean to be. (022) I do apologize. (023) | 乙:我那样了吗?抱歉,我不是故意的。我真的很抱歉。 |
| A: And why are you yawning now? Are you bored? | 甲:你怎么打哈欠了?你烦了吗? |

B: Forgive me, darling. I'm very tired. (024)

DIALOGUE One

A: Hi, Jenny, are you still working?
B: Hi, Nancy. Come in please. I'm just putting away all my books.
A: So you are leaving, aren't you?
B: Yes, I'm going to take a holiday tomorrow.
A: How nice! I can see, you're busy packing. I'm sorry to interrupt you.
B: That's all right. I've almost finished. Do you need my help?
A: Yes. Could you please go over this for me and see if there's any mistake in it?
B: All right. I'll read it soon.
A: Excuse me for taking your time.
B: Oh, it's nothing, Nancy.

DIALOGUE Two

A: What? How could you forget to reserve the concert tickets?
B: I'm sorry. I forgot all about it.
A: How could you? I reminded you just this morning.
B: It slipped my mind. I really feel terrible about it.
A: I've been looking forward to this performance all month.

乙：原谅我，亲爱的，我太累了。

对话训练（一）

甲：嗨，珍妮，你还在干活吗？
乙：嗨，南希，请进。我在收拾书。
甲：你要走了，是不是？
乙：是的，我明天要出去度假。
甲：多好啊！我能看得出来，你在忙着收拾东西。很抱歉打扰了你。
乙：没什么。我快完了，你有事要我帮忙吗？
甲：是的，你能不能帮我看一下这个，看看有没有错误？
乙：可以，我会尽快看的。
甲：请原谅，我耽搁你了。
乙：哦，没什么，南希。

对话训练（二）

甲：什么？你怎么能忘了去订音乐会的票呢？
乙：对不起，我忘得一干二净。
甲：你怎么能这样？今天早上我还提醒你了。
乙：我脑袋里一点印象都没有。我真的觉得很抱歉。
甲：我一整个月都在盼望着看这场演出。