



袁浩英语·谜语九连环篇

——中小学新课改英语补充材料

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前言

由于应试教育的弊端,把原本活生生的英语在中小学的课堂上变成了枯燥的、乏味的、僵死的东西。没完没了的讲解,没完没了的分析,没完没了的做题,没完没了的背默,没完没了的考试……其结果,使学生望单词而惆怅,望语法而兴叹。在中小学学生们的眼里,英语,犹如“鸡肋”——弃之不舍,食之无味。

新课改宛若一场适时的春雨,给中小学英语教学带来无限希望和勃勃生机。我们这套中小学新课改英语补充材料(《乐学七巧板》《英美万花筒》《歌谣八音盒》《哈哈开心果》《故事龙门阵》《谜语九连环》)恰似英语新课改百花园中的一丛小草,她将用“绿”衬托这花的世界更加璀璨烂漫。

兴趣是最好的老师。培养学生对所学课程的兴趣,是学业入门的“第一课”。兴趣是“减负”的“灵丹妙药”,是“心累”的“释放渠道”,是通往知识殿堂的桥梁通衢。兴趣的培养,从某种意义上说,是为学习的“列车”铺设“基轨”,学生有了对学习的兴趣,达到目标也就指日可待了。

基于这种理念,我们用心编写了这套书,她绝对区别于充斥书肆的所谓“题海宝典”、“模拟训练”。她以培养学生英语兴趣为基点,突出了趣味性、娱乐性、生活化和自然的回归,使学生在乐中读、乐中说、乐中讲、乐中听、乐中做、乐中学,最终在不知不觉中“玩”出自信,“玩”出好成绩。也就是说,打破知识“填鸭式”教育的樊笼,解脱禁锢学生在知识海洋中自由遨游的枷锁,寓学于乐,把兴趣作为学生们获取知识的催化剂,是本书的一大特点。这套书的另一特色还在于她以现行中小学英语教材为选材参考,以“课标”为依据,英汉对照,图文并茂;选材广泛,短小精悍;亦谐亦趣,想看乐读,少则一分钟,多则五六分钟即可读它一篇,既省时省力又益心益智。她既可作为新课改的辅助材料补充于课堂之上,又可作为学生的自娱自乐读物学习于课余饭后。可以这样说,

这套书是一种别开生面的多功能、多维度、多样化、多层面地将英语语言、语言知识、语言技能有机地与乐与趣相结合,使学生开启心智,展现才能,动脑动手,减压减负的好材料。她势必如磁石般地吸引住孩子们的眼球,使他们在爱不释手中,在“润物细无声”中学到真知。总之,她是一套不可多得的英语好读物。

快乐学英语,“玩”出好成绩,是我们新课改的科研课题。这套书就是这一课题的成果结晶之一。既曰科研,自然包含探索、实验的成分,勿庸讳言,书中肯定有不尽人意之处。我们诚恳希望英语大家及读者朋友们能对此书提出宝贵意见,以便我们在再版中修正。

袁 浩

二〇〇四年冬于望海书屋

主编简介

袁浩,大学教授,编审,从事外语教育和编辑工作近40年。中国教育学会会员、外语专业委员会理事、中国中小学外语报刊研究会首任会长。先后担任《中学生学习报》、《学英语报》、《今日英语报》、《中学英语指导》、《中学英语读写》等多家报刊社总编或主编。其传略被海内外60余家名人名典所收录。



教学编辑之余,勤于笔耕,著述甚丰,在全国20余家出版社出版英文专著、编著、译著、合著80余部(本)近3千万字,先后有4本书在全国获奖。其中《汉英心理学辞典》填补了我国在这一领域的空白。其代表作有《实用英汉技术辞典》、《当代英汉分类双解用法词典》、《英语说话艺术和写作技巧》、《英美背景知识》等。此外,在全国大学学报及英文核心期刊发表英文学术论文50余篇,其中5篇获奖,1篇被美国哲学学会图书馆收藏;发表英文教辅类文章数千篇,并在《人民日报》、《光明日报》、《长江文艺》等中文报刊发表诗歌、散文、评论、文艺随笔数十篇。

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谜语九连环篇



一、Riddles (猜猜看)



I. 有关英文字母的谜语

1. Which letter is the most useful to a deaf woman?



2. Why is the letter A like twelve o'clock?



3. Which letter makes her hear?



4. What letter is an insect (昆虫)?



5. Why is the letter B like fire?





English

谜语九连环

谜语游戏

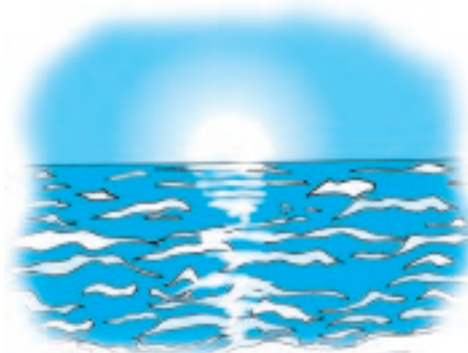
6. What does the letter B do for boys as they grow up?



7. Which letter goes all round an island?



8. What letter is a large body of water?



9. What letter in the alphabet can travel the greatest distance?



10. What is the most important thing in the world?





11. What is that which is seen twice in “every day” and four times in “every week”? yet only once in “a year”?



12. Why is the letter F like a cow’s tail?



13. What is the end of everything?



14. Why is the letter G like the sun?



15. What letter is a part of the face?



16. What changes a pearl into a pear?





17. What part of London is in France?



18. What letter is an exclamation of surprise?



19. In what way are the letter O and E nearly kept house alike?



20. What letter is a kind of vegetable?



21. Why is a false friend like the letter P?



22. What letter is like a false friend?



23. What letter is a line?

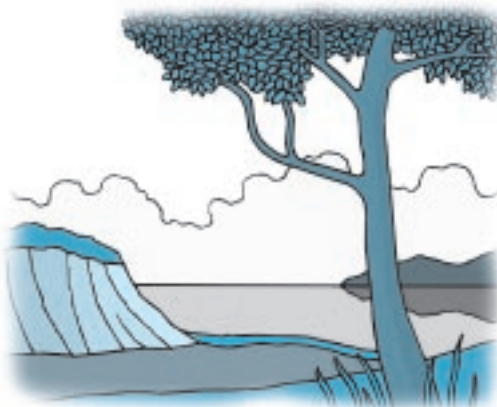


24. Why is a sewing machine like letter S?



25. What letter is like an island?

26. Why is the letter T like an island?



27. What letter is a drink?

28. Which letter is the difference between here and there?





29. Why is U the happiest letter?



30. What letter is neither I nor he?



II. 有关单词的谜语

1. Which moves faster, heat or cold?



2. What word is always pronounced right?



3. What colours would you paint the sun and the wind?



4. What time is the same spelled backward or forward?





5. What begins with T, ends with T
and is full of "T"?



6. How can you change a lady into
a boy?



7. This is the name of a day.
There are six letters in it.
The third letter is N.
But there is no S in it.
What day is it?



8. What word in the English
language has no vowels?



9. What is that which you can keep
even after you have given it to
someone else?



10. What is the coldest place in a
theater?





English

谜语九连环

谜语游戏

11. What five-letter word can lose four without changing its sound?



13. What key is the hardest to turn?



15. What room can no one enter?



12. What kind of sense has no meaning?



14. Name a carpenter's tool you can spell forward and backward in the same way.



16. What kind of nation is the goal of all travelers?





17. Which is the longest word in the English language?



III. 有关数词的谜语

1. From what number can you take half and leave nothing?



2. How can you prove that twice ten is the same as twice eleven?



3. What three different numbers give the same result when they are added as when they are multiplied?



4. Place a familiar mathematical symbol between the numbers 4 and 5 to express a number greater than 4 and less than 5.





English

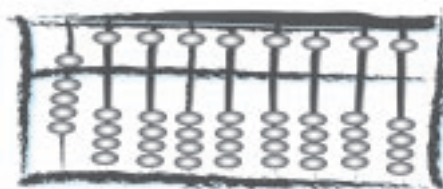
谜语九连环

谜语游戏

5. Write 55 using only five fours.



6. Using three nines, write an expression that equals 9.



7. Can 11 and 2 make 1?



8. What is the difference between twice twenty-five and twice five and twenty?



9. Can you take 1 from 19 and get 20?



10. Arrange 1...9 in a square so that every row, column and diagonal has the same sum.





11. In an old box are six oranges. It is required to divide these among six boys in such a way as to leave one orange in the box. How can this be done without cutting the oranges?



12. It has five letters. It has six left if you take two letters away.



13. If two cats are before a cat and two cats are behind a cat, and a cat is in the middle, how many cats are there in all, and to arrange them?

