

最新中考能力训练

英语综合试题分类精选

(第 2 版)

本书编写组

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内 容 提 要

本书从近年中考中选取词汇、语法、完形和写作试题汇编成册,分成选择题、补全对话、填空等八章,每套标明测试时间,供考生应试前练习之用。本册主体是根据中学教育较发达地区水平编成的,书后附有参考答案。

再版前言

这套《最新中考能力训练——试题分类精选》几乎可以说是初中生的必备书。学生认真做一下今年的中考题,对于参加明年的中考就会大有帮助。这首先是因为考题都是精心设计的,知识点和难点覆盖面广、分布科学;其次这些考题的解答步骤对于了解和掌握命题规律很有帮助。目前市场上的这类书虽然不少,却大多采用‘原卷照录’的模式,这种模式实际上并不很适合学生课堂使用和平日复习,其原因有以下几个方面。

第一,中考命题有地方性,由于各地教育水平差异很大,某一地区的中考题对于另一地区来说可能并不很适用,照单全收式的练习,常常会事倍功半;第二,中考试卷中都含有一定比例的基础题(或称‘送分题’),在平时的练习中不具有实际价值;第三,对于重要的知识点,很多题目都会考,因此,各套考题之间会有‘撞车’。再加上,中考都是100~120分钟的考试时间,而平时的教学安排中很难安排这样的课堂时间,因此‘原卷照录’的模式不利于教师组织学生有计划、高效率地复习,也不利于学生进行针对性的练习。

针对上述问题,本书编者在采访了众多教师的情况下,以分类汇编的模式推出了本套书。这套书有效地解决了‘原卷照录’模式的不足。为了对参加中考的学生提供实效性、高水平的练习,我们在选材上更多地注意收集沿海地区的考题。考虑到近几年中考各科分值的变化,我们在总体容量上适当做了调整,其中语文3册,英语2册,数学3册,其余物理、化学各1册。相信这套经过精心编排和认真筛选的版本会成为中学生复习迎考的首选。

这套丛书于2002年年底初版,不久便售罄。为了在再版时能进一步提高质量,编者组织了沪上著名中学教育家过传忠、陈永明、冯大雄等对丛书进行进一步策划,并在上海交大实验学校、黄浦区某学校的部分班级实验使用,得到了明显的效果。在专家指导、经验总结的基础上,编者淘汰了2001年的大部分题目,而从2003年中考试题中遴选新的试题补充进丛书,使得丛书更有时代性。编者真诚地希望这套丛书能给参加2004年中考的学生带来福音。

本丛书由刘弢、吕春昕主编,参加编写的人员还有:刁洪涛、杨翠萍、武秀梅、王增祺、李宏宇、刘剑等。为了使下一版有更好的效果,编者希望使用这套丛书的学生和教师将自己的建议、心得以及批评、意见告诉编者,建议和批评请寄送电子信箱 ghzhang@sjtu.edu.cn。

编者

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第一章 怎样做好英语试题？

这里要讲解的是中考中除阅读理解、听力以外的其他题型的解法和技巧。

单项选择

单项选择是考查语法的基本题型，题目可能涉及冠词、名词、动词、数词、代词、形容词和副词等所有词性的词，其中考动词居多，要求考生根据语法知识在给出的选项中进行选择。例如：

Uncle Wang is _____ man that he always helps others.

A. such friend of B. such a friendly C. such friendly a D. such friendly

正确的选项是 B。从题目看王叔叔是一个总是帮助别人的人，选项表明填 friend 或 friendly。friend 是名词，显然不合适，由于 man 需要带一个冠词，所以 D 不合适。而从英语词序讲，such a man 是一种固定结构，形容词要紧跟名词，所以选 B。但如果平时对句子和词序等知识有较多的积累，在考试现场就无需进行这样的分析。

补全对话

补全对话是从给出的一些句子中选取合适的填入对话中的空格。选择的主要依据是句子的意思和对话的进展开，考查语言的交际功能和一般的日常对话。例如给出的句子中有 A. May I help you ? B. So am I. 前句一般是服务人员和被服务者见面时第一句，而后句的意思是‘我和你一样。’是一个人说如何如何，另一个说我也一样，所以总是跟在另一句之后的。

单词填空

单词填空是给出一些单词，要求根据句子的意思选择单词，再决定填入空格时应该采用的时态；也有直接给出单词，要求选择正确形式填空的。在需要进行选择的问题中，总是先决定要填词的词性，然后在同样词性的词中选择意思合适的单词，再确定时态和语态。例如给出的单词是 hour, twelve, it, long, China, win, hard, 句子是

December is the _____ month of the year.

填入 the 和 month 之间最可能的是形容词，但是这里的 hard, long 都意思不对，所以转向数字 twelve，意思是对的，但是要填入序数，所以变化成 twelfth。当然像这样简单的句子，也可以直接根据意思‘12 月是一年中的什么月’，直接选定 twelve。

综合填空

综合填空是填空题中比较困难的题型。多数是指定要填入单词的第一个字母，这是一个比较高的要求，不但要理解句子的正确意思，而且要想得起这个要填的单词。例如

“How long will I have to be on the diet?” asked Frank.

“A long time,” said the doctor. “Maybe the r _____ of your life.”

句中 Frank 问他的减肥要多久，医生说要一个很长的时间，紧跟着的一句肯定是描述长时间的，最长的可能是终生，在英语中用一生中剩余的时间，指定的 r，所以填 rest。由此可以看出在填写过程中，联系上下文正确理解文章表达的意思是关键。

完形填空

完形填空是目前英语考试普遍采用的题型。题目给出一段带有空格的文字以及针对空格的选项,要求从选项中选出正确答案。这些选项可能是相同词性的或拼写相近的词,或者是同一个词不同的形式,或者几个意思相近的词。做完型填空的一般步骤是,先读文章,大致看懂文章的内容,然后再逐个填空。在中考中完形填空采用的文章多数是记叙文,在了解了文章在讲什么事之后,容易根据上下文决定填写的内容。例如 2002 年南京的一个试题是介绍英国剑桥大学的。第一段如下:

“Where is the university?” This is a question that many visitors to Cambridge ask. But no one can give them a 1 answer, for there is no wall to be found 2 the university. The university is the city. You can find classroom buildings, 3, museums and offices of the university all over the city. And most of its members are the students and 4 of the thirty-one colleges.

- | | | | |
|---------------|------------|------------|--------------|
| 1. A. true | B. clear | C. right | D. real |
| 2. A. round | B. in | C. near | D. by |
| 3. A. cinemas | B. parks | C. zoos | D. libraries |
| 4. A. parents | B. farmers | C. workers | D. teachers |

空格 1 所在的这一句的意思是‘没有人能给出一个(?)回答’。下面说到大学没有围墙,整个城市都是大学等, B 是最好的答案。可能有人会选 C, 但是‘正确的回答’要用 correct。围墙是将大学包围起来的,表达包围的介词是 A。3 要填写与 classroom building, museum 和 office 并列的名词,大学里应该有图书馆和实验室,选项中 D 合适。最后一个选项问大学里的成员,除了学生,自然主要是教师了。综观这些选项,正确的回答都是基于‘在介绍一所大学’出发的,因此,读懂文章的大意是答题的关键。

书面表达

书面表达是综合检查文字应用能力的一种最有效的形式。中考英文书面表达都以记叙为主,题目中给出要写的内容,要求单词数在 100 左右。因此几乎用不到审题,只要根据提供的主要内容,将它们串联起来,注意用词和语法正确就可以了。背出一些范文是做好中考书面表达的捷径。我们强烈建议同学背出教材中不同题材的文章,以供应试之需。

本书题型中还有一种是句型转换。这是考句型知识的。要能掌握陈述句和疑问句、主动和被动、陈述句和感叹句之间的转换,还要掌握同义词组的换用。在将陈述句改为疑问句的时候,要注意对什么提问,例如

Ms Hu taught her maths last year. _____ Ms Hu _____ her maths last year ?

题目要求转换成一般疑问句,因此,问句的首词是 Did, taught 改为原型 teach。如果要求对 maths 提问,那么开始应该是 what。又如

Sam's grandmother was died 10 years ago. Sam's grandmother has been _____
_____ 10 years.

将过去时改为完成时,同时注意介词 for 替换副词 ago。

综上,通过本书后面的分类练习,找出自己的薄弱环节,有针对性地进行重点练习并加强记忆,肯定可以在较短的时间内取得显著的进步。

第二章 单项选择

中考试题精选 1 (冠词) (测试时间 25 分钟)

班级 _____ 姓名 _____ 分数 _____

1. [2002 上海]

The scientists from _____ United States live in _____ Ninth Street.

- A. the ;the B. / ;he C. / ;/ D. the ;/

2. [2003 天津]

— What's the matter with you ?

— I caught _____ bad cold and had to stay in _____ bed.

- A. a ;/ B. a ;he C. a ;a D. the ;he

3. [2002 天津]

_____ India and China are of _____ same continent.

- A. / ;he B. The ;he C. / ;/ D. / ;a

4. [2002 吉林]

_____ Greens are on _____ visit to a beautiful city in China.

- A. / ;a B. A ;he C. The ;a D. The ;/

5. [2003 江苏无锡]

We saw _____ elephant in the zoo. _____ elephant was from India.

- A. a ;The B. the ;An C. an ;The D. the ;A

6. [2002 江苏无锡]

— What is _____ most useful invention in the 20th century ?

— _____ computer, I think.

- A. the ;A B. a ;A C. the ;The D. / ;The

7. [2002 江苏常州]

Can you see _____ one-eyed cow in _____ field ?

- A. an ;the B. a ;he C. / ;he D. a ;a

8. [2002 江苏扬州]

My friend Bob likes to play _____ basketball before _____ supper.

- A. the ;he B. / ;he C. the ;/ D. / ;/

9. [2002 江苏镇江]

_____ Zhenjiang today is more beautiful now. Mr Jackson said he would visit it _____ third time.

- A. The ;a B. The ;he C. / ;a D. / ;he

10. [2002 江苏泰州]

I think this is _____ useful dictionary.

- A. very a B. very an C. quite a D. quite an

11. [2003 浙江杭州]

— Did you enjoy your stay in Hangzhou?

— Yes. I had _____ wonderful time.

- A. a B. an C. the D. /

12. [2002 浙江杭州]

— Are you _____ Chinese or Japanese?

— Chinese. But I was born in Japan.

- A. an B. / C. the D. one

13. [2003 浙江宁波]

— What are you going to be when you grow up?

— I hope to be _____ animal doctor when I grow up.

- A. a B. an C. the D. /

14. [2002 浙江湖州]

— Did you have _____ good time yesterday afternoon?

— Yes. It is _____ pleasure to fly kites on sunny spring days.

- A. a ;a B. a ;he C. the ;a D. a ;/

15. [2002 浙江台州]

— What's the time, please?

— Sorry, I've left my watch at _____ home.

- A. the B. a C. / D. an

16. [2003 江西]

— How do you get home from _____? By bus?

— No, I walk. _____ isn't very far.

- A. school ;The school B. the school ;The school
C. the school ;School D. school ;School

17. [2003 广东]

_____ earth we live on is bigger than _____ moon.

- A. The ;a B. The ;he C. An ;a D. An ;he

18. [2003 广东广州]

— How far is it from our school to _____ seaside?

— It is _____ eight-kilometre walk from here.

- A. the ;an B. / ;an C. the ;a D. / ;a

中考试题精选 2(名词)(测试时间 25 分钟)

班级_____ 姓名_____ 分数_____

1. [2003 北京]

I'd like something to read. Would you please pass me the _____ ?

- A. pen B. box C. ruler D. book

2. [2003 北京海淀]

What's wrong with my son's _____ ? He can't see things clearly.

- A. eyes B. ears C. mouth D. nose

3. [2003 上海]

Linda, I've bought many _____. Now let's make the birthday cake.

- A. fresh eggs B. chocolate milk C. frozen food D. rice dumplings

4. [2003 天津]

Today is September 10th. It's _____ Day. Let's go and buy some flowers for our teachers.

- A. Teachers B. Teachers' C. the Teachers' D. Teacher's

5. [2003 天津]

He had something to write down and asked me for _____.

- A. a paper B. some papers
C. some pieces of papers D. a piece of paper

6. [2003 天津]

The _____ now is that we have lots of _____ to ask.

- A. problem ; questions B. question ; problems
C. question ; problem D. problem ; question

7. [2003 重庆]

She was born in Chongqing, but Chengdu has become her second _____.

- A. family B. hometown C. house D. country

8. [2003 重庆]

When we saw the film *Hero*, I sat between Ted and Ben. That is to say my seat was between _____.

- A. Ted and Ben B. Ted's and Ben
C. Ted and Ben's D. Ted's and Ben's

9. [2003 重庆]

These Germans want to have some _____ for supper, so they decide to catch _____ now.

- A. fish ; many B. fishes ; much C. fish ; much D. fishes ; many

10. [2003 吉林]

A _____ is used for keeping warm.

- A. stamp B. jacket C. key D. clock

11. [2003 辽宁]

They have searched the _____ for 3 hours for the information about the Canon camera.

- A. TV B. radio C. Internet D. computer

12. [2003 河南]

The maths problem was too difficult. _____ worked it out.

- A. Many students B. Few students
C. A few students D. Some students

13. [2003 山西]

Where can you see this notice “EVERYTHING HALF-PRICE”?

- A. in a bank B. in a school C. in a theatre D. in a shop

14. [2003 浙江杭州]

My school is about twenty _____ walk from here.

- A. minute B. minutes' C. minute's D. minutes

15. [2003 浙江宁波]

— What _____ do you like best? — Football.

- A. food B. subject C. sport D. music

16. [2003 山东济南]

During Christmas, people get together and sing Christmas songs for _____.

- A. fun B. wishes C. interest D. thanks

17. [2003 山东济南]

The sign “_____” is usually seen on the box with glass in.

- A. PULL B. CLOSED C. DANGER D. FRAGILE

18. [2003 湖北武汉]

— Could you move over a little and make some _____ for me?

— Sure. Please.

- A. place B. seat C. room D. ground

19. [2003 湖北黄冈]

— What would you like to drink, girls?

— _____, please.

- A. Two cup of coffee B. Two cups of coffees
C. Two cups of coffee D. Two cup of coffees

20. [2003 广东]

I am thirsty. Would you bring me _____, please?

- A. some bread B. some water C. some cakes D. some eggs

中考试题精选 3(数词)(测试时间 25 分钟)

班级_____ 姓名_____ 分数_____

1. [2003 上海]

Now children, turn to page _____ and look at the _____ picture in Lesson Two.

- A. twentieth ; one B. twenty ; one C. twentieth ; first D. twenty ; first

2. [2002 上海]

We'll have a _____ holiday. What about going to the West Lake ?

- A. two days B. two-day C. two-days D. two-days'

3. [2003 天津]

Both of the two rulers are broken. I want to buy a _____ one.

- A. three B. third C. forth D. /

4. [2002 天津]

The market isn't far from here. It's only _____ bicycle ride.

- A. half an hours' B. half an hour's
C. half an hour D. an hour and a half

5. [2003 重庆]

Our summer holiday is coming. Two _____ the students in our school will go to the beach.

- A. hundred B. hundreds C. hundred of D. hundreds of

6. [2002 重庆]

_____ of the teachers in our school is about one hundred, and _____ of them are women teachers.

- A. The number ; two thirds B. The number ; two third
C. A number ; half D. A number ; three quarters

7. [2003 黑龙江]

The water behind the Three Gorges Dam should be _____ higher than downstream (下游).

- A. sixty-five meter B. sixty-fifth meter
C. sixty-five meters D. sixty-fifth meters

8. [2003 黑龙江]

After the exam, we'll have _____ holiday.

- A. two weeks B. two-weeks C. two weeks' D. two week's

9. [2003 河南]

— Which is the smallest number of the four ?

— _____.

A. A half B. A quarter C. Two-thirds D. Three-fourths

10. [2002 山东济南]

The river is very long and it is about _____.

- A. 20 metres wide B. 15 metres long
C. 30 metres high D. 50 metres tall

11. [2003 江苏无锡]

There are over nine _____ workers in the factory, but _____ of young people hope to work in it.

- A. hundred ~~h~~undred B. hundreds ~~h~~undreds
C. hundred ~~h~~undreds D. hundreds ~~h~~undred

12. [2002 江苏无锡]

_____ people have visited the famous _____ bridge across the river.

- A. Millions ~~3~~00-metre-long B. Millions of ~~3~~00-metres-long
C. Million ~~3~~00-metres-long D. Millions of ~~3~~00-metre-long

13. [2002 江苏常州]

Mr Green has lived in the _____ hotel since he came to China.

- A. five-star B. five-stars C. five star's D. five stars

14. [2003 浙江杭州]

It is said that SARS has killed more than _____ people worldwide.

- A. three hundreds B. three hundreds'
C. three hundred's D. three hundred

15. [2003 湖北黄冈]

— What do you think of a war, Lin Tao?

— I've no idea. But it's fact that _____ people had to leave their hometown during the War on Iraq.

- A. three thousands B. thousand of
C. thousands of D. several thousands

16. [2003 广东]

We all think that the _____ century will bring us more hopes.

- A. twenty-first B. twentieth-first
C. twenty-one D. twentieth-one

17. [2002 贵州]

The number 2 146 is read as _____.

- A. two thousands and one hundred and forty and six
B. two thousand and a hundred and forty-six
C. two thousand, one hundred and forty-six
D. two thousands, one hundred, forty-six

中考试题精选 4(主谓一致)(测试时间 25 分钟)

班级_____姓名_____分数_____

1. [2003 北京]

Look ! There _____ some apples in that tree.

- A. is B. was C. are D. were

2. [2002 北京海淀]

Jenny and her parents _____ going to visit the Palace Museum tomorrow.

- A. is B. am C. are D. be

3. [2001 北京石景山]

The woman over there is _____ mother.

- A. Tom and Jack B. Tom and Jack's
C. Tom's and Jack D. Tom's and Jack's

4. [2001 天津]

Both Kate and I _____ ready for the picnic now.

- A. is not B. is getting C. are getting D. am getting

5. [2003 黑龙江]

Both Lily and Lucy _____ to the party yesterday.

- A. invited B. was invited C. had invited D. were invited

6. [2003 吉林]

— What's on the plate ?

— There _____ some bread on it.

- A. is B. are C. has D. have

7. [2001 辽宁大连]

Our knowledge of computers _____ growing all the time.

- A. be B. is C. are D. were

8. [2002 山西]

Neither he nor I _____ from Canada. We are from Australia.

- A. is B. are C. am D. be

9. [2001 河南]

Everyone except Tom and John _____ there when the meeting began.

- A. is B. was C. are D. were

10. [2003 山东烟台]

The number of _____ in our class _____ fifty.

- A. student is B. the students are C. the students is D. students are

11. [2002 江苏南京]

– How many students are there in your school ?

– _____ the students in our school _____ over two thousand.

A. The number of ~~is~~

B. The number of ~~are~~

C. A number of ~~is~~

D. A number of ~~are~~

12. [2003 江苏无锡]

Henry, with his friends, _____ volleyball every Saturday afternoon.

A. play

B. plays

C. has played

D. have played

13. [2002 江苏徐州]

I think everything _____ ready for the party.

A. is

B. are

C. get

D. are getting

14. [2002 江苏淮安]

– How much _____ is there in the basket ?

– Just a little.

A. apples

B. meat

C. oranges

D. sweets

15. [2002 江苏泰州]

Neither she nor Dick and I _____ interested in maths.

A. is

B. are

C. am

D. be

16. [2002 浙江杭州]

It seems to me that Lucy and Lily _____ your classmates.

A. is

B. are

C. has

D. have

17. [2001 福建福州]

Maths _____ less interesting than English.

A. is

B. are

C. was

D. were

18. [2002 云南]

– Do you know _____ the population of Yunnan _____ ?

– Yes. It's about forty-three million.

A. how much ~~is~~

B. what ~~is~~

C. how many ~~are~~

D. what ~~are~~

19. [2002 甘肃]

The teacher and writer _____ doing morning exercises this time yesterday.

A. is

B. was

C. are

D. were

20. [2002 甘肃]

– This is a photo of _____ when they were young.

– OK, how happy they both looked !

A. my father and mother

B. my mother and father's

C. my mother's and father's

D. my father's and my mother

21. [2001 甘肃]

The Greens _____ China for five years.

A. has been in

B. has been to

C. have been in

D. have been to

中考试题精选 5(代词)(测试时间 25 分钟)

班级_____ 姓名_____ 分数_____

1. [2003 北京海淀]

I'm hungry, Mum. I want _____ to eat.

- A. everything B. anything C. something D. nothing

2. [2002 北京东城]

There is _____ knocking at the door. Go and see who it is.

- A. nobody B. somebody C. anybody D. everybody

3. [2002 北京西城]

You can't see many of the stars in the sky because _____ are too far away.

- A. they B. their C. them D. theirs

4. [2002 北京西城]

Lei Feng asked _____ for return when he helped others.

- A. everything B. nothing C. anything D. something

5. [2002 北京海淀]

— Can I get you a drink ?

— That's very nice of you. I've already got _____.

- A. it B. one C. that D. this

6. [2003 上海]

The doctors and nurses are doing their best to fight SARS. They think more of others than _____.

- A. they B. them C. themselves D. theirs

7. [2003 天津]

— Which do you prefer, a bottle of orange or a bottle of milk ?

— _____, thanks. I'd like just a cup of tea.

- A. Either B. Neither C. Both D. None

8. [2002 天津]

— She is too busy to help us finish the work.

— Let's do it _____.

- A. herself B. myself C. ourselves D. itself

9. [2002 天津]

The old woman kept one black dog and two white _____.

- A. one B. ones C. those D. one's

10. [2001 天津]

You may go and ask him. He knows _____ about Japanese.

A. a few B. few C. a little D. little

11. [2002 重庆]

Chongqing is bigger than _____ in Japan.

- A. any other city B. all the other cities
C. any city D. the other cities

12. [2003 河北]

— Oh ! I came in a hurry and forgot to bring food.

— Never mind. You can have _____.

- A. us B. ours C. you D. yours

13. [2002 河北]

— Mum, Bill is coming to dinner this evening.

— OK. Let's give him _____ to eat.

- A. something different B. different anything
C. anything different D. different something

14. [2002 河南]

All parents love their children, and my parents love _____, too.

- A. ours B. theirs C. them D. his

15. [2003 黑龙江]

I agree with most of what you said, but I don't agree with _____.

- A. nothing B. everything C. something D. anything

16. [2002 黑龙江]

Bob jumps farther than _____ in his class.

- A. any other boys B. the other boys
C. any boy D. another boy

17. [2003 辽宁]

— Can I come this evening or tomorrow morning ?

— _____ is OK. I'm free today and tomorrow.

- A. Either B. Neither C. Both D. None

18. [2002 辽宁]

_____ of us has read the story, so we know nothing about it.

- A. Some B. Both C. None D. All

19. [2003 江西]

This machine is very easy to use. _____ can learn to use it in a very short time.

- A. Somebody B. Anybody C. Nobody D. Few people

20. [2003 江西]

There's someone at the door. Can you go and see who _____ is ?

- A. he B. she C. that D. it