

魔法英语同步阅读 (高三)

乔红等主编

郑州大学出版社

图书在版编目 (CIP) 数据

魔法英语同步阅读/ 乔红等主编. —郑州: 郑州大学出版社,
2003. 4

ISBN 7 - 81048 - 749 - 3

. 魔 乔 英语—阅读教学—中学—自学参
考资料 . G634. 413

中国版本图书馆 CIP 数据核字 (2003) 第 030954 号

魔法英语同步阅读

主创设计 / 魔法英语发展研究中心

电 话 / 010 - 80602977

网 址 / ttp: www. magic 365. com. cn

出 版 / 郑州大学出版社

(郑州市大学路 40 号 邮政编码: 450052)

出 版 人 / 谷振清

行销企划 / 北京九恒文化发展有限公司

(服务热线: 010 - 88470013)

经 销 / 全国新华书店

印 刷 / 北京泰山兴业印务有限责任公司

开 本 / 880 × 1230 毫米 1/ 32

字 数 / 1450 千字

印 张 / 50 印张

版 次 / 2004 年 7 月第 2 版

印 次 / 2004 年 7 月第 1 次印刷

书 号 / ISBN 7 - 81048 - 749 - 3/ H · 20

全套定价 / 76. 20 元 (本册定价: 12. 00 元)

版权所有 · 侵权必究

目 录

目 录

Unit 1	Madame Curie
Unit 2	Captain Cook
Unit 3	Australia
Unit 4	Feed the world
Unit 5	Advertising
Unit 6	Mainly revision
Unit 7	Angkor Wat
Unit 8	A person of great determination
Unit 9	Gymnastics
Unit 10	The trick
Unit 11	The Merchant of Venice
Unit 12	Mainly revision
Unit 13	The USA
Unit 14	Roots
Unit 15	Study skills
Unit 16	Social and personal
Unit 17	My teacher
Unit 18	Office equipment
Unit 19	New Zealand
Unit 20	Gandhi
Unit 21	Who gets the money ?
Unit 22	Bees
Unit 23	The find of the century
Unit 24	Finding a job] ST]



Magic



魔法英语同步阅读 (高三)

UNIT 1

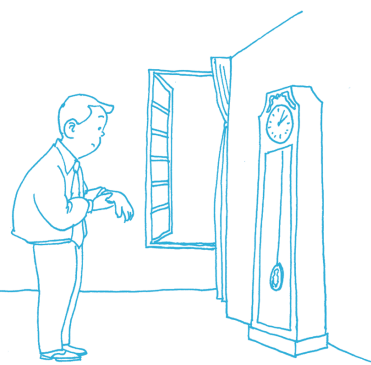
Madame Curie

Passage 1

● 阅读理解一



The great Italian scientist Galileo once made a discovery by his pulse rate. Galileo lived three hundred years ago before men had watches for measuring time. In the sixteenth century there were very few clocks in the world and no watches. One day when Galileo was a young man of eighteen, he was in the great church of the city of Pisa where he lived. He was watching the motion of a light. He saw that as the light moved forward and back on its chain, it seemed to take the same time between turns, however far it went. He wanted to make sure whether he was right. He put his pulse rate, he measured the motion of the light as it went forward and back on its chain.



He was right. He had the proof. He could prove that the time was the same, however short or long the journey of the light through the air was. Galileo had made a great discovery about the motion of a pendulum. Among other things this discovery made possible a better instrument for measuring time — the pendulum clock.

注释

- | | |
|-----------------------------------|----------------------------------|
| 1. pulse <i>n.</i> 脉搏, 有节奏的跳动 | 3. motion <i>n.</i> (物体的) 运动, 移动 |
| 2. rate <i>n.</i> 速度; (比, 费, 速) 率 | 4. proof <i>n.</i> 证明; 证据 |



Magic



Unit 1 Madame Curie.....

5. pendulum *n.* (钟等的) 摆; 振动 | 体

根据短文内容选择正确答案



- () 1 The passage is concerned with the discovery of _____.
A. the pulse rate
B. the motion of light
C. the motion of a pendulum clock
D. the instrument for measuring time
- () 2 Galileo lived at the time when _____.
A. men could not measure time
B. pendulum clocks were not well made
C. churches measured time with lights
D. measuring time accurately was not possible
- () 3 The light which caught Galileo's attention was _____.
A. hanging high above his head
B. on a wall a good way from him
C. hanging from the roof of his house
D. moving towards a chain
- () 4 Watching the motion of the light, Galileo put his fingers on his wrist in order to _____.
A. measure his pulse rate
B. prove his findings about the pendulum
C. take the time of motion of the light
D. see whether he was nervous or not
- () 5 According to the passage, the time that the motion of the light took was _____.
A. no more than that of the pulse rate
B. the same between turns
C. more accurate than that of a clock
D. just as much as that of one's pulse rate



Magic



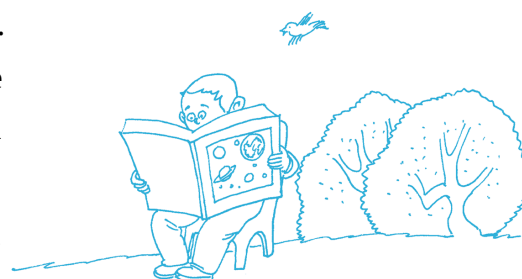
魔法英语同步阅读 (高三)

Passage 2

● 阅读理解二



Albert found school very difficult .
His teacher would tap her stick against the
blackboard impatiently while she waited
for him to answer the questions . Never-
theless, Albert always had to think about
many things before he could answer .



When his teacher wasn't asking Albert a question, Albert would think of a ques-
tion to ask her . Moreover, often when he did, she would get red in the face and
angry at Albert for thinking up questions she couldn't answer . The more Albert
learned, the more he found to think about . The more he thought about, the
more questions he thought of to ask . He knew that the earth, other planets, the
moon and the sun are just a part of what we call the universe . He knew that the
universe is also made up of all the stars we can see with our eyes and millions
more that we can see with the largest telescopes and still more — we think —
that are so far away that they can't be seen at all . And he also knew that all
these stars and our own bodies and everything else are made up of atoms so tiny
that they can't be seen with the best microscope .

He thought there must be some rules to explain why everything in the uni-
verse, big and little, acts as it does . Why don't the stars moving around in the
sky bump into each other ? What makes the tiny atoms — he had some of the an-
swers . In addition, people started to ask him questions because he had answers
for many things that scientists have been trying to settle for many years .

注释

1. impatiently *adv.* 不耐烦地

2. universe *n.* 宇宙; 万有; 天地万物

3. telescope *n.* 望远镜

4. microscope *n.* 显微镜

5. bump *v.* 碰撞



Magic



Unit 1 Madame Curie.....

根据短文内容选择正确答案

- () 1 What did Albert think of the school ?
- A. He thought he could learn much knowledge there .
- B. He thought the teacher was kind to him .
- C. He thought he had met some trouble there .
- D. He thought that it was the best one of all the schools .
- () 2 The teacher got angry with Albert because _____ .
- A. he couldn't answer her questions well
- B. she failed to ask him questions
- C. he answered her questions with bad manners
- D. he thought out questions that she couldn't answer
- () 3 Which of the following can tell us the main idea of the passage ?
- A. The man who discovered atoms .
- B. Everybody should think more .
- C. A scientist of great achievement — Einstein .
- D. Albert's teacher at middle school .
- () 4 Which of the following statements is NOT true ?
- A. Young Albert always thought about many things .
- B. The more Albert learned, the less questions he thought of to ask .
- C. People used to ask Albert many questions .
- D. Everything is made up of atoms .

Passage 3

完形填空



It was about two o'clock in the morning when I was woken suddenly by a loud banging noise . It was such a 1 night that I just 2 up and listened . Since I heard nothing more, I 3 the sound must have come from far away . I had just lain down to sleep again 4 there came another loud bang . This time



Magic



魔法英语同步阅读 (高三)

I jumped out of bed 5 .

I put on my dressing — gown and tip — toed 6 the stairs . I found the sittingroom door open and could not remember if I had 7 it like that . I quickly turned on the lights but could see nothing 8 . I felt rather ashamed and 9 climbing the stairs . But suddenly I heard the same noise again . It came from above 10 . I dashed upstairs and 11 all the bedrooms one after another, but nothing could have made such a sound . I went up to one of the 12 and looked down on the garden below . It was 13 snowing heavily and a thick white blanket had covered everything . The bare tree branches 14 out like white arms against the sky . There was certainly no 15 that anyone had been walking in the 16 , for it would have been 17 to see foot-prints . Feeling cold, I went back to my room, sat on my bed and 18 to see if the noise would come again . It 19 come from directly above me . Only then did I 20 : the water in the pipes was beginning to freeze and the pipes were protesting loudly .

注释

1. blanket *n.* 毯, 毛毯, 厚垫布; 绒被
2. protest *vt.*

坚决主张, 坚决声明, 断言
抗议, 反对

通读短文选出一个最佳答案

- | | | | | |
|--------|----------------|--------------|--------------|---------------|
| () 1 | A. noisy | B. sleepless | C. cold | D. still |
| () 2 | A. sat | B. woke | C. got | D. ran |
| () 3 | A. feared | B. thought | C. expected | D. learned |
| () 4 | A. until | B. though | C. before | D. when |
| () 5 | A. immediately | B. suddenly | C. finally | D. shortly |
| () 6 | A. up | B. down | C. behind | D. through |
| () 7 | A. closed | B. allowed | C. let | D. left |
| () 8 | A. different | B. unusual | C. else | D. lost |
| () 9 | A. began | B. stopped | C. regretted | D. considered |
| () 10 | A. slowly | B. softly | C. quickly | D. clearly |



Magic



Unit 1 Madame Curie.....

- () 11 A. inspected B. entered C. searched D. studied
- () 12 A. doors B. windows C. rooms D. stairs
- () 13 A. even B. already C. still D. also
- () 14 A. spread B. hung C. grew D. way
- () 15 A. fact B. reason C. sign D. way
- () 16 A. garden B. distance C. house D. street
- () 17 A. necessary B. impossible C. easy D. street
- () 18 A. wanted B. wished C. hoped D. waited
- () 19 A. did B. had C. was D. would
- () 20 A. think B. understand C. remember D. hear

Passage 4

判断正误



Atomic energy is a great discovery of the present century, and many people have played a part in its development. Albert Einstein told the world about its basic idea in his famous Theory of Relativity in 1905. As he and other scientists began to discover more about the atom, they learned that great amount of energy could be released by splitting an atom. However, it was also necessary that this energy be controlled. If it were not, it would be very dangerous.

Now atomic energy is used to move ships, and it may also prove useful for spaceships. In fact, this new source of power has so many uses that it is almost impossible to imagine all the great changes it will bring into our lives.

Some scientists say the world needn't be afraid of a possible shortage of coal, oil, natural gas or other sources of fuel for the future. They say that if these were used up, there would be enough of this type of energy to last forever.

注释

1. atomic *adj.* 原子的; 原子能的; | 原子武器的



Magic



魔法英语同步阅读 (高三)

- | | |
|---|--|
| 2. release <i>vt.</i> 释放, 解放; 免除, 赦免; 解除 (痛苦等) | 4. source <i>n.</i> 根源, 来源 |
| 3. split <i>vt.</i> (split; splitting) 劈开; 切开; 剖开; 割裂; 撕裂 | 5. shortage <i>n.</i> 不足 (额), 缺少; (美) 缺点, 缺陷 |

根据文章内容判断正误

- () 1 From the passage we know atomic energy was discovered in the nineteenth century .
- () 2 Many people have devoted themselves to the development of atomic energy .
- () 3 After reading the passage we know Albert Einstein was famous for his Theory of Relativity .
- () 4 Atomic energy would do harm to people if it were not controlled .



Magic



Unit 1 Madame Curie.....

参考答案

Passage 1

1. C 从 “ Galile had made a great discovery about the motion of a pendulum ” 可以看出，文章主要讲述的是伽利略发现了摆钟的运动规律。
2. D 此题可用排除法，结合文章内容可以找出答案。
3. A 引起伽利略注意的那盏灯是教堂内的。
4. C 伽利略的目的是为了验证灯摆动时中间相隔的时间是否相同。
5. B 经过仔细观察，伽利略验证了灯摆动时中间间隔的时间相同。

Passage 2

1. C 阅读文章第一段前三句内容，我们得知 Albert 的学校生活并不愉快。老师问他问题他经常回答不上来，然而他也经问一些老师回答不出的怪问题。
2. D 从文章中我们知道 Albert 常问老师一些怪问题，由于老师回答不出而感到难为情，同时也很生 Albert 的气。
3. C 阅读全文后，你会发现全篇文章谈的是关于伟大科学家——爱因斯坦的故事。



Magic



魔法英语同步阅读 (高三)

4. B 根据文章第一段中 “ The more Albert learned ... to ask ” 可知 Albert 学的越多他要问的问题就越多”。而 B 项中 “ the less questions ” 显然与文章内容不符。

Passage 3

1. C 阅读全文, 你会发现这个故事发生在一个大雪夜的二点钟, 那是一个很冷的夜晚, 故选 C 项。
2. A 短语: “ sit up ” 意思是: “ 坐起来, 起身。”
3. B think 是动词, 意为 “ 认为, 想 ”, 其他选项不合题意。
4. D until 意为 “ 直到时候 ”; before 意为 “ 在之前 ”; though 意为 “ 尽管 ”; when 意为 “ 当时候, 这时 ”。本句意思是: 我刚刚躺下, 这时, 又有一声巨响。
5. A immediately 意为 “ 立刻, 马上 ”。当听到第二声响, 我立刻从床上跳下来。
6. B 从下文 “ I felt rather ashamed and began climbing the stairs ” 可以得知作者住在楼上, 穿好衣服后来到楼下。
7. D leave 意为 “ 留着门 ”, “ 使处于状态 ”。
8. B unusual 意为 “ 异常的 ”, 其他选项不合题意。
9. A 从上文我们已知作者住在楼上, 听到响声后下到楼下察看, 因未发现异常情况, 又准备上楼。
10. D come from 意为 “ 来自 ”; “ it came from above ” 意为 “ 响声来自高处 (楼上) ”。从 “ I dashed upstairs ” 可以看出, 声音很清楚来自上面。
11. C search 意思是 “ 检查 ”。
12. B 作者查看了每个房间后, 没有发现什么情况, 他又来到窗户旁, 通过窗子观察下面的花园。
13. C still 意思是 “ 仍然 ”。表示某个动作尚未结束, 还在进行中。本句意为: 雪下得很大, 厚厚的大雪象地毯一样覆盖了一切。
14. A bare 意为 “ 裸的, 赤裸的 ”。bare tree 意为 “ 光秃秃的树 ”。spread 意为 “ 伸展, 伸开 ”。本句意为: 光秃秃的树枝象白色的胳膊伸向天空。



Magic



Unit 1 Madame Curie.....

15. C sign 意为“迹象”。
16. A 从上下文意思来判断应该是花园。
17. C be easy to do sth. 意为“做某事很容易”；be easy to see 意为“不难看出”，本句意思是：在雪地上行走会留下脚印。
18. D 回到房间后，他坐在床边听听是否还会再有响声。
19. A 助动词 do (does, did) 和动词原形连用，在句子中起强调谓语动词的作用。
20. B understand 意为“明白，清楚”。句型：Only + 状语 + 倒装词序。汉语意思是：只有 才。例：Only then did I know I was wrong. 只到那时，我才认识到我错了。Only in this way can we learn English well. 只有用这种方法，我们才能学好英语。

Passage 4

1. F 依据文章第一段第一句内容，原子能是在二十世纪发现的，并非是十九世纪。
2. T 根据文章内容，“... many people have played in ...”。很多人从事参与研究原子能的工作。
3. T 大家都知道，爱因斯坦是以发现“相对论”而著名。
4. T 根据文章内容，“However, it was also necessary that ... very dangerous”。如果控制不好原子能，它会给人类带来灾难。



Magic



魔法英语同步阅读 (高三)

UNIT 2

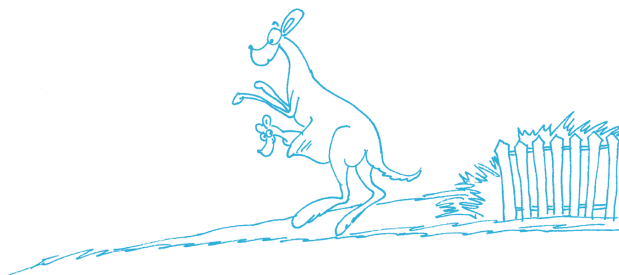
Captain Cook

Passage 1

● 阅读理解一



Early in the 18th century, Captain Cook, a famous explorer of the Great Britain, unexpectedly caught sight of an unusual animal during his first visit to Australia. The animal had a large head like mouse and jumped along on its large legs. To his great surprise, the unusual animal carried its young in a special pocket on its stomach. Captain Cook pointed to the animal which was eating grass in the distance and asked his native guide what kind of animal it was. The guide seemed not to know what he was pointing at and without thinking any more, finally said "Kangaroo". Some time later, he met with the animals again, so he called them "Kangaroo". But he was not understood by the native. Before long he got to discover that the native guide who made the answer to his question really meant, "I don't know what you are pointing at." Funny enough, the name "Kangaroo", is still in use today from then on.



注释

- | | |
|---|--|
| 1. unexpectedly <i>adv.</i> 出乎意料地, 想不到地 | 3. origin <i>n.</i> 起源, 由来, 起因, 出身, 血统 |
| 2. catch sight of 瞥见 | 4. refer to 查阅, 提到, 谈到, 打听 |



Magic



Unit 2 Captain Cook.....

根据短文内容选择正确答案



- () 1 Which of the following sentences best expresses the main idea ?
- A. Captain Cook's guide made a joke .
 - B. Native Australians could not speak English in Cook's time .
 - C. Some words have rather funny origins .
 - D. Captain Cook was a lover of wild animals .
- () 2 When the native guide said " Kangaroo ", he really meant " _____ "
- A. Ah, it is a special kind of animal .
 - B. I wonder what you have said .
 - C. What do you mean by pointing at that animal ?
 - D. I have no idea of what you are referring to .
- () 3 We can infer from this passage _____ .
- A. we should learn many different languages
 - B. Captain Cook made a mistake in understanding
 - C. Captain Cook was a foolish explorer
 - D. the importance of a language in common

Passage 2

● 阅读理解二



Darwin was not a bright boy . He was much slower than his younger sister, and he was in many ways a naughty boy . However, at the age of eight he was trying to make out the names of all plants he saw, and he was busy collecting all sorts of things . And he even imagined producing coloured roses by watering them with certain coloured liquids . Once he read the book *Wonders of the*





Magic



魔法英语同步阅读 (高三)

World, he wished to work wonders himself some day .

One summer vacation Darwin became a great collector of beetles . At that time he only collected them but made no scientific study of them . One day on tearing off the bark he saw some unusual beetles , and seized one in each hand , then he saw a third and new kind , which he could not bear to lose , so that he put the one that he held in his right hand into his mouth . But it sent out some gas , which burned his tongue . He was forced to spit it out . It was lost , so was the third one . Darwin accepted the offer by the navy to go on a voyage to explore the Southern Sea in the name of the government on a warship at the age of twenty-two . He was on board for five years . And during the long voyage he collected a great many of facts in Natural Science .

注释

- | | |
|------------------------------------|---------------------------|
| 1. beetle <i>n.</i> 甲虫 | 4. bear <i>vt.</i> 容忍; 忍耐 |
| 2. scientific <i>adj.</i> 科学 (上) 的 | 5. navy <i>n.</i> 海军 |
| 3. bark <i>n.</i> 树皮 | 6. voyage <i>n.</i> 航海 |

根据短文内容选择正确答案

- () 1 In his early years, Darwin was _____ in producing coloured roses .
A. successful B. interested
C. helped D. not interested
- () 2 “ to work wonders ” means _____ .
A. to work with surprising results
B. to have a wonderful job
C. to make something difficult to understand
D. to produce beautiful things
- () 3 Darwin put one beetle into his mouth in order to _____ .
A. taste the gas it sent out
B. eat it as he was hungry
C. save the life of the beetle
D. spare his right hand to catch the third one
- () 4 According to the passage, which statement of the following is true ?
A. *Wonders of the world* was his famous work .



Magic



Unit 2 Captain Cook.....

- B. When he was young he showed interest in natural science .
- C. He was forced to explore the Southern Sea by the government .
- D. He ran much slower than his younger sister .

Passage 3

完形填空



Ella Fant was a middle-aged lady who lived with her only son John in a small house . She 1 John very much . In her 2 he couldn't do anything 3 . Every morning she would give him breakfast 4 bed and bring him the papers to 5 . It isn't really true that he was too 6 to work in fact he had tried a few 7 . First of all he was a window-cleaner and in his first week he managed to 8 at least six windows . Then he 9 a bus conductor and on his second 10 a passenger stole his bag with all the fares collected . He 11 lost his job as a postman 12 he sent off all the letters when he should have taken them to people's houses . It seemed that there was 13 suitable work for him . So he 14 to join the army . Mrs . Fant was so 15 about this that she told the 16 to all her neighbours . " My John is good to be a soldier , " she said . " He is going to be the best soldier there 17 was , I can tell you ! "

Then the great day came 18 he was to march past the palace in the parade . His 19 mother travelled to the city early in the morning to be sure of getting a good 20 in the crowd .

The parade was full of sound and colour . But when John and his 21 came in sight some of the people watching 22 laughing at the one who couldn't keep pace with the other as they marched along .

But Ella Fant, who was filled with 23 , shouted at the top of her voice : " Look at 24 ! They're all out of 25 except my John ! Isn't he the best ! "

注释

1. fare *n.* 车费

2. parade *n.* 1) 接受检阅 2) 行列

3. burst out 迸发；突然发作；突然...
起来