



世纪版中学学科同步训练 ABC 丛书

ABC
ABC

初中 英语

编者 陈 理 李恩陵 贺东亮

上海科学技术出版社

三年级用

内 容 提 要

新世纪版中学学科同步训练 ABC 丛书是以九年义务教育全日制初级中学教学大纲为依据分学科编写的学习辅导参考用书。它与当前的教学有一定的同步性。本书是其中一册。

本册书的内容按单元编排,每一单元由知识要点和学习水平、单元自测两部分组成。知识要点和学习水平起提纲挈领的作用,概括了本单元的要点内容;单元自测分 A、B 两级,供学生自我检查对知识的掌握程度。书中还适时插入期中、期末测试卷,每套试卷采取 A、B、C 三级训练的方式,体现教材单元的知识坡度;最后安排三套总结性自测卷。书末附有习题的参考答案,相信对学生会有很大帮助。

责任编辑 陈慧敏

新世纪版中学学科同步训练 ABC 丛书

初 中 英 语

(三 年 级 用)

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出版说明

新世纪版中学学科同步训练 ABC 丛书是以九年义务教育全日制初级中学语文、数学、英语、物理、化学教学大纲为依据分学科编写的学习辅导参考用书。它与当前的教学有一定的同步性,并符合以上五门学科的教学目的和要求,成为教师指导学生学习的极好助学手段。

本丛书的特点是用 A、B、C 三级训练方式,体现教材单元的知识坡度,体现学生学习过程的自我评价和循序渐进。

A 级——一般学生学习标准达成的自测,面向全国各地的全体学生。这一级训练的水平体现九年义务教育大纲中最基本的要求。

B 级——用以提高学生综合应用知识的能力。这一级训练是体现培养能力和发展智力,体现大多数学生应达到的水平。

C 级——配有适当比例的竞赛类、趣味类、智力训练等题目,以开拓学生的知识面,提高灵活解题的技巧和能力。

整套丛书训练题的设计特色,既体现知识体系,又符合学生实际水平与认识规律,重视直观性与操作性,书末均附有答案,可供学生在练习后进行自测检查。

本书由陈理统稿,我们表示衷心感谢。

上海科学技术出版社

2001 年春

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Unit 1 (LL. 1 ~ 4)

知识要点与学习水平

Teaching Objectives	Learning Items
Four Skills	glad ,be glad to see ,both ,talk(n.) difficult ,subject ,should ,about , important given name = first/middle name ,full name
Three Skills	course ,of course ,David(Dave) , Linda(Lin) ,Catherine(Kate) , card , art ,luck ,Good Luck ! wish(n. & vt.) , Best wishes ! choose(chose) , Allan , Henry ,for example
Two Skills	Pleased to meet you ! William , Lewis ,Robert
One Skill	special
Grammar Points	The present indefinite tense The present continous tense The future indefinite tense The past indefinite tense
Revision Items	plural nouns

单元自测(A级)

I. Find the word with a different vowel sound in each group.

- () 1. A. glad B. cake C. name D. make
- () 2. A. subject B. luck C. difficult D. but
- () 3. A. about B. should C. south D. round
- () 4. A. both B. home C. nobody D. tonight
- () 5. A. important B. doorbell C. work D. north

II . Write out the following words with the help of the first letter given.

1. The s _____ of the talk is about American schools.
2. His g _____ name is Peter ; the family name is Smith.
3. What 's your f _____ name ?
4. One of his p _____ is a doctor , I think that 's his mother.
5. We are preparing a gift for our English teacher , b _____ today 's Teachers ' Day.

III . Complete the dialogue with one word in each blank.

T : Tomorrow I _____ you to give us a talk , Jim.

J : A _____ ? What _____ should I talk _____ ?

T : Choose _____ subject. Something about _____ , for example.

J : About England ? _____ a good idea ! Maybe I could _____ about English names.

T : Yes , _____ please. That 's a good _____ .

IV . Give the plural forms of these nouns.

friend	_____	orange	_____
box	_____	bus	_____
woman	_____	watch	_____
radio	_____	boy	_____

V . Fill in the blanks with prepositions.

in , about , for , with , from , on

1. _____ England , people put their given names before the family names. That 's different _____ Chinese names.
2. People like to call me Jim _____ short.
3. Are you _____ duty today ?
4. Thank you _____ teaching us so well.
5. Here are some flowers _____ you , _____ our best wishes.
6. _____ Teachers ' Day , we are going to have an English evening.
7. What are you going to talk _____ ?

VI . Fill in the blanks with the right forms of the verbs.

1. What _____ you usually _____ (do) on Sundays ?
2. We 'd better _____ (go) back now. It 's late.
3. Do you want _____ (say) something here ?
4. Look ! The boy _____ (make) a kite.

5. If you _____ (take) enough exercise , you _____ (feel) much healthier.
6. We won ' t go until he _____ (come) back.
7. The baby stopped _____ (cry) when I _____ (make) faces and _____ (jump) like a monkey.
8. _____ you _____ (go) _____ (swim) yesterday afternoon ?
9. They can ' t _____ (find) their way to the station , they need _____ (look) at a map.
10. He wanted to pick an apple from the tree ,but he can ' t _____ (find) a ladder.
11. Last week , I _____ (go) to the countryside to see my grandma.
12. Tomorrow is Teachers ' Day. We _____ (give) our English teacher a nice gift.
13. The day after tomorrow is my birthday. I ' m going _____ (have) a party.
14. Last night , I _____ (not be) very well. My mother _____ (take) me to hospital to see the doctor.
15. _____ we _____ (wait) at the gate after class this afternoon ?

VII. Choose the right sentence from column II .

I

A : What can I do for you ?
 B : _____ 1 _____ .
 A : What size do you want ?
 B : _____ 2 _____ .
 A : Oh , I see. What about this white shirt ?
 B : _____ 3 _____ .
 A : How about this green one ?
 B : _____ 4 _____ .
 A : 82 yuan . Here you are.
 B : _____ 5 _____ .

II

A : I don ' t think this white shirt is suitable for him. It gets dirty easily.
 B : I ' d like to buy a T-shirt for my son.
 C : Well. I ' m not sure ,but I think he ' s as tall as you are.
 D : This one looks better. How much is it ?
 E : Thank you very much.

1. _____ 2. _____ 3. _____ 4. _____ 5. _____

VIII. Cloze test.

Peter was going out shopping. He waited for a short time 1 he got on a crowded (拥挤的) bus. He 2 for about five minutes until the bus came to the next bus stop and some of the people 3 . He took a seat beside 4 woman with several shopping bags. As there was 5 room for her , 6 she felt very uncomfortable (不舒服的). Peter wanted to 7 her , but she didn ' t agree. 8 the bus came to the town and people began to get off. Peter was very polite. He stood up and 9 , but she refused (拒绝) again. It took her 10 to get all her heavy bags to the door. While the bus was

slowly moving away , Peter found the fat woman was left alone on the bus shouting for his help.

- | | | | |
|-------------------|----------------------|--------------------|-------------------------|
| 1. A. after | B. so | C. before | D. as |
| 2. A. sat | B. stood | C. ran | D. waited |
| 3. A. got off | B. got out | C. went in | D. hurried away |
| 4. A. a bad | B. an old | C. a very fat | D. a young |
| 5. A. no | B. some | C. enough | D. not much |
| 6. A. but | B. and | C. / | D. because |
| 7. A. know | B. push | C. talk to | D. change his seat with |
| 8. A. Just then | B. At last | C. In a minute | D. When |
| 9. A. went to her | B. got off | C. spoke to her | D. tried to help her |
| 10. A. a minute | B. a very short time | C. quite some time | D. little work |

IX . Reading comprehension (True : T , False : F).

Once there was a young man named John. He was very poor. He didn 't have enough to eat or wear. He had to work for a rich man and go up the hill to cut tree branches(树枝) and carry them back. One day it was raining hard. He ran to a hole(洞) of the hill to have a rest. He found there was light inside the hole , and lots of gold(金子). He only picked some pieces of gold and went home. After that he lived very happily. When the rich man knew this , he asked John " Is there much gold in the hill ? Where is it ? Have you been there ? Can you tell me ? " John told him the truth(真相) ; " Yes , I really have been there. I can take you there and have a look. " The rich man was very glad. When they got there , the rich man took as much gold as he could. Suddenly there was a great noise. The entrance(入口处) of the hole was shut. The rich man couldn 't come out any more.

- () 1. John wasn 't rich , he had to work for a rich man.
- () 2. One day he found much gold in a hole.
- () 3. John took much gold back home.
- () 4. John told the rich man the truth.
- () 5. The rich man decided to live in the hole.

单元自测(B 级)

I . Find the word with the same vowel or consonant sound as the one given before each group.

- () 1. both A. clothes B. father C. those D. fith
- () 2. difficlt A. hungry B. husband C. tonight D. worry
- () 3. important A. word B. worse C. work D. sport
- () 4. choose A. food B. good C. foot D. book

II . Complete the following words.

- () 1. f ___ m ___ ly A. e ĭ B. a ě C. a ĭ D. i ě
() 2. tomorr ___ A. ow B. ew C. oy D. ou
() 3. diff ___ ult A. er B. ic C. ci D. ui
() 4. ___ portant A. em B. en C. im D. in

III . Put in a missing word in each of the blanks.

Most English people have _____ names : a first name , a _____ name and the _____ name. Their family name comes _____. For _____ , my full name is Jim Allan Green. _____ is my family name. My parents gave both of my _____ names.

People don 't use their _____ names very much. People _____ use Mr , Mrs or Miss before their _____ names. They use Mr , Mrs or Miss with the _____ names.

IV . Choose the best answer.

- () 1. _____ beautiful clothes !
A. What a B. What C. How
- () 2. Why not call _____ Bob ?
A. I B. me C. mine
- () 3. It _____ matter. It _____ not important.
A. doesn 't ĭs B. isn 't ĭs C. isn 't ; does
- () 4. For example , a man called Zhou puts his family name Zhou _____.
A. first B. in the first C. at first
- () 5. I didn 't choose the work , because it was _____.
A. more difficult B. difficulter C. more difficulter
- () 6. —I 'm sorry. I 'm late.
— _____.
A. No , sorry B. That 's all right C. That 's right
- () 7. Everybody _____ here. Nobody _____ away.
A. is ĭs B. are ĭare C. is ĭare
- () 8. _____ beautiful flowers !
A. What are B. What C. How
- () 9. What about _____ at four in the afternoon ?
A. meeting B. meet C. to meet
- () 10. Thank you for _____ us so _____.
A. teaching ĭgood B. teaching ĭwell C. teach ĭwell

V . Put the following into complete English sentences.

1. This is a difficult subject to _____ (谈论).

2. _____ (祝您生日快乐).
3. I 'd like to _____ (谈一谈英国人的姓名).
4. Don 't worry. It 's not _____ (重要).

VI. Write out the correct forms of the following verbs given in brackets.

Kate _____ (like) doing shopping very much. Every Sunday , she _____ (go) shopping with her mother. Last Sunday she _____ (go) to town to buy a present for her father 's birthday. She _____ (choose) a red tie , but her mother _____ (not like) the colour. She _____ (say) she liked the yellow colour better. At last , they _____ (buy) a tie in dark red. When Kate _____ (give) the tie to Mr White , he _____ (be) very happy.

VII. Are the underlined parts of these sentences right or wrong? Correct the ones that are wrong.

1. I 've lost my key. I can 't find it anywhere. _____
2. Have you seen the news on television last night? _____
3. I 've bought a new bike. Do you want to see it? _____
4. I 've seen him walking in the park yesterday afternoon. _____
5. Where have you been yesterday evening? _____
6. Jenny has left school in 1992. _____
7. I 'm very hungry. I haven 't eaten anything today. _____
8. Diane hasn 't been at work yesterday. _____

VIII. Complete the dialogue with one word for each blank.

(A)

S : Good morning , Mr Chen.

T : Good morning , class. Who 's on _____ ?

S : I am. We 're _____ here except (除了) Li Lei.

T : What 's _____ with him ?

S : He fell _____ last night. His mother took him to _____ this morning.

T : I 'm _____ to hear it. Now let 's begin our _____ .

(B)

A : We 'll _____ to a talk this afternoon.

B : What _____ shall we listen to ?

A : About English schools.

B : Who is going to _____ this talk ?

A : Peter.

B : What 's his _____ name ?

A : Peter Smith.

B : Does he _____ from London ?

A : Yes , he does.

IX . Match the following sentences to form a dialogue .

(A)

(B)

() 1. Are you going to do any-
thing for Mr Wang ?

A. Yes , We have some flowers here.
We 'll give them to him.

() 2. What beautiful flowers !

B. Well , of course. It 's Teachers ' Day.

() 3. Hi , Mei Mei. Do you know
what day is today ?

C. We 'll give him a pleasant surprise.

X . Read the following and do the exercise .

Once there lived a man who was very fond of gold. He often said , " If I have plenty of gold , I shall be the happiest man in the world. "

One day he was travelling in North Africa. He lost his way and was almost dying of hunger and thirst. He could not walk. And it was very cold. There were only stones and sand around. Just then he saw a bag lying on the sand. He hoped that he would find food in it and bottled drinks , too. He took up the bag. But when he opened it , he saw that it was full of gold.

" What is the use of gold to a hungry man ? " He left the bag on the hot sand , crying " I am the most unhappy man in the world. "

() 1. The traveller loved _____ very much.

A. stone B. gold C. water D. food

() 2. When he was travelling in North Africa , he was nearly dying because _____ .

A. he had nothing to eat or drink.
B. he was very ill.
C. he met with bad weather.
D. there were a lot of hot stones and sand round him.

() 3. He felt very _____ to find a bag full of gold.

A. happy B. pleased C. sad D. excited

() 4. Which statement is not true ?

A. He was too hungry and thirsty to walk any further.
B. He was the happiest man in the world because he had found a bag full of gold.
C. Where he was travelling in North Africa , he lost his way.

D. He threw the bag away.

()5. The phrase“ was fond of ”in the passage means :_____ .

A. loved

B. hate

C. be anxious

D. be excited

XI. Dictation.

Unit 2 (LL. 5 ~ 8)

知识要点与学习水平

Teaching Objectives	Learning Items
Four Skills	hold , hold (sports) meeting , fast , ground , playground , jump (n.) , the high jump , the long jump , runner , skill , shout , behind , in front , at the same time , a moment later , come on , catch up with , badly , right now , fall behind
Three Skills	win (won) , loud (ly) , drop , winner , headteacher , loudspeaker , congratulation , rather , result , Well done ! stick , neck and neck , the starting line , race , 100-metre race neck , Bad Luck !
Two Skills	relay , relay race , lap , hooray , take turns
One Skill	None
Grammar points	Comparison of adverbs
Revision Items	Verb forms

单元自测(A 级)

I . Find the word with a different vowel sound in each group.

- () 1. A. ground B. about C. south D. country
- () 2. A. jump B. subject C. full D. hungry
- () 3. A. hold B. long C. stop D. drop
- () 4. A. moment B. November C. kilometre D. soccer
- () 5. A. race B. glad C. station D. train

II . Spell out the words according to the sounds given.

1. He 's the last ['rʌnə] _____ of the 100-metre relay race.
2. It 's [im'pɔ : tənt] _____ for us to learn English.
3. Would you come back [rait] _____ now ?
4. He 's far [bi'haind] _____ the others in the race.

III . Complete the passage with the words from this unit.

Mr Hu stood _____ the starting _____. All the runners got _____ to run.

As the boys were running , everyone _____ to _____ very loudly. _____ the first lap , the runner from Class 3 was _____ front. On the second lap , the Class 1 runner began to _____ up. They were neck and _____. On the third lap , the Class 2 runner dropped his _____ on the ground when he was passing it on. And the Class 4 runner fell down and _____ his leg. On the last lap , the Class 2 runner caught up. Everyone was shouting loudly. At last the Class 3 runner won the _____.

IV . Rewrite the sentences after the model.

Li Lei runs fast , but his friend Wang Ping runs faster.

→Wang Ping runs faster than Li Lei (does).

1. Han Meimei speaks English well , but Li Hong speaks it better.
2. He came late to school , but his brother was even later.
3. She jumped far , but he jumped farther.
4. He did badly in the exams , but she did even worse.

V . Complete the following sentences.

A) 1. He is thinner than before , but _____ (更健康).

2. It was getting _____ (越来越黑). We had to leave.

3. Our school is _____ (在全市中最大).

4. You should be _____ (更细心些) next time.

B) 1. He looks much _____ than he was two years ago. (health)

2. He is a head _____ than she is. (tall)

3. I 'm so tired. I can 't walk any _____. (far)

4. As winter comes , the days are becoming _____ and _____. (short)

5. Nanjing is one of the _____ cities in China. (old)

6. English is as _____ as maths. You should learn both of them well.
(difficulty)

7. It 's _____ today than yesterday. You 'd better wear more clothes. (cold)

8. Yellow River is the second _____ river in China. (long)

9. Among these three boys , he knows the _____ (much).

10. She is not so _____ as her sister. (careful)

VI. Fill in the blanks with the following words , paying attention to their forms.

shout , choose , pass , catch , drop , win , talk

1. What subject are you going to _____ about ?
2. He _____ a white shirt at last.
3. Who _____ the football match , Class 2 or Class 3 ?
4. When he _____ on his stick , he _____ it on the ground.
5. He ran on and on (不停) and tried to _____ up with the others.
6. He _____ at me and asked me to be careful when I was crossing the street.

VII. Complete the dialogue with one word in each blank.

A : Which _____ are you _____ today ?

B : The high jump.

A : _____ you good luck.

B : Thanks. _____ about you ?

A : I 'm not _____ anything today , _____ I fell and _____ my leg.

B : I 'm sorry. You will get _____ soon , I 'm sure.

VIII. Match the following dialogue.

A : _____ 1 _____ .

B : I cough a lot. I can 't get into sleep.

A : _____ 2 _____ .

B : Since last month. At first , it was not serious , but now it 's got from worse to worst.

A : _____ 3 _____ .

B : Yes , I smoke a lot. I just can 't give it up. What can I do then ?

A : _____ 4 _____ .

B : I will try. Thanks a lot , doctor.

A : How long have you been like this ?

B : Let me look at your throat. Oh , do you smoke ?

C : What 's wrong with you , young man ?

D : I 'll give you some medicine , but you must first give up smoking. It won 't do you any good.

IX. Read the following passage and do the exercise.

My friend , John , is a university student. Last year he went to Italy (意大利) and stayed there for two months. I was surprised that John was able to have such a long holiday because he never had much money.

“ How could you stay there for such a long time , John ? ” I asked.

“ It was easy , ” John answered , “ I got a job. ”