

前言

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在同步教学多元化环节中,训练是至关重要的。这是因为:训练是初中阶段启迪思维、培养动手实际操作能力的重要手段,是链接“学”与“考”两个环节的纽带和桥梁,是知识学习的应用和升华,是未来中考应试的基础和准备。

本系列丛书就是一套为了适应初中同步教学新趋向的需要,以情景化训练推广素质教育训练的最佳模式。通过训练中的一些新材料、新情景、新话题以拓展知识,培养初中生的综合素质。

本套丛书试题编制吸收了当今初中各阶段教学的优秀教研成果,并具备如下特点:

1. 同步性:依据人教版初中三年制最新教材编制节节练、单元测试和期中、期末测试题,确保与初中各阶段教学同步。

2. 典型性:每道试题均经过精编精选,其训练点和训练角度明确到位,能力考查层级符合初中各年级学生的年龄和学识特点。

3. 新颖性:以情景化训练推广素质教育训练的最佳模式,通过新材料、新情景、新话题培养学生的综合素质。

4. 实用性:每套节节练训练题均按 45 分钟 50 分设计,单元训练题和期中、期末测试题按 100 分钟 100 分编写,活页装订,方便集中安排统一检测使用。

由于编者水平有限,加之时间仓促,偏颇之处在所难免,恳请读者提出宝贵意见,以利于再版时修订。

编者
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Unit 15 What do people eat ?

Lesson 57

一、写出下列动词的第三人称单数、现在分词、过去式

- ⇒1. get _____ ⇒2. play _____
 ⇒3. find _____ ⇒4. see _____
 ⇒5. travel _____ ⇒6. eat _____

二、根据字母提示,在空格内填入适当的词,使句子完整

- ⇒1. It is raining outside. Please take an u _____ with you when you go out.
 ⇒2. Did you get my C _____ card ?
 ⇒3. What did you do d _____ this summer holiday ?
 ⇒4. E _____ of us will bring some food.
 ⇒5. There is a pair of c _____ in the cupboard.
 ⇒6. Now I am working hard a _____ English.

三、用所给词的适当形式填空

- ⇒1. Thursday is the _____ (five) day of the week.
 ⇒2. He said to me, "Help _____ (you) to some soup."
 ⇒3. There are some _____ (tomato) in the basket.
 ⇒4. What is the _____ (popular) food in China ?
 ⇒5. Don't hurry ! There is still _____ (little) time left.
 ⇒6. Does he _____ (real) say that ?

四、句型转换

- ⇒1. I don't know. (同义句).
 I _____.
 ⇒2. There is going to be a film in the open air this evening. (同义句)
 There _____ a film _____ the house _____.
 ⇒3. There is something wrong with the radio. (改为否定句)
 There is _____ with the radio.
 ⇒4. There is something interesting in today's newspaper. (改为一般疑问句)
 _____ there _____ interesting in today's newspaper ?
 ⇒5. They eat a lot of beef. We eat a lot of beef, too. (同义句)
 They eat a lot of beef, _____.
 ⇒6. We both go to school by bike every day. (同义句)
 _____ go to school by bike every day.

五、用所给动词的适当形式填空

- ⇒1. Listen ! Some girls _____ (sing) English songs.
 ⇒2. What time _____ you usually _____ (have) lunch ?



⇒3. The policeman told the children _____ (not play) in the street.

⇒4. They _____ (go) to see a film last night.

⇒5. _____ (eat) too much is bad for your health.

⇒6. Would you like _____ (have) dinner with me tonight?

六、完成对话(从下列 a~g 的 7 个句子中选出适当的 5 个句子)

A: Num, Kate is coming tonight.

B: I know. We must get ready 1.

A: She likes tea.

B: With milk and sugar?

A: 2, she would like Chinese tea with nothing.

B: 3

A: Chicken, I think.

B: In England people often like chicken, 4. Could you help me
cook supper?

A: 5

a. so does she. b. for it c. so she does. d. Oh, no. e. Does she like beef or chicken. f. OK, I am glad to. g. Which would she like better, tea or water?

⇒1. _____ ⇒2. _____ ⇒3. _____ ⇒4. _____ ⇒5. _____

七、找出下列句中的错误并改正

⇒1. He likes eating fried chicken and so like I. () _____
A B C D

⇒2. Let's give her different something to eat. () _____
A B C D

⇒3. I real don't know what to do next. () _____
A B C D

⇒4. The old man likes tell us stories. () _____
A B C D

⇒5. Both I and Jim likes English. () _____
A B C D

⇒6. Which do you like best, beef or pork? () _____
A B C D

⇒7. What delicious the food is! () _____
A B C D

⇒8. You must help your mother does the cooking this afternoon. () _____
A B C D

⇒9. I've not idea when he will leave. () _____
A B C D

⇒10. It's getting quite warmer today. () _____
A B C D



Lesson 58

一、写出下列名词的相应形式

- ⇒1. both(反义词) _____ ⇒2. potato(复数) _____ ⇒3. reach(同义词) _____
 ⇒4. Italy(形容词) _____ ⇒5. a bit of(同义词) _____ ⇒6. cut(过去分词) _____

二、用所给词的适当形式填空

- ⇒1. You had _____ take a bus to go to school. (good)
 ⇒2. You can find him _____ a play on TV. (watch)
 ⇒3. The students are listening to the teacher _____ in class. (care)
 ⇒4. The food is _____ delicious. (real)
 ⇒5. I don't _____ (real) agree.

三、句型转换

- ⇒1. John likes fish and chips. (改为否定句)
 John _____ fish _____ chips.
 ⇒2. The most popular food is fried chicken in the USA. (对划线部分进行提问)
 _____ the most popular food in the USA?
 ⇒3. I would like a cup of tea. (改为一般疑问句)
 _____ a cup of tea?
 ⇒4. They often take the things home. (对划线部分进行提问)
 _____ they often _____ the things?
 ⇒5. Fish and chips is my favourite. (同义句)
 I _____ fish and chips _____.

四、单项填空

- ⇒1. Li Lei often has some noodles for lunch, _____. ()
 A. so do I B. I do C. so I don't D. so don't I
 ⇒2. Which is _____ in America, fish and chips or pizza? ()
 A. popular B. more popular C. most popular D. the most
 ⇒3. Would you like some oranges? _____. ()
 A. Yes, I would B. Yes, please C. No, I don't D. No, I don't think so
 ⇒4. Let's go and _____ our fish and chips outside. ()
 A. eat B. to eat C. ate D. eat to
 ⇒5. I think autumn is the best season. It is not too cold _____ too hot. Do you agree _____ me? ()
 A. and; to B. or; to C. and; with D. or; with
 ⇒6. —In China, people eat a lot of pork.
 — _____. ()
 A. Yes, we did B. So do they C. Oh, they did not D. Both B and C
 ⇒7. They are drinking tea. 属于哪种句型结构 _____. ()
 A. S+V B. S+V+O C. S+V+O+OC D. S+V+P



- ⇒8. They _____ teachers. ()
 A. both are B. both is C. is both D. are both

五、阅读理解

The food British friends eat is very different from our Chinese food. They eat a lot of potatoes. They like to eat them every day. They eat bread for breakfast and they eat their bread with butter. Butter is made from milk. They drink a lot of milk, too. They drink milk cold or hot and put it in their tea. They put sugar in their tea as well. They are the world's biggest tea drinkers. They like Chinese tea, but they drink mostly (主要地) strong black tea from India. They don't eat much rice. Their main (主要的) meal is meat or fish with potatoes and one or two vegetables.

根据短文,判断下列各句正误,正确的打“√”,错误的打“×”

- ⇒1. The Chinese food is the same as the British one. ()
 ⇒2. The British like to eat potatoes very much. ()
 ⇒3. They drink tea with milk in Britain. ()
 ⇒4. They like Chinese tea most in Britain. ()

六、补全对话,每空一词,缩写词算一词

- A: 1 can I 2 for you, madam?
 B: I want to buy some fish. 3 4 is the fish?
 A: Seven *yuan* a kilo.
 B: That's 5 too 6. Do you have any cheaper fish?
 A: Yes, the fish over there is only five *yuan* a kilo.
 B: That's OK. I'd 7 three kilos.
 A: OK. Here you are. Do you want any beef?
 B: 8, thanks. I want to cook 9 really English.
 A: Oh, I know. That's fish and 10. You'll find potatoes over there.
 B: Thank you.

- ⇒1. _____ ⇒2. _____ ⇒3. _____ ⇒4. _____ ⇒5. _____
 ⇒6. _____ ⇒7. _____ ⇒8. _____ ⇒9. _____ ⇒10. _____

七、根据句意,用括号内所给单词的适当形式填空

- ⇒1. I am going to help my mother do the _____ this evening. (cook)
 ⇒2. It rained _____ last night. (heavy)
 ⇒3. There aren't any _____ at home. Let's go and buy some. (tomato)
 ⇒4. What kind of meat is _____ in England, pork or beef? (popular)
 ⇒5. What a _____ day it is? (sun)
 ⇒6. Thank you very much for _____ me with the work. (help)
 ⇒7. The _____ month of the year is May. (five)
 ⇒8. This lesson is the _____ in this book, I think. (difficult)
 ⇒9. Kate bought some books on _____ way home. (one's)
 ⇒10. There are some books on _____ desk. (Lucy)



Lesson 59

一、说明句子的类型

A: S+V B: S+V+O C: S+V+P D: S+V+InO+DO E: S+V+O+OC

- ⇒1. She bought me a bike. () ⇒2. The story made us laugh. ()
 ⇒3. They often help me. () ⇒4. The boy is running. ()
 ⇒5. The baby is hungry. ()

二、用所给词的适当形式填空

- ⇒1. The man feels _____ (worry).
 ⇒2. What about _____ (help) me do the cooking?
 ⇒3. How did you made the boy _____ (stop) crying?
 ⇒4. Neither I nor Jim _____ (be) from England.
 ⇒5. Last night the temperature _____ (fall) below zero.
 ⇒6. We stopped _____ (work) at that time.
 ⇒7. She seems very _____ (worry) about something.
 ⇒8. The children were _____ (happy) last night.

三、单项填空

- ⇒1. The radio says the fog will _____ quite quickly. ()
 A. open B. clear C. lift D. go
 ⇒2. She waited _____ the bus for ten minutes. ()
 A. to B. until C. for D. in
 ⇒3. There is a photo of Deng Xiaoping _____ the blackboard. ()
 A. in B. about C. above D. up
 ⇒4. — _____ on the table?
 — There are some books. ()
 A. What B. What's C. What are D. What was
 ⇒5. I'd love _____ you. ()
 A. to go and B. going and C. to go with D. going with
 ⇒6. _____ wine in the bottle?
 — I'd like some. ()
 A. Are there any B. There some C. Is there some D. Is there any
 ⇒7. My father lived in Shanghai for 40 years. So _____. ()
 A. I did B. did I C. I was D. was I
 ⇒8. There _____ a lot of apples in the box. There _____ a lot of salt in the bag. ()
 A. are; is B. is; are C. was; were D. are; were
 ⇒9. Please _____ the cheese _____ me. ()
 A. pass; for B. pass; to C. pass me; to D. to pass; to
 ⇒10. I'm very busy _____ my homework now.
 A. do B. to do C. doing D. am doing

四、完成句子

- ⇒1. —你最喜欢的食品是什么?
 — _____ food?
 —奶油夹心面包。
 — _____.
 ⇒2. 昨天晚上李雷看电视,我也看电视。
 Li Lei _____ yesterday evening. _____.



⇒3. 今天晚上你想和我一起吃饭吗？

_____ you _____ dinner _____ me _____ ?

⇒4. 巧克力对你的健康有益,你同意吗？

_____ is _____ your _____. Do you _____ ?

⇒5. 好像美国的快餐是世界上最流行的食品。

It _____ that _____ is the _____ the world.

⇒6. 在家里不是妈妈做饭就是爸爸做饭。

_____ Mum _____ Dad _____ supper at home.

⇒7. 你认为做家务好吗？

_____ you _____ to do the housework ?

⇒8. 李平和我昨天都不会回答那个问题。

_____ Li Ping _____ I _____ the question yesterday.

五、根据句意,补全对话,每空一词

A

A: Excuse me. May I borrow your ruler ?

B: Certainly ! 1 you 2 .

A: Thanks. Oh, sorry. This is too short. Do you have a 3 one ?

B: 4 . I don't.

A: 5 OK.

B

A: Excuse me. 1 has a pencil, please ?

B: I have 2 here, Mr Wang.

A: May I borrow it, please ?

B: Certainly !

A: 3 very 4 .

B: Not 5 all.

A: ⇒1. _____ ⇒2. _____ ⇒3. _____ ⇒4. _____ ⇒5. _____

B: ⇒1. _____ ⇒2. _____ ⇒3. _____ ⇒4. _____ ⇒5. _____

六、阅读理解

阅读下面的短文,根据短文内容,选择正确答案。

It is a fine Sunday morning. Liu Mei and Wei Fang want to go to the Great Wall. At about seven o'clock, they are in a big bus. There are many people in it. They are very happy. Liu Mei and Wei Fang give their seats to two old women. There are other two Chinese in the bus. One is a woman. She is driving the bus. The other is a young man. He speaks English very well. He is talking about the Great Wall to the people in the bus. All the other people are listening to him. At about nine o'clock, they get there.

⇒1. What day is it today ? It's _____. ()

A. monday B. Sunday C. Weekday

⇒2. They go to the Great Wall _____. ()

A. on a bike B. on foot C. by bus

⇒3. There are _____ people in the bus. ()

A. a lot of B. four C. two

⇒4. The driver is a _____. ()

A. English B. man C. woman

⇒5. They get to the Great wall at _____. ()

A. 7:00 B. 8:00 C. 9:00



Lesson 60

一、写出下列各词的相应形式

- ⇒1. fly(过去式)_____ ⇒2. wait(名词)_____ ⇒3. with(反义词)_____
- ⇒4. bring(过去式)_____ ⇒5. knew(同音词)_____ ⇒6. put(现在分词)_____
- ⇒7. catch(过去式)_____

二、根据句意和首字母的提示完成下列单词

- ⇒1. His mother is cooking in the k _____.
- ⇒2. There is a little o _____ in the bottle.
- ⇒3. Would you like some b _____ with your bread?
- ⇒4. I can't find the spoon in the c _____.
- ⇒5. China is very f _____ for its food in the world.
- ⇒6. Would you like anything e _____?

三、用所给词的适当形式填空

- ⇒1. He jumped up and down, but he was very _____ (care) and broke his leg.
- ⇒2. My job is _____ (sell) computers.
- ⇒3. People in China have dinner with _____ (chopstick).
- ⇒4. You can find people _____ (eat) hamburgers and chips in some cities in China.
- ⇒5. This is home _____ (cook).
- ⇒6. Either of the answers _____ (be) right.
- ⇒7. We are going to have something _____ (England).
- ⇒8. People enjoy Chinese food because it has different _____ (taste) and is usually very delicious.

四、单项填空

- ⇒1. Paul wants to drink soup. He has to use a _____. ()
A. fork B. spoon C. chopsticks D. knife
- ⇒2. —In the USA, people eat a lot of chicken.
—_____. ()
A. We are so B. We do so C. So are we D. So do we
- ⇒3. _____ country has its favourite food. ()
A. All B. Both C. Everyone D. Every
- ⇒4. I found them _____ football on the playground. ()
A. play B. playing C. to play D. played
- ⇒5. People usually buy it in a _____ shop. ()
A. chip and fish's B. fish and chips C. fish and chip's D. fish and chip
- ⇒6. "Cofe is bad for your health. Do you agree?" you shouldn't answer "_____". ()
A. Yes, I agree B. No, I don't really agree
C. So do I D. No, I really don't agree
- ⇒7. Would you like a cup of tea _____ sugar and milk? ()
A. on B. in C. with D. for
- ⇒8. I have _____ to tell you. ()
A. anything important B. important anything
C. something important D. important something
- ⇒9. May I _____ your order now? ()



- A. get B. carry C. make D. take
 ⇒10. Can we sit _____ the table _____ the window? ()
 A. at; by B. on; near C. in; on D. with; at

五、句型转换

- ⇒1. He doesn't like to eat hot food. I don't like to eat hot food, either. (合并为一句)
 _____ I _____ he _____ to eat hot food.
 ⇒2. Both of them go fishing at the weekends. (改为否定句)
 _____ of them _____ fishing at the weekends.
 ⇒3. At night I have to do a lot of homework. (改为否定句)
 At night I _____ to do _____ homework.
 ⇒4. In my family Mum is busier than any other member. (同义句)
 In my family Mum is _____ .
 ⇒5. Ann enjoyed herself at the party. (同义句)
 Ann _____ at the party.

六、翻译句子

- ⇒1. 昨天他既没吃,也没睡。
 He _____ yesterday.
 ⇒2. 为什么男人们一点家务都不干呢?
 Why _____ men do _____ housework?
 ⇒3. 星期天我不是做作业,就是做家务。
 I do _____ my homework _____ housework on Sunday.
 ⇒4. 他似乎英语学得很好。
 It _____ that he _____ English.
 ⇒5. 杭州以西湖而闻名世界。
 Hangzhou _____ the West Lake in the _____ .
 ⇒6. 我喜欢中国清茶,什么东西都不加。
 I like Chinese tea _____ it.

七、完形填空

Mr Brown is a very rich man, 1 he loves money more than any other thing. One day, Mr Brown went into a hotel. He 2 the clerk(职员) for a 3 room without a bath(浴室). The clerk was very 4. He said, "Dear Mr Brown, your son always lives in 5 room when he 6. That room 7 fit(合适) you. You'd better choose a 8 one."

"My son has a father with 9 money, but I 10," answered Mr Brown.

- ⇒1. A. so B. because C. when D. but ()
 ⇒2. A. asked B. wanted C. found D. gave ()
 ⇒3. A. clean B. big C. cheap D. good ()
 ⇒4. A. glad B. surprised C. afraid D. angry ()
 ⇒5. A. the brightest B. a cheap C. the best D. a small ()
 ⇒6. A. come B. comes C. will come D. is coming ()
 ⇒7. A. isn't B. not C. doesn't D. didn't ()
 ⇒8. A. cheaper B. cleaner C. smaller D. better ()
 ⇒9. A. little B. much C. more D. no ()
 ⇒10. A. don't B. liked C. also have D. won't ()



Unit 16 What a good, kind girl !

Lesson 61

一、写出下列各词的相应形式

1. danger(形容词) _____
2. turn(现在分词) _____
3. swim(过去完成式) _____
4. sunny(名词) _____
5. outside(反义词) _____
6. policeman(复数) _____
7. library(复数) _____
8. tell(过去式) _____

二、用所给单词的适当形式填空

- ⇒1. Her father _____ (come) back in an hour.
- ⇒2. Tom is on his way _____ (play) football.
- ⇒3. We'd better not _____ (ask) him.
- ⇒4. Is it in one of your _____ (pocket) ?
- ⇒5. Maybe he _____ (have) a computer.
- ⇒6. Go along this street, and take the _____ (two) turning on the left.
- ⇒7. It's _____ (danger) to play on the road.
- ⇒8. Go _____ (cross) the bridge.

三、句型转换

- ⇒1. The girl brought me here. (改为反意疑问句)
The girl brought me here, _____ ?
- ⇒2. The old woman is going to the hospital by bus. (对划线部分提问)
_____ the old woman _____ to the hospital ?
- ⇒3. Turn right at the second crossing. (同义句)
_____ on the right.
- ⇒4. Can you tell me how I can get to the church ? (同义句)
Can you tell me _____ to the church ?
- ⇒5. You will see the cafe before you. (同义句)
You will see the cafe _____ front _____ you.
- ⇒6. He likes singing very much. (改为否定句)
He _____ singing _____.

四、单项填空

- ⇒1. Go down this street _____ you reach the end. ()
A. when B. before C. after D. until
- ⇒2. Excuse me, which is _____ to the hospital ? ()
A. a road B. the way C. the road D. a way
- ⇒3. In my family everyone _____ busy because my parents both work. ()
A. be B. are C. is D. were
- ⇒4. They aren't going to have _____ today. ()



A. something English B. English something C. anything English D. English anything

⇒5. _____ Peter _____ Mike often watch football matches. ()

A. Neither; nor B. Either; or C. Both; and D. Neither; and

⇒6. —Excuse me. Could I have a cup of coffee, please?

—Certainly. Would you like _____? ()

A. other anything B. anything other C. else anything D. anything else

⇒7. I want a table _____ five people, please. ()

A. to B. for C. by D. of

⇒8. —I like sandwiches best of all.

—_____. ()

A. I do so B. So I do C. I do too D. So do I

五、阅读理解

A small boy Tom was having a walk in the street with his father when it suddenly began to rain very hard. They did not have their umbrella with them. And there was nowhere to hide from the rain. So they were soon very wet, and the small boy felt very unhappy.

For a long time while they were walking home through the rain, the boy was thinking. Then at last he turned to his father and said to him, "Why does it rain, Father? It isn't very nice, is it?"

"No, it isn't very nice, but it's useful, Tom," answered his father, "It rains to make the fruits and vegetables grow for us, and to make the grasses grow for cows and sheep."

Tom thought about this for a few seconds, and then he said, "Then why does it rain on the road too, Father?"

根据短文判断下列各句的正误, 正确的打“√”, 错误的打“×”

⇒1. Tom and his father were having a walk. ()

⇒2. They didn't bring their umbrella with them that day. ()

⇒3. Tom felt unhappy when he was all wet. ()

⇒4. Tom didn't know why it rained. ()

⇒5. Rain is useful only for fruits and vegetables. ()

六、完成对话, 每空一词

A: Excuse me, 1 does John live.

B: Let me 2 you on the map.

A: 3 map?

B: The one on the wall. Look, he 4 in the building in the city of Beijing.

A: How many 5 does the building have?

B: There are eighteen floors and he lives 6 the fifteenth 7.

A: How does he go up and down?

B: He often uses a lift.

A: 8 does he do? And where does he work?

B: He is a doctor and works in a hospital. He goes to work 9 foot. Sometimes 10 bike.

⇒1. _____ ⇒2. _____ ⇒3. _____ ⇒4. _____ ⇒5. _____

⇒6. _____ ⇒7. _____ ⇒8. _____ ⇒9. _____ ⇒10. _____

Lesson 62

一、选出划线部分的读音与其他三个不同的选项

- | | | | | |
|-------------------------|-------------------|---------------------|-------------------|-----|
| ⇒1. A. <u>i</u> ce | B. <u>will</u> | C. <u>kind</u> | D. <u>wi</u> fe | () |
| ⇒2. A. <u>f</u> ace | B. <u>last</u> | C. <u>rainy</u> | D. <u>take</u> | () |
| ⇒3. A. <u>fin</u> ished | B. <u>stay</u> ed | C. <u>mov</u> ed | D. <u>call</u> ed | () |
| ⇒4. A. <u>g</u> row | B. <u>br</u> own | C. <u>thr</u> ow | D. <u>sh</u> ow | () |
| ⇒5. A. <u>w</u> est | B. <u>ne</u> ver | C. <u>r</u> emember | D. <u>w</u> et | () |

二、用适当的介词、副词填空

- ⇒1. Do you help your parents _____ the housework ?
- ⇒2. Do you agree _____ him ?
- ⇒3. Would you like some butter _____ your bread ?
- ⇒4. Chocolate is good _____ your health.
- ⇒5. _____ my family everyone helps because my parents both work.
- ⇒6. Indira is a country girl _____ India.
- ⇒7. _____ the end _____ the road, you will see the shop.
- ⇒8. Can you tell me the way _____ the post office ?
- ⇒9. We like Chinese tea _____ anything in it.
- ⇒10. I found the key _____ my door.

三、用所给词的适当形式填空

- ⇒1. Her daughter _____ (come) in an hour.
- ⇒2. I would like _____ (write) with my pen.
- ⇒3. He _____ (be) here two hours ago, but now he _____ (be not) here.
- ⇒4. This is the _____ (rain) season.
- ⇒5. The old man can't climb the hill _____ (quick).
- ⇒6. Thank you for _____ (teach) us.
- ⇒7. He is very _____ (happy) to see his wife.
- ⇒8. An old woman is standing at a street corner. She seems _____ (worry).
- ⇒9. They looked around, but Liu Mei didn't wait for their _____ (thank).
- ⇒10. Turn left at the second _____ (cross).

四、完成句子

- ⇒1. 她的丈夫很虚弱,但见到他的妻子非常高兴。
Her husband is _____, but he is very _____ his wife.
- ⇒2. 刘梅在看电影的路上碰到一位老奶奶。
Li Mei _____ an _____ woman _____ the cinema.
- ⇒3. 一位老年妇女正站在街道的拐角处,似乎很着急。
_____ old woman is standing _____ a _____. She _____.
- ⇒4. 这是一条很长的路,你最好乘汽车去那里。
This is quite _____ way. You'd better _____.
- ⇒5. 也许你知道这件事。
_____ you know _____ this thing.
- ⇒6. 一直走,一直到终点。
Go _____ you _____.



⇒7. 当你不认识路时,你该做什么?

What do you do _____ you _____.

⇒8. 他们俩都坐出租车去上班,因为雨下得很大。

_____ of them _____ a taxi _____ because it _____.

⇒9. 他们四处看看,但那女孩没有等他们的感谢。

They _____, but the girl didn't wait _____ their _____.

⇒10. 别过桥。

_____ the bridge.

五、补全对话

(1) A: Excuse me, _____ the park, please?

B: Go _____ this street and take the second _____ the right, _____ on _____ you reach the end. You'll _____ the park in front of you.

A: _____ very much.

(2) A: I _____ find my homework.

B: It _____ be your homework.

A: Yes, _____.

(3) 提示: 李磊给吉姆打电话说下星期天他过生日,邀请吉姆和韩梅梅参加他的生日聚会,并告诉他们六点半聚会开始。

Jim: _____ 1 _____, 5349246.

Li: Oh, Jim, _____ 2 _____ 3 _____ Li Lei.

Jim: Hi, Li Lei.

Li: _____ 4 _____ 5 _____ is my birthday. I hope you can come _____ 6 _____ 7 _____ 8 _____ 9 _____.

Jim: Oh, great! Thanks a lot.

Li: It's going to _____ 10 _____ at _____ 11 _____ 12 _____ six. Please tell Han Meimei. I hope _____ 13 _____ can come, _____ 14 _____.

Jim: OK. I think she would _____ 15 _____ to come.

Li: Right. See you.

Jim: Right. See you.

⇒1. _____ ⇒2. _____ ⇒3. _____ ⇒4. _____ ⇒5. _____

⇒6. _____ ⇒7. _____ ⇒8. _____ ⇒9. _____ ⇒10. _____

⇒11. _____ ⇒12. _____ ⇒13. _____ ⇒14. _____ ⇒15. _____

六、找出错误并改正

⇒1. The teacher told her doesn't go out in the snow. () _____
A B C D

⇒2. Thanks a lot for tell me the news. () _____
A B C D

⇒3. There was something but a card in it. () _____
A B C D

⇒4. Everything was ready. All the food were on the table. () _____
A B C D

⇒5. —Did you like to go boating with me? () _____
A B C

—I'd love to. () _____
D

Lesson 63

一、用所给词的适当形式填空

- ⇒1. The _____ (far) station is about 12 kilometres away.
 ⇒2. How many _____ (play) are there in a football game?
 ⇒3. I'd like you _____ (come) to supper.
 ⇒4. There is going to _____ (be) a class meeting next Thursday.
 ⇒5. You must keep the door _____ (close).
 ⇒6. Mary was born in _____ (Canadian), and went to the USA later.
 ⇒7. You must be more _____ (care) next time.
 ⇒8. Who teaches _____ (they) English?

二、句型转换

- ⇒1. It will take you half an hour to finish the work. (对划线部分提问).
 _____ it _____ you _____ finish the work?
 ⇒2. It tastes good. (感叹句)
 _____ it _____!
 ⇒3. What's the weather like today? (同义句)
 _____ the weather today?
 ⇒4. They carried for Granny Li yesterday. We did the same thing. (同义句)
 They carried for Granny Li yesterday. _____.
 ⇒5. You'd better go to the city by bus. (改为否定句)
 You _____ go to the city by bus.
 ⇒6. She is very happy to see her husband. (改为同义句)
 _____ very happy _____ to see her husband.

三、单项填空

- ⇒1. He was born _____ May, 1967. ()
 A. in B. on C. at D. near
 ⇒2. On my way _____ I saw some beautiful shops. ()
 A. to home B. of home C. for home D. home
 ⇒3. Go _____ this street and turn right _____ the traffic lights. ()
 A. down; at B. down; on C. along; on D. to; at
 ⇒4. He looked _____, but _____ nothing. ()
 A. around; looked B. for; looked C. at; saw D. around; saw
 ⇒5. —Our classroom is bright and clean.
 —_____. ()
 A. So it is B. So is it C. So does it D. So it does
 ⇒6. The weather _____ windy tomorrow. ()
 A. may B. may be C. maybe D. may is
 ⇒7. Let's ask the old man. He _____ know. ()



A. can B. may C. will D. shall

⇒8. Who picked _____ apples? ()

A. a few B. a little C. the fewest D. little

⇒9. Last autumn, there _____ not enough people to help us. ()

A. was B. were C. is D. are

⇒10. Let me _____ you _____ your English. ()

A. help; with B. to help; for C. helping; with D. help; to

四、完成句子

⇒1. 小心,不要削着手指。

_____, _____ your finger.

⇒2. 你也许把它放在那里了。

_____ you _____.

⇒3. 今天的作业将花掉我半小时。

It _____ half _____ to _____ the homework today.

⇒4. 他能回答这个问题,我也能。

He can _____ . _____ .

⇒5. 我一直等到三点,但他没来。

I _____ three o'clock, but he _____ .

⇒6. 我找不到我的钥匙,它可能在你里面的口袋里。

I can't _____ the key _____ my bike. It _____ in your _____ .

五、根据例句改写句子

Model: She is going to help Mike with his Chinese at school next Sunday.

Where is she going to help Mike with his Chinese next Sunday?

When is she going to help Mike with his Chinese at school?

What is she going to do at school next Sunday?

⇒1. His mother is going to buy some books in that shop tomorrow.

⇒2. They are going to meet outside Mike's house at two.

⇒3. The boys are going to play football at school tomorrow.

⇒4. Mike and Tom are going to watch TV at home this evening.

