
AB 卷

初三英语

吉林教育出版

单元双测 *AB* 卷

Unit 13

A 测——基础知识过关 (100 分)

题 号	I	II	III	IV	V	VI	总 分
得 分							

I . 单项选择 (20%)

- () 1. When summer comes , the day gets _____ .
 A. shorter and shorter B. longer and longer
 C. shortest and shortest D. longest and longest
- () 2. The big mir or _____ by the little boy .
 A. break B. breaking C. is broke D. is broken
- () 3. This kind of silk is _____ in China .
 A. produced B. produces C. producing D. produce
- () 4. It's only seven o'clock . We have _____ time .
 A. many B. enough C. little D. few
- () 5. They _____ five schools since 1990 in that city .
 A. build B. would build C. have built D. had built
- () 6. How to say 3 , 268 , 000 ?
 A. Three hundred , two thousand sixty - eight .
 B. Three million , two hundred and sixty - eight thousand .
 C. Three hundred and two thousand , sixty - eight thousand .
 D. Three million , two hundreds and sixty - eight thousands .
- () 7. The population problem may be the _____ one of the world today .
 A. smaller B. smallest C. greater D. greatest
- () 8. _____ is the population of the world ?
 A. Which B. How many C. What D. How much
- () 9. Tom has ar ived , but _____ students in the class aren't here yet .
 A. other B. others C. the other D. the others
- () 10. Our teacher will come back _____ a few minutes .
 A. after B. on C. since D. in
- () 11. We may have standing _____ only in 600 years .
 A. rooms B. room C. earth D. ground
- () 12. The old man _____ five years ago .
 A. has died B. has dead C. was died D. died

- () 13. My daughter often gets up late in _____.
A. morning B. the morning C. a morning D. some morning
- () 14. Which country has the largest population in the world? _____.
A. China B. the USA C. India D. France
- () 15. China and India are _____ countries.
A. develop B. developed C. developing D. to develop
- () 16. They have done _____ more work this week than last week.
A. very B. much C. a lot of D. a lot
- () 17. There is _____ for her to read in the reading room.
A. no rooms B. not room C. no enough room D. not enough room
- () 18. India has the second _____ population in the world.
A. largest B. larger C. most D. smallest
- () 19. A UN report says that the world's population will pass six billion by the end of _____ century.
A. twentieth B. twenty C. the twentieth D. the twentyth
- () 20. We _____ five English songs by the end of last month.
A. had learned B. have learned C. learned D. learnt

II. 阅读理解

A) 阅读短文，选择最佳答案 (5%)

How many different languages are spoken in the world today? There are about 5 000 different languages. Nearly 900 languages are spoken in India.

Chinese is the language spoken by the biggest number of people in the world. But the most widely spoken language in the world is English. 330 000 000 people speak English as a first language. Nearly twice as many—about 650 million people—speak it as a foreign language.

How many words are there in the English language? There are about 490 000. Also, there are about 300 000 words used in science. There are more words in English than in any other language. But most people use no more 60 000 words.

Children leaving school at the age of 16 know about 15 000 words.

- How many different languages are spoken in the world today?
A. 5 000. B. 500. C. 50 000.
- How many languages are spoken in India?
A. Nearly 9 000. B. Nearly 900 C. About 1 900.
- Which language is spoken by the biggest number of people?
A. Chinese B. Indian C. English
- How many people speak English as their first language?
A. 650 million. B. 33 million. C. 330 million.
- How many people speak English as a foreign language?
A. 330 million. B. 650 million. C. 65 million.

B) 阅读短文，判断正 (T) 误 (F) (5%)

One day a teacher was giving a lesson to the boys and girls in her class. The teacher told them to

write an English composition about the last football match. One of the boys wrote a few words and put down his pen. The teacher asked him, "Why aren't you writing?" The boys answered. "I have finished." Then the teacher took his exercise book and read, "Rain, No play."

- () 1. One day the teacher was teaching a P. E. lesson.
- () 2. The teacher asked the students to write a composition in English.
- () 3. When the boy stopped writing, the teacher was surprised.
- () 4. The teacher was a tall man with thick glasses.
- () 5. The boy wrote a long and good composition.

C) 选择恰当单词，并用其正确形式填空 (15%)

(ago, late, young, until, visit, Child, great, on, already, be, read, at, die, move, still)

Charles Dickens, one of the 1 English writers 2 born 3 the 7th of February, 1882, in one of the small towns of England. When Dickens was nine years old, the family 4 to London. There were several 5 6 in the family besides Charles. The future writer couldn't go to school 7 his father was out of prison. At that time, he was 8 twelve years old, but he didn't finish school. Two years 9 he began to work again. 10 the age of fifteen, he often 11 the famous library of the British Museum. He spent many hours 12 books there, Dickens 13 more than a hundred years 14, but people are 15 reading his books with great interest.

D) 阅读短文，选择最佳答案。(10%)

We all live on the earth. The earth turns round once a day. As it turns, some people see sunrise and day comes to their houses; at the same time people see sunset and night comes to their houses.

The earth moves in another way, too. It travels round the sun in an orbit (轨道) towards the sun. It is summer on that part of the earth. Half a year later, the earth goes round to the other side of its orbit. That part of the earth is now farther away from the sun and has its winter, and the other part has its summer. Between summer and winter, both halves of the earth are the same distance (距离) from the sun. Then they have spring and autumn. As the earth goes round in its orbit, we have our four seasons go on and on.

- () 1. We can see sunrise and sunset because _____.
A. the sun is near to us
B. the earth turns round every day
C. the sun goes out of the clouds in the daytime and into them at night
D. the earth moves round the sun
- () 2. There are four seasons in a year because _____.
A. the earth moves round the sun
B. the sun turns round the earth
C. the sun moves from one place to another
D. the earth travels nearer and nearer to the sun
- () 3. When the earth goes round the sun, we have _____ on the part that leans (倾斜) towards the sun.
A. spring B. summer C. autumn D. winter
- () 4. When we have winter, the part of the earth of us to stand on is _____

A. near the sun

B. nearer to the sun

C. farther away from the sun

D. the same distance as the other part from it

() 5. When both halves of the earth are the same distance from the sun , we have _____ .

A. spring and autumn

B. spring and winter

C. summer and winter

D. summer and autumn

III. 据意写词 (10%)

1. _____ is this sweater ? Can you find its owner ?

2. I have seen it _____ of times. At least (至少) two hundred.

3. Please take the paper - box away. It takes up (占) too _____ room.

4. Is reading in bed good or bad for your _____ ?

5. At the _____ of the 21 century many families will have computers.

6. In winter , the ground of the north is _____ by thick snow.

7. Our knowledge of the universe is _____ all the time.

8. The film will start at half _____ seven tonight.

9. The wall here is used for _____ visitors. That means visitors can't go through.

10. The _____ of the game will be sent to foreign countries. Congratulations to them !

IV 改写句子 (15%)

1. I'm in Grade Three at No. 4 Middle School.

I'm in _____ at No. 4 Middle School.

2. It's such an important match , We can't miss it.

The match is _____ important _____ we _____ see it.

3. Tie the tree to the top of the stick to keep it straight.

Tie the tree to the top of the stick so that it _____ straight.

4. China doesn't want to copy the USA's example.

China doesn't want to _____ the USA _____.

5. We've just returned from a short holiday in Beijing.

We've just _____ a short holiday in Beijing and _____.

V 完成句子 (10%)

1. I didn't know _____ they _____ buy another car. (是否将能)

2. My aunt never knew a car _____ a house. (超过.....的价钱)

3. 操场应保持整洁。The playground _____ clean.

4. 绿色长城阻止沙子侵蚀富饶土地。

The Great Green Wall _____ the sand _____ towards the rich farmland.

5. Does he know _____ ? (法国的人口是多少)

6. We _____ (想知道) that's a lot of people for the size of the country.

VI 书面表达 (10%)

提示：5月4日，4中的5年级同学去游览了长城，他们玩游戏，吃午餐，玩得十分愉快，假如你是其中一员，写一则日记。(60 - 70) 字



单元双测 *AB* 卷

Unit 13

B 测——综合能力过关 (100 分)

题 号	I	II	III	IV	V	VI	VII	VIII	总 分
得 分									

I . 单项选择 (20%)

- () 1. They are _____.
A. France B. French C. Frenchman D. Frenchmen
- () 2. Are you a _____ ?
A. German B. China C. Canada D. Australia
- () 3. _____ ago , there were few people in the world.
A. Thousands of years B. Thousand of years
C. Thouand years D. Thousands years
- () 4. What _____ the population of Germany ?
A. are B. has C. is D. for
- () 5. Who knows the answer _____ this question ?
A. of B. to C. for D. with
- () 6. We can say the number 56 , 984in English like this _____.
A. fifty – six thousand and nine hundred and eighty – four
B. fifty – six thousand nine hundred and eighty – four
C. fifty six thousand nine hundred and eighty four
D. fifty six thousand nine hundred and eighty – four
- () 7. _____ it goes on , hour _____ hour.
A. So , after B. Such , by C. That , after D. / , by
- () 8. Which country has the _____ population , the USA , India or Canada ?
A. most B. more C. larger D. largest
- () 9. _____ what year will the world's population reach 6 billion ?
A. During B. by C. / D. since
- () 10. Is there _____ room for her to stand in ?
A. a B. the C. / D. an
- () 11. People say _____ 2010 , it may be seven billion.
A. in the year of B. by the year of C. by year D. by the year
- () 12. During the past three months , my grandma _____ in hospital.
A. was B. has been C. is D. will be
- () 13. Japan is one of the _____ countries in the world.
A. more developed B. less developed

C. less developing

D. more developing

() 14. Australia has _____ people than France.

A. smaller

B. larger

C. fewer

D. bigger

() 15. They never thought that population problem _____ a big problem.

A. will be

B. is

C. would be

D. will begin

() 16. What will happen _____ 2000 years ?

A. in

B. after

C. to

D. among

() 17. China is a _____ country in the world.

A. developed

B. developing

C. more developed

D. less developed

() 18. What _____ news !

A. a surprising

B. a surprised

C. surprising

D. surprised

() 19. I heard some news _____ radio _____ the 27th Olympic Games.

A. on , about

B. on the , of

C. on , on

D. on the , about

() 20. The temperature has _____ 39 degree centigrade in the room.

A. arrived

B. got

C. reached

D. raised

II. 用所给词的适当形式填空 (10%)

1. They _____ (build) a lot of houses by the end of last year.

2. He has lived in the city since he _____ (come) back to China.

3. She doesn't think the music is _____ (enjoy).

4. How _____ the football players are playing ! (wonder)

5. The farmers grow cotton in the _____ part of China. (south)

6. During the last few years we _____ a lot of bridges in Beijing. (build)

7. China is a _____ country. But Britain is a _____ country. (develop)

8. Would you mind _____ smoking from now on ? (stop)

9. What will the population of these countries be by the end of the _____ century ? (twenty)

10. This park _____ by forests and grass. (cover)

III. 阅读理解。 (15%)

A) 阅读下面短文，并根据短文内容判断正 (T)，误 (F)。

Edison was a clever boy , he was always trying out new ideas. One day his mother was ill. She sent for a doctor. When the doctor came , he looked over Tom's mother and said that she needed an operation. But it was night , and the light in the room was very bad. Tom thought for a moment. Then he had an idea , he took all the lights in the house and put them on a long table. Then he put a big mirror behind them. Now the doctor was able to see clearly. He operated on her at once. Edison's mother was saved.

() 1. Young Tom liked trying out some new ideas.

() 2. One day his mother was ill. Tom sent for a doctor.

() 3. When the doctor came , he looked after Tom's mother.

() 4. Tom took all the lights and put them on the floor.

() 5. The doctor saved Edison's mother.

B) 阅读下面短文，然后根据其内容选择最佳答案。

Long , long ago , a father had several sons. They were always quarrelling (争吵) with each other. He tried to stop them but he failed. One day he thought of an idea. He showed some sticks. He decided to teach them a lesson.

The father said to them , “ My sons , if you are of one mind and unite (团结) to help each other , you will be like the bundle , and no enemy will be able to beat you , but if you fight among yourselves. You will be broken as easily as these sticks. ”

- () 1. The father had _____.
A. several daughters
B. four sons
C. two sons
D. more than two sons
- () 2. The father's sons were always _____.
A. friendly
B. quarrelling with each other
C. kind to each other
D. getting along well
- () 3. The father decided to teach them a lesson because _____.
A. his sons didn't know how to use the sticks
B. he failed in stopping them from quarrelling
C. his sons didn't study hard
D. he didn't like any of them
- () 4. Which sentence is true ?
A. The father showed his sons some sticks and let them do something.
B. The sons broke the bundle of sticks.
C. The father took the sticks and broke them easily.
D. The sons broke the sticks one by one.
- () 5. From this story , we know _____.
A. to help each other is important
B. no one could beat the sons
C. the first son beat the sons
D. the sons didn't like their father

一天，史密斯小姐乘出租车去她的办公室。当她下车时把包丢在车上。司机想……

1. one day , Miss Smith , go to her office , by taxi
2. when , get out of , leave , her bag in it.
3. the driver , think , whose
4. at last , find , Miss smith , give back

1. _____ (我不能决定) which sweater to buy.
2. _____ (许多好地) has gone with the forest, leaving only sand.
3. _____ (在过去的五年里) He's bought five watches for himself.
4. China is a _____ (发展中的国家).
5. I didn't know _____ (在一百年内将要发生什么事) in the world.
6. (有多少人口) _____ of the world in 1950?
7. There will not be _____ (足够的空间) for everybody else.
8. China doesn't want to _____ (依照美国的样子).
9. _____ (我们俩都不知道) where Lilei is.
10. The important work _____ (必须按时完成)

— 7 —

good but when teach call and on well
early because class other why another

Mr Clarke 1 science in a school in New York. One day he was explaining (讲解) to one of his 2 about sound, and he wanted to know how 3 he had been in his teaching. He said to them, "Now I have a sister in Los Angeles (洛杉矶). If I was 4 her 5 the telephone, and at the same time you were 75 metres away, and listened to me from the 6 side of the street, who would hear what I said 7, my sister or you, and 8?"

The cleverest boy at once answered, "Your sister, Mr Clarke, 9 electricity (电) travels faster than sound."

"Very good," Mr Clarke said; 10 one of the girls stood up and said, "Your sister would hear you earlier because when it's eleven o'clock here, it's only eight o'clock in Los Angeles."

Ⅶ. 补全对话 (10%)

A: Hi. What are you doing?

B: I'm reading a book _____ population. It says 259 babies are born every minute.

A: Really? I can _____ believe it. _____ this _____ 60. we'll have 15,540 babies on the earth in an hour.

B: That's true. _____, day after day, just think how many more people there will be in one year. The world's population is increasing _____.

A: The population in less developed countries is growing faster than that in _____ countries, isn't it?

B: Yes, it is. Population is a greater _____ in developing countries than in _____ countries.

A: Does the book say our government (政府) has done something to _____ the growth of the population in China?

B: Yes. The State Family Planning Commission (委员会) of China was founded in 1964. The population increase rate (人口增长率) had dropped from 23% in 1953 to 11.35% in 1956.

创新题

Ⅷ. 改写句子 (15%)

1. The doctor asked me...What's wrong with you?

The doctor asked me _____ wrong with you.

2. He didn't say when she was coming.

He didn't say when she _____.

3. What's the population of Australia?

_____ are there _____ Australia?

4. The world's population is growing faster and faster.

The _____ of the _____ is growing faster and faster.

5. I wasn't sure...Is he going to have a boy?

I wasn't sure _____ going to have a boy.

单元双测 $A.B$ 卷

Unit 14

A 测——基础知识过关 (100 分)

题 号	I	II	III	IV	V	VI	总 分
得 分							

I. 单项选择 (15%)

- () 1. My glasses are broken. I have to buy _____.
A. a new one B. new one
C. a new pair D. another one
- () 2. I still have _____ money in my pocket.
A. many B. more C. a little D. a few
- () 3. You'd better _____ with your classmates.
A. go B. going C. to go D. goes
- () 4. Look ! My shoes _____.
A. are worn out B. wear out
C. wears out D. are worn
- () 5. He said he had seen that film a week _____.
A. ago B. before C. later D. after
- () 6. The new shop near our school _____ shoes and clothes.
A. have B. buys C. are sold D. sells
- () 7. Neither he nor I _____ free this afternoon.
A. am B. is C. are D. was
- () 8. He is _____ full that he can't eat any more.
A. ever B. so C. too D. very
- () 9. The teacher asked me _____ I'm late for school.
A. where B. what C. that D. why
- () 10. He was _____ runner that everyone cheered for him
A. a so good B. so a good
C. so good a D. very good a
- () 11. He didn't plan his time well _____ he didn't finish the work in time.
A. so...that B. so that C. that D. such that
- () 12. How much are your shoes ? They really fit you well.
These shoes _____ me two hundred yuan.
A. paid B. spent C. take D. cost

- () 13. We left in _____ a hurry _____ we forgot to lock the door.
A. such...that B. so...that C. so that D. so a that
- () 14. I didn't buy the book yesterday because my father _____ it for me.
A. has bought B. had buy C. had bought D. have bought
- () 15. Before ten o'clock last night. I _____ my homework.
A. have finished B. has finished C. had finish D. had finished

II. 阅读理解 : (25%)

A) 阅读短文判断正误，正 (T) 误 (F) (5%)

Mr White came back from work at six in the afternoon. He felt tired. As soon as he sat down on a chair, Mrs White brought him a cup of tea.

" Thank you, dear, " said Mr White.

" Have you heard from Mr Green ? " she asked.

" I've had another letter from him, " Mr White said. " His leg is getting better. " Mr White drank the tea and turned on the TV. " Um, what's wrong with the TV ? There is no programme on any of the channels. "

" I'm afraid it needs mending, " Mrs White turned off the TV.

" Never mind, I'll see what I can do for the TV this weekend, " said Mr White. " Now let's listen to the radio instead. "

() 1. Mr White was tired after work.

() 2. Mr White got one letter from Mr Green.

() 3. There was something wrong with Mr Green's leg.

() 4. No programme could be found on any of the channels because it was too old.

() 5. They thought listening to the radio was better than watching TV.

B) 阅读下面短文，然后根据其内容选择最佳答案 (10%)

One day I was riding on a horse down a road and found in front of a big pile (堆) of hay (干草), so I had to stop. The hay had fallen off a wagon (车). A boy was standing by the wagon and looked worried. I know that the boy was the driver of the wagon.

" Now don't worry. " I told the boy. " Come with me to the village over there. and I'll find someone to help you get the hay back on the wagon. "

In the village, a farmer asked the boy and me to have dinner. I enjoyed my dinner, but I saw that the boy still looked worried.

" Dad won't like this. " the boy said in a low voice. " Dad won't like this at all. "

" Don't worry too much. " I told the boy. " Just be careful next time. Now have your dinner, and you needn't hurry. "

" But I have been away for a long time. Dad will get angry ". the boy said.

" Oh, come now, " said I, " Your dad will understand. He will be glad if he knows that you had a good dinner. I'll go with you and tell him what has happened. By the way, where is your dad ? " " He's under the pile of hay ! " said the boy.

() 1. The story happened in a _____.

A. factory B. school C. city D. village

() 2. I stopped riding because _____.

C. to get out of the car

D. to look after the car

III. 补全对话 (每空一词) (15%)

A : What can I _____ for you , madam ?

B : I'm _____ for a coat for my daughter.

A : Here , madam. Here're coats for _____.

B : The black one looks nice. Do you _____ it , dear ?

C : No , Mum. I don't like black very much. I prefer green.

A : Green ? What _____ that green one over _____ ? How do you _____ that ?

C : It's nice , _____ it ?

B : Yes , How _____ is it ?

A : Two hundred yuan.

B : That'll be all _____ , Alice , please _____ it _____ , will you ? ...Hmm , it looks very nice , but it's a _____ large.

C : Never _____. It'll be all right before long. You always say I'm growing fast , don't you ?

B : That's true. We'll _____ it then.

IV. 根据句子意思 , 选用下面的一个词语 , 并以其适当形式填空 (15%)

wear out , think about , cost , even though , forever , so that , so...that , spend

1. The little boy's trousers were _____ .

2. Don't _____ what he said to Jim just now.

3. Mr Green bought a car _____ he could travel around.

4. After running , she was _____ tired _____ she couldn't walk any more.

5. We'll be good friends _____ .

6. Mr Klip _____ the whole day doing his work yesterday.

7. _____ I don't sleep for a night , I'll help you.

8. How much does the suit _____ ?

V. 改写句子 (15%)

1. He has money enough to buy the car.

He has _____ much money _____ he can buy the car.

2. His shoes are broken. They can't be mended.

His shoes are _____ .

3. I was so angry that I couldn't say anything.

I was _____ angry _____ .

4. She had searched the internet for two hours.

_____ she searched the internet ?

5. The computer cost a lot of money. So she couldn't buy it.

The computer _____ she couldn't buy it.

VI. 书面表达 (15%)

根据提示写一封约 60 个单词的信

You have been to somewhere. Write a letter to your friend Tom , and tell him what you did and what you saw in it , when and how you went there.

单元双测 *AB* 卷

Unit 14

B 测——综合能力过关 (100 分)

题 号	I	II	III	IV	V	VI	总 分
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I . 单项选择 (15%)

- () 1. How much did you _____ the jacket ?
A. pay for B. give to C. cost D. send on
- () 2. I met Li Lei in the street yesterday. I _____ him for a long time.
A. haven't seen B. hadn't seen C. haven't saw D. hadn't see
- () 3. By ten o'clock yesterday , he _____ at the park.
A. has arrived B. had arrived C. shall arrive D. arrive
- () 4. Do you feel worried ?
No , _____ .
A. not a little B. a little C. not a bit D. a bit
- () 5. I didn't know if she _____ .
A. would come B. will come C. would comes D. is coming
- () 6. The boy sat in the corner _____ quietly _____ no one knew he was there.
A. so that B. such...that C. so...that D. such that
- () 7. The pair of new trousers _____ him seventy yuan.
A. cost B. spent C. took D. costed
- () 8. I feel _____ after hearing the good news.
A. excite B. exciting C. excited D. excites
- () 9. I'm _____ after working such a long time.
A. worn out B. excited C. glad D. happy
- () 10. You must do the experiment _____.
A. as follwing B. the following C. that follows D. as follows
- () 11. When I got to the station , the train _____.
A. have already left B. already left C. was leaveing D. had already left
- () 12. If he has _____ money , he can buy her the present.
A. so many B. so much C. such many D. such much
- () 13. When I was passing by , I saw him _____ at the gate.
A. sit B. sits C. to sit D. sitting
- () 14. The shoes _____ your size have been sold out.
A. of B. for C. with D. in
- () 15. There was _____ snow and ice last winter. And it was _____ cold.
A. much too , much B. too much , much too

C. too much , much

D. too , too

II . 阅读理解 25%

A) 阅读下面短文，并根据短文内容选择最佳答案 (5%)

The programmes Sun Xiaomei hosts (主持) might be among the shortest on CCTV. “ On Screen (银幕) Next Week ” is on once a week for 15 minutes and “ TV You , He and I ” comes on for five minutes each time , once a week too.

“ Though these programmes are short , I have many ideas to make them more lively for the audience (观众). ” she said.

Sun Xiao mei was interested in music in her childhood (童年时代). She played the violin since the age of five until she finished middle school. At first her father wanted her to enter a music school ; However , 16 - year - old Sun became a student in Beijing Broadcasting (广播) college.

Sun loves her job as a hostess (女主持人) very much. She pays great attention to learning from her comrades , especially (尤其) Zhao Zhongxiang. When Zhao hosted “ The Animal World ” , Sun would sit beside him to learn.

“ I’m sure that when I am seen by hundreds of millions of audience on the weekend , I can make friends with them through my warm and easy talk , ” she said.

() 1. The programmes Sun Xiaomei hosts are “ _____ ”

A. On Screen Next Week

B. TV You , He and I

C. The Animal world

D. Both A and B

() 2. It takes Sun Xiaomei _____ minutes to host the programmes each week.

A. 20

B. 40

C. 50

D. 45

() 3. In the sentence “ I have many ideas to make them more lively for the audience. ” the word “ them ” here means _____.

A. the TV screens

B. the programmes

C. many ideas

D. hostess

() 4. Which of the following is not true ?

A. She liked music when she was a child.

B. She played the violin from 5 to 16.

C. After she finished middle school , she studied in a music school.

D. She had played the violin for nearly 12 years before she went to college.

() 5. Why is she sure that she can make friends with her audience ? Because _____.

A. she loves the job as a hostess very much

B. she is always ready to receive much help from others

C. she has a warm and ready talk to them

D. all the above

B) 阅读短文，选择答案 (10%)

One day Mrs Green took several pairs of shoes to the shoemaker to be mended. After a few days she picked them up and put them away. Six months later , she and her husband were invited (邀请) to dinner. She took a pair of shoes. She hadn’t worn them since they were mended. She put one on her right foot , and then she put the other on her left. She felt something wrong. She took them off for a closer look. They were the same style (型) , colour and size , but each was for the right foot. Then she thought of the shoemaker. Though she was sure he wouldn’t remember her after such a long time. she called him. “ Thank goodness , you finally called , ” he said excitedly (兴奋地). “ An angry woman has been troubling me for months ! ”

() 1. What did Mrs Green go to the shoemaker for ?

She went there to _____.

- A. buy a pair of new shoes
- B. ask him to mend the shoes for her
- C. change her shoes
- D. make her shoes

() 2. Mrs Green didn't know both shoes were for the right foot until _____.

- A. she called the shoemaker
- B. she went to have dinner
- C. she took them back
- D. she tried them on

() 3. Mrs Green put on the shoes _____ later after they had been mended.

- A. several days
- B. sixty days
- C. more than half a year
- D. less than a few years

() 4. The woman was angry because the shoemaker _____.

- A. gave her two left shoes
- B. hadn't mended her shoes
- C. gave her too big shoes
- D. didn't give her shoes

() 5. Which of the following is true ?

- A. Mrs Green knew that woman.
- B. The shoemaker was excited when he received Mrs Green's call.
- C. The shoemaker didn't know someone had taken away two right shoes.
- D. The shoemaker knew where Mrs Green lived.

C) 阅读下面短文，根据其内容选择最佳答案。(10%)

Mr and Mrs Jones never go out in the evening, but last Saturday, Mrs Jones said to her husband, "There's a good film at the cinema tonight. Shall we go and see it?"

Mr Jones was quite happy about it, so they went, and both of them enjoyed the film very much.

When they came out of the cinema it was already 11 o'clock. They got into their car and began driving home. It was quite dark. Mrs Jones said, "Look, a woman's running along the road very fast and a man's running after her. Can you see them?"

Mr Jones said, "Yes, I can." He drove the car slowly near the woman and said to her, "Can I help you?"

"No, thanks," said the woman, but she did not stop running. "My husband and I always run home after the cinema, because whoever (不论谁) gets home late will wash dishes (盘子)." "

() 1. Mr. and Mrs. Jones often _____ in the evening.

- A. stay at home
- B. go out
- C. go to the cinema
- D. go out to have supper

() 2. Last Saturday, they went _____.

- A. out for a walk
- B. to see a film
- C. to see a woman
- D. to buy a car

() 3. _____ enjoyed the film very much.

- A. Mr. Jones
- B. Mrs. Jones
- C. Both Mr. and Mrs. Jones
- D. The woman

() 4. On their way home they saw _____.

- A. a man running after a woman
- B. a woman running after a man
- C. two men running together
- D. two women running together

() 5. Why were the man and the woman running? Because _____.

- A. the woman's husband was angry with her
- B. they liked to run

C. both the man and the woman didn't want to wash the dishes

D. they tried to catch the car

III. 据意填词 (10%)

1. Have you got _____ other kind?
2. _____ size do you wear? Size seven.
3. He is old _____ to go to school.
4. I think Chinese is more popular than any other _____.
5. My shoes are worn _____. I want to buy a new pair.
6. —Please don't play with my chalk.
—Sorry! I _____.
7. A computer has changed the world _____ than other inventions.
8. The teacher often _____ him Ning Ning.
9. He has _____ English by himself.
10. I looked for my new book _____ but I can't find it.

IV. 书面表达 (15%)

提示：玛利和凯特是好朋友，玛利想给凯特送件生日礼物，但商店的东西太贵，玛利决定给她做一个生日卡。字数（40—50）

V. 翻译句子 (20%)

1. 她决定在网上订购数码电视以便能给她送到。
She decided to buy a _____ TV _____ it could be sent _____ her.
2. 我们在广场中心照了许多照片。
We had our _____ in the _____ the square.
3. 这是一道难题，仔细想想，不要匆忙。
This is a _____. Think _____. Don't _____.
4. 他们将帮助她永远记住这次特别的旅行。
They will _____ her _____ this special trip _____.
5. 我到火车站前，火车就已经开了。
Before I _____ the station, the train _____ already _____.

创新题

VI. 改写句子 (15%)

1. He is running too fast. I can't catch up with him.
He is running _____ fast _____ I _____ catch up with him.
2. It cost him thirty yuan to buy that book.
_____ thirty yuan in _____ that book.
3. The shoes were very cheap. She bought them.
The shoes cost _____ she bought them.
4. Please bring it nearer because I can see it better.
Bring it nearer _____ I can see it better.
5. I need size 38.
_____ do you need?
6. She wanted to take pictures of this trip, but she didn't have a camera.
_____ she wanted to take pictures of this trip, _____ have a camera.