北京市东城区 2002 年初中升学统一考试 英语

第Ⅰ卷　听力测试(选择题　20 分)

一、看图听句子，选择与图画内容意思相符的选项。(每个句子朗读两遍)(共 4 分，每小题 1 分)



二、听句子，选择恰当的答语。(每个句子朗读两遍)(共 6 分，每小题 1 分)

5. A. How do you do?

B. Fine, thanks. And you?

C. good-bye!

6. A. It's June 20th.

B. It's Tuesday.

C. It's 6:45.

7. A. Certainly. Here you are.

B. How are you?

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C. Yes, that's right.

8. A. It's a pleasure.

B. Thank you.

C. Not at all.

9. A. Go down this street and turn right.

B. I have got a bad cold.

C. Nice to meet you.

10. A. Thank you very much.

B. OK. See you tomorrow.

C. All right. See you then.

三、听对话和对话后的问题，然后选择正确答案。(对话和对话后的问题朗读两遍)(共 5 分，每小题 1 分)

11. A. Milk. B. Vegetables. C. Meat.

12. A. America. B. London. C. Canada.

13. A. To see Miss Liu.

B. To see a friend.

C. To buy some books.

14. A. 22. B. 24. C. 46.

15. A. Any weekday except Monday.

B. On Wednesday and Thursday.

C. On Tuesday or Friday.

四、听短文和短文后的问题，然后选择正确答案。(对话和文段以及后面的问题朗读三遍)(共 5 分，每小题 1 分)

16. A. 986 – 3603.

B. 986 – 3630.

C. 986 – 3360.

17. A. Asked for her telephone number.

B. Called her again in about an hour.

C. Left her a message.

18. A. He can meet more new people.

B. He can visit more museums and shopping centres.

C. He can come home when he's tired.

19. A. Meeting people, visiting museums and walking around old towns.

B. Shopping, walking around and looking at old buildings.

C. Swimming, reading books and lying in

the sun.

20. A. Because he wants to go shopping and visit museums.

B. Because he wants to know more about different people, places and ways of life.

C. Because he has never been to any other places.

第 II 卷　笔试(选择题　50 分)

五、选择填空(共 10 分，每小题 1 分)

从下列各题所给的四个选项中选择最佳答案。

21. —Excuse me. Do you have a table for two?

—I'm sorry, _____there aren't any seats now. Would you mind waiting for a while?

A. but　　B. and　　C. or　　D. so

22. In the bookshop, a reader asked the shopkeeper_____Who Moved My Cheese was an interesting book.

A. that　　B. how　　C. what　　D. if

23. —_____ I have your name, please?

— Yes, Michael. M-I-C-H-A-E-L.

A. Must B. Will C. May D. Need

24. There is _____knocking at the dour. Go and see who it is.

A. nobody B. somebody

C. anybody D. everybody

25. The new computers_____to the village school as presents last month.

A. are given B. given

C. were given D. gave

26. Stop_____so much noise! Father is working at the desk.

A. To make B. making

C. to hear D. hearing

27. —What did your son say in the letter?

—He told me that he _____the Disney World the next day.

A. will visit B. has visited

C. is going to visit D. would visit

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28. —In our English study reading is more important than speaking, I think.

—I don't agree. Speaking is_____reading.

A. as important as B. so important as

C. the most important D. the same as

29. _____ a cold morning, I opened the window and was glad to find that it was snowing outside.

A. By B. In C. At D. On

30. —Your dress is just wonderful!

—_____

A. I'm glad to hear that.

B. You are fight, thank you

C. Thank you, and you?

D. No, no, yours is better.

六、阅读理解(共 30 分，每小题 2 分)

阅读下列 A、B、C 三篇短文。从短文后每题所给的四个选项中选择最佳答案。

(A)

Thirty years ago, Lake Ponkapog in

Hartwell, New Jersey, way full of life. Many birds and animals lived beside the water, which was full offish. Now there are few birds, animals, and fish. The lake water is polluted(**污染的**). It is in a colour of dirty brown, and it is filled with strange plants.

How did this happen? First, we must think about how water gets into Lake Ponkapog. When it rains, water comes into the lake from all around. In the past, there were forests all around Lake Ponkapog, so the rainwater was dean.

Now there are many homes around the lake. People often use chemicals(**化学品**) in their gardens. They use other chemicals inside their houses for cleaning or killing insects(**昆虫**). There are also many businesses. Businesses use chemicals in their machines or shops. Other chemicals fall onto the ground from ears or trucks. When it rains, the rainwater picks up

all the chemicals from homes and businesses and then carries them into the lake. They pollute the water and kill the animals.

Boats on the lake are also a problem. Lake Ponkapog is a popular place for motorboats. But oil and gas(油和汽)from boats often get into the lake. So more bad chemicals go into the water this way.

People in Hartwell are worried. They love their lake and want to save it. Will it be possible? A clean lake must have clean rainwater going into it. Clean rainwater is possible only if people are more careful about chemicals at home and at work. They must also be more careful about gas and oil and other chemicals on the ground. And they mustn't use motorboats any more on the lake. All these may change people's lives. Only then can Lake Ponkapog be a beautiful, clean lake again.

31. In the past, the water in Lake Ponkapog

was made clean by_____.

A. forests B. rain C. birds D. fish

32. Chemicals from homes and businesses_____.

A. are always clean

B. can help the animals

C. are good for the lake

D. get into the rainwater

33. Cleaner rainwater will mean_____.

A. more boats on the lake

B. more dirty things in the lake

C. a cleaner lake

D. a dirtier lake

34. To save Lake Ponkapog, people need to_____.

A. be more careful about chemicals

B. use less water

C. grow fewer plants in the gardens

D. use more motorboats on the lake

35. The passage is about _____.

A. boats on Lake Ponkapog

B. why the water is dirty in lake Ponkapog

C. clean rainwater

D. dirty lakes

(B)

Dear Roni, Italy is wonderful. We started in Rome two weeks ago, drove to Florence last week and now we're on our way to Venice. Three weeks just isn't enough. The country near Florence is so beautiful-hills, olive trees. And red roofs(屋顶) of the houses look so nice far away. I am afraid I am getting bigger--the food here is so delicious!!! Love, Akemi	Roni Lebaver 222 Main St. Laguna Beach, CA 92651 U.S.A
Hi Roni, I can't believe(相信) you went to school here in Honolulu! Why did you leave?? I spend each morning on the beach(海滩) and in the water. The sand is so soft and the beaches seem so long. The water is just the right temperature. One afternoon, I left the beach to walk in mountains near Honolulu. I enjoyed myself very much there. How I miss you! Mari	Roni lebaver 222 Main St. Laguna Beach, CA 92651 U.S.A
Dear Roni, Maybe I'm strange but I love the desert(沙漠)! Last week our group spent four days in the desert. At times, it felt like the moon. I always thought deserts were all the same! They are not. Some parts look like mountains; others are really different. And when we find something green--a few palm trees, a little water, we feel good and great. See you in September, Kim	Roni lebaver 222 Main St. Laguna Beach, CA 92651 U.S.A

36. Who seems to have eaten too much?

A. Mari. B. Akemi. C. Kim. D. Roni.

37. Who went to school in Honolulu?

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A. Akemi. B. Mari. C. Roni. D. Kim.

38. Who spent four days on the moon?

A. Nobody. B. Kim. C. Roni. D. Akemi.

39. Where does Roni live?

A. Florence. B. Honolulu.

C. Laguna Beach. D. Venice.

40. Which of the sentences is true?

A. Akemi arrived in Rome two weeks ago.

B. Mari spends every morning and afternoon on the beach.

C. Deserts always look the same.

D. Mari had a good time in Honolulu.

(C)

The Chinese New Year is now known as the Spring Festival because it starts from the beginning of spring. Though there are some sayings about its origin(**起源**), all agree that the word Nian, which in modern Chinese means "year", was originally the name of a beast(**野兽**) that started to eat people the night

before the beginning of a new year.

One story goes that the beast Nian had a very big mouth that would take in a great many people at one time. People were very afraid. One day, an old man came to their help and said he would stop all this. To Nian he said, "I hear say that you are very strong, but can you eat up all the beasts on earth instead of people who are too weak to be your enemy(敌人)?""Yes," Nian agreed with him and went to kill many of the beasts on earth. People were very happy because those beasts also did bad things to people and killed their farm animals from time to time.

After that, the old man, who was a god(神), rode on the beast Nian and left. Nian was gone, and other beasts also went into forests; people began to enjoy their happy life. Before the old man left, he had told people to put up red paper-cuts on their windows and doors at

each year' s end to drive Nian away, because red is the colour the beast felt most afraid of.

From then on, every year at the beginning of spring, people "Guo Nian". The word "Guo Nian" means "Go through the Nian safely". Putting up red paper-cuts to drive Nian away and making dumplings for a better new year are still an every-year doing by the Chinese people. However(但是), people today have long forgotten why they are doing all this, they just feel the colour and the food make the New Year very enjoyable.

41. The Chinese New Year is also called_____.

A. The Beginning of Spring

B. The Spring Festival

C. The New Spring

D. The Beast Nian

42. How did the old man stop Nian from

eating people?

A. By putting red paper-cuts on windows.

B. By eating up beasts.

C. By talking to him.

D. By riding on him.

43. Why did people put up red paper-cuts instead of those of any other colour?

A. Because Nian liked the colour red.

B. Because the colour red could kill Nian.

C. Because the old man liked the colour red.

D. Because Nian was afraid of the colour red.

44. The best title of this passage is_____.

A. The Origin Of The Chinese New Year

B. The Old Man And The Beast Nian

C. How To Go Through The Nian Safely

D. What Nian Was Like

45. Which of the sentences is true?

A. Nian can eat up all the beasts on earth

at one time.

B. Nian is a tall beast that likes to eat farm animals.

C. Nian is afraid of paper-cuts.

D. Nian doesn't like to use his own mind.

七、完形填空(共 10 分，每小题 1 分)通读下面短文，掌握其大意，然后从短文后各题所给的四个选项中选择能填入相应空白处的最佳答案。

Sam is a bus driver in a big city. All day he drives a bus through busy streets. Driving a big bus is very ___46___ work. It makes some drivers unhappy. But not Sam!

Sam is always happy. And the people who ride in his bus seem to be happy, too. This Story shows ____47____.

Early one morning, Sam started his big green and yellow bus. He went off on ____48____ work. "Oh, what a beautiful morning!" he sang. "Oh, what a beautiful day!"

At the first bus stop, a man was

____49____ . "Good morning, Mr James," said Sam with a big smile, "How are you?" "Fine, thank you, Sam," said Mr James. "How are you?"

"Wonderful!" Sam answered. "Just WONDERFUL! This is a fine day."

Mr James smiled. He took a seat. As he looked ____50____ the window, he still smiled.

At ____51____stop a man came running up. He was puffing(气喘吁吁). "I have topuff—catch a train—puffat seven, " he said. "Can you puff—get me to the station?"

"Now, just sit down and rest," said Sam. "I'll drive a little____52____. We will be there in time. Then you ____53____ run again." "Thank you!" said the man. He sat down.

Sam did drive just a little faster. He got to the station before seven!

"Thank you," said the man, as he got off the bus. "You are the best bus driver in the city!"

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