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☆ Unit 1 This is Me ! ☆

名师导引

◆重点词

e-dog, year, grade, reading, club, after, music, short, long, wear, glasses, enjoy, swimming, volleyball, fish, usually, often, dinner, grandparents, restaurant, fly, every, lunchtime, always, weekend, run, hour, sometimes, player, more, newest, news, score, team, goal, age, birthplace, match, well, strong, rubber, borrow, say, start, begin, CD, lesson

◆重点词组

- | | |
|---|--|
| 1. look after 照看 | 2. good morning 早上好 |
| 3. good afternoon 下午好 | 4. good evening 晚上好 |
| 5. good night 晚安 | 6. ... years old ...岁 |
| 7. the Reading Club 阅读俱乐部 | 8. be born 出生 |
| 9. long black hair 长长的黑发 | 10. come from 来自 |
| 11. listen to music 听音乐 | 12. short hair 短发 |
| 13. wear glasses 戴眼镜 | 14. play computer games 玩电脑游戏 |
| 15. after school 放学后 | 16. football field 足球场 |
| 17. maths teacher 数学老师 | 18. at the weekend 在周末 |
| 19. be good at 擅长于 | 20. half an hour 半小时 |
| 21. go swimming 去游泳 | 22. go running 去跑步 |
| 23. watch games 看比赛 | 24. in the evening 在晚上 |
| 25. have dinner 吃晚饭 | 26. have breakfast 吃早饭 |
| 27. sports news 体育新闻 | 28. score goals 得分 |
| 29. score for 为……得分 | 30. in English 用英语 |
| 31. live in 住在 | 32. read a book 看书 |
| 33. listen to CDs 听唱片 | 34. at school 在学校 |
| 35. lots of 许多 | 36. play with 和……一起玩 |
| 37. live with 和……住一起 | 38. enjoy school 喜欢上学 |
| 39. meet new friends 见见新朋友 | 40. welcome home 欢迎回家 |
| 41. a member of the school football team 校足球队成员 | |
| 42. come from England 来自英国 | 43. in/on the school football team 在校足球队 |
| 44. play for Huanghe Football Team 在黄河足球队踢球 | |
| 45. love/like/enjoy doing 喜欢做…… | |
| 46. be polite and helpful to sb. 对……礼貌且有助 | |

- | | |
|-------------------------------|-------------------------------------|
| 47. know each other 互相认识 | 48. want to be a teacher 想成为一名老师 |
| 49. have sports 进行体育活动 | 50. at night 在夜里 |
| 51. take my dog for a walk 溜狗 | 52. an answer to the question 问题的答案 |
| 53. look well 看上去健康 | 54. sound great 听起来不错 |

◆重点句型

1. I'm in Class 1, Grade 7. = I'm a Class 1, Grade 7 student. 我在七年级一班。
2. Kitty works hard at all her lessons. = Kitty studies all her lessons hard. Kitty 努力学习各门功课。
3. Sandy comes from Beijing. = Sandy is from Beijing. Sandy 来自北京。
4. Amy is good at swimming. = Amy does well in swimming. Amy 擅长游泳。
5. Daniel wears glasses. = Daniel is a boy with glasses. Daniel 戴眼镜。
6. Does Millie take the bus home? = Does Millie go home by bus? Millie 是乘公交车回家的吗?
7. In the evening, we often have dinner at my grandparents' home. = In the evening, we often go to my grandparents' home for dinner. 晚上我们经常到爷爷奶奶家吃饭。
8. Li Hua plays football very well. = Li Hua is a good football player. 李华足球踢得好。
9. Can I borrow your pen? = Can I borrow a pen from you? 我可以借用你的钢笔吗?
10. How do you say that in English? = What's that in English? 你如何用英语说那个?
11. It's time for class. = It's to have class. 该是上课的时候了。

◆语法

一般现在时

- (1) 一般现在时表示客观事实、现在的状态或经常性、习惯性、永久性的动作行为。主语不是第三人称单数时,动词用原形;主语是第三人称单数时,行为动词用第三人称单数形式。如:

He is a student.

I live in Nantong.

She always dances after school.

My friend likes playing football.

They don't go to school by bus.

- (2) 一般现在时的一般疑问句及其回答

- a. 当谓语动词是行为动词,主语不是第三人称单数时,否定句和疑问句的构成需借助于助动词 do,如:

—Do you often get up early in the morning?

—Yes, I do.

- b. 当谓语动词是行为动词,主语是第三人称单数时,否定句和疑问句的构成需借助于助动词 does,动词用原形。如:

—Does he like English?

—Yes, he does.

基础整合(一)

听力部分

一、根据录音选出你所听到的单词。

- | | | | |
|-------------------|-------------|------------------|-----------|
| () 1. A. thirty | B. thirteen | C. three | D. third |
| () 2. A. month | B. match | C. maths | D. master |
| () 3. A. here | B. hears | C. hear | D. hair |
| () 4. A. pear | B. pair | C. football boot | D. pairs |
| () 5. A. 1.86 | B. 1.69 | C. 1.16 | D. 1.68 |
| () 6. A. night | B. right | C. writing | D. write |
| () 7. A. talks | B. takes | C. walks | D. take |
| () 8. A. wall | B. will | C. well | D. song |
| () 9. A. late | B. let | C. later | D. let's |
| () 10. A. leaves | B. lives | C. leave | D. live |

二、根据录音选出合适的应答句。

- | | | |
|-------------------------------|----------------------|--------------------------|
| () 1. A. Sure, here you are. | B. I can't. | C. Thank you. |
| () 2. A. Yes, it is. | B. No, there's not. | C. Yes, there are. |
| () 3. A. He's a teacher. | B. She's a teacher. | C. He's our teacher. |
| () 4. A. Oh, really? | B. Yes, it is. | C. No, it's not. |
| () 5. A. She's short. | B. She likes sweets. | C. He's tall and strong. |

三、根据所听短文判断正(T)误(F)。

- () 1. Fred and Jane are English.
- () 2. Their school is near their home.
- () 3. Jane is in Mr. Black's class.
- () 4. Fred is a good student.
- () 5. Their parents work in a hospital (医院).

笔试部分

一、根据中文、首字母或句意完成单词。

1. He has _____ e-dog. He is the _____ of the e-dog.
2. We are 13 _____ old. We are in _____ (年级) 7 now.
3. Lily is a member of the _____ (读书) Club.
4. His mother often swims in the s _____ p _____. It's good _____.
5. The boy _____ (戴) _____ (眼镜) is my cousin.
6. Do you have any _____ (爱好)? Yes, I like football and tennis.
7. I always have dinner at my _____ (祖父母) home.
8. I don't have any pen. Can I _____ yours?
9. How do you say that _____ (用) English?

10. I don't cook at home at weekends. I always have meals in _____ (饭店).

二、用所给单词的适当形式填空。

1. Tom is a good student. He is polite and _____ (help).
2. Some of the boys want to be football _____ (play). They practice _____ (play) football every day. They can play very _____ (good) now.
3. The dog is my pet. Do you know _____ (it) name?
4. His desk is between _____ (you) and _____ (I).
5. My classroom is on the _____ (one) floor.
6. These are _____ (Sandy and Tom) bags.

三、用所给动词的适当形式填空。

1. Kitty loves _____ (dance) very much. She would like _____ (dance) at my birthday party.
2. Tim often _____ (finish) his homework at 9:00.
3. My brother often _____ (fly) kites in spring.
4. I think the tall is good at _____ (run).
5. Do you know how _____ (answer) that question?
6. My family _____ (not be) busy at weekends.
7. Do you enjoy _____ (listen) to music? Yes, very much.
8. When can you finish _____ (draw) the picture?
9. Cats like _____ (eat) fish.

四、单项选择。

- () 1. They want _____ the lake.
A. go B. to go C. going D. to go to
- () 2. He came _____ the evening of September 1.
A. at B. in C. on D. for
- () 3. It's a fine day _____ a walk. I like _____.
A. for, to walking B. for, walking
C. to, walking D. for, walk
- () 4. He says "_____" to his parents before he goes to bed.
A. Good evening B. Good bye C. Good night D. Going to bed
- () 5. I have lunch, _____ I go to school.
A. before B. then C. after D. for
- () 6. —Would you like a cup of tea?
—_____. I am not thirsty(渴).
A. No, thank you B. No, I would not
C. Yes, I would D. Yes, please
- () 7. —Which is your skirt?
—_____.
A. The red is B. The red one C. The red it D. The red that
- () 8. —_____, is this your umbrella?

—Yes, it is. Thanks a lot.

A. I am sorry B. Excuse me C. I'm not right D. All right

五、写出下列各句的同义句。

- He is fourteen years old.
He _____ in 1993.
- Tony plays badminton very well.
Tony _____ badminton.
- My mother often takes a bus to work.
My mother often _____ to work _____.
- Where is the singer from?
Where _____ the singer _____ from?
- Mr. Hua is our English teacher.
Mr. Hua _____ English.
- Simon works hard at all his lessons.
Simon _____ all his lessons _____.
- Amy has long hair.
_____ long.
- My teacher speaks good English.
My teacher _____ English _____.
- I like Joy's music best.
Joy's music is my _____.
- It's time for supper.
It's time _____ supper.

六、句型转换。

- I was born in Haian.
_____ you born?
- We usually play football after school.
_____ you usually play football?
- Millie is quite tall and slim.
_____ is Millie _____?
- Those black trousers are theirs.
_____ those black trousers?
- I take a bus to school every day.
_____ do you _____ to school every day?
- You can't climb the tree. (祈使句)
_____ the tree.

七、单句改错。

- He always walks to home after school. _____
- I am new here and I have a lot of friends now. _____
- Your sister and you both like skating, right? _____

4. Our all teachers love us very much.

基础整合(二)

笔试部分

一、根据句意、首字母及中文完成单词。(每空一词)

1. He _____ (出生) in Shanghai, but he lives in Guangzhou.
2. She is r _____ tall and slim.
3. Who is the b _____ football _____ (运动员) in China? Sorry, I don't know.
4. I am a _____ (成员) of the Reading Club.
5. She is _____ (擅长) at Maths.
6. There are three _____ (电话机) in the office.
7. He wants to play in the next _____ (世界杯).
8. Reading is _____ (乐事). He is a _____ (有趣的) man.

二、用所给动词的适当形式填空。

1. Would you like _____ (go) to the library with me?
2. Our first class _____ (begin) at 7:35 a. m.
3. I'm good at _____ (play) football.
4. What colour _____ (be) the pair of trousers?
5. She _____ (borrow) a book from the library.
6. When Annie _____ (swim), she _____ (wear) a swimsuit.

三、词组翻译。

- | | |
|---------------|--------------------|
| 1. 上个月 _____ | 2. 在八年级四班 _____ |
| 3. 带狗散步 _____ | 4. 通过电话与朋友交谈 _____ |
| 5. 离开那儿 _____ | 6. 在我祖父母的家里 _____ |
| 7. 两杯牛奶 _____ | 8. 世界上最好的篮球队 _____ |

四、单项选择。

- () 1. —Jack, this pen is for you.
—_____.
A. OK. B. That's all right.
C. It's very nice of you. D. All right.
- () 2. There are fifteen books on the cake. Please _____.
A. look it at B. look at it C. look at them D. look them at
- () 3. Tom, with his family, _____ Beijing now.
A. live at B. live in C. lives at D. lives in
- () 4. What do you _____ to your friend?
A. say B. talk C. speak D. ask
- () 5. How do you _____ this in English?
A. say B. call C. speak D. talk
- () 6. I often listen to the news _____ the radio.

- A. in B. on C. by D. at
- () 7. Sandy works hard _____ English.
A. in B. at C. with D. on
- () 8. It's time _____.
A. for bed B. to bed C. to go bed D. A and C
- () 9. Who do you live _____ Nanjing ?
A. with, \ B. with, in C. \, in D. with, at
- () 10. _____ he _____ a Walkman ?
A. Is, have B. Is, has C. Does, have D. Have, \
- () 11. How _____ he usually go to school ? _____.
A. do, Takes a bus B. does, By a bus
C. does, By bus D. do, By bus
- () 12. I'm happy to hear _____.
A. a good news B. one good news C. the good news D. an good news
- () 13. Thank you for _____.
A. help me B. your help C. helping me D. B and C
- () 14. How _____ everything with you now ?
A. is B. are C. do D. does
- () 15. He is a _____ student. He studies _____.
A. well, good B. nice, well C. fine, good D. good, nice

五、句型转换。

- Millie's birthday is on April 3.
_____ Millie's birthday ?
- She is 1.56 metres tall.
_____ is she ?
- Can I borrow your ruler ?
Can I _____ a ruler _____ you ?
- He plays for the Huanghe Football Team.
He _____ the Huanghe Football Team.
- His English name is Andy.
You can _____ Andy in English.

拓展提高

一、完型填空。

Paul can't sleep at night. He 1 early and sits up, and then he lies(躺) 2 again. He feels terrible(可怕的). "I must be sick," he thinks, "but I must study for the test(测试)." He gets up and looks 3 his English notebook. At last he finds it on his chair. He 4 his English notes, but he can't remember any of the words in his notes. "What shall I do?" he thinks. Just at that time, Paul's phone rings(响), so he puts down his 5 and picks up(拿起)the 6.

“Good morning, what are you doing?” asks Jack.

“I’m going over(复习) English for today’s test.”

“You must be wrong about the test.” says Jack.

“What do you mean(意思)?” Paul asks.

“We 7 going to have a test today. I write down the 8 in my notebook. The test will be next Wednesday, it isn’t today. How do you 9 this morning?”

“Fine,” says Paul. “Just fine!” Suddenly(突然) he 10 feels fine.

- | | | | |
|-----------------------|-----------------|--------------|---------------------|
| () 1. A. goes to bed | B. wakes up | C. stands up | D. gets up |
| () 2. A. down | B. on | C. up | D. over |
| () 3. A. for | B. at | C. after | D. up |
| () 4. A. looks | B. watches | C. goes over | D. study |
| () 5. A. phone | B. English book | C. pen | D. English notebook |
| () 6. A. phone | B. English book | C. pen | D. English notebook |
| () 7. A. are | B. aren’t | C. do | D. don’t |
| () 8. A. date | B. year | C. month | D. week |
| () 9. A. like | B. feels | C. feel | D. think |
| () 10. A. sure | B. really | C. of course | D. all |

二、阅读理解。

A

After school, I go home quickly. To my surprise, there are some mooncakes, nuts(坚果) and fruit on the table. Ah, I see. It’s Mid-Autumn Day today. I eat two mooncakes. One has nuts in it, the other has meat in it. Grandma only eats a small one. She says it’s too sweet. Mum eats a big one. She is very busy. She has no time to eat it. Dad is in the kitchen. He is helping mum do some cooking. After having supper, Aunt comes to see Grandma. She brings two boxes of mooncakes to her.

After supper, we come out to sit in the open air. The moon is round, like a ball. It’s big and beautiful. We’re looking at the moon and eating the mooncakes. We are talking happily. We are all very happy this evening.

根据短文判断正(T)误(F)。

- () 1. There are six people in my family.
- () 2. I like mooncakes very much.
- () 3. My grandma is old, and she doesn’t like sweet mooncakes.
- () 4. Aunt has supper with us.
- () 5. I think we are a happy family.

B

At a physics (物理) lesson, Mr. Hunt asked the students about the effect(效果) of heat (热) and cold on the body. “Heat makes things bigger and cold makes things smaller,” answers a boy. “You are quite right,” says the teacher. “Who can give us an example(例子)?”

“I can,” Tom stands up and says. “In summer, it is so hot, the days are longer. But it’s very cold in winter(冬天), the days are shorter.”

- ()6. The students are having a _____ lesson.
A. English B. Chinese C. music D. physics
- ()7. Cold makes things _____.
A. smaller B. bigger C. colder D. hotter
- ()8. _____ gives an example.
A. A boy B. Tom C. Mr. Hunt D. A girl
- ()9. In summer the days are _____.
A. shorter B. longer C. smaller D. the same
- ()10. Which of the following statements is TRUE ?
A. The boy’s answer is not right.
B. Tom’s example is wrong.
C. Heat makes the days longer.
D. Tom is a good student.

三、改错。

1. She is a girl has a pair of glasses. _____
2. The doctor is come from America. _____
3. They have Music in the morning of Friday. _____
4. He often scores goals in match. _____
5. My cousin Lily is between my brother and I. _____

四、书面表达。

根据表格介绍你的好朋友 Tom。

姓名	Tom	年龄	13	班级	七年级(1)班	
爱好	踢足球、看书、电脑、英语					
学校	海陵中学		父	教师	母	医生
住址	人民东路 32 号					
梦想	一名优秀运动员,多进球,参加世界杯					

☆Unit 2 My Day ☆

名师导引

◆重点词

sleep, exercise, homework, supper, best, chat, first, spend, library, Tuesday, Friday, swimmer, kind, mail, send, use, twice, newspaper, week, much, both, together, Thursday, Monday, Wednesday, talk, busy, trip, each, price, out, maybe, wish, world, difficult, part, answer, question, clever

◆重点词组

1. wake up 唤醒;醒来 wake sb. up 把某人叫醒
2. go to sleep 去睡觉 go to bed 上床睡觉
3. look after 照料 look for 寻找 look out of... 向...外看 look like 看起来像
4. have fun 过得愉快 great fun 非常有趣
5. do morning exercises 做早操 do some exercise 锻炼
6. do after-school activities 进行课外活动 7. have lessons 上课
8. a lot of nice people 许多好人 9. be nice/kind to sb. 对某人好
10. all my friends 我所有的朋友
11. spend time doing my homework 花时间做作业
12. go to the Reading Club 去参加阅读兴趣小组
13. practise doing sth. 练习做...
14. e-mail sb. = write e-mails to sb. 给某人发邮件
15. twice a week 一周两次 16. make a model plane 做飞机模型
17. do one's lessons 做功课 18. want to be a teacher 想要做个老师
19. write a letter to sb. = write to sb. 给某人写信
20. watch a football match on TV 通过电视看足球赛
21. watch too much TV = watch TV too much 电视看得太多
22. listen to sb. 听从某人(的意见) 23. all the time 总是,一直
24. meet up with 遇到;碰到 25. go to the dancing lessons 上舞蹈课
26. talk with/ to sb. about sth. 和某人谈关于某事
27. say hello to sb. 向某人问好
28. know/learn a lot/ much/ more about 对.....了解很多/更多
29. the Computer Club 电脑兴趣小组
30. every/ on /next Tuesday 每周二/在周二/下周二
31. play badminton 打羽毛球 32. play football together 一起踢足球
33. be busy with sth. 忙于... be busy doing sth. 忙于做...

34. walk the dog 遛狗
35. hear sb. well 听得清楚
36. teach us/ them English 教我们/他们英语 teach sb. to do sth. 教某人做某事
37. get some information about 获得有关……信息
38. go on/ have/ take/ a trip 进行旅行 organize a class/ school trip 组织一次全班/全校旅行
39. thank you for sth. / doing sth. 谢谢你做某事
40. in the district 在这个区
41. the price for each student 每个学生(所花的)的价钱 the price of the book 书的价格
42. look forward to sth. / doing sth. 期待某物/做某事
43. the China Space Museum 中国太空博物馆
44. the Class 1, Grade 7 students 七年级一班的学生
45. each of the students 学生中的每一个
46. the China Science and Technology Museum 中国科技博物馆
47. in space 在太空
48. give my best wishes to your parents 代我向你的父母问好
49. at/ on the volleyball court 在排球场上
50. be ready for 为……准备好的 get ready for 为……做准备
51. the answer to the question 问题的答案 52. be good/ clever at 擅长
53. be good for 对……有益
54. in the magazine/newspaper 在杂志上/报纸上
55. read magazines 看杂志 56. a difficult question 一个难的问题
57. be hard/ difficult for sb. 对……(来说)难的
58. have too much homework (to do) 有太多要做的家庭作业
59. have time to do sth. 有时间做……
60. some parts of the day 一天的某些部分
61. at eight every morning 在每天上午 8 点
62. dislike playing football 不喜欢踢足球

◆重点句型

1. Is it time for breakfast ? = Is it time to have breakfast ?该吃早饭了吗 ?
It's time (for sb.) to do sth. = It's time for sth. 是该某人做……的时候了。
如:It's time for class. = It's time to have class. 该上课了。
It's time for bed. = It's time to go to bed. 该上床睡觉了。
2. What are you going to do ?
be going to do sth. 打算、将要做……
如:Who are you going to play ?你们打算和谁比赛 ?
3. Some dogs just don't know how to have fun. 一些狗就是不知道怎样玩得开心。
how to do sth. 怎样做……
如:how to use computers 怎样用电脑 how to go there 怎样去那儿
4. I like my classroom because it's big and clean. 我喜欢我的教室,因为它又大又整洁。

- Tom doesn't come to school because he's ill. 汤姆没来学校,因为他病了。
5. My favourite lessons are Chinese and English. = I like Chinese and English best. 我最喜欢的功课是语文和英语。
6. I spend about two hours a day doing my homework. = I spend about two hours a day on my homework. 我每天大约花 2 小时做家庭作业。
Don't spend too much time reading stories. 不要花太多时间看故事。
How long do you spend doing your homework? 你用多长时间做作业?
7. Amy is a good swimmer. = Amy swims well. Amy 是个好游泳员。
8. We shouldn't watch too much TV. 你不该看太多电视。
should, shouldn't, can, can't (cannot), must + 动词原形
如: We shouldn't shout in the library. 你不该在图书馆大叫。
9. Peter and I both love football. = Both Peter and I love football. Peter 和我们都喜爱足球。
both: (两者)都; all: (三者以上)都。
10. She is very busy and does not have much time to chat with her friends. 她很忙,没有许多时间和她的朋友们聊天。
11. The shop is open from 8 a. m. to 6 p. m. 这家商店从早上 8 点开到下午 6 点。
12. The shop is closed on Mondays. 这家商店周日关门。
13. Thank you for organizing the class trip. 谢谢你组织这次班级旅行。
14. We are all looking forward to a great day out!
= We are all looking forward to going out for a day! 我们都期待着好好出去玩一天!
15. What do you think of your new school? = How do you like your school? 你觉得你的新学校怎么样?
16. I love reading because I want to learn more about the world. 我喜欢读书,因为我想更多了解这个世界。
17. Tell me the reason for coming late. 告诉我你来迟的原因。
18. He is always ready to help others. 他总是乐于帮助他人。
be ready to do sth. 准备/乐意做……

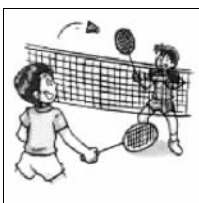
◆ 语法

1. 人称代词的主格
 - a. 人称代词用做主语时用主格形式,如: They are students.
 - b. 注意人称代词主格与 be 动词的搭配。
I am... You are... He/ She/It is... We/You/ They are...
2. 人称代词的宾格
具体形式和用法见课本 p30。

基础整合(一)

听力部分

A. 选出与你所听句子内容一致的图画。(听两遍)

() 1. A. 	B. 	C. 
() 2. A. 	B. 	C. 
() 3. A. 	B. 	C. 
() 4. A. 	B. 	C. 
() 5. A. 	B. 	C. 

B. 听录音,找出合适的应答句。(听两遍)

- | | | |
|---------------------------------|------------------|-----------------------|
| () 6. A. Yes, I am. | B. No, I can't. | C. Yes, I do. |
| () 7. A. No, it's not. | B. Thank you. | C. You are right. |
| () 8. A. That's right. | B. OK. | C. That's OK. |
| () 9. A. In the Computer Club. | B. No, we can't. | C. In the morning. |
| () 10. A. Chinese. | B. English. | C. Maths and English. |

C. 根据录音中的对话及问题选择正确答案。(听两遍)

- () 11. A. Because he wins again.
B. No, he isn't.

- C. Because his school football team wins again.
- ()12. A. He likes football. B. He is tall and strong. C. He is like a player.
- ()13. A. Some of them are very nice.
 B. They are all very kind.
 C. She is very friendly.
- ()14. A. At 8:00. B. At 8:25. C. At 7:45.
- ()15. A. At 8:00. B. At 8:25. C. At 7:45.

D. 听短文,排列下列句子的先后顺序。(听两遍)

- a. His full name is Dick Henry Read.
- b. He wants to learn Chinese and I want to learn English.
- c. We talk in English or Chinese.
- d. Look at the picture on my book.
- e. I like this English boy.
- f. Sometimes he gives me a call.
- g. He's my pen friend.
- h. His father is a doctor and his mother is a policewoman.
- i. He's an English boy.
- j. So I write to him in Chinese and he writes to me in English.

16. _____ 17. _____ 18. _____ 19. _____ 20. _____
21. _____ 22. _____ 23. _____ 24. _____ 25. _____

笔试部分

一、词汇。

A. 根据句意或中文提示填入所缺单词。

1. My mum always _____ me up at six every morning.
2. Jack goes to school without breakfast _____ he often gets up late.
3. Today some parents ask their children to practise _____ table tennis every day.
4. The question is too _____ for me. It's not easy.
5. Can you tell me the _____ of that book. I don't have much money.
6. I go to Chongqing Restaurant _____ a week. (两次)
7. Everyone is here _____ Sam. He is ill at home.
8. —Please give my best _____ to your parents.
 —Thank you, I will.
9. _____ of the twins like English very much.
10. —Can I borrow your ruler?
 —Sorry, I'm _____ it now.

B. 用所给单词的适当形式填空。

1. Mr. Wang teaches _____ (they) English, and they like _____ lessons very much.
2. I feel much _____ (well) today.

3. We are looking forward to _____ (organize) a trip.
 4. Helen is busy _____ (close) the windows now.
 5. Do you know the _____ (answer) to these questions?
 6. We all have a good time except Jack and _____ (she).
 7. Our principal often gives us _____ (talk) on science.
- C. 选择合适的词,并用其适当形式填空。

learn	spend	dislike	exercise	say	look	do	keep
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1. The little child seldom _____ in the morning.
2. I don't know how _____ a lot about computers.
3. Would the boy like _____ it in Chinese?
4. Look! That girl _____ very beautiful in the red dress.
5. Each of the activities _____ well in our health.
6. You should _____ quiet(安静) in the library.
7. My teacher is busy and _____ chatting with others.
8. How long do you usually _____ doing your homework?

D. 翻译下列短语。

- | | |
|-----------------|-----------------|
| 1. 给某人发邮件 _____ | 2. 想做个老师 _____ |
| 3. 过得愉快 _____ | 4. 下周五 _____ |
| 5. 看杂志 _____ | 6. 谢谢你的帮助 _____ |
| 7. 对某人好 _____ | 8. 做眼保健操 _____ |
| 9. 他所有的旅行 _____ | 10. 一直 _____ |

二、单项选择。

- () 1. What do you _____ at the meeting?
A. speak B. talk C. say D. tell
- () 2. _____ the music, please. Can you _____ it well?
A. Listening, hear B. Listen, listen to
C. Listening to, hear D. Listen to, hear
- () 3. The book _____ that boy \$ 25. He always _____ lots of money buying books.
A. pay, spend B. spend, cost C. cost, spend D. costs, spends
- () 4. I always buy lots of food _____ my son _____ the supermarket.
A. for, for B. for, from C. to, in D. to, at
- () 5. _____ Tom _____ his friend _____ too much TV.
A. Both, of, watches B. Both, and, watches
C. /, and, watches D. Both, and, watch
- () 6. The electrical shop is _____ from 8:00 a. m. to 5 p. m. and _____ at 5:10 p. m.
A. open, close B. opening, closing
C. open, closed D. opened, closed
- () 7. They live _____ 38 Renming Road. I live _____ Zhongshan Street.
A. in, at B. at, in C. on, on D. in, on