

最新
英汉双解
五用辞典

THE NEW ENGLISH-CHINESE
DICTIONARY WITH FIVE USAGES

(修订本)

胜友编辑部 编著

李莹 何群立
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修订

世界图书出版公司

最新英汉 双解五用辞典

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例句

(1) 一个词具有一个以上的词性时, 例句尽可能各种词性具备, 使各种不同用法一目了然。例如 *full*, 作为形容词时举 *The bottle is full.* 为例, 名词以 *Please write your name in full.* 为例, 副词则举例 *I know it full well*, 动词的例子则是 *The moon fulls tonight.*

(2) 一个词有多种含义时, 尽可能各举一例, 例如 *for*, 作为介词时可解释成“为期……”, 举例 *I shall stay here for three days*; 解释成“前往……”时, 有例句 *This ship sails for London*; 解释成“为了……”时, 另举一例 *This picture is not for sale.*

(3) 短语的运用是很重要的, 在例句中, 本书尽可能使用短语, 一方面使查阅者明白某一个词的用法, 另一方面可以学到一则短语, 例如 *shirt* 一词, 例句中有 *stripped to the shirt* 和 *in shirtsleeves* 两则非常有用的短语。

语法

(1) 动词的过去式及过去分词

动词后括弧内, 第一个是该动词的过去式, 第二个是过去分词, 例如:

go vi. (went, gone)

hurt v. (hurt, hurt)

如果该动词有一个以上的过去式和过去分词, 则分别列出两种用法(排列次序是过去式, 过去分词; 过去式, 过去分词), 例如:

burn v. (burnt, burnt; burned, burned)

cleave v. (cleft, cleft; clove, cloven)

许多动词构成过去式及过去分词时最后一个辅音需重复,

遇有这类词,其变化形式一概在例句中表示,如:

I have debited your account with the cost of this telegram.

He has travelled all over the world.

(2) 名词的复数

如不按常规加-s 或 -es, 也另外列出,如:

man *n.* (*pl.* men)

有一个以上的复数形式时,全部列出,如:

formula *n.* (*pl.* formulas or formulae)

有特殊用法时,另加说明,如:

fish *n.* (*pl.* fish or fishes—fishes 指多种鱼类)

(3) 形容词的等级

形容词后括弧内,第一个是该形容词的比较级,第二个是最高级,例如:

good *a.* (better, best)

bad *a.* (worse, worst)

如果该形容词有一个以上的比较级和最高级,则分别列出两种用法(排列次序是:比较级,最高级;比较级,最高级),例如:

far *a.* (farther, farthest; further, furthest)

注音

(1) 本词典依据国际音标注音。音标注在本词后,重音符号(ˈ)标在重读音节的左上方,多音节中的次重音符号(ˌ)标在左下方,如 *intercede* [ˌɪntə(ˈ)ˈsiːd]。

(2) 为了保证准确,有时注音之外还另加说明和某一词同韵,例如:

bow 作“鞠躬”解时读[bau], 与 *now*, *how* 同韵

bow 作“弓”解时读[bou], 与 *low* 同韵

词性简称表

<i>a.</i>	adjective	形容词
<i>adv.</i>	adverb	副词
<i>art.</i>	article	冠词
<i>conj.</i>	conjunction	连接词
<i>fem.</i>	feminine	女性
<i>int.</i>	interjection	感叹词
<i>mas.</i>	masculine	男性
<i>n.</i>	noun	名词
<i>num.</i>	number	数词
<i>p. p.</i>	past participle	过去分词
<i>past.</i>	past tense	过去式
<i>pl.</i>	plural	复数
<i>prep.</i>	preposition	介词, 前置词
<i>pron.</i>	pronoun	代词
<i>sing.</i>	singular	单数
<i>v.</i>	verb transitive and intransitive	及物 不及物 动词
<i>vi.</i>	verb intransitive	不及物动词
<i>vt.</i>	verb transitive	及物动词
<i>v. aux.</i>	verb auxiliary	助动词

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A

- a** [ə, ei] *art.* one, any, each 一
- aback** [ə'bæk] *adv.* backwards 后, 退后 **be taken aback** be taken by surprise 出其不意, 大吃一惊
- abacus** [ˈæbəkəs] *n.* a frame with beads used for counting 算盘
- abaft** [ə'ba:ft] *adv. & prep.* behind 在后, 之后
- abandon** [ə'bændən] *vt.* to give up 放弃; They abandoned the sinking ship. 船正在下沉, 他们于是弃船(逃生)。
- abandonment** [ə'bændənmənt] *n.* see **abandon**
- abase** [ə'beis] *vt.* to cast down, to humble 降低, 贬抑
- abash** [ə'bæʃ] *vt.* to make ashamed 凌辱
- abate** [ə'beɪt] *v.* to become less, to lessen 减轻, 减少
- abattoir** [ˈæbətwa:] *n.* a slaughter-house 屠房
- abbess** [ˈæbis] *n.* the chief nun of an abbey 女修道院长
- abbey** [ˈæbi] *n.* a building where monks or nuns live, a church 寺院, 修道院
- abbot** [ˈæbət] *n.* the chief monk of an abbey 方丈
- abbreviation** [əˌbri:vi'eɪʃən] *n.* a word cut short for easy writing 简写 **abbreviate** *v.*
- ABC** [ˈeɪbi:'si:] *n.* simplest facts of a subject, to be learnt first 基本知识, 初步, 入门
- abdicate** [ˈæbdikeɪt] *v.* to give up an office 退让, 退位
- abdomen** [ˈæbdəmən] *n.* the belly 腹部
- abdominal** [æb'dɒmɪnəl], **abdominous** [æb'dɒmɪnəs] *a.* see **abdomen**
- abduct** [æb'dʌkt] *vt.* to take away by force 拐去, 诱拐
- abductor** [æb'dʌktə] *n.* one who abducts 诱拐者 **abduction**

n.

abed [ə'bed] *adv.* in bed 在床上: He is ill abed. 他卧病在床。

aberration [ˌæbə'reiʃən] *n.* wandering from the right tract 离开正道, 失常 **aberrant** *a.*

abet [ə'bet] *vt.* to help to do something wrong 教唆

abetter, abettor [ə'betə] *n.* one who abets 教唆者 **abetment** *n.*

abeyance [ə'beɪəns] *n.* the condition of not in use or not in action 搁置

abhor [əb'hɔ:] *vt.* to dislike very much, to hate 憎恶, 厌恶

abhorrent [əb'hɔərənt] *a.* hateful 可憎的 **abhorrence** *n.*

abide [ə'baɪd] *v.* to endure, to wait for, to stay 忍受, 等待, 居留

ability [ə'bɪləti] *n.* skill, power to do a thing 能干, 才能: He is a man of ability. 他是个能干的人。

abject [ˌæbdʒekt] *a.* miserable, low, mean 悲惨的, 下贱的, 卑鄙的

abjuration [ˌæbdʒuə'reiʃən] *n.* see **abjure**

abjure [æb'dʒuə] *v.* to swear to give up something 誓绝, 誓弃

ablaze [ə'bleɪz] *a. & adv.* on fire, burning 着火, 焚烧

able ['eɪb(ə)l] *a.* having power to do a thing, skilful 有能力的, 能干的

ably ['eɪbli] *adv.* skilfully 能干地, 熟练地 **able-bodied** *a.* physically fit 体格健全的

abnormal [æb'nɔ:m(ə)l] *a.* not normal 不正常的

aboard [ə'bɔ:d] *adv.* on a ship, train or airplane 在船(或火车, 飞机)上

abode [ə'bɔud] *n.* a place where one lives 住所

abolish [ə'bɒlɪʃ] *vt.* to put an end to, to do away with 废除: Slavery has been abolished. 奴隶制已被废除。

- abolition** [ˌæbəlɪʃən] *n.* see **abolish**
- abominable** [ə'bɒmɪnəb(ə)l] *a.* horrible, very bad 可怕的, 极恶的
- abominate** [ə'bɒmɪneɪt] *vt.* to hate, to detest 憎恶 **abomination** *n.*
- aboriginal** [ˌæbə'ri:dʒən(ə)l] *a.* earliest 最初的, 原始的
- aborigines** [ˌæbə'ri:dʒɪni:z] *n. pl.* the earliest inhabitants of a country 土人
- abort** [ə'bo:t] *vi.* to bring forth the young before the right time 流产 **abortion** *n.* **abortive** *a.* unsuccessive 不成功的
- abound** [ə'baʊnd] *vi.* to be plentiful 丰富, 充满
- about** [ə'baʊt] *adv.* almost, nearly, here and there 将近, 大约, 周围: It is about ten o'clock. 现在大约十点钟。He looked about. 他四处张望。 *prep.* of, regarding 关于
- above** [ə'boʊv] *adv.* higher, over, more 高过, 在上, 多过: He is above twenty. 他年纪在二十以上。 *prep.* higher, over, more 高过, 在上, 多过 **above all** first of all 第一, 最重要的
- abrade** [ə'breɪd] *vt.* to rub off 擦去 **abrasion** *n.* **abrasive** *a. & n.*
- abreast** [ə'breɪst] *adv.* side by side 并肩
- abridge** [ə'brɪdʒ] *vt.* to make shorter 节略, 缩短
- abroad** [ə'brɔ:d] *adv.* in or to a far-away country 到外国去
- abrogate** [ˌæbrəʊgeɪt] *vt.* to do away with, to stop completely 废除
- abrogation** [ˌæbrəʊ'geɪʃən] *n.* see **abrogate**
- abrupt** [ə'brʌpt] *a.* sudden 突然的
- abruptness** [ə'brʌptnɪs] *n.* **abruptly** *adv.* see **abrupt**
- abscess** [ˌæbsɪs] *n.* a swelling of thick and yellow liquid in the body 脓疮
- abscond** [əb'skɒnd] *vi.* to flee from law 逃匿
- absent** [ˌæbsənt] *a.* away, not present 缺席, 缺课: He was absent-minded. 他心不在焉。 *vt.* to keep away 离开 **absence**

n. **absentee** *n.* one who is not present 缺席者

absolute [ˈæbsəljʊ:t] *a.* complete, perfect 绝对 **absolutely** *adv.*

absolution [ˌæbsəˈljʊ:ʃən] *n.* pardon, setting free from sin, absolving 宽恕, 赦免

absolve [əbˈzɒlv] *vt.* to pardon, to free from blame 赦免

absorb [əbˈsɔ:b] *vt.* to suck in, to take in 吸收

absorbent [əbˈsɔ:bənt] *n.* & *a.* **absorption** *n.* **absorptive** *a.*
see **absorb**

abstain [əbˈsteɪn] *vi.* to hold back from 戒除, 节制 **abstinence** *n.* **abstinent** *a.*

abstainer [əbˈsteɪnə] *n.* one who keeps away from strong drink 禁酒者

abstract¹ [ˈæbstrækt] *a.* not easy to understand, present in the mind only 抽象

abstract² [ˈæbstrækt] *vt.* to remove, to draw from 除去, 提炼 **abstraction** *n.*

abstruse [æbˈstru:s] *a.* hard to understand 难理解的

absurd [əbˈsə:d] *a.* stupid, foolish, silly 荒谬的 **absurdity** *n.*

abundance [əˈbʌndəns] *n.* see **abundant**

abundant [əˈbʌndənt] *a.* more than enough, plentiful 丰富的, 充分的

abuse [əˈbju:z] *vt.* & [əˈbju:s] *n.* to use wrongly, to speak rudely, a wrong use 滥用, 侮辱

abusive [əˈbju:sɪv] *a.* see **abuse**

abyss [əˈbɪs] *n.* a bottomless pit 深渊

acacia [əˈkeɪʃə] *n.* a thorny gum-yielding tree 阿拉伯橡胶树

academic [ˌækəˈdemɪk], **academical** [ˌækəˈdemɪkəl] *a.*
academically *adv.* see **academy**

academy [əˈkædəmi] *n.* a school for training in a special art

or skill 专科院校

accede [æk'si:d] *vi.* to agree to 同意, 允诺

accelerate [æk'seləreit] *v.* to quicken, to increase 加速

accelerator [æk'seləreitə] *n.* the part of a machine used to increase speed 加速器 **acceleration** *n.*

accent ['æksent] *n.* an unusual way of speaking 口音

[æk'sent] *v.* to give strength to a part of a word 读重音

accentuate [æk'sentjueit] *vt.* to give strength to something 加强

accentuation [æk'sentju'eifən] *n.* see **accentuate**

accept [æk'sept] *vt.* to take something offered by someone, to agree 接受, 同意

acceptable [æk'septəbl] *a.* good enough to be accepted 可接受的 **acceptance** *n.* **acceptation** *n.* a kind reception, the accepted meaning of a word 接受, 通用

access ['ækses] *n.* entrance 进入 **accessible** *a.* easy to get near or enter 易接近或抵达的 **accession** *n.* addition, a coming to (throne, office etc.) 增加, 达到(职位等)

accessary [æk'sesəri] *n.* one who helps to do something wrong 从犯

accessory [æk'sesəri] *n.* something extra, one who helps to do wrong 附件, 从犯

accidence ['æksidəns] *n.* the part of grammar dealing with the changes in the form of words 词态变化

accident ['æksidənt] *n.* something happening unexpectedly, something which happens unexpectedly and hurts people 意外, 失事

accidental [,æksi'dentl] *a.* **accidentally** *adv.* see **accident**

acclaim [ə'kleim] *v.* to welcome with cheers 欢呼

acclamation [,æklə'meifən] *n.* see **acclaim**

acclimate [ə'klaimit] = **acclimatise** 适应气候

acclimatise, acclimatize [ə'klaimeɪz] *vt.* to get used to the

climate 使服水土,使适应气候

acclivity [ə'klivəti] *n.* an upward slope 向上的斜坡

accommodate [ə'kɒmədeɪt] *vt.* to have rooms for people to stay 供应住宿地点,容纳 **accommodation** *n.*

accommodating [ə'kɒmədeɪtɪŋ] *a.* obliging, easy to deal with 乐于助人的,随和的

accompanist [ə'kʌmpənɪst] *n.* one who accompanies 伴奏者
accompaniment *n.*

accompany [ə'kʌmpəni] *vt.* to go with, to play music while someone sings or plays 陪伴,伴奏

accomplice [ə'kɒmplɪs] *n.* one who takes part in wrongdoing 同谋者

accomplish [ə'kɒmplɪʃ] *vt.* to complete a plan 成功 **accomplishment** *n.* 成就

accomplished [ə'kʌmplɪʃɪd] *a.* skilled, talented 熟练的,有才能的

accord [ə'kɔ:d] *v. & n.* to grant, to agree, agreement 给与,符合 **accordance** *n.* **accordant** *a.*

according [ə'kɔ:diŋ] *adv.* as told by someone, as required 依照,根据 **accordingly** *adv.*

accordion [ə'kɔ:dʒən] *n.* a small musical instrument with keys 手风琴

accost [ə'kɔ:st] *vt.* to speak to first 打招呼,先发言

account [ə'kaunt] *n.* a story, a bill or list of money spent and received 记事,账目; The accounts are kept in good order. 账目很清楚。 *v.* to explain, to consider 解释,认为

accountable [ə'kauntəbl] *a.* responsible 负责的 **accountability** *n.* **accountant** *n.* one who looks after accounts or skilled in accounts 会计员,会计师

accredit [ə'kredit] *vt.* to give credit to, to appoint 信任,任命

accretion [æ'kri:ʃən] *n.* growth, something added on 生长,

添加物

accrue [ə'kru:] *vi.* to come as a natural growth 自然增长

accrued *a.*

accumulate [ə'kju:mjuleit] *v.* to come together, to heap up

积聚,堆积 **accumulation** *n.* **accumulative** *a.*

accurate [ˈækjʊrɪt] *a.* correct, exactly right 准确 **accuracy**

n.

accuse [ə'kə:s] *vt.* to swear at 诅咒 **accursed** *a.* hateful,

deserved to be cursed 可憎的,该诅咒的

accuse [ə'kju:z] *vt.* to charge someone for breaking the law

or doing something wrong 控告,指责 **accusation** *n.*

accuser [ə'kju:zə] *n.* one who charges someone with an of-

fense 控诉人

accustom [ə'kʌstəm] *vt.* to make someone used to some-

thing 使习惯

accustomed [ə'kʌstəmid] *a.* used to, usual 习惯于,惯常的

ace [eis] *n.* the playing-card with one spot, a first-class air-

man or a driver of racing cars (纸牌)一点,一流飞行员或赛车

驾驶员

acentric [ə'sentrik] *a.* away from the centre 非中心的,离

心的

acerbity [ə'sə:biti] *n.* harshness, sour bitterness 酸苦,刻薄

acetate [ˈæsɪteɪt] *n.* salt of acetic acid 醋酸盐

acetic [ə'si:tɪk] *a.* of or like vinegar 醋的,像醋的

acetone [ˈæsɪtoun] *n.* a colourless liquid used as a solvent

丙酮

acetylene [ə'setɪli:n] *n.* a colourless gas which burns with a

very bright flame used for lighting and welding 乙炔

ache [eɪk] *vt.* to be in pain 痛苦 *n.* a pain 痛

achieve [ə'tʃi:v] *vt.* to get what one plans to get 达成,成功

achievement *n.* something done 成就

achromatic [ˌækrou'mætɪk] *a.* colourless 无色的

- acid** ['æsid] *a. & n.* sour, bitter, a liquid with sour taste 酸的, 酸味物质
- acidify** [ə'sidifai] *vt.* to make sour 使酸化 **acidity** *n.* sourness 酸性 **acidulous** *a.* slightly sour 带酸味的
- ack-ack** ['æk'æk] *n.* anti-aircraft guns or gunfire 高射炮, 高射炮火
- acknowledge** [ək'nɒlidʒ] *vt.* to say that one has received something, to agree that something is true 承认, 同意 **acknowledgment** *n.*
- acme** ['ækmi] *n.* the highest point 最高点
- acolyte** ['ækələit] *n.* a priest's attendant 僧侣助手
- aconite** ['ækənait] *n.* a poisonous plant, drug obtained from such plant 附子, 乌头, 由此提炼出的药物
- acorn** ['eikɔ:n] *n.* a seed of the oak 橡树种子
- acoustic** [ə'ku:stik] *a.* having to do with the sense of hearing 听觉的
- acquaint** [ə'kweint] *vt.* to let someone know 告知, 通知 **acquaintance** *n.* a person one knows 相识的人
- acquiesce** [ˌækwi'es] *vi.* to agree to 同意
- acquiescence** [ˌækwi'esəns] *n.* **acquiescent** *a.* see **acquiesce**
- acquire** [ə'kwaɪə] *vt.* to get 获得
- acquisition** [ˌækwi'ziʃən] *n.* see **acquire**
- acquisitive** [ə'kwizitiv] *a.* desirous of gaining 希望求得的
- acquit** [ə'kwit] *vt.* to say that one has done nothing wrong and free him 宣判无罪释放
- acre** ['eikə] *n.* a measure of land (4,840 square yards) 英亩
- acrid** ['ækrid] *a.* bitter, harsh 辛辣的 **acridity** *n.*
- acrimony** ['ækriməni] *n.* bitter speech or feeling 激烈, 刻薄
- acrobat** ['ækɹəbæt] *n.* one who does clever and daring tricks with his body 杂技表演者
- across** [ə'krɒs] *adv. & prep.* from one side to the other, on the other side of 横越, 越过

- act** ['ækt] *vi.* to do something, to behave, to take part in a play 做事, 行为, 演戏: I shall act in the play. 我将在戏里演出。 *n.* something done, a law, a part of a play or opera 行动, 法案, 戏的一幕: Act I will begin soon. 第二幕即将开始。
- acting** ['æktiŋ] *a.* doing the duties of someone for a time 代理的
- action** ['ækʃən] *n.* something done, a battle 行动, 战争
- active** *a.* busy, lively 活跃的, 活动的 **activity** *n.* being active, something (to be) done 活动性, 活动
- actor** ['æktə] *n.* (*fem.* **actress**) a man who takes part in a play or film 男演员
- actual** ['æktʃuəl, 'æktʃuəl] *a.* real 实际的: Her actual age is 17. 她实龄十七。
- actually** ['æktʃuəli] *adv.* in fact 实际上 **actuality** *n.* reality 真实
- actuary** ['æktʃuəri] *n.* one who calculates rates for insurance companies 保险公司的保险费计算员
- actuate** ['æktʃueit] *vt.* to put in action 使行动 **actuation** *n.*
- acumen** [ə'kju:men] *n.* sharpness of mind 心智敏锐
- acute** [ə'kju:t] *a.* sharp, severe 锐利的, 严重的
- adage** ['ædidʒ] *n.* a wise saying, proverb 格言, 谚语
- adagio** [ə'dɑ:dʒiou] *a. & adv.* slow, slowly 缓慢的(地)
- adamant** ['ædəmənt] *n.* a very hard substance 坚硬物体 *a.* hard 坚硬的
- adamantine** [ˌædə'mæntain] *a.* unyielding 不屈的
- adapt** [ə'dæpt] *vt.* to change and make it suitable 适应
- adaptation** [ˌædəp'teɪʃən] *n.* **adaptable** *a.* able to be adapted 可适应的, 可改作的 **adaptability** *n.*
- add** [æd] *v.* to put things together, to find out the total 加起, 加: Add two to two, the total is four. 二加二等于四。
- adding machine**: a machine which does adding work 加数机

addition *n.*

addendum [ə'dendəm] *n.* (*pl.* **addenda**) something added
附录

adder ['ædə] *n.* a poisonous snake 一种毒蛇, 蝮蛇

addict [ə'dikt] *vt. & n.* to give oneself up to a bad habit,
one given up to a bad habit 染恶习, 染恶习者

additional [ə'dɪfənəl] *a.* extra 额外的 **additionally** *adv.*

addle [ædl] *a. & v.* muddled, to make or become rotten 头
脑糊涂的, 腐坏

address [ə'dres] *n.* the place where one lives, a speech 地
址, 演讲 *vt.* to write down the place where one lives, to
speak to 写地址, 发表演说

addressee [ˌædre'si:] *n.* the person addressed 收(信)件人

adduce [ə'dju:s] *vt.* to put forward as proof 提出(证据)

adept ['ædept, ə'dept] *a. & n.* very skilful, very good at
something, one who is skilful 熟练的, 熟手

adequate [ˌædɪkwɪt] *a.* enough, suitable 适合的, 适量的:
He does not have adequate clothing. 他衣服不够。

adhere [əd'hɪə] *v.* to stick to 粘附 **adhesive** *a.*

adherent [əd'hɪərənt] *n. & a.* **adhesion** *n.* see **adhere**

adieu [ə'dju:] *int.* good-bye, farewell 再见

adipose [ˌædɪpəs] *a. & n.* of fat, fatty, fat 脂肪的, 多脂肪
的, 脂肪

adjacent [ə'dʒeɪsənt] *a.* next to, near 邻近的 **adjacence** *n.*

adjective [ˌædʒɪktɪv] *n.* a word used to tell something more
about a noun 形容词

adjoin [ə'dʒɔɪn] *v.* to lie next to, to be near to 连接 **adjoin-**
ing *a.*

adjourn [ə'dʒə:n] *v.* to stop until sometime later 休会, 延期

adjournment [ə'dʒə:nmənt] *n.* see **adjourn**

adjudge [ə'dʒʌdʒ] *vt.* to decide according to law 判决

adjudicate [ə'dʒu:dɪkeɪt] *v.* to give judgment 判决, 裁判