



高等学校英语
应用能力考试指导丛书

英语 *AB* 级

(B 级)

考试全真模拟训练

陈华君 虞晓向 主编

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英语 *AB* 级考试
ENGLISH

全真模拟训练 (B 级)

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苏州大学出版社

图书在版编目(CIP)数据

英语AB级考试全真模拟训练. B级 / 陈华君, 虞晓向
主编; —苏州: 苏州大学出版社, 2005.10(2006.3 重印)
(高等学校英语应用能力考试指导丛书)
ISBN 7-81090-560-0

I. 英… II. ①陈…②虞… III. 英语—高等学校;
技术学校—水平考试—习题 IV. H319.6

中国版本图书馆 CIP 数据核字(2005)第117061号

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责任编辑 汤定军

苏州大学出版社出版发行
(地址: 苏州市干将东路200号 邮编: 215021)
宜兴文化印刷厂印装
(地址: 宜兴市南漕镇 邮编: 214217)

开本 787mm × 1092mm 1/16 印张 19.75(共两册) 字数 488千
2005年10月第1版 2006年3月第2次印刷
ISBN 7-81090-560-0/H · 47 定价: 26.00 元
(共两册)

苏州大学版图书若有印装错误, 本社负责调换
苏州大学出版社营销部 电话: 0512-67258835

高等学校英语应用能力考试是对高职高专学生的英语应用能力进行检查的标准,许多高职高专学生把通过这一考试作为自己英语学习的短期目标。而在教学中,教师发现以 B 级为目标的学生虽具备一定的英语语言基础知识和基本技能,但缺乏实际应用英语进行交际以及有关涉外业务工作的能力。作为教学第一线的英语教师,我们非常愿意帮助学生在有限的时间内有效地提高英语应用能力,获得学习英语的成就感。

英语学习没有太多的技巧,只有靠掌握扎实的英语基础并在此基础上进行大量的刻苦训练。我们编写本书时充分考虑到了我们所教学生的学习特点,严格依据《高职高专教育英语课程教学基本要求》和《高等学校英语应用能力考试大纲》,特别注重阅读选材的“实用”性,并对练习中出现的词汇的难易程度作了充分考虑。我们模拟历年的英语应用能力考试的题型,旨在通过大量练习,使学生熟悉考试的各类题型,发现和弥补以往学习的空白点,理清语言知识要点,扩大阅读量,从而真正提高英语综合应用能力。

本书主要供参加 B 级考试的学生平时训练和考前热身使用。希望通过十套模拟卷,以及所附最新 B 级实考试卷的训练,学生能够检测自己已有的水平,发现自己的弱点并加以弥补,从而在参加 B 级考试时多一份自信。

由于时间仓促、编者水平有限,书中错误和疏漏之处在所难免,敬请师生在使用过程中加以指正,我们将在再版时改进。

编者

2005 年 8 月

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Test One

Part I Listening Comprehension (15 minutes)

Directions: This part is to test your listening ability. It consists of 3 sections.



Section A

Directions: This section is to test your ability to give proper responses. There are 5 recorded questions in it. After each question, there is a pause. The questions will be spoken two times. When you hear a question, you should decide on the correct answer from the 4 choices marked A), B), C) and D) given in your test paper. Then you should mark the corresponding letter on the Answer Sheet with a single line through the center.

Example: You will hear:

You will read: A) I'm not sure.

B) You're right.

C) Yes, certainly.

D) That's interesting.

From the questions we learn that the speaker is asking the listener to leave a message.

Therefore, C) **Yes, certainly** is the correct answer. You should mark C) on the Answer Sheet.

[A] [B] [~~C~~] [D]

Now the test will begin.

- | | |
|------------------------------|-----------------------------------|
| 1. A) Fine, thanks. And you? | B) Hi, I'm Mary. |
| C) They are O. K. | D) You're welcome. |
| 2. A) Don't be afraid. | B) Must you go? It's still early. |
| C) Don't leave! | D) I haven't seen you for ages. |
| 3. A) Thank you. | B) I'm leaving now. |
| C) Not at all. | D) Good-bye and good luck. |
| 4. A) Take bus No. 3. | B) The park is nearby. |

- C) Go straight.
 5. A) Thank you for telling me the news.
 C) No, I don't believe it.
 D) Thank you very much.
 B) That's wonderful.
 D) Yes, I'm leaving next month.



Section B

Directions: This section is to test your ability to understand short dialogues. There are 5 recorded dialogues in it. After each dialogue, there is a recorded question. Both the dialogues and questions will be spoken two times. When you hear a question, you should decide on the correct answer from the 4 choices marked A), B), C) and D) given in your test paper. Then you should mark the corresponding letter on the Answer Sheet with a single line through the center.

6. A) Rose. B) Mr. Smith. C) Mr. Black. D) Someone else.
 7. A) She doesn't think the company is going to be very successful.
 B) She thinks the company is going to be very successful.
 C) She thinks the company is getting worse.
 D) She doesn't think the company is getting worse.
 8. A) Talk to Kate about her behavior.
 B) Talk to Mike about his behavior.
 C) Listen to Mike.
 D) Listen to Kate.
 9. A) Doctor and patient. B) Seller and buyer.
 C) Postman and customer. D) Clerk and customer.
 10. A) At a bank. B) In a post office.
 C) In a hospital. D) In a department store.



Section C

Directions: In this section you will hear a recorded short passage. The passage is printed in the test paper, but with some words or phrases missing. The passage will be read three times. During the second reading, you are required to put the missing words or phrases on the Answer Sheet in order of the numbered blanks according to what you hear. The third reading is for you to check your writing. Now the passage will begin.

Rock climbing is very popular in America. The date shows that the population of rock climbing 11 by 53 percent per year from 1990. One of the reasons is its 12 investment and expenses and its strong feature of independence. 13 aspects due to its great challenge to one's physical and psychological 14. The third reason is that the modern people begin to be

attracted toward the nature, the 15 life, even the ancient life.

Part II Vocabulary & Structure (15 minutes)

Directions: This part is to test your ability to use words and phrases correctly to construct meaningful and grammatically correct sentences. It consists of 2 sections.



Section A

Directions: There are 10 incomplete statements here. You are required to complete each statement by choosing the appropriate answer from the 4 choices marked A), B), C) and D). You should mark the corresponding letter on the Answer Sheet with a single line through the center.

16. The girl from Beijing plays _____ very well.
A) a piano B) piano C) pianoes D) the piano
17. Surprisingly, the accident did very little _____ to either car.
A) damage B) effect C) danger D) confusion
18. Did you notice the little boy _____ the book and _____ away?
A) took ... run B) take ... run C) taking ... running D) taking ... run
19. I have no doubt _____ you will overcome all the difficulties.
A) if B) that C) when D) whether
20. Mary is used to wearing her hair long. The longer it is, _____.
A) she likes it more B) the more she likes
C) the better she likes it D) she likes it better
21. For many years, the world population _____ rapidly.
A) have grown B) has been grown
C) has been growing D) had grown
22. Let us know whether you can come, _____.
A) can you B) will you C) shall we D) wouldn't you
23. If the whole operation _____ beforehand, a great deal of time and money would have been lost.
A) was not planned B) has not been planned
C) had not been planned D) were not planned
24. Science has _____ great changes in our daily life.
A) brought up B) brought forward
C) brought out D) brought about
25. _____ the way, the man asked a policeman.

- A) Not having known
C) Knowing not

- B) Having not known
D) Not knowing



Section B

Directions: There are 10 incomplete statements here. You should fill in each blank with the proper form of the word given in the brackets. Write the word or words in the corresponding space on the Answer Sheet.

26. (General) _____ speaking, they might make some contribution to the cause of peace.
27. Some girls like to have their shirts (short) _____.
28. Jean did not have time to go to the concert last night because she was busy (prepare) _____ for her examination.
29. It is difficult to guess what her (react) _____ to the news would be.
30. In cold winter, I'd rather (stay) _____ at home reading a novel or watching TV by the bright fire.
31. By the time I left school, I (teach) _____ the course for 15 years.
32. Microscopes make small things appear (large) _____ than they really are.
33. When he's out he often wears dark glasses to avoid (recognize) _____.
34. I hope their plan will work, but they themselves are very (doubt) _____ that it will.
35. It is really (annoy) _____ when a train is late and there's no explanation.

Part III Reading Comprehension (40 minutes)

Directions: This part is to test your reading ability. There are 5 tasks for you to fulfill. You should read the reading materials carefully and do the tasks as you are instructed.

Task 1

Directions: After reading the following passage, you will find 5 questions or unfinished statements, numbered 36 through 40. For each question or statement there are 4 choices marked A), B), C) and D). You should make the correct choice and mark the corresponding letter on the Answer Sheet with a single line through the center.

In ancient China, festivals and games were important. The most important festival was held at the Lunar New Year. This holiday lasted 15 days. Families got together. Relatives came from far away. People visited each other bringing gifts. It was considered bad luck to turn away visitors. The holiday ended with a parade that included dragons and lanterns. The Chinese

believed that the dragon would bring good luck for the New Year.

Another important festival was Qingming. During this festival people honored their dead relatives. People brought food to the graves (墓) and “talked” to their relatives. They wished them good lives in the afterworld (阴间).

Children had little time for games. Most children worked on the farms. But during festivals they flew kites and played chess and Chinese checkers. They also had a toy that is like the modern yo-yo.

Today, the Chinese New Year is still a popular holiday. Chinese around the world celebrate it. Chinese New Year starts no earlier than January 20 and no later than February 20. There are fireworks and parade with huge dragons made of paper, silk or other materials. Children receive red envelopes with money and sometimes oranges for good luck.

36. _____ was considered the most important festival in ancient China, which lasted half 15 days.
- A) New Year's Day B) Qingming
C) Lunar New Year D) Dragon Boat Festival
37. The phrase “turn away” in the first paragraph means “_____”.
- A) reject B) meet C) visit D) serve
38. Which of the following is NOT TRUE according to the passage?
- A) Qingming is another important festival in China.
B) People honored their dead relatives during Qingming.
C) People wish their dead relatives would lead an happy life in the afterworld.
D) People prepared food for the dead relatives so that they could come back to their house and eat the food.
39. Chinese New Year is still a popular holiday celebrated by _____.
- A) only Chinese in China
B) all the Chinese throughout the world
C) all the people around the world
D) people who want to
40. Which of the following is TRUE according to the passage?
- A) Chinese New Year is fixed on a certain date, sometimes it starts on as early as January 20.
B) Fireworks are made of paper, silk and other materials.
C) Children want to eat oranges so they can receive a lot of them during the Chinese New Year.
D) Children get red envelopes with money and oranges which stand for good luck.

Task 2

Directions: This task is the same as Task 1. The 5 questions or unfinished statements are num-

bered 41 through 45.

What is the nutritional difference between fresh fruit and the same fruit dried, for example, between grapes and raisins (葡萄干) and fresh and dried apricots (杏)?

The values vary by both fruit and nutrient, and some vitamins are often diminished in processing, but for some valuable nutrients, fresh and dried varieties may provide comparable amounts.

The most immediately apparent difference between eating fresh fruit and dried is that the dried fruit provides more fiber for the same weight, because so much of the weight of fresh fruit is water.

Dried fruit often has much more sugar, especially if sugar is added in processing. Half a dried apricot, for example, has 1.87 grams of sugar, according to the United States Department of Agriculture, while half a fresh apricot has 1.51 grams.

As for vitamins, half a dried apricot provides 126 international units of Vitamin A, compared with 337 international units for half a fresh apricot. Fifty Thompson seedless grapes have 27 milligrams of Vitamin C, while 50 raisins made from the species have 0.6 milligrams.

41. The nutritional values of fresh fruit and the same fruit dried _____.
A) are the same B) vary by fruit
C) vary by both fruit and nutrient D) vary by nutrient
42. The dried fruit provides _____ fiber for the same weight, because it has _____ water.
A) more ... more B) more ... less
C) less ... more D) less ... less
43. Compared with the same fresh fruit, the dried has _____ sugar.
A) a lot more B) less C) a bit more D) the same
44. Which of the following is TRUE according to the passage?
A) Half a dried apricot provides more Vitamin A than half a fresh apricot.
B) Half a dried apricot provides less Vitamin C than half a fresh apricot.
C) Fifty Thompson seedless grapes provides more Vitamin C than 50 raisins made from the species.
D) Fifty Thompson seedless grapes provides less Vitamin C than 50 raisins made from the species.
45. According to the passage, which of the following can be the best title?
A) The Valuable Nutrients of Different Fruits.
B) Nutritional Difference Between Grapes and Raisins.
C) Vitamin A and Vitamin C.
D) Nutritional Difference Between the Fresh and the Dried.

Task 3

Directions: The following is an itinerary (日程表). After reading it, you are required to complete the outline below it (No. 46 through No. 50). You should write your answers in not more than 3 words on the Answer Sheet correspondingly.

MR. CARTER'S ITINERARY FOR PERTH TRIP

March 21 - 23, 2004

Monday, 21 March

- 09:35 Leave Sydney on Flight 326
- 10:35 Arrive in Perth, to be met by Mr. Bellman
- 11:00 Register at Green Bay Hotel (Telephone No. 6332689, Reservation No. 358)
- 11:45 Luncheon with Mr. Miller, Ford Motors Company
- 15:00 Appointment with Mr. Moore, APG Electronics
- 18:00 Dinner at the hotel with Mr. Bradley

Tuesday, 22 March

- 09:00 Appointment with Jackson MD of East Pacific, Trading Co.
- 10:15 Appointment with Mr. King, Marketing Manager
- 11:45 Luncheon with Mrs. King at the Garden Hotel
- 15:00 Appointment with Mr. Hall, R&T Corporation at the Mead Office
- 19:00 Dinner with Mr. and Mrs. Hall at the Royal Hotel

Wednesday, 23 March

- 08:50 Leave Perth on Flight 398 for Sydney

Mr. Carter will leave for 46 on Monday, 21 March.

After registration, he will have luncheon with Mr. Miller from 47.

On the second day, Mr. Carter will have an appointment with Mr. King who is a 48.

Mr. Carter will take Flight 49 to return to Sydney.

Mr. Carter's trip takes 50 days.

Task 4

Directions: The following is the vocabulary concerning tourism. After reading it, you are required to find the items equivalent to (与……等同) those given in Chinese in the table below. Then you should put the corresponding letters in the brackets on the Answer Sheet, numbered 51 through 55.

- A. sightseeing tour
- B. natural scenery

- C. tourist guide
- D. tourist track
- E. peak-travel period
- F. tourist souvenir
- G. weekend trip
- H. spring out
- I. travel companion
- J. historical sight
- K. tourist map
- L. excursion ticket
- M. one-day tour
- N. cruise bus
- O. tourist stop
- P. travel agency

Example: (A) 观光团 (H) 春游

- | | |
|---------------|-----------|
| 51. () 自然风光 | () 游览图 |
| 52. () 名胜古迹 | () 旅游车 |
| 53. () 旅游纪念品 | () 旅行路线 |
| 54. () 旅客接待站 | () 游览来回票 |
| 55. () 周末旅行 | () 旅游高峰期 |

Task 5

Directions: The following is a sales letter. After reading it, you are required to complete the statements that follow the questions asked (No. 56 through No. 60). You should write your answer to each question in not more than 3 words on the Answer Sheet correspondingly.

Dear sir,

We are pleased to send you with this letter a copy of our catalogue for silk scarves. The high quality of our product is well known and usually acknowledged and we are confident that a trial order would convince you that the goods we offer are excellent value for the money.

In order to popularize these products, all the prices are subject to a special discount of 20% during this month only.

We are offering you goods which are elegant in style and harmonious in color on unusually generous terms and would welcome the opportunity to serve you.

Sincerely

David Wang

56. What product is the letter talking about?

_____.

57. Why are their products usually acknowledged?

Because _____ is well-known.

58. What discount do they offer this month?

A special discount of _____.

59. What is the purpose to offer a special discount of 20% this month?

In order to _____.

60. What terms can they provide?

_____.

Part IV Translation—from English to Chinese

(15 minutes)

Directions: This part, numbered 61 to 65, is to test your ability to translate English into Chinese. Each of the four sentences (No. 61 to No. 64) is followed by four choices of suggested translation marked A), B), C) and D). Make the best choice and write the corresponding letter on the Answer Sheet. Write your translation of the paragraph (No. 65) in the corresponding space on the Translation/Composition Sheet.

61. The man, wearing such dark glasses, obviously could not see clearly.

- A) 这个人戴着这种黑眼镜,显然看不清楚。
- B) 这个人戴着这种黑眼镜,显然还是看不清楚。
- C) 这个人因为看不清楚,所以戴上了这种黑眼镜。
- D) 这个人因为戴着这种黑眼镜,显然看不清楚。

62. Asked to work overtime, I missed a wonderful film.

- A) 被要求加班,我失去了一场精彩的电影。
- B) 我要求加班,没看成那场精彩的电影。
- C) 由于人家要我加班,我没看成一场精彩的电影。
- D) 虽然想看精彩的电影,我还是要求加班。

63. I bought this watch a week ago and it gains five minutes a day.

- A) 我上周买了这只表,它一天快五分钟。
- B) 这只表是我上周买的,但它却一天要快五分钟。
- C) 我上周买的这只表让我一天赚进五分钟。
- D) 这只表即使是我上周买的,它还是一天要快五分钟。

64. Once the appointment is made, you should be there on time.

A) 为了能按时赴约,你就必须预约。

B) 预约好之后,你再去按时赴约。

C) 只有预约好了,你才能按时赴约。

D) 一旦预约好了,你就应按时赴约。

65. With the fast development and popularization of computer, the influence of the Internet has been becoming immensely stronger in recent years. More than 150 countries and regions are connected through the Internet, and about 170 countries and regions use E-mail to send information to each other. There are close to 70 million Internet users worldwide, 40,000 personal networks linked with 5 million host computers, and 48,000 more organizations registered with websites.

Part V Writing (15 minutes)

Directions: This part is to test your ability to do practical writing. You are required to write a diary according to the following information given in Chinese below.

1999年7月10日 星期六 晴

你一天的活动安排如下。请你据此写一篇日记。

时间 地点 活动安排

8:00 在校门口 欢迎美国学生(约50人)到校参观访问

8:30~9:30 图书馆阅览室 联欢会(get-together)交换礼品

9:30~10:30 校园内 参观教学楼、实验室、校办工厂、游泳池

10:30~11:30 操场 篮球友谊比赛

12:00 在校门口 美国学生离校

14:00~17:00 几家书店 和几名同学选择、购买了书和磁带

Test Two

Part I Listening Comprehension (15 minutes)

Directions: This part is to test your listening ability. It consists of 3 sections.



Section A

Directions: This section is to test your ability to give proper responses. There are 5 recorded questions in it. After each question, there is a pause. The questions will be spoken two times. When you hear a question, you should decide on the correct answer from the 4 choices marked A), B), C) and D) given in your test paper. Then you should mark the corresponding letter on the Answer Sheet with a single line through the center.

Example: You will hear:

You will read: A) I'm not sure.

B) You're right.

C) Yes, certainly.

D) That's interesting.

From the questions we learn that the speaker is asking the listener to leave a message. Therefore, **C) Yes, certainly** is the correct answer. You should mark C) on the Answer Sheet.

[A] [B] [C] [D]

Now the test will begin.

1. A) It's Monday. B) It's March 3.
- C) It's ten o'clock. D) Yes, I can tell you.
2. A) I'm fine. B) It's dull.
- C) How do you do? D) A higher school teacher.
3. A) That's O. K. What made you so late? B) You are always late.
- C) Don't mention it. D) You should get up early.
4. A) Congratulations, too. B) I don't think so.

- C) Thank you for telling me the good news. D) Thank you, I'll try my best.
5. A) Yes, I will. B) No, I can't.
C) No, thanks. D) Yes, here you are.



Section B

Directions: This section is to test your ability to understand short dialogues. There are 5 recorded dialogues in it. After each dialogue, there is a recorded question. Both the dialogues and questions will be spoken two times. When you hear a question, you should decide on the correct answer from the 4 choices marked A), B), C) and D) given in your test paper. Then you should mark the corresponding letter on the Answer Sheet with a single line through the center.

- | | |
|----------------------------|-------------------------|
| 6. A) Doctor and patient. | B) Teacher and student. |
| C) Lawyer and client. | D) Boss and secretary. |
| 7. A) In a hotel. | B) In a store. |
| C) In a restaurant. | D) In a university. |
| 8. A) 2 yuan. | B) 1 yuan. |
| C) 9 yuan. | D) 18 yuan. |
| 9. A) Spring. | B) Summer. |
| C) Autumn. | D) Winter. |
| 10. A) Go to a movie. | B) Have a math final. |
| C) Prepare for math final. | D) Watch TV at home. |



Section C

Directions: In this section you will hear a recorded short passage. The passage is printed in the test paper, but with some words or phrases missing. The passage will be read three times. During the second reading, you are required to put the missing words or phrases on the Answer Sheet in order of the numbered blanks according to what you hear. The third reading is for you to check your writing. Now the passage will begin.

What do you think of English? English is an international 11. Therefore, it is necessary for us to learn it. It can be rewarding or just a 12 of time. It's up to you. It depends on how you study it. From my 13 of view, there are some good tips about learning English. First, don't be afraid to make 14. You will learn from them. Second, you must not be shy. Be thick-skinned and speak up! Finally, you must be 15. Remember, "Rome wasn't built in a day."