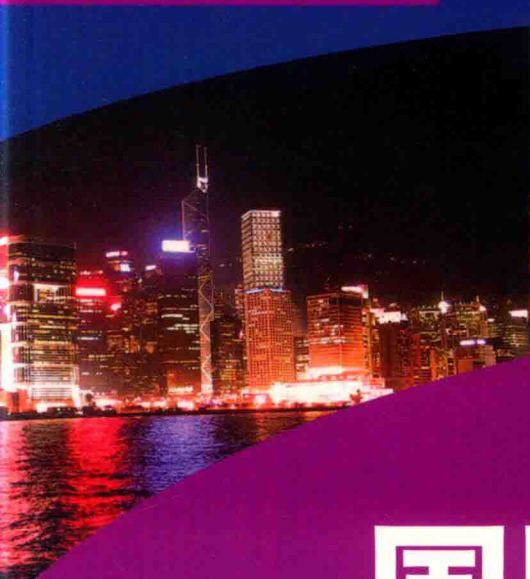


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剑桥 国际英语语法 active GRAMMAR

中级  LEVEL 2

编 著 [英] 菲奥娜·戴维斯 (Fiona Davis)
[英] 韦恩·里默 (Wayne Rimmer)

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Contents 目录

Tenses 时态

- 1 Present simple and present continuous 6
一般现在时和现在进行时
I'm holding my breath.
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一般过去时和过去进行时
He was driving on a dark night.
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used to 和 would 的用法
They used to pay soldiers in salt.
- 4 Present perfect, past simple, present simple 18
现在完成时、一般过去时和一般现在时
Many famous people have studied at Harvard.
- 5 Present perfect simple and present perfect continuous 22
一般现在完成时和现在完成进行时
She's been living here for 30 years.
- 6 Past perfect simple and past perfect continuous 26
一般过去完成时和过去完成进行时
Scientists had been studying a hurricane.
- 7 Will and be going to 30
will 和 be going to 的用法
What will the future be like?
- 8 Present continuous and present simple for future use; future continuous 34
现在进行时和一般现在时表示将来含义; 将来进行时
We'll be flying from Hong Kong to Bangkok.
- 9 Future perfect and other future forms 38
将来完成时和其他将来形式
Will they all have gone?

- R1 Review: present, past and future forms** 42
复习: 现在、过去和将来形式

Modals 情态动词

- 10 Modals of ability and obligation 1 44
表示能力和义务的情态动词 1
Six astronauts can stay there.
 - 11 Modals of ability and obligation 2 48
表示能力和义务的情态动词 2
He should have given the dog a biscuit.
 - 12 Possibility and certainty in the present and future 52
现在和将来时态下的可能性和确定性
It must be 3.
 - 13 Possibility and certainty in the past 56
过去时态下的可能性和确定性
It must already have been there.
 - 14 Requests, permission, offers, suggestions, promises 60
请求、许可、提议、建议、承诺
Could you take your hat off, please?
- R2 Review: modals** 64
复习: 情态动词

Questions, multi-word verbs and verb structures 疑问句、多词动词和动词结构

- 15 Question forms 66
疑问句
What is language?
- 16 Question tags 70
附加疑问句
Babies don't have teeth, do they?
- 17 Multi-word verbs 1: prepositional verbs 74
多词动词 1: 介词动词
What are you looking for?

18 Multi-word verbs 2: phrasal verbs 多词动词 2: 短语动词 <i>Throw away the remote control.</i>	78	Adjectives, adverbs, the passive and conditionals 形容词、副词、被动语态和条件句	
19 Verb + to-infinitive or -ing 动词 + 带 to 的不定式 / -ing 形式 <i>He decided to run without shoes.</i>	82	29 Adjectives 形容词 <i>Totally amazing!</i>	126
20 Verb + object + to-infinitive 动词 + 宾语 + 带 to 的不定式 <i>Greg made the children work 60 hours a week.</i>	86	30 Comparatives 比较级 <i>A three-year-old speaks much more fluently.</i>	130
21 Linking verbs: be, get, feel, etc. 连系动词: be、get、feel 等 <i>It looks a bit yellow but it tastes great.</i>	90	31 Superlatives 最高级 <i>The most dangerous fish is ...</i>	134
R3 Review: questions; multi-word verbs; verb structures 复习: 疑问句; 多词动词; 动词结构	94	32 Adverbs and adverb phrases 副词和副词短语 <i>He climbs the monument regularly.</i>	138
Determiners and prepositions 限定词和介词		33 The passive 1 被动语态 1 <i>The new metal was called bronze.</i>	142
22 Articles 冠词 <i>A famous code</i>	96	34 The passive 2 被动语态 2 <i>They deserve to be mentioned.</i>	146
23 Quantifiers 1 量词 1 <i>Anything can happen in the mountains.</i>	100	35 Zero, first and second conditionals 零条件句、第一条件句和第二条件句 <i>If you think you can, you can.</i>	150
24 Quantifiers 2 量词 2 <i>There are plenty of activities.</i>	104	36 Third conditional, I wish, If only 第三条件句、I wish、If only <i>I wish I had heard those songs.</i>	154
25 Reflexive and reciprocal pronouns 反身代词和相互代词 <i>Do it yourself!</i>	108	37 Variations on conditionals 条件句的变化 <i>We can change the world if people listen to us.</i>	158
26 Prepositions of place, movement and time 方位介词、位移介词和时间介词 <i>We waited in front of a petrol station.</i>	112	R5 Review: comparatives and superlatives; the passive; conditionals 复习: 比较级和最高级; 被动语态; 条件句	162
27 Verbs with two objects 双宾语动词 <i>Throw her to the dogs!</i>	116	Word formation and sentences 构词法和句子	
28 Prepositions 介词 <i>He was terrible at spelling.</i>	120	38 Indirect statements 间接引语 <i>They said their son was flying.</i>	164
R4 Review: articles; quantifiers; pronouns; prepositions 复习: 冠词; 量词; 代词; 介词	124	39 Indirect questions 间接疑问句 <i>If you are wondering why glaciers are interesting ...</i>	168

40 Defining relative clauses	172	46 Linking words 2: reason, purpose and result	196
限定性关系从句		连接词 2: 原因、目的和结果	
<i>The companies who connect people to the Internet</i>		<i>Why? Because the roads were bad.</i>	
41 Non-defining relative clauses	176	R6 Review: indirect speech; relative clauses; word formation; <i>it</i> and <i>there</i>; linking words	200
非限定性关系从句		复习: 间接引语; 关系从句; 构词法; <i>it</i> 和 <i>there</i> ; 连接词	
<i>'I thought it was dumb, which shows he's smarter than I am!'</i>		Appendices 附录	
42 Word formation 1: verbs and adjectives (affixes)	180	Verb tenses	202
构词法 1: 动词和形容词 (词缀)		动词时态	
<i>Scrabble - the international game</i>		Irregular verbs	203
43 Word formation 2: nouns (affixes)	184	不规则动词	
构词法 2: 名词 (词缀)		Glossary	204
<i>You need imagination, self-confidence ...</i>		词汇表	
44 <i>It</i> and <i>there</i>	188	Grammar index	206
<i>it</i> 和 <i>there</i> 的用法		语法索引	
<i>Do you find it difficult to sleep?</i>		Answer key 答案	207
45 Linking words 1: addition, contrast and time	192		
连接词 1: 补充、对比和时间			
<i>Once you have read one ...</i>			

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 - 14 Requests, permission, offers, suggestions, promises 60
请求、许可、提议、建议、承诺
Could you take your hat off, please?
- R2 Review: modals** 64
复习: 情态动词

Questions, multi-word verbs and verb structures 疑问句、多词动词和动词结构

- 15 Question forms 66
疑问句
What is language?
- 16 Question tags 70
附加疑问句
Babies don't have teeth, do they?
- 17 Multi-word verbs 1: prepositional verbs 74
多词动词 1: 介词动词
What are you looking for?

18 Multi-word verbs 2: phrasal verbs 多词动词 2: 短语动词 <i>Throw away the remote control.</i>	78	Adjectives, adverbs, the passive and conditionals 形容词、副词、被动语态和条件句	
19 Verb + to-infinitive or -ing 动词 + 带 to 的不定式 / -ing 形式 <i>He decided to run without shoes.</i>	82	29 Adjectives 形容词 <i>Totally amazing!</i>	126
20 Verb + object + to-infinitive 动词 + 宾语 + 带 to 的不定式 <i>Greg made the children work 60 hours a week.</i>	86	30 Comparatives 比较级 <i>A three-year-old speaks much more fluently.</i>	130
21 Linking verbs: be, get, feel, etc. 连系动词: be、get、feel 等 <i>It looks a bit yellow but it tastes great.</i>	90	31 Superlatives 最高级 <i>The most dangerous fish is ...</i>	134
R3 Review: questions; multi-word verbs; verb structures 复习: 疑问句; 多词动词; 动词结构	94	32 Adverbs and adverb phrases 副词和副词短语 <i>He climbs the monument regularly.</i>	138
Determiners and prepositions 限定词和介词		33 The passive 1 被动语态 1 <i>The new metal was called bronze.</i>	142
22 Articles 冠词 <i>A famous code</i>	96	34 The passive 2 被动语态 2 <i>They deserve to be mentioned.</i>	146
23 Quantifiers 1 量词 1 <i>Anything can happen in the mountains.</i>	100	35 Zero, first and second conditionals 零条件句、第一条件句和第二条件句 <i>If you think you can, you can.</i>	150
24 Quantifiers 2 量词 2 <i>There are plenty of activities.</i>	104	36 Third conditional, I wish, If only 第三条件句、I wish、If only <i>I wish I had heard those songs.</i>	154
25 Reflexive and reciprocal pronouns 反身代词和相互代词 <i>Do it yourself!</i>	108	37 Variations on conditionals 条件句的变化 <i>We can change the world if people listen to us.</i>	158
26 Prepositions of place, movement and time 方位介词、位移介词和时间介词 <i>We waited in front of a petrol station.</i>	112	R5 Review: comparatives and superlatives; the passive; conditionals 复习: 比较级和最高级; 被动语态; 条件句	162
27 Verbs with two objects 双宾语动词 <i>Throw her to the dogs!</i>	116	Word formation and sentences 构词法和句子	
28 Prepositions 介词 <i>He was terrible at spelling.</i>	120	38 Indirect statements 间接引语 <i>They said their son was flying.</i>	164
R4 Review: articles; quantifiers; pronouns; prepositions 复习: 冠词; 量词; 代词; 介词	124	39 Indirect questions 间接疑问句 <i>If you are wondering why glaciers are interesting ...</i>	168

40 Defining relative clauses	172	46 Linking words 2: reason, purpose and result	196
限定性关系从句		连接词 2: 原因、目的和结果	
<i>The companies who connect people to the Internet</i>		<i>Why? Because the roads were bad.</i>	
41 Non-defining relative clauses	176	R6 Review: indirect speech; relative clauses; word formation; <i>it</i> and <i>there</i>; linking words	200
非限定性关系从句		复习: 间接引语; 关系从句; 构词法; <i>it</i> 和 <i>there</i> ; 连接词	
<i>'I thought it was dumb, which shows he's smarter than I am!'</i>			
42 Word formation 1: verbs and adjectives (affixes)	180	Appendices 附录	
构词法 1: 动词和形容词 (词缀)		Verb tenses	202
<i>Scrabble - the international game</i>		动词时态	
43 Word formation 2: nouns (affixes)	184	Irregular verbs	203
构词法 2: 名词 (词缀)		不规则动词	
<i>You need imagination, self-confidence ...</i>		Glossary	204
44 <i>It</i> and <i>there</i>	188	词汇表	
<i>it</i> 和 <i>there</i> 的用法		Grammar index	206
<i>Do you find it difficult to sleep?</i>		语法索引	
45 Linking words 1: addition, contrast and time	192	Answer key 答案	207
连接词 1: 补充、对比和时间			
<i>Once you have read one ...</i>			

1

Present simple and present continuous

一般现在时和现在进行时
I'm holding my breath.

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Friday night

It's midnight and I'm holding my breath.

I feel so scared that I can't move.

There it is again – a noise downstairs. I think there's someone in the house.

'Don't be silly!' I say to myself. (I'm always lying awake at night and listening to noises. Usually I find out it's the fridge or someone next door or ... just nothing.)

I'm staying at my friend's house. Round here all the houses have got two floors.

My friend doesn't live in a safe part of town and sometimes burglars come in through the downstairs windows.

I've prepared for this moment. This is what you do:

1 You lock the door as quietly as you can. 2 You phone the police on your mobile. 3 You talk to the police very loudly.

There's the noise again ... and it's getting closer.

I don't want to do this. I get slowly out of bed. But then I stop. Two round eyes are looking at me.

I scream.

The neighbour's cat runs back the way it came. How did it get in? Probably through the downstairs window.

But that means the downstairs window is open ...



- 1 Where is the writer of the story?
- 2 What is making the noise?

Answers: 1 The writer is at his or her friend's house. The writer is in bed upstairs.
2 The neighbour's cat.

Present simple and present continuous 一般现在时和现在进行时

Present simple 一般现在时

- 1 在一般现在时肯定句中，动词第三人称单数形式后要加 -s。其他人称形式保持不变。

I/you/we/they run.

He/she/it runs.

- 2 用 don't 和 doesn't 将规则动词变成其否定形式。
I don't want to do this.

My friend doesn't live in a safe part of town.
NOT ... doesn't lives...

- 3 一般现在时用于表示客观真理或一般情况下的事实。

He doesn't live in a safe part of town.

- 4 一般现在时用于表示经常或反复发生的事件或习惯。

I visit my friend every month.

- 5 一般现在时通常与频度副词连用, 如: always、never、usually。

Usually I find out it's the fridge or someone next door ... or just nothing.

- 6 一般现在时通常用于给出命令或指示。

*You lock the door as quietly as you can.
You phone the police on your mobile.*

- 7 一般现在时通常用于讲故事或描述一系列的事件。

I get slowly out of bed. But then I stop.

- 8 一般现在时通常用于评论(如书评或影评)。

The film tells the story of a boy who lives in the poorest part of the city. It has an unexpected ending.

TIP

have got 与 have 的意思相同。have got 多见于非正式英语或英国英语。

*I've got three brothers. = I have three brothers.
I haven't got any sisters. = I don't have any sisters.*

A: *Have you got any children?*

B: *Yes, I have. / No, I haven't.*

= A: *Do you have any children?* B: *Yes, I do. / No, I don't.*

Present continuous 现在进行时

- 9 现在进行时的句子用“am/is/are + 动词的-ing形式”构成。

I'm always lying awake.

It's getting closer.

Two round eyes are looking at me.

- 10 现在进行时用于描述此刻或当前正在进行的活动。

Two round eyes are looking at me.

I'm studying two languages: English and Spanish.

- 11 现在进行时用于谈论尚未完成的或暂时的动作。

I'm staying at my friend's.

TIP

注意以下区别:

He lives in a beautiful flat. (说话者认为这种情况不会很快改变。)

He's living in the north of the city at the moment. (说话者认为这种情况是暂时的。)

- 12 现在进行时与 always、constantly 或 forever 连用表示批评。

I'm always hearing noises.

- 13 现在进行时用于谈论逐渐变化的情况。

The noise is getting louder.

- 14 现在进行时通常用于描述故事背景。一般现在时用于描述事件。

It's midnight and I'm holding my breath.

'Don't be silly!' I say to myself.

- 15 状态动词(state verbs, 即描述状态而非动作的动词), 如 want、sound、believe、mean、promise, 通常不用于现在进行时。

I don't want to do this.

That means the downstairs window is open.

- 16 一些状态动词可用于现在进行时来描述动作, 此时这些动词与其常见含义有所不同。经常用于这一用法的动词有: appear、expect、feel、have、imagine、look、think、see、smell、taste、weigh。

I think there's someone there.

(think = talking about a belief)

I'm thinking what to do next.

(think = talking about a process)

TIP

一般现在时常用于正式信件或邮件中。

I write to inform you that...

I look forward to meeting you.

现在进行时常用于非正式的信件或邮件中。

I'm writing to let you know that...

I'm looking forward to seeing you.

- 一般现在时和现在进行时表示将来含义的用法, 见第8单元。

Practice

A 在正确的选项下面画横线。

It's the middle of the afternoon. In a quiet neighbourhood a burglar ¹*tries / is trying* to break into a house. He ²*creeps / is creeping* round the house when he ³*hears / is hearing* a voice. 'Spider-Man ⁴*watches / is watching* you!' The burglar ⁵*turns / is turning* round quickly but he ⁶*doesn't see / isn't seeing* anything. So he ⁷*starts / is starting* creeping across the garden again. 'Spider-Man ⁸*watches / is watching* you!' The burglar ⁹*hears / is hearing* the voice again and this time he ¹⁰*sees / is seeing* a parrot. The parrot ¹¹*sits / is sitting* by the side of the house. ¹²*'Do you talk / Are you talking* to me?' ¹³*asks / is asking* the burglar. 'Yes,' ¹⁴*says / is saying* the parrot. 'How do you do? I'm Batman.' 'That's a silly name,' ¹⁵*laughs / is laughing* the burglar. 'Why ¹⁶*does your owner call / is your owner calling* you that?' 'I have no idea,' ¹⁷*replies / is replying* the parrot, 'and ¹⁸*I don't know / I'm not knowing* why the rottweiler's name is Spider-Man.' 'I ¹⁹*don't want / am not wanting* to find out!' the burglar ²⁰*says / is saying*. And he ²¹*runs / is running* away!

B 将短文 1—5 与描述短语 a—e 匹配起来。然后，用括号里所给的词语将短文补充完整，可使用一般现在时，也可使用现在进行时。

1 ☐ c

You go (go) along this street and you turn (turn) left at the end. The shop is on your right.

2 ☐

As oil prices rise, the cost of air travel (increase). Reports show that as a result more and more people (stay) at home for their holidays and (not travel) abroad.

3 ☐

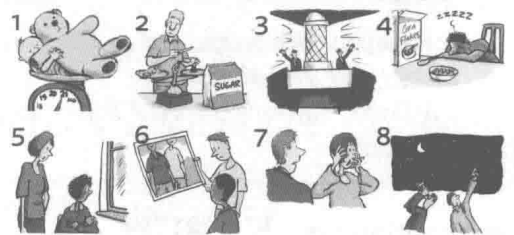
What annoys me about my sister? Well, she (always talk) to her friends on the phone! And she (always lose) things.

C 将左右两边匹配起来。

- | | |
|-------------------------------|---|
| 1 At last the sun | a is coming out. |
| 2 The sun | b always comes after rain. |
| 3 They're not staying | a at home in the evenings. |
| 4 They don't usually stay | b in the country for very long. |
| 5 The sea level on Earth | a is rising. |
| 6 The sun | b rises early. |
| 7 In the mountains | a it's getting cold. |
| 8 Come and have your dinner - | b it gets cold. |
| 9 I'm looking forward | a to meeting you at the interview tomorrow. |
| 10 We look forward | b to seeing you in town tomorrow. |

D 用方框中所给动词的一般现在时或现在进行时将下列句子补充完整。每个动词会用到两次。

not have not look think weigh



- The child weighs 21 kilos.
- He looks all the ingredients for a cake.
- They have any pets.
- Alex looks breakfast this morning.
- What is about?
- What is of this photo?
- You are very happy.
- You won't find it. You are in the right place.

4 ☐

I work (work) at the garage until September.

5 ☐

I enjoyed this. It's about a guy who goes (go) round the world and travels (travel) on as many different forms of transport as possible.

- a a description of change
- b a book review
- c directions
- d criticism
- e temporary situation