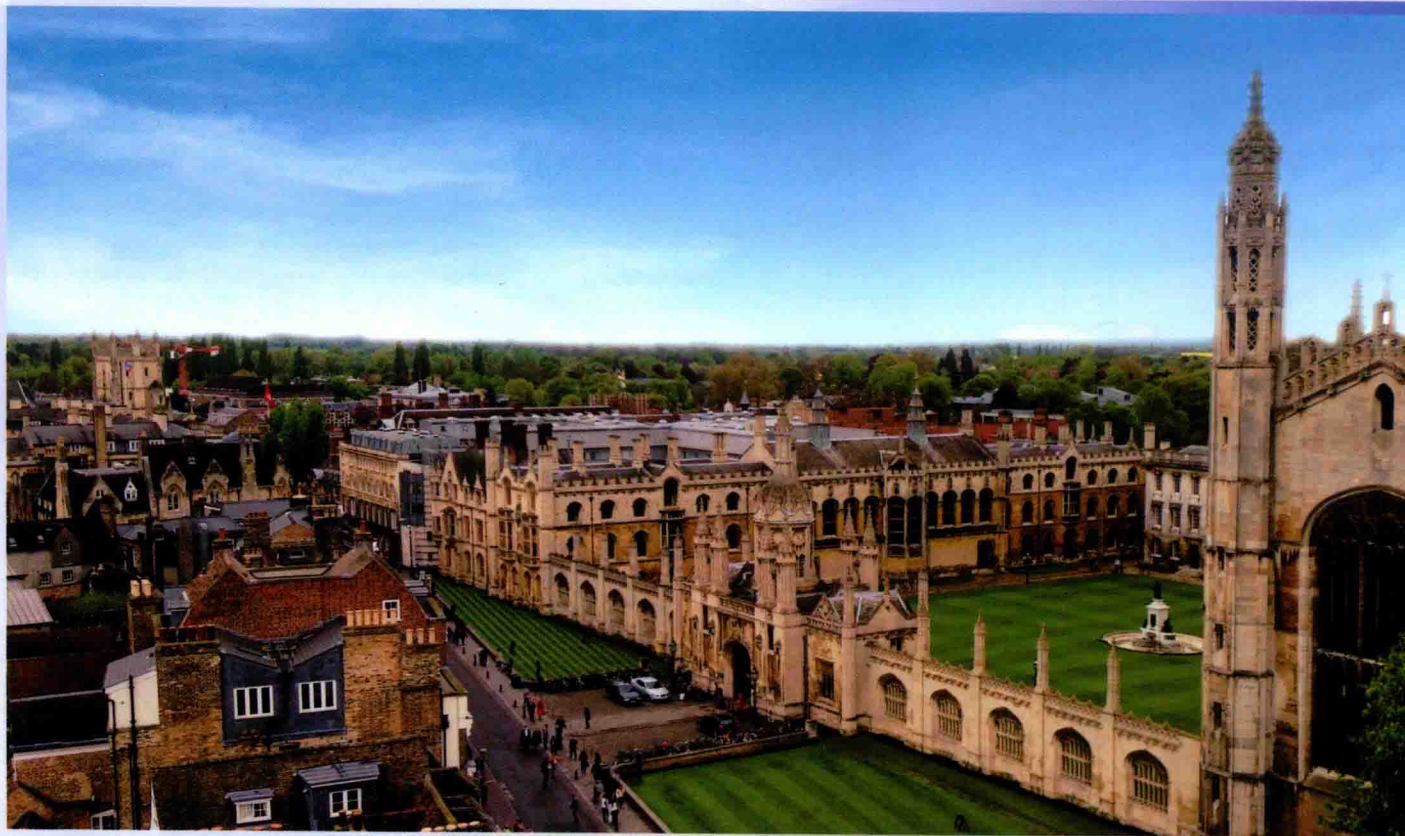




普通高等教育“十三五”规划教材



E时代 大学英语

—— 综合训练 2

E-Time College English—Comprehensive Exercises

主编 E时代大学英语编写组



外文出版社
FOREIGN LANGUAGES PRESS

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贵州师范学院内部使用



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非常感谢大家使用《E 时代大学英语》系列教材。

随着信息时代的来临,大学英语的教学理念、教学方法、教学模式和教学技术都发生了很大的变化。为了实现《大学英语教学指南》提出的要求,大学英语教学不仅要帮助学生打好语言基础,更要与现代教学技术结合,注重培养学生的学习兴趣和英语应用能力。这就要求我们对大学英语教学进行改革与创新。

大学英语教学的创新首先是教材的创新。为此,我们潜心多年,对市场上的大学英语教材进行了充分研究,走访了众多院校,举办了数场大学英语教学改革和教材编写研讨会,与众多英语教学专家和优秀的一线教师反复讨论、研究,编写而成《E 时代大学英语》系列教材。

《E 时代大学英语》系列教材体现了外语教育者在教材改革方面所做的开拓创新尝试,借鉴近年来大学英语教学改革的成功经验与教学实践的成果,使用多样的教学手段和创新的教学方法,力求提升学生的英语综合应用能力,支持教师提高课堂教学质量,推动大学英语教学迈向新台阶。

本系列教材理论、结构、教法互为依据、相互完善、互为转换,构成了一个灵活、方便、高效的教学系统。

一、《E 时代大学英语》系列教材简介

《E 时代大学英语》系列教材以教育部颁发的《大学英语教学指南》为指导,在设计和编写中准确把握大学英语的课程定位和性质,深入分析教学目标和教学要求,总结归纳课程结构与内容,采用多种教学方法和教学手段,力求将能力培养和能力测试紧密结合,以促进大学生知识、能力和综合素质的协调发展。

该系列教材包括《E 时代大学英语——读写教程》《E 时代大学英语——视听说教程》《E 时代大学英语——阶梯阅读教程》《E 时代大学英语——快速阅读教程》和《E 时代大学英语——综合训练》。

二、《E 时代大学英语——综合训练》特色

《E 时代大学英语——综合训练》是《E 时代大学英语——读写教程》的配套训练,旨在进一步加强学生的读写能力。其特色具体表现在以下几个方面。



1 题型多样, 针对性强

本训练配合《读写教程》, 每个单元设置 Vocabulary and Structure、Reading Comprehension、Translation 和 Writing 四个基本模块, 每个模块针对教材对应内容设置了丰富的题型, 从而帮助学生复习、巩固并拓展《读写教程》中所学的语言知识和技能。

2 循序渐进, 设置合理

本训练按照循序渐进的原则, 内容安排环环相扣, 能有效提高学生的读写能力。

3 结合四级, 实用性强

本训练前两册侧重考查学生对基础知识的掌握, 培养学生基本的读写能力, 后两册则在阅读、翻译等部分提高难度, 题型与大学英语四级考试匹配。此外, 期中和期末测试融入了历年四级考试的真题, 能在有效提高学生读写能力的同时, 帮助其了解四级考试题目, 锻炼解题能力, 提高考试水平。

三、《E 时代大学英语——综合训练》单元结构

本训练每册包括六个单元, 在 Unit 3 和 Unit 6 之后分别有一套期中和期末测试卷。每个单元包括 Vocabulary and Structure、Reading Comprehension、Translation 和 Writing 四个基本模块。

- Vocabulary and Structure 包括七个 Section, 按考查内容分为三类。第一类, 考查学生对课本重点词汇或短语的掌握, 主要设置用单词的正确形式填空、词汇辨析、选词填空; 第二类, 考查学生对基本构词法的掌握, 主要设置词性转换和选词填空; 第三类, 考查学生对本单元语法及其他基本语法的掌握, 主要设置单句改错和选择填空。
- Reading Comprehension 包括五个 Task, 从内容上讲, 五篇阅读材料均与课本单元主题相关, 可帮助学生加深对同主题文章的认识和理解。从形式上讲, 第一、二册有选词填空、单项选择及阅读填空, 第三、四册在原有的基础上增加长篇阅读段落匹配题, 多样的题型可以更加全面地帮助学生提升其阅读能力。从难度上讲, 遵循循序渐进的原则, 每册阅读文章的长度依次递增, 文章中的单词、句子的难度逐渐增大, 第三、四册基本达到大学英语四级考试的水平, 以此帮助学生更好地为大学英语四级考试做准备。
- Translation 包括四个 Section, 题型分别为课本重点短语、词组汉译英、课本重点语句英译汉、英汉搭配选择及语篇汉译英, 旨在帮助学生打好翻译基础, 增强其英汉互译能力。
- Writing 部分根据单元写作主题与教材中提供的写作技巧出题, 部分还结合大学英语四级作文题型, 旨在帮助学生巩固所学, 掌握各种题材文章的写作技能, 有效提高英语写作能力。

本训练配有参考答案，读者可到北京金企鹅联合出版中心网站（www.bjjqe.com）下载。

无论我们如何追求完美，书中仍可能存在不完善和疏漏之处，敬请各位读者给予指正。此外，在编写本书的过程中，我们借鉴了一些文献资料，在此向这些文献的作者表达最诚挚的谢意。

编 者

2017年11月

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Unit 1 E-learning

Part I Vocabulary and Structure



Section A

Directions: Complete the following sentences with the proper form of the words given in brackets.

- 1 For many years I was an (instruct) _____ at a community college.
- 2 He told her to stop (procrastinate) _____ and get to work.
- 3 Remember that you are (part) _____ responsible for their unhappiness.
- 4 One major (advantage) _____ of the area is the lack of public transport.
- 5 Getting everyone there on time might prove (problem) _____.
- 6 In college, you have the (free) _____ to do what you want.
- 7 Recently there has been some movement away from (tradition) _____ methods of teaching.
- 8 I can turn the television off if you find it a (distract) _____.
- 9 We were going to have the (luxurious) _____ of a free weekend, to rest and do whatever we pleased.
- 10 We have provided seats for the (convenient) _____ of our customers.



Section B

Directions: Fill in the blanks with the proper words in brackets. Change the form where necessary.



- 11 William _____ his hat and smiled at her. (raise / rise)
- 12 We've had an urgent _____ saying that your father is ill. (message / information)
- 13 The system _____ and I lost three hours' worth of work. (smash / crash)
- 14 The law was passed in _____ to public pressure. (answer / response)
- 15 The king _____ a televised speech to the nation on November 5. (deliver / send)



Section C

Directions: Fill in the blanks with the phrases or expressions given below.

Change the form where necessary.

on the spot	log in / into	as well as	sign up	be deemed to
due to	rely on	away from	drop out	cut out for

- 16 He preferred to sit _____ the stranger.
- 17 We have a responsibility to our community _____ to our families.
- 18 I'm thinking of _____ for a yoga course.
- 19 These days we _____ heavily _____ computers to organize our work.
- 20 Bill _____ of college after his first year.
- 21 Passwords can then be changed so original users can't _____.
- 22 They _____ be illegal immigrants.
- 23 She has been absent from work _____ illness.
- 24 Linda is not _____ teaching.
- 25 He had to make a decision _____.



Section D

Directions: Write the primary forms of the following words from the text and then give the Chinese meanings for them.



- ★ words opposite to their original words:

e.g. possible → impossible (不可能的)

26 _____ → disadvantage ()

- ★ words changing from a verb into a noun:

e.g. enjoy → enjoyment (令人愉快的事物)

27 _____ → instructor ()

28 _____ → distraction ()

29 _____ → memorization ()

- ★ words changing from a noun into an adjective:

e.g. person → personal (个人的)

30 _____ → geographical ()

31 _____ → risky ()

32 _____ → problematic ()

- ★ words changing from an adjective into an adverb:

e.g. heavy → heavily (沉重地)

33 _____ → personally ()

- ★ words changing from an adjective into a noun:

e.g. warm → warmth (温暖)

34 _____ → freedom ()

35 _____ → convenience ()



Section E

Directions: Choose the suitable words and complete the sentences below.

Change the form where necessary.

attract

distract

distraction

36 I find it hard to work at home because there are too many _____.

37 Coverage of the war was used to _____ attention from other matters.



- 38 What first _____ me to her was her sense of humour.

person personally personalize

- 39 _____, I don't care how it gets done, as long as it's done quickly.

- 40 He was a very nice _____, always pleasant and friendly.

- 41 All our courses are _____ to the needs of the individual.

intellect intellectual intellectually

- 42 The company recruits some of the most _____ gifted graduates from the university.

- 43 She possesses the _____ and the energy needed for the job.

- 44 The film wasn't very _____, but it caught the mood of the times.



Section F

Directions: Find one mistake from the four choices marked A, B, C, and D in each sentence and correct it on the line.

- 45 They didn't want me to do any work at family.

A B C D

() correction: _____

- 46 Boys and girls, don't lose hearts. Do better next time.

A B C D

() correction: _____

- 47 Oliver Twist, the hero of the story, he was an orphan.

A B C D

() correction: _____

- 48 I visited a place where is surrounded by mountains.

A B C D

() correction: _____

- 49 It didn't matter that I would win or not.

A B C D

() correction: _____



Section G

Directions: Complete the following sentences with the most appropriate word from the 4 choices marked A, B, C, and D.

50 On Saturday afternoon, Mrs Green went to the market, _____ some bananas and visited her cousin.

- A. bought B. buying C. to buy D. buy

51 An awful accident _____, however, occur the other day.

- A. does B. did C. has to D. had to

52 She _____ her hairstyle in her hometown before she came to Chongqing for a better job.

- A. would change B. has changed
C. changed D. was changing

53 I failed in the final examination last term and only then _____ the importance of studies.

- A. I realized B. I had realized
C. had I realized D. did I realize

54 Sales of CDs have greatly increased since the early 1990s, when people _____ to enjoy the advantages of this new technology.

- A. begin B. began C. have begun D. had begun

55 After a fire broke out in the lab, a lot of equipment _____.

- A. is damaged B. had damaged C. damaged D. was damaged

56 — Nancy is not coming tonight.

— But she _____!

- A. promises B. promised C. will promise D. had promised

57 What we used to think _____ impossible now does seem possible.

- A. was B. is C. has been D. will be



58 Ross was wild with joy _____ the result of the examination.

- A. to B. by C. at D. as

59 I wanted two seats _____ *Madame Curie* for Friday night, so I rang the cinema to see if I could book two tickets.

- A. of B. about C. to D. for

Part II Reading Comprehension

Directions: In this part, there are 5 tasks for you to fulfill. Read the materials carefully and do the tasks according to the instructions.



Task One

Directions: Fill in the blanks by selecting suitable words from the word bank. You may not use any of the words more than once.

A whim	D disadvantage	G push	J unless	M until
B distractions	E confident	H Entirely	K overcome	N disorder
C advantage	F self-motivated	I Partially	L procrastination	O epidemic

My problem with online classes was that it didn't fit the way I worked as a student. I'll be the first to tell you that I procrastinate a bit. It's an awful (1) _____ across all campuses, I'm sure, but (2) _____ is a little riskier in online courses. Since all the assignments in an online class are most likely already dated it's probably easier to schedule all the work, but like the smart guy I am, I usually waited (3) _____ the night before to finish the homework. Am I just lazy? (4) _____, but not totally.

You see, in online classes, there's no physical instructor there to (5) _____ the student forward. Students in an online course have to be more (6) _____ and focused. Having an online class also takes you out of the classroom. This is a (7) _____ for me because I feel like I learn the best in a classroom environment, away from the usual (8) _____



of music, video games and television.

Learning on the web also feels disconnecting and that was a feeling I couldn't (9) _____. I perform best when I'm told exactly what to do and I like to talk to the instructors and ask questions on a (10) _____, and as mentioned before, it's not as easy to do online.



Task Two

Directions: Read the following passage and choose the correct answer for each question or statement.

Bill Gates recently predicted that online learning will make place-based colleges less significant, and five years from now, students will be able to find the best lectures in the world online. I applaud Mr. Gates. But what's taking us so long?

As early as 1997, MIT (麻省理工) decided to post videos of all university lectures online, for free, for all people. But today, how many students have you met who mastered advanced mathematics or nuclear physics from an MIT online video? Unfortunately, the answer is not many.

The problem is the poor quality of online education websites and the experience they provide to students. Those who go to the MIT website and watch courses online are surely very smart people, but it's not like playing a video game such as *World of Warcraft*. Only the most ardent students, those who are highly motivated, will devote themselves to studying these boring online videos.

The real question is why we aren't spending more to develop better online education platforms. Where is the Avatar of education? Think about this. The market for Hollywood films per year is worth around 30 billion USD. Education in the world is a trillion-dollar-a-year market, hundreds of times bigger than Hollywood movies. Yet the most expensive digital learning system ever built cost well under 100 million dollars.

Bill Gates' prediction is going to happen. There is no doubt about it. But it will only happen when we create high level educational content and experiences that engage and excite more than has ever been possible in the real world.



- 11 What has Bill Gates forecast about online learning?
- A. It will concentrate on physics lectures.
B. It will completely replace real universities.
C. It will help to make universities more successful.
D. It will play an increasingly important role in education.
- 12 What does the underlined word “ardent” in *Para. 3* mean?
- A. Creative. B. Enthusiastic. C. Well-behaved. D. Experienced.
- 13 According to the author, what is holding back the popularity of online learning?
- A. The lack of lectures available online.
B. The high cost of access to the websites.
C. The low standard of educational websites.
D. The competition with online computer games.
- 14 Why does the author mention Hollywood?
- A. To show that Hollywood produces many successful movies.
B. To prove that education is more profitable than entertainment.
C. To argue that movie directors should produce educational content.
D. To urge that more money be spent developing educational websites.
- 15 Which of the following sentences is TRUE?
- A. Many students watched online videos offered by MIT.
B. In 1997, MIT decided to post videos of all university lectures online for free.
C. The online videos posted by MIT were very interesting.
D. The most expensive digital learning system cost over 100 million dollars.



Task Three

Directions: Read the following passage and choose the correct answer for each question or statement.

By almost any measure, there is a boom in Internet-based instruction. In just a few years,

34 percent of American universities have begun offering some form of Distance Learning (DL), and among the larger schools, it's close to 90 percent. If you doubt the popularity of the trend, you probably haven't heard of the University of Phoenix. It grants degrees entirely on the basis of online instruction. It enrolls 90,000 students, a statistic used to support its claim to be the largest private university in the country.

While the kinds of instruction offered in these programs will differ, DL usually signifies a course in which the instructors post syllabi (课程大纲), reading assignment, and schedules on websites, and students send in their assignments by e-mail. Generally speaking, face-to-face communication with an instructor is minimized or eliminated altogether.

The attraction for students might at first seem obvious. Primarily, there's the convenience promised by courses on the Net: you can do the work, as they say, in your pajamas (睡衣). But figures indicate that the reduced effort results in a reduced commitment to the course. While dropout rate for all freshmen at American universities is around 20 percent, the rate for online students is 35 percent. Students themselves seem to understand the weaknesses inherent in the setup. In a survey conducted for Cornell, the DL division of Cornell University, less than a third of the respondents expected the quality of the online course to be as good as the classroom course. Clearly, from the schools' perspective, there's a lot of money to be saved. Although some of the more ambitious programs require new investments in servers and networks to support collaborative software, most DL courses can run on existing or minimally upgraded (升级) systems. The more students who enroll in a course but don't come to campus, the more school saves on keeping the lights on in the classrooms, paying doorkeepers, and maintaining parking lots. And, while there's evidence that instructors must work harder to run a DL course for a variety of reasons, they won't be paid any more, and might well be paid less.

16 What is the most striking feature of the University of Phoenix?

- A. All its courses are offered online.
- B. Its online courses are of the best quality.
- C. It boasts the largest number of students on campus.