

E N G L I S H

高考英语专项精选丛书

Selected Series for
English Entrance
Examination

高考英语冲刺

攻克 单项填空

主编：伍晓南

广东教育出版社

E N G L I S H

高考英语专项精选丛书

Selected Series for
English Entrance
Examination

攻克 **高考英语冲刺**

单项填空

主编：伍晓南

广东教育出版社

图书在版编目 (CIP) 数据

高考英语专项精选丛书. 高考英语冲刺. 攻克单项填空/伍晓南主编. —广州: 广东教育出版社, 2003. 9
ISBN 7-5406-5170-9

I. 高… II. 伍… III. 英语课—高中—升学参考资料 IV. G634.413

中国版本图书馆 CIP 数据核字 (2003) 第 025688 号

广东教育出版社出版发行

(广州市环市东路水荫路 11 号)

邮政编码: 510075

广东新华发行集团股份有限公司经销

肇庆新华印刷有限公司印刷

(肇庆市郊狮岗)

787 毫米×1092 毫米 16 开本 11 印张 286 000 字

2003 年 9 月第 1 版 2003 年 9 月第 1 次印刷

印数 1-5000 册

ISBN 7-5406-5170-9/G·4619

定价: 14.20 元

质量监督电话: 020-37613102 购书咨询电话: 020-83796440

前 言

《高考英语专项精选丛书》是根据国家教育部制订的中学英语教学大纲、全国普通高等院校入学考试说明(英语),分别结合中学英语教科书的内容编写而成的。我们的目的是帮助高三学生有的放矢备考,迅速提高应考能力,在高考中取得理想成绩。

本套丛书共6册,按高考英语题型编写而成。本册是《攻克单项填空》。

近年,高考英语试题中的“单项填空”命题灵活,不但考查考生的英语基础知识,而且已转向侧重对语言的理解和运用能力方面。也就是说,考生既要掌握扎实的基础知识,还要具备运用这些知识去分析问题和解决问题的能力。

鉴于此,本册在第一部分中编写了英语基础知识,这些基础知识是根据“实践——理论——实践”的原则而精心编排的。我们希望考生按照书中顺序完成每一道小题,做完后再对照答案或提示,找出做错的地方;做题不但要知其然,更重要的是要知其所以然。弄不懂的题,一是请教老师、同学,二是查阅有关资料。

我们知道,很多单项填空题不是一下子就能找出正确答案的,而是要经过分析,排除干扰项,才能选中正确答案。因此,在选择答案时,要做到:

一、看清题干和所提供的几个选项,要领会“要考查哪方面的知识”,即了解题目所考查问题的内容。这样,解题就可以做到有的放矢,知道该用哪个知识点去判断、选择答案。

二、许多单项填空题是通过对话或一个包含主从句或并列句或插入语的句子来提供情景和信息,考生不能掉以轻心。

三、通过比较,运用语言知识、语法知识和逻辑推理,逐步排除干扰项,缩小选择范围,选定答案。

四、有的题目,所提供的选项,如将其填入题干中,语法上是没问题的,但一定要根据上下文所提供的语境,先读懂题干所给的信息,正确理解句意,判断选用哪个选项,句子才通顺。不要单凭语法知识或自己的感觉选出考题意思不通或不符合实际情况的选项。

参加编写的有华南师大附中的伍晓南、广州广雅中学的唐立新,华南师大的黄红兰、广东外语外贸大学的彭保良、广州铁路第一中学的林萍和深圳外语学校的章少葆。

2003年7月

Contents 目录

第一部分 基础知识	(1)
一、名词	(1)
二、代词	(7)
三、形容词和副词	(16)
四、冠词	(22)
五、介词	(24)
六、动词	(29)
七、情态动词	(33)
八、动词时态	(38)
九、被动语态	(43)
十、非谓语动词	(44)
十一、虚拟语气	(59)
十二、数词	(65)
十三、句子种类及其他	(68)
十四、主谓一致	(75)
十五、倒装结构	(80)
第二部分 单项选择测试题	(87)
Test 1	(87)
Test 2	(94)
Test 3	(101)
Test 4	(108)
Test 5	(115)
Test 6	(123)
Test 7	(131)
Test 8	(139)
Test 9	(147)
Test 10	(156)
答案	(165)

第一部分

基础知识

一、名词

- () 1. I want ____ to drink.
A. a water B. waters C. some water D. a few water
- () 2. They are ____ and we are ____.
A. Japaneses; Chineses B. Japanese; Chinese
C. Japanese; Chineses D. Japaneses; Chinese
- () 3. We are ____.
A. woman doctors B. women doctor
C. woman doctor D. women doctors
- () 4. I bought ____ for my mother.
A. a trouser B. a trousers
C. a piece of trouser D. a pair of trousers
- () 5. That's ____.
A. a bike of Jim's B. a bike of Jim
C. bikes of Jim D. bikes of Jim's
- () 6. There are four ____ over there.
A. Englishmans B. Americans C. Russian D. Japaneses
- () 7. The baby has ____.
A. two tooth B. two tooths C. two teeth D. two teeths
- () 8. He asked for ____.
A. some milks and a piece of bread
B. some milk and a piece of bread
C. some milk and a pieces of breads
D. some milks and a pieces bread
- () 9. Maths ____ easy to learn.
A. is B. are C. am D. were
- () 10. I have two ____ in my schoolbag.

A. knife B. knives C. knife D. knives

() 11. Please help yourselves to _____.

A. some fishes B. some fish C. a fishes D. fishes

() 12. She wants to write a letter. Could you give her _____?

A. a paper B. some papers
C. a piece of paper D. some pieces of papers

() 13. This is his _____ wife.

A. brother' B. brother's C. brothers's D. brothers'

() 14. _____ will be sold in this shop next week.

A. Children's books B. Childrens' books
C. Children books D. Child's books

() 15. There are three _____ in my family.

A. person B. man C. people D. peoples

() 16. We went to the cinema by _____ last night.

A. the bike B. a bike C. bike D. bikes

() 17. What a lot of _____ I have to do today!

A. homework B. homeworks C. the homework D. the homeworks

() 18. How _____ have you been to America?

A. much time B. much times C. many time D. many times

() 19. Next month they'll have _____ holiday.

A. two week B. two week's C. two weeks' D. two weeks

() 20. A friend of _____ was here a moment ago.

A. you B. your C. your brother D. your brother's

() 21. The Chinese people _____ brave and hardworking.

A. is B. are C. am D. was

() 22. The boys will meet at the _____ tomorrow evening.

A. school of gate B. school's gate C. gate of the school D. gate's school

() 23. We'll work for the people all our _____.

A. lives B. life C. lifes D. life's

() 24. The _____ were watching TV when I went to see them.

A. Liu's B. Liu C. Lius D. Lius'

() 25. Is there _____ for us in the bus?

A. any rooms B. any room C. a room D. some rooms

() 26. These two _____ work very well.

- A. bus-driver B. buses-drivers C. bus-drivers D. buses-driver
- () 27. _____ are made of _____ .
 A. Glasses; a glass B. Glasses; glass
 C. A glass; glasses D. Glass; glasses
- () 28. Shanghai is one of _____ in China.
 A. beautiful city B. more beautiful cities
 C. the beautiful citys D. the most beautiful cities
- () 29. The _____ have two thousand _____.
 A. farmers; sheep B. farmers; sheeps
 C. farmer; sheep D. farmer; sheeps
- () 30. Are these colour _____ yours?
 A. photo's B. photos C. photoes D. photo
- () 31. Children all like eating _____.
 A. tomato's B. tomatos C. tomatoes D. tomato
- () 32. We'd like to go for a walk in _____.
 A. wood B. the woods C. woods D. a wood
- () 33. Will you please make some _____? There are some comrades outside.
 A. trouble B. place C. seat D. room
- () 34. Please take the teacher's _____ on how to learn English.
 A. some advices B. an advice
 C. pieces of advice D. pieces of advices
- () 35. Is this _____ desk?
 A. Helen's and Jane's B. Helen's and Jane
 C. Helen and Jane D. Helen and Jane's
- () 36. The museum is _____ from our school.
 A. two hours' walk B. two hours walk
 C. walk of two hours D. walk by two hours
- () 37. The _____ dresses were sold out in the shop.
 A. woman's B. womans' C. women's D. womens'
- () 38. Jim's shoes were old and worn. He needed a new _____.
 A. one B. pair C. piece D. shoe
- () 39. He gained his _____ by printing _____ of famous writers.
 A. wealth; work B. wealths; works C. wealths; work D. wealth; works
- () 40. I'll look into the matter as soon as possible. Just have a little _____.

A. wait B. time C. patience D. rest

()41. She was afraid that unless the train speeded up she would lose her ____ to Scotland.

A. ticket B. seat C. place D. connection

()42. His failure did not cause much ____, that is, his failure was not a great ____.

A. surprise; surprise B. surprising; surprising

C. surprising; surprise D. surprise; surprising

()43. We have worked out the plan and now we must put it into ____.

A. fact B. reality C. practice D. deed

()44. I suggest you keep in ____ with him. You'll learn much from him.

A. friendship B. connection C. touch D. relation

()45. His office is on the 9th ____ of a twenty-storey building.

A. floor B. storey C. ground D. room

()46. My brother is good at maths, but he never gives me ____ on how to learn maths.

A. many advice B. much advice

C. a lot of advices D. a little advices

()47. Miss Li is one of the most careful ____ in the hospital.

A. women doctors B. woman doctors

C. woman doctor D. women doctor

()48. ____ is always difficult for me.

A. Translation B. Translate C. The translation D. A translation

()49. ____ of this novel is excellent, quite to my surprise.

A. Translation B. Translate C. The translation D. A translation

()50. One day Cruse walked along ____ towards his boat.

A. the sand B. the sands C. sand D. sands

()51. Toward evening, ____ came, which made things even worse.

A. cold rain B. cold rains C. the cold rain D. a cold rain

()52. The police ____ looking into the matter now.

A. be B. is C. are D. are going to

()53. No news ____ good news.

A. is B. are C. has D. have

()54. Maths still ____ very difficult for me, though I've done my best.

A. looks B. seems C. seem D. are

- ()55. How happy they are! Obviously, they are ____ .
 A. in nice spirits B. in nice spirit C. in high spirits D. in high spirit
- ()56. It is autumn, for there are fallen ____ everywhere.
 A. leafs B. leaves C. leaf D. leafs
- ()57. A worker ant has two ____ . One for itself, and one for carrying food to “the folks back home” .
 A. stomach B. stomachs C. stomachs D. stomas
- ()58. It took him almost half an hour to climb ____ wall.
 A. the three-metre B. the three-metres
 C. the three-metre of D. the three-metres of
- ()59. The Great Wall of China runs across ____ China like a huge dragon.
 A. the north B. north C. northern D. north of
- ()60. ____ of Mrs White’s came back home yesterday. She had been in the United States for years.
 A. A daughter B. The daughter C. Her daughter D. Daughter

答案: 1. C 2. B 3. D 4. D 5. A 6. B 7. C 8. B 9. A 10. D 11. B 12. C 13. B 14. A 15. C 16. C 17. A 18. D 19. C 20. D 21. B 22. C 23. A 24. C 25. B 26. C 27. B 28. D 29. A 30. B 31. C 32. B 33. D 34. C 35. D 36. A 37. C 38. B *39. D *40. C *41. D *42. A 43. C 44. C 45. A *46. B *47. A *48. A *49. C *50. B *51. D *52. C *53. A *54. B *55. C *56. B *57. C *58. A *59. B *60. A

(带*的小题后有提示,下同。)

提示:

39. wealth (财富) 是不可数名词, 没有复数。works (作品; 著作) 是可数名词复数, 单数形式为 work, 泛指时常用复数形式。本句意为“他靠印刷名作家著作致富”。
40. wait *vi.* (等待; 等候)。patience *n.* (忍耐; 耐心)。此句意为“我会尽快地调查这件事的, 耐心等一会儿吧。”
41. connection 指“联营; 联运车辆、船只”等。此句意为“她担心如果火车不加速, 她会赶不上去苏格兰的车。”
42. surprise 意为“惊奇; 惊讶”时, 是抽象名词, 不可数; 但表示“令人惊奇的事件”时, 是可数名词。试体会本句中 surprise 的意思: “他的失败没有引起多少惊奇, 也就是说, 它不是很令人惊奇的事情。”
46. advice 意为“建议; 劝告”, 是抽象名词, 不可数, 没有复数形式。在不可数名词

前是不能加 a (an), two, many, a number of 等词的, 但可加 any (some), much, a great deal of 等修饰词语。

47. 用 man, woman 作定语时, 如果被修饰的名词是复数, 这两词也要用复数。又如: men drivers, women teachers。
48. Translation 是表示一般性动作、行为的抽象名词, 符合句子的语法结构和题意安排。选项 B 为动词, 不能在句中作主语; 选项 C 把 Translation 限定起来是不对的, 因为谓语是一般现在时, 又有 always 泛指一般情况; 选项 D 中的 translation 为可数名词, 意为“译文、译本”。
49. 在一定上下文中 (如本题), 定冠词与抽象名词搭配, 起“限定特指”的作用, 本句特指这部 novel (小说) 的译文。
50. 根据上下文, 该填空选项应为“沙滩”, 且须“特指”, 故 B 项合题意。sand 为物质名词, 不可数。变复数之后, 指数量繁多, 译为“沙滩”。A 项和 C 项指“沙子”, C 项又未“特指”, 均不合题意。
51. 像 rain, wind, snow 等名词前加不定冠词, 是表示“一阵雨 (风、雪等)”意思, 起“描写”作用。A 项“泛指”, 不具体; B 项不合句意; C 项为“特指”, 上下文不含此意。
52. 表群体的名词常被视为复数, 其谓语常用复数形式。又如: people, cattle (牲口) 等。
53. 有些名词, 如: news, information, advice 等, 均为不可数名词。如它们需表示数量, 可用 a piece of 或 many pieces of 等来表示。
54. 有些以“s”结尾的名词, 形式上是复数, 但意义上是单数, 像 news, politics, physics 等都属于这类名词。
55. be in high spirits (情绪高) 为固定词组。spirits 意为“兴致”, 它已失去了“精神、精灵”的意思。A、B、D 三项均为生造词组, 不成立。有些名词在一定的词组中要用复数形式, 如: make preparations (做准备), give regards to (问候……), give respects to (向……致意) 等。
56. 以 f 或 fe 结尾的名词变复数时, 大多数变 f 为 v 再加上-es。又如: knife → knives, life → lives, wolf → wolves, wife → wives, half → halves, thief → thieves 等。
57. 以字母 sh, ch, s, x 结尾的名词变复数时, 词尾加-es。如: bus → buses, brush → brushes, watch → watches, box → boxes 等。因 stomach 的结尾字母 ch 发 \ k \ 音, 故其复数直接加-s, 而不加-es。
58. 名词词组作定语时, 表数量的核心词要用单数。如“一个 5 岁女孩”要说成: a 5-year-old girl, 而不能说 a 5-years-old girl。
59. north China 意为 the north of China, 名词 north 作定语, 修饰名词 China。因为

核心词是 China, 故不能用 the。A 为错项; D 缺冠词, 无法限定名词 north; C 项不合习惯用法。

60. 双重所有格修饰的名词不可以与定冠词或其他表“特指”的限定词连用。但可以与 a, any, some 等词连用, 也可以与 this, that 等指示代词连用, 表示某种感情色彩。

二、代词

- () 1. Mary is a good friend of _____.
A. mine B. my C. our D. us
- () 2. My watch isn't so new as _____.
A. he B. him C. his D. her
- () 3. This is _____ ruler. _____ is in my bag.
A. her, My B. her, Mine C. hers, My D. hers, Mine
- () 4. _____ is very kind of you to help me.
A. This B. That C. There D. It
- () 5. Some of you will water the flowers, _____ will clean the classroom.
A. others B. the others C. another D. other
- () 6. There are not _____ buses in the street.
A. any B. some C. much D. little
- () 7. The question is so difficult that _____ students can answer it.
A. a few B. a little C. little D. few
- () 8. _____ knife is it? It's _____.
A. Whose, her B. Whose, hers C. Who, hers D. Whom, her
- () 9. — Can you give me _____ ink?
— Certainly.
A. any B. some C. much D. many
- () 10. I like _____ better than _____.
A. us; you B. your; ours C. ours; yours D. our; your
- () 11. Sometimes I help _____, sometimes he helps _____.
A. he; I B. him; me C. his; my D. him; mine
- () 12. He showed _____ his photos first and then I showed _____.
A. him; he mine B. me; him mine
C. I; him mine D. me; his my

- () 13. She said _____ would go with me if _____ waited for _____ .
 A. she; I; her B. he; me; her C. her; you; her D. her; you; she
- () 14. She has two sisters. _____ of them is a nurse.
 A. Each B. Both C. Neither D. Nor
- () 15. _____ of us has a new bike.
 A. Both B. Each C. Everyone D. All
- () 16. I'm sorry to have given you _____ trouble.
 A. so many B. so much C. many D. a lot
- () 17. Could you lend _____ watch?
 A. mine your B. me yours C. my your D. me your
- () 18. Is there _____ in today's newspaper?
 A. new anything B. new nothing C. anything new D. something new
- () 19. There is one new coat and two old _____.
 A. one B. ones C. one's D. them
- () 20. Her brother is too young to look after _____.
 A. herself B. himself C. him D. yourself
- () 21. I met an old friend of _____ in an English evening.
 A. mine B. her C. me D. him
- () 22. Who taught _____ physics last term?
 A. yourself B. yours C. you D. your
- () 23. This is your new dictionary. _____ has been lent to Mike.
 A. He B. Hers C. Our D. My
- () 24. I can't leave my younger sister at home by _____.
 A. oneself B. herself C. myself D. himself
- () 25. Don't tell me the answer. I'll work out the problem _____.
 A. myself B. itself C. himself D. yourself
- () 26. The exercise is easy. Let _____ do it _____.
 A. them; themselves B. themselves; them
 C. themselves; itself D. him; itself
- () 27. _____ lock is this?
 A. Whose B. Who's C. Whos' D. Whoes
- () 28. Would you please make _____ room for me?
 A. any B. some C. a few D. many
- () 29. He said his idea was _____.

- A. it B. this C. them D. same
- ()30. — Is there any ink in the bottle?
— No, there isn't _____.
A. any B. some C. no D. little
- ()31. Mary sings better than _____ other girl in her class.
A. some B. many C. any D. one
- ()32. — Did he say _____ about it at the meeting?
— No, he said _____.
A. anything; nothing B. anything; something
C. something; nothing D. nothing; anything
- ()33. Wei Fang speaks English more wonderfully than _____ else in our class.
A. anyone B. each one C. one D. another
- ()34. Parents should teach their children how to get well with _____.
A. another B. others C. other D. any other
- ()35. — Have _____ piece of bread, please.
— Thank you. I'm quite full.
A. other B. another C. several D. some
- ()36. — About twenty of the students passed the exam.
— Oh, what about _____?
A. others B. the others C. the other D. another
- ()37. These shoes are too small for me. Would you show me _____ pair?
A. one B. some C. other D. another
- ()38. The human body needs _____ water.
A. many B. a lot C. few D. enough
- ()39. They didn't get as _____ information as you did.
A. many B. much C. more D. worse
- ()40. Tom has three pencils: a black _____ and two red _____.
A. one; ones B. pencil; ones C. one; pencils D. colour; colours
- ()41. China has found _____ oil fields.
A. so many B. so much C. little D. few
- ()42. John has _____ friends. He likes to stay at home and play by himself.
A. a little B. a few C. little D. few
- ()43. There is only _____ water, so I can't give you _____.
A. little; little B. little; much C. a little; much D. a little; many

- ()44. Sorry, I can't answer the questions. I know ____ about the subject.
A. a lot B. a great deal C. little D. a little
- ()45. There are hills on ____ sides of the river.
A. both B. either C. each D. every
- ()46. ____ are very bright.
A. Both they B. Both of them C. Both them D. They both
- ()47. There are two buses over there. You may take ____ of them.
A. both B. all C. either D. each
- ()48. They were working so hard that ____ of them would stop to have a rest.
A. all B. none C. either D. both
- ()49. There are three windows in the room. ____ faces south.
A. All B. Each C. Either D. Every
- ()50. I have seen ____ of them two for a long time.
A. neither B. either C. all D. none
- ()51. Do you know ____?
A. all them B. them all C. all they D. them of all
- ()52. I hope there are enough glasses for each guest to have ____.
A. it B. those C. them D. one
- ()53. — Have you finished your report yet?
— No, I'll finish it in ____ ten minutes.
A. another B. other C. more D. less
- ()54. — Is your camera like Bill's and Ann's?
— No, but it's almost the same as ____.
A. her B. yours C. them D. their
- ()55. It is impossible for so ____ workers to do so ____ work in a single day.
A. few; much B. few; many C. little; much D. little; many
- ()56. As the water splashed onto my hand, she kept spelling w - a - t - e - r into my ____ hand with her fingers.
A. other B. the other C. another D. that
- ()57. ____ who saw the accident is asked to communicate with the police.
A. People One B. Someone C. Anybody D. Ones
- ()58. There are scarcely ____ flowers in this garden.
A. some B. any C. no D. not
- ()59. Why not get ____ medicine for his cough?

- A. much B. that C. such D. enough
- ()74. Such _____ the results. You can be sure!
A. are B. is C. were D. was
- ()75. _____ do you think can do it?
A. Why B. How C. Whom D. Who
- ()76. _____ do you think of new plan?
A. How B. Why C. What D. Which
- ()77. He loves reading, but I don't know _____ book he likes best.
A. which B. what C. such D. much
- ()78. Well, you can ask _____ has such experience to do it for you.
A. someone B. anyone C. who D. whoever
- ()79. They are the old professor's students, three of _____ are my roommates.
A. who B. whom C. they D. their
- ()80. They look so much like each other that you can't tell which is _____.
A. which B. that C. who D. whom
- ()81. There was a huge building in sight, in front of _____ stood a monument.
A. it B. which C. them D. that
- ()82. He would not step out _____ he was so afraid of the darkness.
A. in which B. in that C. that D. which
- ()83. He is the only one _____ listens so closely.
A. who B. whom C. that D. which
- ()84. He _____ does not reach the Great Wall is not a true man.
A. which B. whom C. that D. who
- ()85. How silly you _____!
A. all are B. are all C. all do D. do all
- ()86. All that can be done _____ been done well.
A. have B. has C. are D. is
- ()87. All of us haven't seen the Great Wall with our own eyes, so there are _____ lucky ones among us.
A. no B. any C. some D. none
- ()88. He knew about the order, but he would have _____ of it.
A. none B. any C. nothing D. some
- ()89. The street was lined with trees on _____ side of it.
A. both B. all C. every D. either