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名师解读

高考命题

gaokaomingtizoushi

走势

英语

本册主编：赵林轩

本册审订：黄锡荣

内蒙古人民出版社

名师解读

高考命题走势

英语

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编者



目 录

第一部分 听 力

第一节 简短对话

- 考点 1 听录音判断时间、地点 (1)
- 考点 2 听录音判断数字 (3)
- 考点 3 听录音判断人物及其关系 (4)
- 考点 4 听录音判断方案与实施 (6)

第二节 较长对话或独白

- 考点 5 听录音推理判断 (8)
- 考点 6 听录音理解语篇 (11)
- 高考英语听力全真模拟(一) (14)
- 高考英语听力全真模拟(二) (15)

第二部分 基础知识运用

第一节 单项填空

- 考点 7 名词 (16)
- 考点 8 冠词 (19)
- 考点 9 代词 (23)
- 考点 10 数词 (26)
- 考点 11 形容词和副词 (29)
- 考点 12 介词 (32)
- 考点 13 动词 (34)

考点14 非谓语动词	(38)
考点15 并列句和复合句	(41)
考点16 倒装句	(45)
考点17 交际用语	(47)

第二节 完形填空

考点18 词与词语搭配	(52)
考点19 动词的时态、语态、语气及非谓语动词	(54)
考点20 语境提示,逻辑联系	(55)
完形填空强化训练	(57)

第三部分 阅读理解

考点21 逻辑推理能力	(79)
考点22 归纳概括能力	(81)
考点23 分析判断能力	(82)
考点24 信息组合能力	(82)
考点25 释义能力	(83)
考点26 辨析图表能力	(84)
考点27 计算能力	(86)
阅读理解强化训练	(87)

第四部分 写作

第一节 短文改错

考点28 动词的运用错误	(119)
考点29 名词与冠词的运用错误	(120)
考点30 形容词与副词的运用错误	(121)
考点31 代词的运用错误	(122)
考点32 连词、介词以及短语搭配等方面的运用错误	(123)
整体短文改错解题指导	(124)
短文改错强化训练	(125)

第二节 书面表达

考点33 应用文	(135)
考点34 记叙文	(137)
考点35 说明文	(138)
书面表达强化训练	(139)
高考英语模拟试题(一)	(149)
高考英语模拟试题(二)	(155)
参考答案及解析	(162)



第一部分 听力

第一节 简短对话

概述

高考英语听力测试旨在通过考生听简短或较长对话及语段,考查其所听信息进行快速判断、筛选、提炼、分析的综合运用语言的能力。听力测试强调语言测试的交际性原则;强调对话语的整体理解;强调口头语的真实性;强调情感因素在口头表述中的重要作用及听力技能的熟练运用等,其测试内容主要包括日常生活、文化教育、风土人情、传说、时事、科普常识等,要求考生听一至二遍录音原文后,能掌握所听材料的主旨大意,以及说明主旨大意的细节,能理解事实 and 表面意思,也能初步理解深层的含义,并根据所听材料进行简单推理,如推测对话或短文中事件发生的时间、地点、数字、人物身份、关系、态度、原因、结局等。为测试考生能从大容量的语言信息中捕捉有用和关键信息的能力,在测试题的最后部分一般都设置一段或两段独白,题材一般多为新闻报道、天气预报和信息量较大的短文。听力测试记分为30分,占全卷总分的20%,这已是个不小的比例,务必引起考生高度重视。

听力测试部分分为两节,第一节简短对话和第二节较长对话或独白。这里先谈谈第一节简短对话。

第一节共有5段简短对话,每段对话设置一个问题,每段录音材料只播放一次。因此,考生在拿到试卷以后,应立即浏览这一部分的问题,做好充分准备,避免不必要的失分。因为录音材料只播放一次,考生没有再听录音来核对答案的机会。开好局对于考生来说,形成稳定的情绪和良好的做题心理,顺利完成考试任务非常重要。

考点1 听录音判断时间、地点

命题趋势走向

时间是听力测试中常出现的考点。三个选项一般都是表达时刻、年、月、日、星期几的数字或单词。这类题有时较简单,可直接听出答案;有时较复杂,需要通过简单运算。这类测试题常出现 half past..., a quarter to..., ... a.m., ... p.m.; before, ahead, earlier 等表示时间的提前; later, delay, put off 等表示时间的推后。此外,还有近音干扰如 fifteen 和 fifty 等也常出现在考题中。

地点也是听力测试中常出现的考点。这类题常出现两大类表示地点的名词,一是国家与城市名,如: China, America, Canada, Britain, Australia, Japan, India, Beijing, New York, London, Tokyo 等;二是公共场所、单位等,如: cinema, hotel, post office, hospital, library, restaurant, airport, school, farm, factory 等。

名师点拨解疑

【例题1】 When did the man going to leave for New York?

A. October. B. September. C. December.

录音原文

W: Are you going to leave for New York in September?

M: No, I'm going to leave for New York the following month.

【点拨解疑】 此题答案为A。本题三个选项均为有关月份的词。录音中只听到 September 这个关于月份的词,考生很可能受迷惑而选B。在男士的回答中有一个关键词 following, 这个重要信息词说明他要下一个月动身去纽约,从 September(九月)算起的下一个月当然是 October(十月)了。

【例题2】 When will the post office open on the weekend?

A. All day.

B. Only in the morning.

C. Only in the afternoon.

录音原文:

M: I hope the post office will be open now, for I want to post a letter.

W: The sign says 9:00 a.m. to 5:00 p.m. Weekdays, and 9:00 a.m. to 12:00 Saturday and Sunday.

【点拨解疑】 此题答案为B。本题问的是邮局周末的营业时间。周一至周五的营业时间是命题者有意设置的干扰信息,对此无须过多关注。对话中虽然未出现 weekend, 但其含义已隐含在 Saturday and Sunday 中。Saturday 和 Sun-



day 两天的营业时间是从上午 9 点到 12 点,故 B 项正确。

【例题 3】 When does the man want to leave?

- A. On April the fifth.
B. On April the sixth.
C. On April the seventh.

录音原文:

M: I'd like to get a ticket on Flight for April fifth.

W: I'm sorry. We're booked up on the fifth. But we still have a few seats free on the sixth.

【点拨解疑】 此题答案为 A。男士要订四月五号的机票,女士回答 booked up (已订完),虽然女士补充道还有四月六日的票,但这只是售票员的建议,男士并未同意改期,故可判断男士打算离开的时间是四月五日。

【例题 4】 Where does this conversation take place?

- A. At a bus station. B. At a hospital. C. In the office.

录音原文:

M: My head aches and I have a fever.

W: Let me examine you. Do you have any cold?

【点拨解疑】 此题答案为 B。本题问的是对话发生在什么地方。对话中出现几个关键信息词,如:head aches(头痛),fever(发烧),cold(感冒)等,男士说“我头痛发烧”,女士说“让我给你检查一下,你是不是感冒了?”可见这是医生和病员之间的对话。按常理,此对话应发生在医院。

【例题 5】 Where are they going?

- A. Going home.
B. Going to the exhibition.
C. Going to movies.

录音原文:

M: Where shall we go?

W: Since there isn't any ticket left for the movies, let's go to the exhibition instead of going home.

【点拨解疑】 此题答案为 B。录音中有一关键信息:there isn't any ticket left for the movies,说明看不成电影了,另一个重要信息词语是 instead of going home (而不回家)。这表明说话人决定去看展览(Going to the exhibition)。

基础知识练习(A组)

听下面 5 段对话。每段对话后有一个小题,从题中所给的 A、B、C 三个选项中选出最佳选项,并标在试卷的相应位置。听完每段对话后,你都有 10 秒钟的时间来回答有关小题和阅读下一小题。每段对话仅读一遍。

- When will the man use her car?

A. Next Monday.
B. From today till next Monday.
C. Till Monday.

2

2. What time is it now?

- A. At 7:10. B. At 7:30. C. At 7:20.

3. What's the exact time?

- A. At 8:40. B. At 8:36. C. At 8:44.

4. Where are they talking?

- A. In the classroom. B. At a library. C. At a bookstore.

5. When does the next bus leave for the railway station?

- A. In thirteen minutes.

- B. At three thirty.

- C. At three thirteen.

高考常考题强化训练(B组)

听下面 5 段对话。每段对话后有一个小题,从题中所给的 A、B、C 三个选项中选出最佳选项,并标在试卷的相应位置。听完每段对话后,你都有 10 秒钟的时间来回答有关小题和阅读下一小题。每段对话仅读一遍。

(I)

1. What day was it yesterday?

- A. Friday. B. Monday. C. Sunday.

2. Where are the two speakers?

- A. In a bookstore.
B. In a restaurant.
C. At the man's home.

3. Where are the two speakers?

- A. In a hospital. B. In a supermarket. C. In a bar.

4. When did the man join the army?

- A. Three years ago. B. Four years ago. C. Last year.

5. Where does this dialogue probably take place?

- A. At home. B. At school. C. In a classroom.

(II)

1. Where does this conversation most probably take place?

- A. On a farm. B. In a town. C. In a street.

2. How long did the student need for the test?

- A. Less than 60 minutes.
B. Less than 90 minutes.
C. 30 minutes.

3. Where may this conversation take place?

- A. In a readingroom.
B. In a meetingroom.
C. In a classroom.

4. Where is the man?

- A. In a hotel. B. At a shop. C. At home.

5. When did Peter set the world record?

- A. In 1980. B. In 1997. C. In 1982.



考点 2 听录音判断数字

命题趋势走向

数字也是高考英语听力测试中常见考点。其内容主要包括年代、价格、电话号码、人(物)的数量或重量、距离的远近、街道或门牌号码、航班等。这类试题常用以测试考生对序数词、基数词、分数、小数、货币名称、价格、百分比的掌握情况,因此试题中常出现与数字有关的常用词,如 couple, dozen, twice, daily, monthly, half past..., in 2002 以及 fifty, fifteen 之类的读音干扰等。

名师点拨解疑

【例题 1】 How much does one coat cost?

- A. \$16 B. \$ 60 C. \$ 32

录音原文:

M: These are very nice coats, how much are they?

W: 16 dollars each. For two 30 dollars.

【点拨解疑】 此题答案为 A。题目问一件大衣的价格。

A. \$ 16 (sixteen) 和 B. \$60 (sixty) 是容易听混的两个数字,那么听录音时必须特别留意很有可能是考查这两个数字的辨音能力,对话中,女士说一件是 16 美元,两件 30 美元,故答案是 A。

【例题 2】 What's the weight of the woman's cat?

- A. 3 pounds. B. 2 pounds. C. 1.5 pounds.

录音原文:

M: My cat is very fat. It's 3 pounds.

W: Mine is not so fat as yours. It's only half of that of yours.

【点拨解疑】 此题答案为 C。题目问的是女士猫的重量。录音中有关键词 3 pounds, 指男士猫的重量。从女士说她的猫 "is not so fat as yours", 可判断她的猫比男士的轻,接着又准确给出 half of that of yours, 就能很轻松的得出 3 的一半等于 1.5, 即女士猫的重量。

【例题 3】 What's the woman's home phone number?

- A. 6388188. B. 6188388. C. 13602345678.

录音原文:

M: The telephone number of our home is 6388188, what about yours?

W: Ours is 6188388, and my teacher's number is 13602345678.

【点拨解疑】 此题答案为 B。本题考察连续听数字的能力。考生只要辨别清 ours 这个信息词是指女士家的电话号码就能得出正确结论。此外,可以根据常识判断:女士家庭电话号码应是固定电话,而 C 项 13602345678 是移动电话号码而排除 C。

【例题 4】 How much will the woman borrow from the man?

- A. 15 dollars. B. 50 dollars. C. 20 dollars.

录音原文:

W: The dress costs 50 dollars, but I've got 35 dollars.

M: I have 20 dollars, so I can lend you the rest.

【点拨解疑】 此题答案为 A。录音中 rest(其余的,剩下的)是关键信息。衣服价格为 50 dollars, 女士已有 35 dollars, 尚缺 $(50 - 35 =)$ 15 dollars。故向男士所借款为 15 dollars。

【例题 5】 How much money did the man pay for the cap?

- A. 10 dollars. B. 40 dollars. C. 50 dollars.

录音原文:

M: Which cap did you finally decide to buy?

W: Well, I would have liked to buy the blue one, but it was \$50. So I bought another one instead and saved \$ 10.

【点拨解疑】 此题答案为 B。题目问男士花多少钱买帽子,finally 是关键词,推断男士可能有多个选择,录音中关键词为 another one, instead, saved(节约)等词。男士最终决定买另外一顶,可 saved(节省) \$ 10, 据此可推断男士最终付出的钱为: $(\$50 - \$10 =)$ \$ 40。故 B 为正确答案。

基础知识练习(A组)

听下面 5 段对话。每段对话后有一个小题,从题中所给的 A, B, C 三个选项中选出最佳选项,并标在试卷的相应位置。听完每段对话后,你都有 10 秒钟的时间来回答有关小题和阅读下一小题。每段对话仅读一遍。

1. What's the population of Hawaii?

A. About 1,000,000.

B. About 100,000.

C. About 10,000,000.

2. How many students are there in the computer class?

A. 16.

B. 58.

C. 45.

3. How much money does the woman need?

A. Five pounds.

B. Ten pounds.

C. Eight pounds.

4. How many blocks should the woman go for to the washroom?

A. One.

B. Two.

C. Three.



5. How many meetings did the man attend?
A. One. B. Two. C. Three.

高考常考题强化训练(B组)

听下面5段对话。每段对话后有一个小题,从题中所给的A、B、C三个选项中选最佳选项,并标在试卷的相应位置。听完每段对话后,你都有10秒钟的时间来回答有关小题和阅读下一小题。每段对话仅读一遍。

(I)

- How long hasn't the woman heard from her family?
A. For two weeks. B. For two months. C. For a week.
- How long will the woman stay in Beijing?
A. For 14 days. B. For 40 days. C. For two days.
- How much did this coat cost the man?
A. 33 dollars. B. 37 dollars. C. 40 dollars.
- How many children do the Browns have?
A. One. B. Two. C. Three.
- How much should the skirt have cost?
A. 24 dollars. B. 12 dollars. C. 6 dollars.

(II)

- How many students are there in this class?
A. About 50. B. About 45. C. About 40.
- How much are the three books?
A. 1.5 dollars. B. 1.75 dollars. C. 2.25 dollars.
- How much does the woman have to pay if she stays for 3 days?
A. 18 dollars. B. 27 dollars. C. 32 dollars.
- How much will the man pay for a three-minute-phone call?
A. 0.85 dollars. B. 0.55 dollars. C. 70 dollars.
- How many pills should the woman take in 24 hours?
A. Six. B. Eight. C. Four.

考点3 听录音判断人物及其关系

命题趋势走向

这类题目主要考查考生通过听录音判断对话者的职业或身份,以及对话者之间的关系,如医生与病员(doctor and patient),教师和学生(teacher and student)服务员与顾客(waiter/assistant and customer),老板和秘书(boss and secretary),父(母)子(女)(father/mother and son/daughter)等。这种关系往往不能通过录音听到,而是在录音中提供一些情节或关键词,让考生去分析、推理等得出正确答案。

名师点拨解疑

【例题1】 What's the relationship between the man and the woman?

- A. Husband and wife.
B. Teacher and student.
C. Customer and waitress.

录音原文:

W: What would you like to order, sir?

M: Well, I'd like to have an orange juice and some chips.

【点拨解疑】 此题答案为C。从录音中得知对话者在谈论吃的东西:orange juice(橙子汁)和chips(土豆片),且第一句中给出了关键信息词order(点什么东西吃),此外,像sir这类称呼一般不会在夫妻之间,只有在饭店等服务行业常用,故排除A、B两项,而选C项。

【例题2】 What does the man do?

- A. A teacher. B. A librarian. C. An engineer.

录音原文:

W: How is your new work?

M: Fine. I have been used to my work. I love my students. They are active in class.

【点拨解疑】 此题答案为A。本题问对话中男士的职业。录音中I love my students.(我爱我的学生)和They are active in class.(他们在课堂上很活跃)两句足以说明该男士是教师。故A项正确。

【例题3】 What does John do now?

- A. A teacher. B. A lawyer. C. A writer.

录音原文:



W: John worked as a teacher for three years. Then he became a lawyer. After that he started writing books.

M: I know. He has been doing nothing else ever since.

【点拨解疑】 此题答案为 C。本题问 John 目前的职业。录音中提到他曾当过 teacher 后来又做过 lawyer, 然后开始 writing books, 这是关键信息。录音中...he has been doing nothing else ever since (他一直没有再做其它的工作), 说明他现在是 writer。

【例题 4】 What's the relationship between the two speakers?

- A. Boss and Secretary.
- B. Teacher and Student.
- C. Father and Son.

录音原文:

M: Type it out and make 100 copies for me. I'll go to Beijing with them for business.

W: Certainly, Sir. I'll finish it as soon as I can.

【点拨解疑】 此题答案为 A。根据录音中出现的 type (打字), copy (复印), business (生意) 等关键词, 以及从男士的命令式口气, 可以判断出两人是老板和秘书的关系。

【例题 5】 What's the relationship between the man and the woman?

- A. Mother and daughter.
- B. Teacher and student.
- C. Doctor and patient.

录音原文:

W: You are late. We have begun our lessons. Don't be late for class, remember?

M: Yes, sir.

【点拨解疑】 此题答案为 B。从录音中可听到 have begun our lessons (已开始上课), 和 Don't be late for class (上课别迟到。) 可推测出这是教师和学生之间的对话。

基础知识练习(A组)

听下面 5 段对话。每段对话后有一个小题, 从题中所给的 A, B, C 三个选项中选出最佳选项, 并标在试卷的相应位置。听完每段对话后, 你都有 10 秒钟的时间来回答有关小题和阅读下一小题。每段对话仅读一遍。

1. What does the woman do?
A. An editor. B. A nurse. C. A housewife.
2. What the relationship between the two speakers?
A. Friends. B. Husband and wife. C. A teacher.
3. Whom are they talking about?
A. A worker. B. a nurse. C. A teacher.
4. What's the relationship between the two speakers?

- A. A boss and a salesgirl.
- B. a teacher and his pupil.
- C. A professor and his assistant.

5. What is the man?
A. A waiter. B. A conductor. C. An office clerk.

高考常考题强化训练(B组)

听下面 5 段对话。每段对话后有一个小题, 从题中所给的 A, B, C 三个选项中选出最佳选项, 并标在试卷的相应位置。听完每段对话后, 你都有 10 秒钟的时间来回答有关小题和阅读下一小题。每段对话仅读一遍。

(I)

1. What's the man's job?
A. A traveler. B. A teacher. C. A newspaper reporter
2. Who does the woman want to talk with?
A. Tom. B. The woman speaker. C. Rose.
3. Whom did Mike borrow the book from?
A. Brown.
B. Brown's sister.
C. Brown's brother.
4. What's the relationship between the two speakers?
A. Friends. B. Strangers. C. Classmates.
5. What are the two speakers?
A. A hotel manager and traveller.
B. A salesman and a customer.
C. A professor and a student.

(II)

1. To whom did the woman talk more?
A. Jenny. B. Tom. C. The man.
2. Who is in hospital?
A. Tom's sister. B. Tom. C. Betty.
3. What can we know from the conversation?
A. They are neighbours.
B. They are students.
C. They are workers.
4. What's the probable relationship between the speakers?
A. Taxi driver and customer.
B. Conductor and driver.
C. Boss and his worker.
5. What are the two speakers?
A. Doctor and patient.
B. Teacher and student.
C. Waitress and customer.



考点 4 听录音判断方案与实施

命题趋势走向

通过听录音要求考生判断对话者一方、双方或其它人的方案与实施情况,是高考听力测试常涉及的考点。这类题目的特点是涉及面广,信息量大。但一般不须推理,只要听清、听准其细节,就能选出正确答案。如对话常出现 go shopping in the morning, have lunch at home, go for an outing in the afternoon, watch TV in the evening 等词组。针对这类情况,其问题常是某人打算做什么或先做什么,后做什么或在什么时间地点做什么。因此考生在听录音时要注意动作发生的时间顺序及动作之间有无必然联系。有时对话中出现一连串动作如 sit down, open your mouth, say "ah" 等,则可根据三个动作关系判断这是在医院看病。

名师点拨解疑

【例题 1】 What would the man rather do?

- A. He would rather see a movie than watch TV.
B. He would rather stay at home than go out.
C. He would rather go to the concert than see a movie.

录音原文:

W: Would you like to go out for a walk?

M: There is going to be a good TV show tonight. I would rather stay in.

【点拨解疑】 此题答案是 B。从问题和选项中“see a movie, watch TV, stay in 和 go out”等词,可推测出对话涉及不同方案,男士认为“今晚有好看的电视节目”,因此他宁愿呆在家(would rather stay in = would stay at home)。这就不难断定答案是 B。

【例题 2】 What is Tom going to do before he goes to the shop?

- A. To have class at 3:00.
B. To borrow some books.
C. To visit his friend.

录音原文:

W: Tom, are you going straight home after school today?

M: No, I still have class till 3:00, and then I'll go to the library to pick up a few books and do some shopping be-

fore I go home.

【点拨解疑】 此题答案是 B。录音中女士问汤姆放学后是否直接回家。汤姆回答“不”。接着便谈他的打算:①去图书馆;②去购物。问题问的是汤姆去商店之前打算做什么, B 项为去借书,而借书应当是到图书馆,故 B 项正确。

【例题 3】 What are the two speakers talking about?

- A. A fine boat.
B. Their friend, Tom.
C. The weather.

录音原文:

M: I hope it'll be a fine day tomorrow. I'm going to boat with Tom.

W: Oh, I think it will be fine. I heard it on the radio.

【点拨解疑】 此题答案为 C。问题问的是他们在谈论什么。男士打算和 Tom 一起去划船。但不是谈论划船,也不是在谈论 Tom,话题涉及外出,自然要谈到天气。录音中男士希望天气好,女士认为肯定好,因为她从广播中听到这一消息。可见 C 为正确答案。

【例题 4】 What will the woman do this evening?

- A. To meet her mother at the airport.
B. To say good-bye to her mother at the airport.
C. To fly to another city together with her mother.

录音原文:

M: Shall we go to the concert this evening?

W: Oh, sorry, I'm afraid I can't. I'm seeing my mother off at the airport.

【点拨解疑】 此题答案为 B。问题问的是女士今晚打算做什么?作为听力测试题,本题有一定难度。因为三个选项都与“机场”“航班”等信息有关,这就需要考生有筛选信息的能力。录音中有个反映细节的关键信息,即(……送行) see...off,这与选项 B 中“say goodbye to...”同义。故答案非 B 莫属。

【例题 5】 What will Jack do tomorrow?

- A. Take an exam.
B. Make a model plane.
C. Have a science class.

录音原文:

W: What's the noise you are making, Jack? Your father is sleeping.

M: I'm making a model plane. I'm going to show it in science class tomorrow.

【点拨解疑】 此题答案为 C。做本题时,要注意时间,录音原文中,母亲问杰克怎么弄出那么大的噪音,杰克说他在做模型飞机,明天科学课上要展出。可见杰克“明天”不是(A项)参加考试,(B项)制造模型飞机,而是(C项)上科学课。



基础知识练习(A组)

听下面5段对话。每段对话后有一个小题,从题中所给的A,B,C三个选项中选出最佳选项,并标在试卷的相应位置。听完每段对话后,你都有10秒钟的时间来回答有关小题和阅读下一小题。每段对话仅读一遍。

- How will the woman get to New York?
A. By car. B. By train. C. By plane.
- Where will they go in the end?
A. Go to a concert.
B. Go to a cinema.
C. Stay at home.
- How does the woman prefer to go to work?
A. By car. B. By bus. C. On foot.
- What is Tom doing?
A. He is going to bed.
B. He is doing his homework.
C. He is helping his mother.
- What is the woman going to do tonight?
A. Go to the game.
B. Ride a bike.
C. Ride a car with the man.

高考常考题强化训练(B组)

听下面5段对话。每段对话后有一个小题,从题中所给的A,B,C三个选项中选出最佳选项,并标在试卷的相应位置。听完每段对话后,你都有10秒钟的时间来回答有关小题和阅读下一小题。每段对话仅读一遍。

(I)

- What's one of the woman's choices?
A. To work for a small company.
B. To start her own business.
C. To start a large company.
- What does the man want to say?
A. Bob should have studied harder.
B. Bob shouldn't be late for school.
C. Bob should be interested in his lessons.
- What is the man doing?
A. He is inviting the woman to dinner.
B. He is cooking the evening meal.
C. He is putting forward a good idea.
- What are the two speakers doing?
A. Enjoying meeting each other.

- Saying goodbye to each other.
- Planning to see each other.
- What is the man going to do?
A. To take the woman to a lovely garden.
B. To see a film with the woman.
C. To pick up the woman at 6:30.

(II)

- What does the woman want to do?
A. To buy some stamps.
B. To mail something.
C. To mail some letters.
- What is Brown likely to do next?
A. To join them on the trip.
B. To take a rest.
C. To stay behind.
- What's the man doing?
A. Looking for a bus stop.
B. Selling fruit.
C. Going to a fruit shop.
- What does man want?
A. A book. B. Some soap. C. Some bread.
- What will the woman have this evening?
A. Dumplings. B. Fried eggs. C. Noodles.



第二节 较长对话或独白

概 述

第二节共有5段较长对话或独白。每段对话或独白后一般设有3个问题,对话或独白的录音材料播放两遍。较长对话实际上是简短对话的延伸与扩展;独白与阅读理解题设问概述形式基本相同,只不过它是以语音的形式测试考生对语篇的理解罢了。本节试题涉及日常生活、社会、人与自然、人与人等各个领域的方方面面,如社交、态度、情感、时空、职业、爱好、文学艺术等。可以从多个角度、多层次测试考生对信息的筛选、提炼、加工及分析推理判断能力。

考点5 听录音推理判断

命题趋势走向

高考听力测试不但要求考生能听懂简短对话,而且也要听懂较长对话。对话越长,涉及的信息就越多,因而对考生的要求就越高。在较长对话中,较多情况下,说话者通常都不直接说出自己的观点,而常用委婉甚至有时有意用拐弯抹角的方式间接作答,这样就能较有效地测试考生从较长对话中捕捉有用信息,并运用所听信息进行分析推理判断的能力。

名师点拨解疑

【例题1】 听下面一段对话回答第13小题。

- When will the plane take off?
A. At 7:35. B. At 9:35. C. At 10:35.
- How long does it take to get to London by air?
A. Two hours.
B. Three hours.
C. Two hours and a half.
- Who wants to leave for London?
A. The man. B. The woman. C. Nobody.

录音原文:

M: Excuse me. Is there any direct plane to London from here?

W: Yes. There is one on Sunday, Monday, Wednesday and Friday.

M: When does it leave on Wednesday?

W: At 7:35 in the morning.

M: And when will it arrive?

W: At 10:35.

M: OK. Thanks.

W: Not at all.

【点拨解疑】 答案分别为A, B, A。从本段对话可以推断,这是谈论关于飞往伦敦的航班起飞和降落等情况。第一个问题问飞机起飞的时间,此题为直接性回答的题,只要听清楚 At 7:35 in the morning, 便可得知。第二个问题问飞机的飞行时间,录音中听到起飞时间为 7:35, 而到达时间为 10:35, 通过简单运算便得出 3 小时。第三个问题问“谁要去伦敦”, 从录音中得知, 男士向女士打听去伦敦的航班情况, 显然是男士想去伦敦。

【例题2】

1. What are the speakers talking about?

- A. A flight timetable.
B. The way to Union Street.
C. Hiring a taxi.

2. Where is the woman going?

- A. To Garden Hotel.
B. To Union Street
C. The Airport

3. What day is it today?

- A. Thursday. B. Friday. C. Saturday.

录音原文:

M: Good morning, City Taxi.

W: Good morning. I'd like to book a taxi to the airport for Saturday, please.

M: Where from?

W: I'm at Garden Hotel in Union Street. There will be 3 of us sharing. How much is it?

M: About fifty dollars.

W: Fifty dollars for each or between us?

M: That's all together. What time do you want to leave?

W: Half past seven tomorrow morning.

M: Right. We'll pick you up at the right time. Good-bye.

W: Good-bye.

【点拨解疑】 答案分别为 C, C, B。本段对话讲述雇出租车去机场的事。第一个问题是对话谈论的主题, 应是雇出租车的事, 选项 C. Hiring a taxi. 即为雇出租车。第二个问题问女士打算去何处, 从录音原文中 I'd like to book a taxi to the airport. 一句, 可知她打算去机场。录音中 “Where from?”



"I'm at Garden Hotel in Union Street." 颇具干扰性。男士问“你从什么地方出发?”女士答:“我在联合路花园宾馆。”暗示女士预定出租车从花园宾馆出发去机场。如果考生理解透彻,对选项答案有极大帮助,如果理解有误,则恰恰中了命题者的“圈套”。第三个问题问今天是星期几。录音中并未直接说明,须经过简单推理才能得知。录音中有“...book a taxi to the airport for Saturday.”(订星期六去机场的出租车),下文中有“half past seven tomorrow morning”(明天早晨7:30),与之呼应,说明“今天”是星期五。

【例题 3】

- Where did the dialogue take place?
A. At a shop. B. At home. C. At a park.
- How many boxes of chocolates did the man get?
A. 12. B. 5. C. 20.
- What might the man be from the conversation?
A. He might be a shop owner.
B. He might be a fire fighter.
C. He might be a heavy smoker.

录音原文:

W: Can I help you?

M: Yes. How much is a box of chocolates?

W: \$2.40.

M: How about a pack of cigarette?

W: Three Five is \$11 and 7 Up is \$12.

M: OK. Get me a pack of three Five for this morning and five boxes of chocolates.

W: Here you are.

M: How much?

W: Altogether \$23... Here is you change.

【点拨解疑】 答案分别为 A, B, C。本段对话谈论到买巧克力,香烟,付款,找零钱等,可推断对话发生在商店,故第一题选 A 项;第二题属细节测试题,从原文中“five boxes of chocolates”得知。第三题是推理判断题。根据录音原文中“Get me a pack of Three Five for this morning.”一句暗示,半天他就要抽一包三五牌烟,可推断他是一个抽烟较厉害的“烟客”,而得知 C 项为正确答案。

【例题 4】

- What time of the day is it?
A. Morning. B. Afternoon. C. Night.
- What is the woman doing?
A. Talking to a policeman.
B. Stopping someone from smoking.
C. Getting her boarding pass.
- How will the man go to Los Angeles?
A. By train. B. By air. C. By bus.

录音原文:

W: Check in here?

M: Yes. Can I see your ticket, please?

W: Here it is. I'm going to Los Angeles.

M: Smoking or non-smoking?

W: Non-smoking. And can I get a window seat?

M: All right. That's 6-D. Here's your boarding pass.
That'll be boarding in about an hour.

W: And, uh, is it a breakfast flight?

M: Yes, it is. Have a good day. Next please.

【点拨解疑】 答案分别为 A, C, B。本段对话谈及关于在机场检票换登机牌(boarding pass)的事。第一题问对话发生在一天的哪一段时间,谈话人并未直接提到,但可以从最后一句“Have a good day.”得到启示,事情发生在“上午”。第二题问女士在干什么,从所提出的三个选项中推断,她不可能和警察讲话,也不能阻止他人抽烟,第三项 Getting her boarding pass.(换登机牌)则为正确答案。第三题问女士以何种方式去 Los Angeles,根据对话内容,女士应是乘飞机。

【例题 5】

- When and where does this conversation take place?
A. In the afternoon at the post office.
B. In the morning at a department store.
C. In the afternoon in the USA.
- How much did the man spend in sending the letter?
A. Five pounds.
B. Five pounds and seventy.
C. Three pounds and fifty.
- Has the man bought anything?
A. No, he has bought nothing.
B. Yes, he has bought something.
C. We don't know.

录音原文:

M: Good afternoon.

W: Good afternoon. Can I help you?

M: Yes. I'd like to send a letter to the USA. How much will that be?

W: If it is overweight, you must pay the overweight charge. I have to weigh it first. Well, that will be three pounds and fifty.

M: Here is a five-pound note.

W: Thank you. Here is your change. Anything else?

M: Yes, I want to have five 70-penny stamps, three post-cards and a dozen envelopes, please.

W: Here you are.

M: Thank you.

W: You are welcome.

【点拨解疑】 答案分别为 A, C, B。本段对话谈及关于