名牌学被



MINGPAI XUEXIAO FENCENG KEKELIAN

N版

张小皖 编



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亲爱的同学: 你好!

面对课本中那么多语句、单词,又无讲解的内容,你能全部掌握吗?别怕,我会帮助你。只要你养成良好的学习习惯,运用科学的学习方法,一定没问题!

别忘了把你的课本和这本书放在一起看,因为它们的编排顺序是一样的。很多有经验的老师根据每一篇课文的内容和学习要求,分别编写了A、B两份练习卷。A卷指导你做好课前预复习工作,并及时巩固学到的新知识。其实你的学习能时巩固学到的新知识。其实你的学习能继续发挥你的聪明才智,试试B卷吧!B卷的难度略高于A卷,有时还要求你把以前学过的知识结合起来解题,以帮助你复习以前学过的知识。

怎么样,这样新颖别致的同步练习,这种轻松愉快的学习方式,是不是已经把你吸引住了? 赶快来和它交朋友吧!









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A 卷

1.	. Fill in the blanks	according to the phonet	tic transcriptions (根捷	舌音标填空)
1.	Shall we	/ɪn'vaɪt/ them back after	the film?	
2.	I think the dress is	too/ik'spensiv	// for me to buy.	
3.	When I was young,	I often played with my _	/ˈkʌzn/ in the	garden.
4.	I booked the tickets	through the travel	/'eid ʒə nt/.	
5.	We had a long and	/'ɪntrəstɪŋ/ ta	lk yesterday afternoon.	
6.	Have you ever heard	l of/'eɪnʃənt/	Rome before?	
7.	/'hɪstrɪ/	is my favourite subject at	school.	
II.	. Complete the sente	ences with the given wo	rds in their proper for	ms (用括号中所给单词
	的适当形式完成下	列句子。每空格限填一	词)	
1.	December is the	(twelve) month o	of the year.	
2.	How lovely the pane	las are! Let's take some	(photo) of th	em.
3.	This is the most	(interest) film I'v	ve ever seen.	
4.	Thank you for your	letter and (inv	vite).	
5.	Tourists can see man	ny (swan) swi	imming on the lake.	
6.	How many places of	(interesting)	have you visited before	?
7.	Linda has	(invite) me to go to see	e a film with her tomorro	OW.
Ш	. Choose the best an	iswer(选择最恰当的答	(案)	
() 1. My sister ge	ot a lot of birthday preser	nts her friends	s last week.
	A. to	B. of		D. from
() 2. They invited	d us outing wit	th them in the summer h	nolidays.
	A. go		0 0	D. to go
() 3. I sent	an e-mail to help h	im know more about the	e school.
	A. he	B. him	C. his	D. himself
() 4. The student	s in our school		after tomorrow.
	A. have	B. had	C. are having	D. are going to have
() 5. If you come	to visit China in August	, you can us.	
	A. stay with	h B. stay at	C. go on	D. go to
() 6. I have wate	hed both of the films. I	think this film is	than that one.
	A. cheap	B. cheaper	C. interesting	D. more interesting
() 7	will you watch the footbal	l match tomorrow mornin	ng?
	A. What	B. When	C. Where	D. Which
() 8. —Let's go +	to the flower show this aff	ternoon.	
	A. That's r	ght.	B. Thank you for	saying so.
	C. You are	welcome.	D. That's a good	idea.



IV.	Rewrite the following sentences as required (根据所给要求,改写下列句子。每空格限
	填一词)
1.	I've got a letter from my uncle. (改为一般疑问句)
	you a letter from your uncle?
2.	It took them <u>2 hours</u> to travel to Hainan Island by plane. (对画线部分提问)
	did it take them to travel to Hainan Island by plane?
3.	He goes to school every day on foot. (对画线部分提问)
	he go to school every day?
4.	Lily had a good time in London. (改为否定句)
	Lily a good time in London.
5.	The train ticket is 90 yuan. (对画线部分提问)
	is the train ticket?
V	. Read the passage and fill in the blanks with proper words (在短文的空格内填入适当的
	词,使其内容通顺。每空格限填一词,首字母已给)
	In England, people often talk about the weather because they can experience(经历) $\underline{d-1}$
se	asons in one day. In the morning the weather is \underline{w} 2 just like in spring. An hour later black
clo	ouds come and then it $\underline{r-3}$ hard. The weather gets a $\underline{l-4}$ cold. In the late afternoon it will
be	sunny, the sun will begin to shine, and it will be like summer at this time of day.
	In England, people can also have summer in winter, or have winter in summer. So in winter
the	ey can \underline{s} 5 sometimes, and in summer sometimes they should wear warm \underline{c} 6.
	When you go to England, you will see that some English people usually take an umbrella or
a I	raincoat with them on a <u>s 7</u> morning, but you should not laugh at them.
	If you don't take an umbrella or a raincoat, you will regret(后悔) later in the day.
1.	2 3 4 5
6.	7.

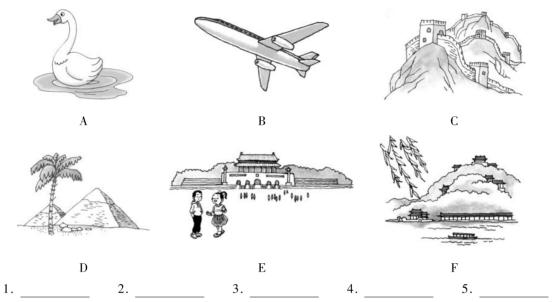






Part One Listening

I. Listen and choose the right picture (根据你所听到的句子,选择正确的图片)



- II. Listen to the dialogue and choose the best answer to the question you hear (根据听到的 对话和问题,选择最恰当的答案)
-) 1. A. His uncle. (
 - C. His friends.
-) 2. A. At 8:30.
 - C. At 10:30.
 -) 3. A. By underground.
 - C. By train.
-) 4. A. Emma.
 - C. Linda's cousin.
- -) 5. A. One hour.
 - C. Half an hour.
-) 6. A. The Great Wall.
 - C. The Palace Museum.
-) 7. A. One million.
 - C. Three million.
-) 8. A. Some fruit. (
 - C. Some swans.

- B. His parents.
- D. His classmates.
- B. At 9:30.
- D. At 11:30.
- B. By plane.
- D. By bike.
- B. Emma's cousin.
- D. Emma's mum.
- B. One and a half hours.
- D. Two hours.
- B. The West Lake.
- D. Tian'anmen Square.
- B. Two million.
- D. Four million.
- B. Some people.
- D. Some books.



III. Listen to the passage and tell whether the foll	owing statements are true or false (判断下
列句子是否符合你所听到的短文,符合的用""	Γ"表示,不符合的用"F"表示)
() 1. They are going to stay at Terrik Lake for	r four hours.
() 2. They can swim in Terrik Lake.	
() 3. They will have the fish from Terrik Lake	e for lunch.
() 4. There's a beautiful beach and lots of mu	seums in Delicy.
() 5. They can go shopping in Delicy and the	things are very good but expensive.
() 6. They're going back to the hotel at 4 o'cl	ock in the afternoon.
IV. Listen to the passage and complete the follow	ring sentences (听短文,完成下列内容。每
空格限填一词)	
1. I've sent some of the London Eye.	
2. I had never been so in the air before.	
3. We came here on a double-decker	
4. After visiting the London Eye, we got on a	
5. We went up the River Thames under all	··
6. There were lots of famous to see.	
Part Two Phonetics, Gran	mmar and Vocabulary
I Fill in the blanks are allowed to the orbital to	
I. Fill in the blanks according to the phonetic to	
1. If you go to Beijing, you can know more about the	
2. The coat is too/Ik'spensiv/ for the po	
3. She is on/ hplədeɪ/ in France, and state a/ wandəfl/ meal, they sang at	
5. I think he's just going to deal with this problem	
II. Choose the best answer (选择最恰当的答案)	
() 1. Mike gave me travel guide an	
A. a; an	B. a; the
C. the; the	D. the; an
() 2. The students are going to have a spring	
A. in	B. on
C. at	D. by
() 3. Don't be sad, Tom! You can have	try in the game next time.
A. others	B. other
C. the other	D. another
() 4. Pudong New Area is of Shang	ghai. You can go there by underground.
A. east	B. to the east
C. on east	D. in the east
() 5. It's to take the underground t	han to take a taxi to go to work.
A. cheap	B. cheaper

(**)**

Module 1 Unit 1

		C. cheapest	D. the cheapest
() 6.	—Have you this film	?
		—No, I haven't I'm going to	see it on the computer.
		A. seen; before; yet	B. saw; already; yet
		C. seen; already; yet	D. saw; before; yet
() 7.	— does it take you to finish yo	our homework every night?
		—About two hours.	
		A. How often	B. How long
		C. How soon	D. How fast
() 8.	There are about Grade Seven	students in our school.
		A. two hundred	B. two hundreds
		C. two hundreds of	D. hundred of
() 9.	On my way home, I saw a young man _	an old man walk across the road.
		A. helps	B. helped
		C. helping	D. to help
() 10.	. My friend Kate sent a postcard	me when she was on a trip in England.
		A. to	B. for
		C. with	D. about
() 11.	. The English book me one hu	ındred yuan. It's very dear.
		A. spent	B. took
		C. cost	D. paid
() 12.	. Little Tom a birthday card as	s a present for his mum tomorrow.
		A. makes	B. made
		C. has made	D. is going to make
() 13.	wonderful time the kids have	e had in the zoo!
		A. What	B. How
		C. What a	D. How a
() 14.	. —	
		—300 yuan.	
		A. How do you get there?	
		B. How much are these oranges?	
		C. How long are we going to stay there	?
		D. When are we going to visit Beijing?	
() 15.	. —Would you like to go fishing with me	e this coming weekend?
		A. You're welcome.	B. That's all right.
		C. Yes, I'd love to.	D. The same to you.



III. Complete the following passage with the words in the box. Each can only be used once (将下列单词的序号填入空格。每空格限填一词,每词只能填一次)

A. selling B. money C. more D. nigner E. buying F. nelpful
George Wilson was the owner of a watch shop. One day he told his son James, "I'll teach you all I know about watches."
For the first few weeks, James looked after(照看) the shop. He worked hard and was 1
to the customers(顾客). George was very pleased with(对很满意) him. After about six
months, James said to his father, "Is there anything else you want to teach me?"
"Yes," said George. "It's time for me to teach you how to make 2."
"I know that," said James. "You buy watches at one price and sell them at a 3 price.
That's how we get so much money."
"That's true. But we don't make most of the money from it." He picked up a watch from the
counter(柜台). "What do you think of this watch?"
"That's a cheap watch. We can only get a few dollars from 4 it."
"You are right, my son," George said. "Those cheap ones get 5 money for us than any
other watch in the shop."
"I don't understand," James said.
"Because they are really cheap, they are always breaking, and we make our money from
fixing(修理) them."
1. 2. 3. 4. 5.
IV. Complete the sentences with the given words in their proper forms (用括号中所给单词
的适当形式完成下列句子。每空格限填一词)
1. The manager's office is on the (nine) floor of the building.
2. Lily wanted to make friends with me and she sent me a photo of (she).
3. There are many (nation) holidays in our country, such as the Mid-Autumn Festiva.
and the Spring Festival.
4. I have visited a lot of places of (interesting) in Beijing.
5. Nobody in the office received an (invite) to the party.
V. Rewrite the following sentences as required (根据所给要求,改写下列句子。1—4 题每
空格限填一词)
1. We're going to have a trip to Hong Kong. (改为否定句)
We to have a trip to Hong Kong.
2. He has stayed with a Chinese family for two years. (改为一般疑问句)
he with a Chinese family for two years?
3. My cousin is twelve years old this year. (对画线部分提问)
is your cousin this year?
4. Her mother wants to have a talk with her about her study. (保持句意不变)



	Her mother	to have a talk with her about her study.
5.	coffee, go, let's, and, have	, out, some (.) (连词成句)

Part Three Reading and Writing

I. Choose the best answer (根据短文内容,选择最恰当的答案)

John, David and James were three brothers. Every year on their mother's birthday, they sent her expensive presents. They liked to show her how rich they were.

The oldest brother, John, decided to give his mother a perfect (完美的) present. He thought it must be more expensive than his brothers'.

So he put an advertisement (广告) in the newspapers: WANTED—THE PERFECT PRESENT FOR A RICH WOMAN. For many days people phoned him from all over the country. Each of them wanted to sell him "the perfect present". But John didn't like any of them.

Then, less than a week before his mother's birthday, a man came to his office. He was carrying a cage with a large bird in it. "This bird," the man said, "can speak ten languages(语言) and sing any popular songs. There's no other bird like it in the world." With these words, he asked the bird to speak to John in French, tell him a joke in Japanese and sing a popular song. John was very happy.

"I'll buy it. How much do you want?" John said. "One hundred thousand dollars," the man said. This was a lot of money, but John paid him. Then he sent the bird to his mother with a birthday card.

The day after his mother's birthday he phoned her. "Well, Mum," he asked, "what do you think of the bird?" "Oh, very delicious, dear," she answered.

- () 1. Why did the three brothers send their mother expensive presents?
 - A. She liked them very much.
 - B. They wanted to show her they were very rich.
 - C. They wanted to send their best wishes to her.
 - D. They wanted to get some money from their mother.
- () 2. What did John decide to buy for his mother?
 - A. An expensive cage with a delicious bird in it.
 - B. Something more expensive than his brothers'.
 - C. A cheapest birthday present.
 - D. A bird that can speak French.
- () 3. Why did so many people phone John?
 - A. They wanted to sell him the present he wanted.
 - B. They wanted to wish his mother a happy birthday.
 - C. They wanted to say something about the bird.



	D. They wanted to k	now who put the adv	ertisement.	
() 4.	What couldn't the bir	d do?		
	A. It couldn't speak	any languages.		
	B. It couldn't tell jok	es.		
	C. It couldn't sing po	pular songs.		
	D. It couldn't make a	ı phone call.		
() 5.	What happened to the	e bird at last?		
	A. It told John's mot	ner a joke every day.		
	B. It flew out of the	cage.		
	C. It was eaten by Jo	hn's mother.		
	D. It was asked to si	ng popular songs eve	ry day.	
() 6.	How do you think Jol	nn would feel after hi	s mother answered his	s telephone call?
	A. Satisfied.		B. Sad.	
	C. Afraid.		D. Happy.	
II. Choose	the words to comple	ete the passage (选	择最恰当的词语完成	短文)
There	was once a bad king.	All his people hated	him very much. One	e day in a summer he
was swimm	ing by himself in a ri	ver. The king was a	1 swimmer, bu	t when he was in the
middle of t	the river, he was ill.	He cried out, "He	lp! Help!" At that t	ime two farmers were
working in	the field near the $\underline{}$	They ran over,	jumped into the water	r and saved the king.
They didn'	t know that he was the	king 3 they pu	lled(拉) him out of t	he water.
The k	ing was very happy, so	he said to the farme	rs, "You have saved	my life. Now you may
ask for any	thing, and I'll give it	to you."		
One o	f the farmers said, "N	Iy son broke his4	$\underline{\hspace{0.5cm}}$ last week, and he	e can't walk. I'm very
sad, you k	now. Please send him	a good <u>5</u> ." T	he king agreed. Ther	n he said to the other
farmer, "A	and what can I do for	you, old man?" The	old man was very cle	ever. He thought for a
few minute	s and then he answere	d, "You can do a ve	ry important thing for	me." "What's that?"
asked the l	king. He thought that	the old man would a	sk for <u>6</u> or somet	hing else.
"Don	t tell anybody that we	have saved you," th	e old farmer answered	d.
() 1.	A. bad	B. nice	C. old	D. friendly
() 2.	A. lake	B. sea	C. river	D. house
() 3.	A. after	B. if	C. before	D. unless
() 4.	A. hand	B. eyes	C. head	D. leg
() 5.	A. doctor	B. driver	C. dentist	D. policeman
() 6.	A. people	B. information	C. advice	D. money
III. Read t	he passage and fill in	the blanks with pro	pper words (在短文)	的空格内填入适当的

III. Read the passage and fill in the blanks with proper words (在短文的空格内填入适当的词,使其内容通顺。每空格限填一词,首字母已给)

People all over the world enjoy sports. Sports help one keep healthy, happy, and live



1 1 . Many people like to watch others play games. They buy tickets or turn on their TVs to watch the games at home. Often they get very excited (感到兴奋的) when "their" player or team w = 2. Games and sports often grow out of people's work and everyday activities. The Arabs use horses or camels in much of their everyday life. They use them in their s 3, too. Some sports or games such as running and long jump go back thousands of years. But basketball and volleyball are new. Neither one is two h 4 years old yet. People are inventing new sports or games all the time. Water skiing is one of the newest in the family of sports. Maybe people from d 5 countries can't understand(理解) each other, but after a game together, they often become good f 6 . 2. 3. 4. 5. IV. Read the passage and answer the following questions (根据短文回答下列问题) Americans with small families have a small car or a large one. If both parents are working, they usually have two cars. When the family is large, one of the cars is sold and they will buy a van(住房汽车). A small car can hold four people, and a large car can hold six people, but it is very crowded (拥挤). A van can hold seven people easily, so a family of three children could ask their grandparents to go on holiday. They can all travel together. Mr Hagen and his wife had a third child last year. This made them sell their second car and buy a van. The sixth and seventh seats are used to put other things, for a family of five must carry many suitcases when they travel. When they arrive at their grandparents' home, the suitcases are brought to the trunk so that the grandparents may take the two seats. Americans call vans motor homes. A motor home is always used for holidays. When a family is travelling to the mountains or to the seaside, they can live in their motor home for a few days or weeks. All the members of a big family can enjoy a happier life when they are travelling together. That is why motor homes have become very popular. In America there are many parks for motor homes. 1. What will a big family do before they buy a van? 2. How many people can a van hold? 3. Which seats in Mr Hagen's van are used to put other things? 4. How long can a family live in their van for a holiday? 5. There are many parks for vans in America, aren't there?



6. Do you want to have a van? Why or why not?

V. Writing (作文)
Write at least 60 words on the topic "My holiday plan for the Spring Festival". (以"我的春
节假期计划"为题,写一篇不少于60个词的短文。)

Unit 2 Our animal friends



A 卷

I.	. Fill in the blanks ac	ccording to the phonet	ic transcriptions (根据音标填空)	
1.	The police	/'pfisə(r)/ came to he	elp me with my bro	ken car.	
2.	/'samwan/ is waiting for you at the gate of the school.				
3.	We should try our best to make our/sə'saɪətɪ/ better.				
		mber that /p			
5.	Gardening is	/'θ3Ist1/ work on a l	not day.		
6.	He had bad toothache	e and he couldn't	/t∫uː/ anythin	g.	
7.	Please throw the wast	e paper into the	/'baːskɪt/.		
II.	. Complete the senter	nces with the given wo	rds in their prope	r forms (用括号中所给单词	
	的适当形式完成下列	刊句子。每空格限填一	词)		
1.	(puppy) l	ove to eat bones and pla	ay ball games.		
2.	Dogs are very	(love). I want to k	eep one at home.		
	·	d to do the (is year.	
4.	He is a man of	(cruel). Everyone	e hates him.		
5.	Of all the subjects, I	like English	(well).		
6.	The (child) are making a lot of n	oise in the classroo	m.	
7.	You should hold your	puppy (care	e) with both hands.		
		lice (office)			
Ш	. Choose the best ans	wer(选择最恰当的答	案)		
() 1. Mr Hu,	SPCA officer, wi	ll give us a lesson	tomorrow.	
		B. an	C. the	D. /	
() 2. He works	a maths teacher	in our school.		
	A. for	B. at	C. in	D. as	
() 3. I got a fever	last night and my mum	took me	the nearest hospital.	
	A. to	B. in	C. at	D. of	
() 4. Cruelty	animals makes pe	ople angry. We sh	ould do something to stop it.	
	A. at	B. for	C. to	D. in	
() 5. If you don't	have enough time, you'd	l better not	a pet.	
	A. take	B. keep	C. hold	D. leave	
() 6. Once you've	decided to have a pet d	og, don't	it in the street.	
	A. keep	B. leave	C. make	D. stay	
() 7. Scientists ha	ve found that there is no	air wat	er on the moon.	
	A. or	B. but	C. nor	D. and	
() 8. Is this your o	daughter? She looks	in the red s	kirt.	
	A. quietly	B. lovely	C. quickly	D. luckily	
() 9 In winter no	eonle often use blankets	to keep themselves		