

# 高考英语突击

因材施教 个性化辅导

量身定制学习方法

快速提升学习能力

主编 霍洁



黄河出版传媒集团  
阳光出版社

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# 前 言

高考就像一场修行，它是学生第一次自己面对人生的大挑战，是学生成就梦想的必经之路。作为高考的重头戏之一，英语是一门考察学生综合能力的学科。考生首先要积累一定量的单词，同时在听说读写方面掌握正确的答题技巧，就能在较短时间里使高考成绩得到较大幅度提高。

这本《高考英语突击》，主要对近六年来高考英语全国Ⅱ卷中的完型填空、阅读理解、七选五和语法填空这几个专题进行了归纳总结，并结合近六年来高考英语全国Ⅰ卷中的相关题型，进行针对性训练。完型填空、阅读理解和七选五这三个专题的第一部分，都对《普通高等学校招生全国统一考试大纲的说明》中相对应的考点进行了针对性解读。包括试题分析（从试题的体裁、题材、话题等角度切入）、专题的出题特点分析和专题的解题技巧分析。第二部分汇集了近六年高考英语全国Ⅱ卷相应专题的真题练习，后面附有从相应文章中选出的重点词汇、短语和长难句型的翻译与分析。第三部分为突破练习，都是近六年来高考英语全国Ⅰ卷的相关专题真题。语法填空专题的第一部分，为《考纲解读》；第二部分，则是以近六年高考英语全国Ⅱ卷语法填空的真题为范例设计的练习；第三部分是对近六年全国Ⅱ卷语法填空相应文章特点（文体、词数、题数）、能力要求、考题类别（语境类、词形变化类）、考点分布等内容进行的分析总结；第四部分是部分自编练习题和近六年高考全国Ⅰ卷语法填空真题。

这本书的大部分内容，经过了往届学生的试用，可谓效果良好，有助于学生短时间内知识体系的建立，弥补知识漏洞，短时有效训练和提高解题技能和技巧，特别适合英语底子较弱的学生进行高考冲刺复习使用，因而特别值得向高三学生推荐。

编 者

2019年6月

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# 第一部分 完型填空

## 题型解读

完型填空是高考英语中一个非常重要的题型，在整个试题中占 30 分。完型填空是英语知识和英语运用的有机结合，综合了短文填空和单项选择题的优点，考查考生在阅读理解的基础上对英语知识的综合应用能力，包括阅读能力、逻辑思维能力、推理判断能力和跨文化交际能力等。纵观近几年高考英语全国 II 卷的完型填空来看，皆基于英语学科必备知识、关键能力、学科素养及核心价值命题，突出基础性、综合性、应用性和创新性的考查，选项设置已不再考查学生语法方面的知识，而是侧重于从语义搭配、结构搭配、惯用搭配及逻辑知识等方面来测试学生词汇的掌握及运用。

### 高考完型填空的特点

1. 文章短小精悍。短文长度一般在 280 词左右，生词少，难度适中。
2. 短文体裁多为记叙文或夹叙夹议，题材相对稳定，选材都是中学生较为熟悉的话题，旨在传递正能量，弘扬社会主义核心价值观，读后能够给考生带来心灵的启迪。内容积极向上，逻辑性强，文章结构严谨，层次分明。
3. 完型填空首句不留空，目的旨在通过短文的第一句话给出学生故事的四要素：时间、地点、人物和事由。
4. 考查单词以实词（v., n., adj., adv., pron.）为主，虚词（conj., prep.）为辅，其中对名词、动词、形容词、副词的考查占 90%以上。
5. 选项中近义词或近义词短语的测试力度逐渐加强。
6. 选项答案最终统计都为 5A, 5B, 5C, 5D。

### 高考完型填空的解题技巧

1. 通读全文，领会大意。通过对全文的扫读了解文章大意，理清线索，把握文章逻辑，判别文章体裁，同时可以将部分会做的题目及时解决掉。每年完型填空的题目设置里面都会有几个答案可以直接从文章中找出原词或近义词，基本占分为 3-4.5 分，偶尔甚至会有 7.5 分。
2. 逐句阅读，选出答案。在理解文章大意的前提下，捕捉信息，联想对比，对每一道题进行认真推敲，遵循“瞻前顾后，先易后难”的原则。把控全文，依据上下文语境答题，对于一些较难的、暂时拿不准的题目可以先跳过去不答。
3. 整体复查，纠错补漏。纵览全局，对短文进行通盘考虑，强化对长难句型的理解，根据上下文语境以及句子和句子、句子和段落之间的逻辑关系再次认真推敲，仔细进行甄别和筛选，补全所有题目。同时，及时修改一些与全文有出入的选项。

## 高考完型填空考点统计

| 年份   | 体裁   | 词数  | 话题           | 动词 | 名词 | 形容词 | 副词 | 代词 | 连词 | 介词 |
|------|------|-----|--------------|----|----|-----|----|----|----|----|
| 2019 | 记叙文  | 284 | 好人好事         | 9  | 5  | 3   | 2  |    |    | 1  |
| 2018 | 记叙文  | 267 | 父亲碰巧营<br>救儿子 | 10 | 3  | 4   | 2  |    |    | 1  |
| 2017 | 记叙文  | 272 | 好人好事         | 9  | 8  | 3   |    |    |    |    |
| 2016 | 夹叙夹议 | 264 | 面对交流的<br>意义  | 6  | 4  | 5   | 3  |    |    | 2  |
| 2015 | 夹叙夹议 | 243 | 教育感悟         | 7  | 6  | 3   | 3  |    | 1  |    |
| 2014 | 记叙文  | 272 | 探险经历         | 8  | 3  | 3   | 5  |    |    | 1  |

## 2019 全国 II 卷完型填空

It's about 250 miles from the hills of west-central Iowa to Ehlers' home in Minnesota. During the long trip home, following a weekend of hunting, Ehlers 41 about the small dog he had seen 42 alongside the road. He had 43 to coax (哄) the dog to him but, frightened, it had 44.

Back home, Ehlers was troubled by that 45 dog. So, four days later, he called his friend Greg, and the two drove 46. After a long and careful 47, Greg saw, across a field, the dog moving 48 away. Ehlers eventually succeeded in coaxing the animal to him. Nervousness and fear were replaced with 49. It just started licking (舔) Ehlers' face.

A local farmer told them the dog sounded like one 50 as lost in the local paper. The ad had a 51 number for a town in southern Michigan. Ehlers 52 the number of Jeff and Lisa to tell them he had 53 their dog.

Jeff had 54 in Iowa before Thanksgiving with his dog, Rosie, but the gun shots had scared the dog off. Jeff searched 55 for Rosie in the next four days.

Ehlers returned to Minnesota, and then drove 100 miles to Minneapolis to put Rosie on a flight to Michigan. "It's good to know there's still someone out there who 56 enough to go to that kind of 57," says Lisa of Ehlers' rescue 58.

"I figured whoever lost the dog was probably just as 59 to it as I am to my dogs," says Ehlers. "If it had been my dog, I'd hope that somebody would be 60 to go that extra mile."

- |                    |                |                |               |
|--------------------|----------------|----------------|---------------|
| 41. A. read        | B. forgot      | C. thought     | D. heard      |
| 42. A. fighting    | B. trembling   | C. eating      | D. sleeping   |
| 43. A. tried       | B. agreed      | C. promised    | D. regretted  |
| 44. A. calmed down | B. stood up    | C. rolled over | D. run off    |
| 45. A. injured     | B. stolen      | C. lost        | D. rescued    |
| 46. A. home        | B. past        | C. back        | D. on         |
| 47. A. preparation | B. explanation | C. test        | D. search     |
| 48. A. cautiously  | B. casually    | C. skillfully  | D. angrily    |
| 49. A. surprise    | B. joy         | C. hesitation  | D. anxiety    |
| 50. A. predicted   | B. advertised  | C. believed    | D. recorded   |
| 51. A. house       | B. phone       | C. street      | D. car        |
| 52. A. called      | B. copied      | C. counted     | D. remembered |
| 53. A. fed         | B. adopted     | C. found       | D. cured      |
| 54. A. hunted      | B. skied       | C. lived       | D. worked     |
| 55. A. on purpose  | B. on time     | C. in turn     | D. in vain    |
| 56. A. cares       | B. sees        | C. suffers     | D. learns     |
| 57. A. place       | B. trouble     | C. waste       | D. extreme    |
| 58. A. service     | B. plan        | C. effort      | D. team       |
| 59. A. equal       | B. allergic    | C. grateful    | D. close      |
| 60. A. suitable    | B. proud       | C. wise        | D. willing    |

## 【基础词汇】

- ◇ **mile** [maɪl] *n.* 英里; 一英里赛跑
- ◇ **hill** [hɪl] *n.* 小山; 丘陵; 斜坡; 山冈
- ◇ **west-central** 中西部
- ◇ **during** ['djʊəriŋ] *prep.* 在……的时候; 在……的期间
- ◇ **follow** ['fɒləʊ] *v.* 跟随; 遵循; 追求; 密切注意
- ◇ **weekend** [wi:k'end] *n.* 周末; 周末休假 *adj.* 周末的
- ◇ **hunt** [hʌnt] *v.* 打猎; 猎杀(野生动物); 搜索; 追踪 *n.* 搜索; 打猎; 狩猎场
- ◇ **alongside** [ə'lɒŋ'saɪd] *prep.* 在……旁边; 沿着……的边; 共存 *adv.* 在旁边
- ◇ **frighten** ['fraɪt(ə)n] *v.* 使惊吓; 害怕; 惊恐
- ◇ **coax** [kəʊks] *v.* 哄诱; 哄骗; 劝诱

- ◇ **later** ['leɪtə] *adv.* 后来; 稍后; 随后 *adj.* 更迟的; 更后的
- ◇ **across** [ə'krɒs] *adv.* 穿过; 越过; 横过 *prep.* 穿过; 在……对面; 遍及
- ◇ **field** [fi:ld] *n.* 领域; 牧场; 旷野; 战场; 运动场
- ◇ **eventually** [ɪ'ventʃʊəli] *adv.* 最后; 终于
- ◇ **succeed** [sək'si:d] *v.* 成功; 继承; 继任
- ◇ **animal** ['ænɪm(ə)] *n.* 牲畜; 动物
- ◇ **fear** [fiə] *n.* 害怕; 恐惧; 敬畏 *v.* 害怕; 敬畏; 为……担心
- ◇ **replace** [rɪ'pleɪs] *v.* 取代; 替换; 归还
- ◇ **lick** [lɪk] *v.* 舔; 卷过; 鞭打
- ◇ **local** ['ləʊk(ə)l] *adj.* 当地的; 地方性的; 局部的
- ◇ **sound** [saʊnd] *n.* 声音; 噪音 *v.* (使)发声; 听起来; 宣告
- ◇ **ad** [æd] *n.* 广告; 促销活动
- ◇ **town** [taʊn] *n.* 城镇; 市内商业区
- ◇ **gun** [gʌn] *n.* 枪支 *v.* 用枪射击; 向……开枪
- ◇ **shot** [ʃɒt] *n.* 发射; 炮弹; 镜头 *v.* 射击 (**shoot** 的过去式和过去分词)
- ◇ **search** [sɜ:tʃ] *v.* 搜索; 搜寻; 调查; 探求 *n.* 搜寻; 探究; 检索
- ◇ **flight** [flaɪt] *n.* 飞行; 班机; 逃走
- ◇ **rescue** ['reskju:] *v.* 营救; 援救 *n.* 营救; 解救
- ◇ **figure** ['fɪgə] *n.* 数字; 人物; 价格; (人的) 体形; 画像 *v.* 计算; 认为
- ◇ **probably** ['prɒbəbli] *adv.* 大概; 或许; 很可能
- ◇ **extra** ['ekstrə] *adv.* 特别地; 非常; 另外 *adj.* 额外的; 另外收费的; 特大的
- ◇ **thought** [θɔ:t] *n.* 思想; 思考; 想法 *v.* 思考; 认为 (**think** 的过去式和过去分词)
- ◇ **tremble** ['tremb(ə)l] *v.* 发抖; 战栗; 摇晃 *n.* 颤抖; 战栗
- ◇ **promise** ['prɒmɪs] *n.* 许诺; 允诺 *v.* 允诺; 有指望; 有前途
- ◇ **injure** ['ɪndʒə] *v.* 伤害; 损害
- ◇ **steal** [sti:l] *v.* 剽窃; 偷偷地做; 偷窃 (过去式 **stole** 过去分词 **stolen**)
- ◇ **preparation** [ˌprepə'reɪʃ(ə)n] *n.* 预备; 准备
- ◇ **cautiously** ['kɔ:ʃəsli] *adv.* 小心地; 谨慎地
- ◇ **casually** ['kæʒjʊəli] *adv.* 随便地; 偶然地; 临时地
- ◇ **skillfully** ['skɪlfəli] *adv.* 巧妙地; 精巧地
- ◇ **surprise** [sə'praɪz] *n.* 惊奇; 诧异 *v.* 使惊奇; 令人惊讶

- ◇ **joy** [dʒɔɪ] *n.* 欢乐; 乐趣; 高兴
- ◇ **hesitation** [hezɪ'teɪʃn] *n.* 犹豫
- ◇ **anxiety** [æŋ'zaiəti] *n.* 焦虑; 渴望; 令人焦虑的事 (复数 **anxieties**)
- ◇ **predict** [prɪ'dɪkt] *v.* 预言; 预知; 做预报; 断言
- ◇ **advertise** ['ædvətaɪz] *v.* 通知; 为……做广告; 登广告
- ◇ **copy** ['kɒpi] *n.* 副本; 稿件 *v.* 复制; 仿效; 抄袭
- ◇ **count** [kaʊnt] *v.* 计算; 认为; 有价值 *n.* 计数; 计算
- ◇ **fed** [fed] *v.* 喂养; 给 (植物) 施肥; 助长 (**feed** 的过去式和过去分词)
- ◇ **adopt** [ə'dɒpt] *v.* 采取; 接受; 收养
- ◇ **cure** [kjʊə; kjɔ:] *v.* 治疗; 治愈; 治病; 痊愈 *n.* 治愈; [临床] 疗法
- ◇ **ski** [ski:] *n.* 滑雪橇 *v.* 滑雪 *adj.* 滑雪 (用) 的
- ◇ **suffer** ['sʌfə] *v.* 遭受; 忍受; 经历
- ◇ **care** [keə] *n.* 关怀; 照料; 谨慎; 忧虑 *v.* 照顾; 关心; 喜爱; 顾虑
- ◇ **willing** ['wɪlɪŋ] *adj.* 乐意的; 自愿的; 心甘情愿的
- ◇ **effort** ['efət] *n.* 努力; 成就
- ◇ **equal** ['i:kwəl] *adj.* 平等的; 相等的; 胜任的 *v.* 等于; 比得上
- ◇ **allergic** [ə'lɜ:dʒɪk] *adj.* 对……过敏的; 对……极讨厌的
- ◇ **suitable** ['su:təb(ə)l] *adj.* 适当的; 相配的
- ◇ **proud** [praʊd] *adj.* 自豪的; 得意的; 自负的
- ◇ **extreme** [ɪk'stri:m] *adj.* 极端的; 极度的; 尽头的 *n.* 极端; 最大程度
- ◇ **calm down** 平静下来; 镇定下来
- ◇ **roll over** 翻滚; 转存; 延缓付款
- ◇ **run off** 逃跑; 流掉
- ◇ **in vain** 徒然; 无效
- ◇ **in turn** 反过来; 转而; 轮流
- ◇ **on time** 按时; 准时

### 【难句赏析】

1. It's good to know there's still someone out there who cares enough to go to that kind of trouble.

当你陷入困境时, 知道有一个人和你一起关注是一件很安慰的事。

“It”为形式主语, 真正的主语为“to know”引导的动词不定式短语, 其中包含了一个省略了“that”的宾语从句; “who”引导定语从句修饰“someone”。

2. “I figured whoever lost the dog was probably just as close to it as I am to my dogs,” says Ehlers. “If it had been my dog, I’d hope that somebody would be willing to go that extra mile.”

Ehlers说：“我觉得别人丢了狗就如同我自己丢了狗一样。如果是我的狗丢了，我也希望能有个人可以不远万里送还给我。”

“Figured”后为省略了“that”的宾语从句，其中包含了一个由“whoever”引导的主语从句，从句内容是“whoever lost the dog”；“If”引导条件状语从句，其主句中包含了一个由“that”引导的宾语从句。

## 2018 全国 II 卷完型填空

### 【基础短文】

Two weeks earlier, my son, Ben, had got in touch. He’d moved to England with his mum when he was three and it had been 13 years since I’d 41 seen him. So imagine my 42 when he emailed me saying he wanted to come to visit me.

I was 43! I arrived early at Byron Bay where we were supposed to 44. The bay was 45 in sunshine, and there was a group of kayakers around 150m off the shore. Getting a little 46, I realized one kayak (皮划艇) was in 47. “Something’s not 48!” I took off my T-shirt and 49 into the water. I saw there were two instructors on board and a man lying across the middle. He was 50 violently. Linking arms with one of the instructors, I helped 51 the young man out of the water. He was unconscious and as I looked at his face, something 52 to me. Those brown eyes were very 53. “What’s his name?” I asked the instructor. “Ben,” he replied, and immediately I 54. That stranger was my son!

The instructors called for an ambulance. 55, after a brief stay in hospital, Ben was well enough to be allowed to 56 and later the family met up for dinner. We chatted about everything and then Ben 57 to me. “I just want to say thank you,” he said. “You 58 my life!”

I still can’t believe what a 59 it was. I’m just so glad I was there 60 to help my son.

- |                |            |             |            |
|----------------|------------|-------------|------------|
| 41. A. also    | B. often   | C. even     | D. last    |
| 42. A. delight | B. relief  | C. anger    | D. worry   |
| 43. A. scared  | B. shocked | C. thrilled | D. ashamed |
| 44. A. talk    | B. stay    | C. meet     | D. settle  |
| 45. A. bathed  | B. clean   | C. deep     | D. formed  |

46. A. faster                      B. closer                      C. heavier                      D. wiser
47. A. trouble                      B. advance                      C. question                      D. battle
48. A. real                      B. right                      C. fair                      D. fit
49. A. stared                      B. sank                      C. dived                      D. fell
50. A. arguing                      B. fighting                      C. shouting                      D. shaking
51. A. lead                      B. persuade                      C. carry                      D. keep
52. A. happened                      B. occurred                      C. applied                      D. appealed
53. A. sharp                      B. pleasant                      C. attractive                      D. familiar
54. A. agreed                      B. hesitated                      C. doubted                      D. knew
55. A. Fortunately                      B. Frankly                      C. Sadly                      D. Suddenly
56. A. return                      B. relax                      C. speak                      D. leave
57. A. joked                      B. turned                      C. listened                      D. pointed
58. A. created                      B. honored                      C. saved                      D. guided
59. A. coincidence                      B. change                      C. pity                      D. pain
60. A. on board                      B. in time                      C. for sure                      D. on purpose

## 【基础词汇】

- ◇ **even** ['i:vən] *adv.* 甚至；更加；即使 *adj.* 公平的；平坦的；偶数的；平均的
- ◇ **imagine** [i 'mædʒɪn] *v.* 设想；想像；料想；猜想
- ◇ **email** ['i:meɪl] *n.* 电子信函 *v.* 给……发电子邮件
- ◇ **arrive** [ə'raɪv] *v.* 到达；成功；达成；出生
- ◇ **suppose** [sə'pəʊz] *v.* 假设；认为；让（虚拟语气）；猜想；料想
- ◇ **bay** [beɪ] *n.* 海湾；犬吠声 *v.*（尤指猎犬等）咆哮；使陷入绝境 *adj.* 栗色的
- ◇ **sunshine** ['sʌnʃaɪn] *n.* 阳光；愉快；晴天
- ◇ **shore** [ʃɔ:] *v.* 支撑；使稳住 *n.* 海滨；支柱
- ◇ **realize** ['ri:əlaɪz] *v.* 实现；认识到；了解；变卖
- ◇ **instructor** [ɪn'strʌktə] *n.* 教员；教练；指导者
- ◇ **board** [bɔ:d] *n.* 董事会；木板；甲板 *v.* 上（飞机、车、船等）；寄宿
- ◇ **violent** ['vaɪələ(ə)nt] *adj.* 暴力的；猛烈的
- ◇ **link** [lɪŋk] *n.* [计] 链环；环节；联系 *v.* 连接；联合
- ◇ **unconscious** [ʌn'kɒnʃəs] *adj.* 无意识的；失去知觉的；不省人事的

- ◇ **reply** [rɪ'plai] *v.* 回答; 答复; [法] 答辩; 回击 *n.* 回答
- ◇ **immediately** [ɪ'mi:diətli] *adv.* 立即, 立刻; 直接地
- ◇ **ambulance** ['æmbjʊl(ə)ns] *n.* [车辆][医] 救护车; 战时流动医院
- ◇ **brief** [bri:f] *adj.* 简短的; 草率的 *n.* 摘要; 简报 *v.* 摘要
- ◇ **allow** [ə'laʊ] *v.* 允许; 给予; 认可
- ◇ **believe** [bi'li:v] *v.* 信任; 料想; 相信; 认为
- ◇ **delight** [di'laɪt] *n.* 高兴 *v.* 使高兴
- ◇ **relief** [rɪ'li:f] *n.* 救济; 减轻, 解除; 安慰
- ◇ **scare** [skeə] *v.* 惊吓; 把……吓跑; 受惊 *n.* 恐慌; 惊吓; 惊恐
- ◇ **shock** [ʃɒk] *n.* 休克; 震惊; 震动; 打击 *v.* 使震惊; 使震动
- ◇ **thrill** [θrɪl] *n.* 激动; 震颤; 紧张 *v.* 使……颤动; 使……感到兴奋或激动
- ◇ **ashamed** [ə'ʃeɪmd] *adj.* 惭愧的; 感到难为情的; 耻于……的
- ◇ **settle** ['set(ə)l] *v.* 解决; 定居; 安排
- ◇ **bath** [bɑ:θ] *n.* 沐浴; 浴室; 浴盆 *v.* 洗澡
- ◇ **form** [fɔ:m] *n.* 形式; 形状; 外形; 表格 *v.* 构成; 组成; 产生
- ◇ **wise** [waɪz] *adj.* 明智的; 聪明的; 博学的
- ◇ **advance** [əd'vɑ:ns] *v.* 提出; 预付; 将……提前 *adj.* 预先的; 先行的
- ◇ **battle** ['bæt(ə)l] *n.* 战役; 斗争 *v.* 与……作战
- ◇ **fair** [feə] *adj.* 公平的; 美丽的; [气象] 晴朗的 *adv.* 公平地; 直接地
- ◇ **fit** [fɪt] *v.* 安装; 使……适应; 使……合身; 与……相符 *adj.* 健康的; 恰当的
- ◇ **stare** [steə] *v.* 凝视; 盯着看; 显眼 *n.* 凝视; 注视
- ◇ **sink** [sɪŋk] *v.* 下沉; 消沉; 渗透; 使低落 *n.* 水槽; 污水坑
- ◇ **dive** [daɪv] *v.* 潜水; 跳水; 俯冲; 急剧下降 *n.* 潜水; 跳水; 俯冲
- ◇ **fight** [faɪt] *v.* 打架; 与……斗争; 反对……提案 *n.* 打架; 战斗
- ◇ **shake** [ʃeɪk] *v.* 动摇; 摇动; 震动; 握手; 发抖
- ◇ **shout** [ʃaʊt] *v.* 呼喊; 喊叫; 大声说 *n.* 呼喊; 呼叫
- ◇ **carry** ['kæri] *v.* 拿; 扛; 携带; 搬运 *n.* 运载
- ◇ **occur** [ə'kɜ:] *v.* 发生; 出现; 存在
- ◇ **apply** [ə'plai] *v.* 申请; 应用; 适用; 请求
- ◇ **appeal** [ə'pi:l] *v.* 呼吁; 恳求; 上诉; 有吸引力
- ◇ **sharp** [ʃɑ:p] *adj.* 急剧的; 锋利的; 强烈的; 刺耳的

- ◇ **pleasant** ['plez(ə)nt] *adj.* 令人愉快的; 舒适的; 讨人喜欢的
- ◇ **attractive** [ə'træktiv] *adj.* 吸引人的; 有魅力的
- ◇ **familiar** [fə'milɪə] *adj.* 熟悉的; 常见的; 亲近的 *n.* 常客; 密友
- ◇ **hesitate** ['heziteit] *v.* 踌躇; 犹豫; 不愿意
- ◇ **doubt** [daʊt] *n.* 怀疑; 疑问; 疑惑 *v.* 怀疑; 不信; 拿不准
- ◇ **fortunately** ['fɔ:tʃənətli] *adv.* 幸运地
- ◇ **frankly** ['fræŋkli] *adv.* 真诚地; 坦白地
- ◇ **leave** [li:v] *v.* 离开; 留下; 遗忘 *n.* 同意; 休假
- ◇ **point** [pɔɪnt] *n.* 要点; 得分; 标点; [机] 尖端 *v.* 指向; 表明
- ◇ **create** [kri:'eɪt] *v.* 创造; 创作; 造成
- ◇ **honor** ['ɒnə(r)] *n.* 荣誉; 信用; 头衔 *v.* 尊敬 (等于 honour); 给……以荣誉
- ◇ **save** [seɪv] *v.* 节省; 保存; 储蓄; 解救 *prep.* 除……之外
- ◇ **guide** [gaɪd] *n.* 指南; 向导; 导游; 指导者 *v.* 引导; 带领; 担任向导
- ◇ **coincidence** [kəʊ'ɪnsɪd(ə)ns] *n.* 巧合; 一致; 同时发生
- ◇ **pity** ['pɪtɪ] *n.* 怜悯; 同情; 遗憾 *v.* 对……表示怜悯; 对……感到同情
- ◇ **pain** [peɪn] *n.* 疼痛; 努力 *v.* 使……烦恼; 感到疼痛
- ◇ **get in touch** 取得联系
- ◇ **take off** 起飞; 脱下; 离开
- ◇ **out of** 由于; 缺乏; 自……离开
- ◇ **on board** 在船 (火车、飞机) 上
- ◇ **in time** 及时; 适时
- ◇ **for sure** 确实; 毫无疑问地
- ◇ **on purpose** 有目的地; 故意地

### 【难句赏析】

1. He'd moved to England with his mum when he was three and it had been 13 years since I'd last seen him.

他三岁时就和妈妈一起移居英国, 从我最后一次见他到现在已经有 13 年了。

“When” 引导时间状语从句, 表示 “当……的时候”; “and” 并列两个主从复合句, 分别为 “He'd moved to England with his mum when he was three” 和 “it had been 13 years since I'd last seen him”; “since” 引导时间状语从句, 句型 “It had been + 时间 + since + 持续性动词的过去完成时”, 表示 “从……到过去某时间点以来”。

2. I arrived early at Byron Bay where we were supposed to meet.

我很早就到了我们约定的见面地点，拜伦湾。

“Where”为关系副词，引导定语从句修饰地点状语“Byron Bay”；be supposed to do 表示“应当；应该”。

3. Fortunately, after a brief stay in hospital, Ben was well enough to be allowed to leave and later the family met up for dinner.

幸运的是，经过短暂的住院治疗，Ben 身体痊愈离开了医院。随后，全家人聚在一起吃晚饭。

“And”并列两个句子，分别是“Ben was well enough to be allowed to return”和“later the family met up for dinner”；“Fortunately”和“after a brief stay in hospital”同为两个并列句的状语。

### 2017 全国 II 卷完型填空

#### 【基础短文】

In 1973, I was teaching elementary school. Each day, 27 kids 41 “The Thinking Laboratory.” That was the 42 students voted for after deciding that “Room 104” was too 43.

Freddy was an average 44, but not an average person. He had the rare balance of fun and compassion(同情). He would 45 the loudest over fun and be the saddest over anyone’s 46.

Before the school year 47, I gave the kids a special 48, T-shirts with the words “Verbs Are Your 49” on them. I had advised the kids that while verbs(动词) may seem dull, most of the 50 things they do throughout their lives will be verbs.

Through the years, I’d run into former students who would provide 51 on old classmates. I learned that Freddy did several jobs after his 52 from high school and remained the same 53 person I met forty years before. Once, while working overnight at a store, he let a homeless man 54 in his truck. Another time, he 55 a friend money to buy a house.

Just last year, I was 56 a workshop when someone knocked at the classroom door. A woman 57 the interruption and handed me an envelope. I stopped teaching and 58 it up. Inside were the “Verbs” shirt and a 59 from Freddy’s mother. “Freddy passed away on Thanksgiving. He wanted you to have this.”

I told the story to the class. As sad as it was, I couldn’t help smiling. Although Freddy was taken from us, we all 60 something from Freddy.

- |                    |               |                 |                |
|--------------------|---------------|-----------------|----------------|
| 41. A. built       | B. entered    | C. decorated    | D. ran         |
| 42. A. name        | B. rule       | C. brand        | D. plan        |
| 43. A. small       | B. dark       | C. strange      | D. dull        |
| 44. A. scholar     | B. student    | C. citizen      | D. worker      |
| 45. A. speak       | B. sing       | C. question     | D. laugh       |
| 46. A. misfortune  | B. disbelief  | C. dishonesty   | D. mistake     |
| 47. A. changed     | B. approached | C. returned     | D. ended       |
| 48. A. lesson      | B. gift       | C. report       | D. message     |
| 49. A. Friends     | B. Awards     | C. Masters      | D. Tasks       |
| 50. A. simple      | B. unique     | C. fun          | D. clever      |
| 51. A. assessments | B. comments   | C. instructions | D. updates     |
| 52. A. graduation  | B. retirement | C. separation   | D. resignation |
| 53. A. daring      | B. modest     | C. caring       | D. smart       |
| 54. A. wait        | B. sleep      | C. study        | D. live        |
| 55. A. paid        | B. charged    | C. lent         | D. owed        |
| 56. A. observing   | B. preparing  | C. designing    | D. conducting  |
| 57. A. regretted   | B. avoided    | C. excused      | D. ignored     |
| 58. A. opened      | B. packed     | C. gave         | D. held        |
| 59. A. picture     | B. bill       | C. note         | D. diary       |
| 60. A. chose       | B. took       | C. expected     | D. borrowed    |

### 【基础词汇】

- ◇ **elementary** [ˌelɪ'ment(ə)rɪ] *adj.* 基本的; 初级的; [化学] 元素的
- ◇ **vote** [vəʊt] *n.* 投票; 选举; 选票 *v.* 提议; 投票决定
- ◇ **average** ['æv(ə)rɪdʒ] *n.* 平均; 平均数 *adj.* 普通的; 通常的
- ◇ **rare** [reə] *adj.* 稀有的; 稀薄的; 半熟的 *adv.* 非常; 极其
- ◇ **balance** ['bæl(ə)ns] *n.* 平衡; 余额; 天平 *v.* 保持平衡; 相称
- ◇ **compassion** [kəm'pæʃ(ə)n] *n.* 同情; 怜悯
- ◇ **seem** [si:m] *v.* 似乎; 好像; 仿佛
- ◇ **dull** [dʌl] *adj.* 钝的; 迟钝的; 无趣的; 阴暗的 *v.* 使迟钝; 使阴暗
- ◇ **throughout** [θru:'aʊt] *adv.* 自始至终; 到处; 全部 *prep.* 贯穿; 遍及

- ◇ **provide** [prə'vaɪd] *v.* 提供; 装备; 规定
- ◇ **several** ['sevrəl] *adj.* 几个的; 各自的 *pron.* 几个; 数个
- ◇ **remain** [rɪ'meɪn] *v.* 保持; 依然; 剩余; 残存 *n.* 遗迹; 剩余物, 残骸
- ◇ **overnight** [əʊvə'nait] *adv.* 通宵 *adj.* 晚上的; 前夜的
- ◇ **workshop** ['wɜ:kʃɒp] *n.* 车间; 研讨会; 工场; 讲习班
- ◇ **interruption** [ˌɪntə'rʌpʃn] *n.* 中断; 干扰; 中断之事
- ◇ **decorate** ['dekəreɪt] *v.* 装饰; 布置; 授勋给
- ◇ **rule** [ru:l] *v.* 统治; 管辖; 裁定; 支配 *n.* 统治; 规则
- ◇ **brand** [brænd] *v.* 铭刻于, 铭记; 印……商标于 *n.* 商标, 牌子; 烙印
- ◇ **scholar** ['skɒlə] *n.* 学者; 奖学金获得者
- ◇ **citizen** ['sɪtɪz(ə)n] *n.* 公民; 市民
- ◇ **misfortune** [ˌmɪs'fɔ:tju:n; -tʃ(ə)n] *n.* 不幸; 灾祸, 灾难
- ◇ **disbelief** [dɪsbi'li:f] *n.* 怀疑; 不信
- ◇ **dishonesty** [dɪs'ɒnɪstɪ] *n.* 不诚实; 欺诈; 不正直
- ◇ **approach** [ə'prəʊtʃ] *n.* 方法; 途径; 接近 *v.* 接近; 着手处理; 靠近
- ◇ **gift** [gɪft] *n.* 礼物; 天赋; 赠品 *v.* 赋予; 向……赠送
- ◇ **award** [ə'wɔ:d] *v.* 授予; 判定 *n.* 奖品; 判决
- ◇ **task** [tɑ:sk] *v.* 分派任务 *n.* 工作, 作业; 任务
- ◇ **unique** [ju:'ni:k] *adj.* 独特的, 稀罕的; [数]唯一的
- ◇ **assessment** [ə'sesmənt] *n.* 评定; 估价
- ◇ **comment** ['kɒment] *n.* 评论; 意见; 批评 *v.* 发表意见; 为……作评语
- ◇ **instruction** [ɪn'strʌkʃ(ə)n] *n.* 指令; 指示; 教导; 用法说明
- ◇ **update** [ʌp'deɪt] *v.* 更新; 修正; 使现代化 *n.* 更新; 现代化
- ◇ **retirement** [rɪ'taɪəmənt] *n.* 退休; 退役
- ◇ **separation** [ˌsepə'reɪʃ(ə)n] *n.* 分离; 距离; [法]分居; 缺口
- ◇ **resignation** [rezɪg'neɪʃ(ə)n] *n.* 辞职; 放弃; 辞职书
- ◇ **modest** ['mɒdɪst] *adj.* 谦逊的; 适度的; 端庄的; 羞怯的
- ◇ **charge** [tʃɑ:dʒ] *n.* 费用; 掌管; 命令 *v.* 使承担; 指责; 装载; 充电; 控告; 索价
- ◇ **owe** [əʊ] *v.* 欠; 感激; 应该把……归功于; 欠钱
- ◇ **observe** [əb'zɜ:v] *v.* 庆祝; 观察; 遵守; 评论; 注意到
- ◇ **design** [dɪ'zain] *v.* 设计; 计划; 构思 *n.* 设计; 图案