



《新编单元练测卷》编写组 编

新编 单元 练测卷

有练 | 有测 | 实用 | 好用



英语

人教 版

九年级上册



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英 语

九年级上册 人教版

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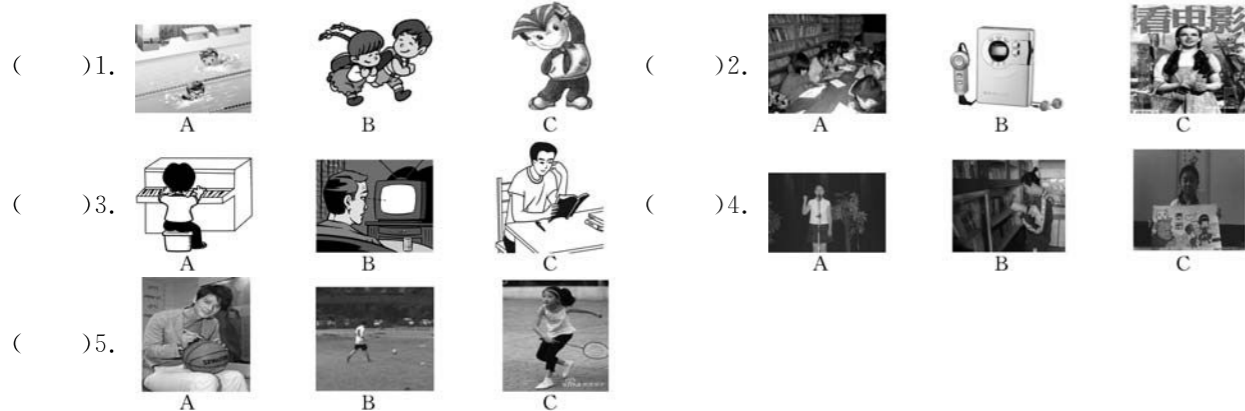


第1单元测试卷

(时间: 120分钟 满分: 120分)

I. 听力技能 (共20小题, 计20分)

A) 根据你所听到的内容, 选出合适的图片。(共5小题, 计5分)



B) 听句子, 选出正确的应答语。(共5小题, 计5分)

- () 6. A. I can't pronounce these words properly.
B. I am good at English grammar.
C. It's so easy to study English.
- () 7. A. That's right. B. Could you help me? C. Maybe I can help you.
- () 8. A. I can speak English. B. By studying with a group. C. I don't like it.
- () 9. A. Yes, I do. B. No, I do that sometimes.
C. Yes, I've learned a lot in that way.
- () 10. A. Thanks. B. Not at all. C. That's OK.

C) 听对话, 从所给的 A、B、C 三个选项中选出最佳答案。(共5小题, 计5分)

- () 11. What does the man probably do?
A. A doctor. B. A teacher. C. A policeman.
- () 12. Where is the girl from?
A. Japan. B. England. C. America.
- () 13. How old was the girl when she started studying English?
A. Five years old. B. Eleven years old. C. Sixteen years old.
- () 14. What does the girl think of making foreign pen pals?
A. Boring. B. Difficult. C. Helpful.
- () 15. What does the man ask the girl to do to improve her listening skills?
A. Learn English songs. B. Listen to VOA or BBC. C. Listen carefully in class.

D) 根据你所听到的内容, 将下面5个小题的信息补充完整, 每空不超过3个单词。(共5小题, 计5分)

Now everyone, before you 16. _____ your English exam, you must put down your name, student number and the number of your class on every page of your answer sheet. The answer sheet is where you should write your answers. You must not write on the 17. _____ paper. If you do not know your student number, 18. _____ a list on the blackboard. If you have any problem during the exam, just put up your hand. If anyone 19. _____ a pencil, I have some on my desk. You can have one. And remember you have one and a half 20. _____ to finish the exam.

II. 知识运用 (共25小题, 计35分)

A) 单项选择 从 A、B、C 三个选项中选择正确的答案填空。(共15小题, 计15分)

- () 21. They study math by _____ lots of exercises.

- A. did B. doing C. do
- () 22. — _____ do you study for tests?
— I study by working with my friends.
A. How B. Who C. What
- () 23. What _____ reading aloud to practice pronunciation?
A. of B. about C. around
- () 24. I work hard _____ I can get good grades in the final exam.
A. if B. so that C. because
- () 25. Do you know working hard is the secret _____ success?
A. for B. with C. to
- () 26. When we meet some new words, we'd better _____ in a dictionary.
A. look them out B. look them up C. look up them
- () 27. Lucy thinks that _____ English programs isn't a good way.
A. watch B. watched C. watching
- () 28. _____ you work, _____ result you'll get.
A. The harder; the better B. More hard; more better C. The harder; a better
- () 29. Tom tried to guess the answer by _____ hard.
A. thinking B. to think C. thought
- () 30. — How do you learn English words?
— _____ making word cards.
A. To B. By C. With
- () 31. The boy is great. He learns _____.
A. wisely and well B. wise and good C. wise and well
- () 32. Whether he can come or not _____ the weather. If it's sunny, he sure will come.
A. looks on B. depends on C. takes on
- () 33. Even if you learn something well, you will forget it _____ you use it.
A. unless B. if C. until
- () 34. They even ask each other and try to _____ the answers to the questions.
A. look out B. find out C. look at
- () 35. Is _____ necessary to finish the work today?
A. this B. it C. that

B) 完形填空 通读下面的短文, 掌握其大意, 然后从各题所给的 A、B、C 三个选项中选出一个最佳答案。(共10小题, 计20分)

Why do I want to go to college? No one has ever asked me 36 a question. But many times I have asked myself. I have 37 a whole variety of reasons. 38 important reason is that I want to be a better man.

Many things make human beings different 39 or better than or even superior to animals. One of the most important things is 40. If I fail to receive higher education, my education 41. As I want to be a fully 42 man, I must get a well-rounded education, which good colleges and universities are supposed to 43. I know one can get educated in many ways, but colleges and universities are 44 the best places to teach me how to educate myself. Only when I am well-educated, will I be a better human being and 45 fit into society.

- () 36. A. quite B. so C. such
- () 37. A. come up with B. agreed with C. been fed up with
- () 38. A. Most B. The most C. More
- () 39. A. to B. around C. from
- () 40. A. education B. weather C. temperature
- () 41. A. finished B. don't finish C. will not finish
- () 42. A. develop B. developed C. developing
- () 43. A. improve B. graduate C. provide
- () 44. A. between B. among C. outside
- () 45. A. can good B. may better C. be able to better

得分: _____
学号: _____
姓名: _____
班级: _____

线

封

弥

III. 阅读理解 (共 15 小题, 计 30 分)

A

Here are some points you can follow to improve your English. The first point is the most important.

It is your duty to achieve your goals! Studying English is your own duty. It isn't the duty of your teacher or your parents.

Work as hard as possible! You must be active in your class and practice speaking often. You should do all of your homework, reading and vocabulary study after school.

Keep studying! Don't stop for a long time such as during the summer holidays! To make progress, you should study for at least 5 hours every week.

Make English study your hobby and have fun.

You can improve your English through following activities:

- Reading—find interesting English books to read.
- Singing—sing your favorite English songs again and again.
- Watching DVDs—watching English movies is helpful.
- Traveling—traveling in English-speaking countries can help you with your English.

根据短文内容, 选择最佳答案。

- () 46. A student should be _____ and practice speaking English often in class.
A. friendly B. kind C. active
- () 47. Can David stop studying English for a long time if he wants to improve his English?
A. Yes, he can. B. No, he can't. C. I don't know.
- () 48. The underlined word "goals" in Paragraph 2 means "_____ " in Chinese.
A. 得分 B. 目标 C. 球门
- () 49. How many points to improve English are mentioned (提及) in the passage?
A. 2. B. 3. C. 4.
- () 50. What's the main idea about this passage?
A. English study. B. Watching English movies. C. Traveling.

B

Captain Good Fellow

Do your children enjoy interesting stories, funny games, and exciting dances? Captain Good Fellow will be ready to teach all these things to children at the City Theatre on Saturday morning at 10:00, free.

Films at the Museum

Two European films will be shown on Saturday afternoon at the Museum Theatre. See *Broken Windows* at 1:30. *The Workers* will be at 3:45. For further information, call 498-7898.

International Picnic

Are you tired of eating the same food every day? Come to the Central Park on Saturday and enjoy food from all over the world. Delicious and not expensive. Noon to 5:00 p. m.

Take me out to the ball game!

It's October, and Saturday night (7:00—9:00) is your last chance to see the Red Birds this year. Get your tickets at the gate. It might be cold. Don't forget sweaters and jackets.

Do you want to hear "The Zoo"?

"The Zoo", a popular rock group from Australia, will give their first U. S. concert this Saturday night, at 8 at Rose Hall, City College.

根据表格信息, 选出最佳答案。

- () 51. On Saturday morning, you can _____.
A. go to watch a ball game
B. take children to play games at the City Theatre
C. go to a concert at Rose Hall, City College
- () 52. The Red Birds ball game is _____.
A. in the afternoon B. outside C. at the gate

- () 53. You can eat many different kinds of food from all over the world if you _____.
A. go to the City Theatre B. go to the Central Park C. buy tickets at the gate

- () 54. "The Zoo" is _____.
A. a U. S. concert
B. a park with many red birds in it
C. a music group

- () 55. Mr Turner wants to have a nice Saturday afternoon. Which is NOT possible for him to do?
A. Having a picnic. B. Seeing a film. C. Watching a ball game.

C

Now many people are too busy to sleep. Ask most people what they need more besides (除了) money, the answer may be the word "sleep".

Most people need seven to eight hours of sleep a day, but many only sleep for about six hours. It's bad for our health, like being sleepy all day. Although it sounds like an old story, people need their good rest. If people don't get enough sleep, they are not going to look well. Many people don't understand the idea of good sleep. It's not good to go to bed late and sleep on weekends. People must go to bed and get up at the same time every day. And then they can fall asleep easily and have enough sleep. They can look well and have enough energy (能量) to study or work.

Not sleeping enough, people can also sleep more. Sleeping late on weekends can make people more tired because they are sleeping outside of their schedule (时间表). How much sleep people need is very different. While some people need 8 to 10 hours of sleep a night, others only need 5 hours.

根据短文内容回答下列问题。

56. Why don't many people get enough sleep?

57. How long do most people need to sleep a day?

58. What can people do if they want to fall asleep easily and have enough sleep?

59. How do people feel when they sleep late on weekends?

60. Do people need the same hours of sleep a night?

IV. 写作技能 (共 6 小题, 计 35 分)

A) 补全对话 从方框中选出能填入空白处的最佳选项。其中有两项多余。(共 5 小题, 计 10 分)

A: Hi, Linda. What are you doing now?

B: I'm learning English on TV.

A: Really? 61

B: For two years.

A: 62

B: Not very well. It's too difficult.

A: 63

B: I want to give it up, but I can't. 64

A: I agree with you. Learning English well is really very helpful. 65

B: Good idea. Let's begin to learn it now.

B) 情景作文。(计 25 分)

根据表格内容写一篇英语短文, 总结同学们的学习方法。词数 80 左右。

Names	Ways of learning English
Lillian	reading English magazines
Wei Ming	studying grammar
Liu Chang	joining the English club
Antonio	making word cards



第2单元测试卷

(时间: 120分钟 满分: 120分)

I. 听力技能 (共20小题, 计20分)

A) 从A、B、C三个选项中选出能对每个句子作出适当反应的答语。(共5小题, 计5分)

- () 1. A. Yes, please. B. Good idea. C. Of course.
- () 2. A. Certainly you are. B. Sure. Hold on, please. C. I'll do that.
- () 3. A. Oh, they are over there. B. I'm glad you've found it. C. Go straight and turn left.
- () 4. A. OK, I will. B. Yes, I think so. C. Good for you.
- () 5. A. Never mind. B. You are welcome. C. I'm sorry.

B) 从A、B、C三个选项中选出能回答所给问题的正确答案。(共5小题, 计5分)

- () 6. A. Right now. B. Quite soon. C. At four.
- () 7.



- () 8. A. To see the new play. B. To do some shopping. C. To go to the bank.
- () 9. A. They are looking for a CD player in a shop.
B. They are learning how to press the button.
C. The man is teaching the woman how to use the CD player.
- () 10. A. He walked along the beach at night.
B. He swam alone in the cold water.
C. He got the boy out of water and saved him.

C) 根据听到的对话, 选出正确答案。(共5小题, 计5分)

听下面一段对话, 回答第11~12小题。

- () 11. Which is the most important festival in China?
A. The Spring Festival. B. The Mid-Autumn Festival. C. Christmas.
- () 12. What do people usually do during that time of year?
A. Play sports. B. Have a big meal. C. Eat mooncakes.

听下面一段对话, 回答第13~15小题。

- () 13. How many festivals are mentioned in this dialogue?
A. Two. B. Three. C. Four.
- () 14. When do people eat *zongzi*?
A. On the Spring Festival. B. On the Dragon Boat Festival.
C. On the Mid-Autumn Festival.
- () 15. What do people eat for the Lantern Festival?
A. Dumplings. B. *Zongzi*. C. Glue pudding.

D) 根据所听内容填写下面的表格, 每空不超过3个单词。(共5小题, 计5分)

Places	Signs	What to do or not to do
Cinema	16. _____	Enter the cinema.
Cinema	EXIT	17. _____ from here.
18. _____	NO PHOTOS	Don't take photos here.
Street	19. _____	Don't park your 20. _____ here.

II. 知识运用 (共25小题, 计35分)

A) 单项选择 从A、B、C三个选项中选择正确的答案填空。(共15小题, 计15分)

- () 21. I believe that April is _____ month of the year there.
A. hot B. hotter C. the hottest
- () 22. The new year is a time for _____ bad things.
A. clean and wash away B. cleaning and washing away C. cleaning and wash away
- () 23. You will stay healthy _____ you do more exercise and eat healthily.
A. if B. how C. before
- () 24. Chinese people _____ the Mid-Autumn Festival for centuries.
A. has been celebrating B. have been celebrating C. have celebrated
- () 25. We don't know her. She is a _____ to us.
A. relative B. stranger C. friend
- () 26. My family enjoy _____ the moon and _____ mooncakes on the Mid-Autumn night every year.
A. admiring; eating B. to admire; to eat C. admire; eating
- () 27. _____ is a good idea to dress up as a black cat on Halloween.
A. This B. That C. It
- () 28. I want to know _____ you will come back at 8:00 tomorrow.
A. that B. when C. whether
- () 29. He decides _____ his life and promises _____ a better person.
A. to change; to be B. change; be C. to change; being
- () 30. Chang'e refused _____ the medicine to him and drank it all.
A. giving B. to give C. give
- () 31. Hou Yi was _____ sad _____ he called out Chang'e to the moon every night.
A. such; that B. so; that C. too; to
- () 32. On those two days, American parents often _____ their children _____ for lunch or dinner.
A. take; out B. bring; out C. go; out
- () 33. I heard that it is becoming _____ to celebrate Mother's Day and Father's Day.
A. popularer B. more popular C. more and more popular
- () 34. When we talk about Christmas, we may _____ gifts.
A. think B. talk C. think of
- () 35. *A Christmas Carol* is a famous short novel _____ by Charles Dickens.
A. write B. writing C. written

B) 完形填空 通读下面的短文, 掌握其大意, 然后从各题所给的A、B、C三个选项中选出一个最佳答案。(共10小题, 计20分)

People all over the world celebrate the New Year. However, not all countries celebrate in the same way, and in some countries, the New Year doesn't begin on the 36 date every year.

In many countries, the New Year begins on 1st January, but people start celebrating on 31st December, New Year's Eve. In New York many people go to celebrate in Times Square. 37 they're waiting for the New Year, they listen to music, sing traditional songs and have fun. Just before 12 o'clock, everyone 38 down from 10; 10, 9, 8... As soon as it's 12 o'clock, everyone shouts very 39, "Happy New Year!"

New Year's Day is often a family day. Some families get together for a special meal. When the weather is fine, many families go out for a 40.

On New Year's Day, many people make resolutions for the new year. They 41 a list of things, such as "I will help out more with housework. I will work 42 at school than others." or "I won't spend so much time playing video games." When they have made 43 list, they read it to their family or friends and promise to 44 their New Year's resolutions.

So it doesn't matter how they celebrate. 45 people in countries all over the world, it's a time to say goodbye to the old year, and to welcome the new year.

- () 36. A. familiar B. same C. important
- () 37. A. If B. Even though C. While
- () 38. A. comes B. turns C. counts

弥
封
线
得分: _____
学号: _____
姓名: _____
班级: _____

- () 39. A. loudly B. quietly C. sadly
 () 40. A. walk B. secret C. job
 () 41. A. put on B. write down C. take away
 () 42. A. quickly B. hard C. harder
 () 43. A. its B. his C. their
 () 44. A. follow B. make C. do
 () 45. A. By B. For C. With

III. 阅读理解 (共 15 小题, 计 30 分)

A

On New Year's Eve, people in Italy throw out all the old things. So there are chairs, beds, clothes and plates in the streets. In Spain, the new year comes more quietly. In the evening people come together to the streets. Each holds a bag of grapes. When twelve o'clock comes, people start eating the grapes.

In Japan, people eat noodles on New Year's Eve. The food is said to bring long life. Early the next morning, some families climb Mount Fuji. There they watch the first sunrise (日出) of the new year.

根据短文内容, 选择最佳答案。

- () 46. How many countries are mentioned (提到) in this passage?
 A. One. B. Two. C. Three.
 () 47. People in _____ throw out all the old things on New Year's Eve.
 A. Italy B. Japan C. Spain
 () 48. People in Spain welcome New Year by _____ after twelve.
 A. eating noodles B. eating grapes C. throwing the old things
 () 49. What do people do in both Spain and Japan to celebrate New Year?
 A. They throw things away. B. They get together. C. They eat some food.
 () 50. Japanese climb Mount Fuji to _____.
 A. look at the stars B. see the sun coming up C. look for New Year's wishes

B

Festival					
By China Daily May 5th					
Symbol (象征)					
Name	Chinese New Year	Thanksgiving Day	Boy's Day	Halloween	Christmas Day
Date	January or February	The fourth Thursday in November	May 5th	October 31st	December 25th
Country	China	the USA	Japan	the USA	Western countries

- () 51. Thanksgiving Day often comes on _____.
 A. the second Thursday in October
 B. the third Thursday in December
 C. the fourth Thursday in November
 () 52. Of all the festivals above, _____ comes last in a year.
 A. Christmas Day B. Boy's Day C. Halloween
 () 53. The symbol of Chinese New Year is _____.
 A. turkey B. pumpkins C. dumplings
 () 54. There are _____ festivals in the USA in the form.
 A. 2 B. 3 C. 4
 () 55. From the form we know that people are celebrating a festival in _____.
 A. China B. the USA C. Japan

C

Today there are more than 7 billion people on the earth. By the year 2050 there may be 9.6 billion. This is a lot of people to feed. We need more food.

One way to produce more food is by growing stronger plants. For thousands of years, farmers have made plants better. Every season, they pick the best plants for the next season. It works very slowly. Since 1983, scientists have been able to change plants more quickly by changing their genetic material (遗传物质). Foods from plants grown in this way are called genetically modified foods (转基因食品), or GM foods.

By changing the genetic material of a plant, it is possible to make new plants. They make plants which are strong against plant diseases. They can also help in our diseases; a kind of rice is being prepared (准备), for example, which stops people from becoming blind.

Rich countries produce GM foods because they are easy to grow and bring in more money. Poor countries are interested in them because they help produce more food.

GM plants are not natural. No one knows how good or bad they are. Making GM foods is only one way of feeding people in 2050. There are strong feelings against them, because they are unnatural. They may feed people, then hurt them or their children later. But, both rich and poor countries are very interested in their use, and they are not going to go away. In 2050 we may think differently about them.

根据短文内容回答下列问题。

56. Who made GM foods?

 57. Why do rich countries produce GM foods?

 58. Are poor countries interested in GM foods?

 59. Are GM foods good?

 60. Some people don't like GM foods, do they?

IV. 写作技能 (共 6 小题, 计 35 分)

A) 翻译语篇 阅读下面的短文, 将文中画线部分的句子译成中文或英文。(共 5 小题, 计 10 分)

Salt is very important to us. 61. Without enough salt, we will get ill. Animals need salt, too. They need salt to grow strong.

Most of salt comes from the sea. 62. People dig very big pools and let sea water in. When the sun dries up the water, people can get the salt from the ground.

There are a lot of salt wells (井) in our country. People bring the well water up to the ground and then dry it up in big jars (罐子) over fire. 63. 用这种方式, 人们得到食盐。

We can also get salt from salt mines (矿). The salt mines are under the ground. 64. A few years ago, people found a big salt mine in China.

In the northwest of China, there are a great number of salt lakes. 65. 其中有些湖很大。 The salt in these lakes will be enough for all the people in our country for as long as hundreds of years.

61. _____
 62. _____
 63. _____
 64. _____
 65. _____

B) 情景作文。(计 25 分)

Tim 是你班上的一名新同学, 来自美国。他很腼腆, 害怕与同学、老师交谈, 晚上无法睡好, 白天上课无精打采。他非常苦恼, 希望你给他提一些好的建议。

要求: 1. 词数 70 左右; 2. 开头已给出, 不计入总词数。

Dear Tim,

I'm sorry to hear you are unhappy. It's difficult to get used to the life in a foreign country very quickly. I have some suggestions.

- () 31. There are _____ kids in the family.
A. two B. three C. four
- () 32. Mother gives her children _____ dollars in all.
A. twenty B. forty C. eighty
- () 33. They go to the mall _____.
A. on foot B. by car C. by bus
- () 34. Ginger is _____.
A. four years old B. eight years old C. ten years old
- () 35. Ginger buys a _____ doll for the little girl.
A. twenty dollars
B. fifty cents
C. nineteen dollars and fifty cents

C

“Who did this?” asked the teacher. Thirty children made no answer.

“Who did this?” she raised her voice and asked again. She never became angry, but she was angry this time.

It was Charley who broke the window. But he did it by accident. It was caused by a bad throw of a baseball.

“If I admitted (承认) it, it would get me into trouble,” Charley thought. “How would I be able to pay for a big window like that?” But something much stronger in his mind pulled him up. “I did it.” Charley stood up and then became silent. It was hard enough saying that.

The teacher walked to Charley with a book in her hand. The boy feared she was going to hit him with the book.

“I know you did it, and I know how you like birds,” she said. “Here’s a book about birds. It is yours now. You won’t be punished. But remember: it’s only for your honesty.”

Charley couldn’t believe it! He wasn’t punished, but instead, he got a book which needed much money!

根据短文内容回答下列问题。

36. How many students were there in Charley’s class?

37. How did Charley break the window?

38. What did Charley think the teacher would do with the book?

39. What was the book about?

40. What have you learned from the story?

IV. 根据中文提示,完成句子 (计20分)

41. 我下星期一要做一个演讲。
I will _____ next Monday.
42. 耐心点。每天阅读你喜欢的,你会变得更好。
Be patient. You can become better _____ you enjoy every day.
43. 善于学习者会思考他们擅长什么以及哪些方面需要多加练习。
Good learners think about _____ and _____
_____ to practice more.

44. 努力学习还不够。
It is not enough to just _____.
45. 他们寻找复习所学知识的方式。
They _____ ways to review _____ they have learned.
46. 我想知道七月是否是去香港的好时间。
I wonder whether July is _____ visit Hong Kong.
47. 我听说庆祝父亲节和母亲节在中国变得越来越流行了。
I heard that it is becoming _____ to celebrate _____
_____ in China.
48. 他决定改变他的生活并发誓要成为一个更好的人。
He decides to _____ and promises to be a better person.
49. 我怎样才能成为一个好的学习者?
How can I _____?
50. 万圣节前夕在10月31日,是北美一个很受欢迎的节日。
Halloween is a _____ North America and it’s _____ October 31st.

V. 情景作文 (计20分)

假如你是张晓华,下面是你的笔友李蒙给你写的一封电子邮件。请你给他写封回信,帮助他解决问题。

- 要求: 1. 注意书信格式;
2. 针对问题提出合理的建议;
3. 词数80左右。

Dear Xiaohua,

I’m very interested in English. I think English is very useful and important to us. But I find it not easy for me to memorize words. We have many chances to speak English, but I’m very shy. So when it’s my turn to speak, I often feel very nervous. And I’m afraid of making mistakes. I work very hard, but I still can’t improve my English.

What should I do now? Please give me some good advice. Thank you very much for helping me.

Yours,
Li Meng

Dear Li Meng,

Yours,
Zhang Xiaohua


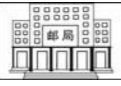

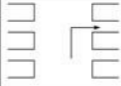






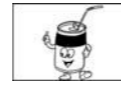






第3单元测试卷

(时间: 120分钟 满分: 120分)

I. 听力技能 (共20小题, 计20分)

A) 听对话, 选择正确的图片。(共5小题, 计5分)

() 1.				() 2.			
	A	B	C		A	B	C
() 3.				() 4.			
	A	B	C		A	B	C
() 5.							
	A	B	C				

B) 听对话, 选择正确答案。(共5小题, 计5分)

- () 6. Where does the man want to go?
A. The bank. B. The post office. C. The zoo.
- () 7. Where's the bank?
A. The bank is between the bookstore and the furniture store.
B. The bank is on Center Street.
C. The bank is about ten minutes' walk.
- () 8. How can the woman find the drugstore?
A. Walk about 200 meters down the street. B. Walk about two blocks and turn right.
C. The drugstore is across from the bank.
- () 9. What kind of food does the man want to have?
A. The man wants to eat Chinese food. B. The man wants to eat Italian food.
C. The man wants to eat Korean food.
- () 10. Where can the girl get a dictionary?
A. In the bookstore. B. In the library. C. In the office.

C) 听对话, 选择正确答案。(共5小题, 计5分)

听下面一段对话, 回答第11~12小题。

- () 11. What happened to the woman?
A. Her arm was broken. B. Her car was broken. C. Her cat was lost.
- () 12. What is the man's advice?
A. Coming back later. B. Waiting near the car. C. Buying a new car.

听下面一段对话, 回答第13~15小题。

- () 13. Where are they going to meet?
A. At the Line 2 subway station. B. At the Line 4 subway station.
C. At the Line 5 subway station.
- () 14. How will the girl go to the meeting place most probably?
A. By bike. B. By bus. C. On foot.
- () 15. What are they going to do?
A. Have a picnic. B. Have a walk. C. Go shopping.

D) 听短文, 选择正确答案。(共5小题, 计5分)

- () 16. What kind of animal do people think the dog is?
A. A dangerous animal. B. A helpful animal. C. An endangered animal.
- () 17. Why did people keep dogs long ago?
A. To keep safe. B. To be their playmates.
C. To play with their children.

- () 18. What do people think about the city when they keep dogs as friends?
A. A busy place. B. A lonely place. C. A better place.
- () 19. What can a dog be for children?
A. A playmate. B. A friend. C. A child.
- () 20. Where can the writer see many people walking with dogs?
A. In the street. B. Around the house. C. In the park.

II. 知识运用 (共25小题, 计35分)

A) 单项选择 从A、B、C三个选项中选择正确的答案填空。(共15小题, 计15分)

- () 21. —Could you tell me _____?
—By searching the Internet.
A. why you got the information B. how did you get the information
C. how you got the information
- () 22. —Excuse me, do you know _____?
—About five minutes' walk.
A. how far the hospital is B. where the hospital is C. how I can get to the hospital
- () 23. Excuse me, _____?
A. can you tell me how to get to the nearest hospital
B. do you know how can I get to the nearest hospital
C. could you please tell me where is the nearest hospital
- () 24. —Where can I buy the shoes, sir?
—Well, take the _____ to the third floor.
A. market B. escalator C. structure
- () 25. There's a hospital _____ the bank _____ the flower store.
A. between; to B. between; and C. between; in
- () 26. —Could you please tell me the way to the post office?
—_____. It's right over there, on the left.
A. Sure B. Yes, I could C. Yes, please
- () 27. My mother said I _____ too much on hats.
A. cost B. spent C. paid
- () 28. It's _____ to offer the seat to the old.
A. rude B. unkind C. polite
- () 29. —Are you interested in _____ matches on TV?
—Yes, I'd like _____ them whenever I am free.
A. watching; to watch B. watching; watching C. watch; to watch
- () 30. —Should I turn right or left?
—Turn left and _____ the museum. You'll see it on the right.
A. miss B. take C. pass
- () 31. Ben is wondering _____ there is a hotel near here.
A. where B. if C. 不填
- () 32. Do you know _____?
A. who is he B. who he is C. where is he
- () 33. —What's today's talk about?
—It's about how to be polite when we _____ requests.
A. have B. ask C. make
- () 34. —Why do people often use "Excuse me" before they ask for directions?
—Because it _____ more polite.
A. sounds B. listens C. hears
- () 35. The expressions they use _____ whom they speak to or how well they know each other.
A. regard as B. look on C. depend on
- B) 完形填空 通读下面的短文, 掌握其大意, 然后从各题所给的A、B、C三个选项中选出一个最佳答案。(共10小题, 计20分)
- Mike loves ships. When he was older, he said, "I'm going to be a soldier." But his eyes were not very 36, and he did not get in. Then he said, "I'm going to 37 a small boat and I'm going around the world." But boats were very expensive, and Mike did not have enough 38. Last summer Mike found a swimming 39 near his house. The lessons there did not cost very 40, and Mike began going to the school every weekend and having 41. Now he is a good swimmer.
- Last week a little boy said to him, "You're a very good swimmer. How do you learn to 42 so well?" "I'm not good 43," Mike said, smiling. "44 I'm in the water, I say to myself, 'There are 45 fishes behind me!' Then I'm very afraid, and I swim quickly."
- () 36. A. big B. beautiful C. good

弥
封
线
得分:
学号:
姓名:
班级:

- ()37. A. buy B. make C. borrow
 ()38. A. food B. work C. money
 ()39. A. park B. school C. pool
 ()40. A. many B. little C. much
 ()41. A. meals B. lessons C. talks
 ()42. A. run B. jump C. swim
 ()43. A. at all B. any more C. any longer
 ()44. A. If B. When C. Though
 ()45. A. interesting B. nice C. dangerous

III. 阅读理解 (共 15 小题, 计 30 分)

A

American people like to say "Thank you" when others help them or say something kind to them. People of many countries do so, too. It is a very good habit.

You should say "Thank you" when someone passes you the salt on the table, when someone walking in front of you keeps the door open for you, when someone says you have done your work well, or you have bought a nice thing, or your city is very beautiful. "Thank you" is used not only between friends, but also between parents and children, brothers and sisters.

"Excuse me" is another short sentence they use. When you hear someone say so behind you, you know that somebody wants to walk past you without touching you. It's not polite to break others when they are talking. If you want to speak to one of them, say "Excuse me" first, and then begin talking. You should also do so when you begin to cough or make any noise before others.

Let's learn to say "Thank you" and "Excuse me".

根据短文内容, 选出最佳答案。

- () 46. You should say "Thank you" when _____.
 A. you say something kind to others
 B. you help others
 C. someone helps you
- () 47. From the passage we know "Thank you" is _____.
 A. widely used in the world
 B. used more often than "Excuse me"
 C. used only by Americans
- () 48. You should say "Excuse me" if you want to _____.
 A. cough B. make some noise C. both A and B
- () 49. When you are going to ask someone to tell you the way, you should say "_____" first.
 A. Thank you B. That's very kind of you C. Excuse me
- () 50. This passage mostly tells us the way _____.
 A. to be happy B. to be polite C. to help others

B

Do you get angry when your friends sing loudly while you are working? Or when your best friend does not wait for you after school?

If you do, you need to take control of (控制) your feelings and stop getting angry so easily. Getting angry with people can make you lose friends.

Gary Egeberg, an American high school teacher, has written *My Feelings Are Just Like Wild Animals* to help you control your feelings. It tells teens how to stay cool when bad things happen to them. The book says that getting angry only makes problems worse. It can never make them better. Getting angry is not a natural (本性的) way to act. It is just a bad habit, like smoking. The book says you can control your anger easily—all you have to do is telling yourself not to be angry.

When a baby falls over, it only cries if people are watching it. Like a baby, you should only get angry if you are sure it is the right thing to do.

The book gives many tips to help you if you get angry easily. Here are our top three:

- ① Keep a record. Every time you get angry, write down why you are angry. Look at it later and you will see you get angry too easily.
- ② Ask your friends to stop talking to you when you get angry. This will teach you not to be angry.
- ③ Do something different. When you get angry, walk away from the problem and go somewhere else. Try to laugh!

根据短文内容, 选出最佳答案。

- ()51. The passage wants to tell us _____.
 A. not to get angry easily B. to work hard at school C. to do more exercise

- ()52. The writer thinks that if you get angry easily you will _____.
 A. get ill very easily B. lose your friends C. put on weight easily
- ()53. *My Feelings Are Just Like Wild Animals* is a _____.
 A. story B. book C. picture
- ()54. *My Feelings Are Just Like Wild Animals* mainly tells us _____.
 A. what to read B. how to read C. how to stay cool
- ()55. In the fourth paragraph, the underlined word "it" refers to _____.
 A. the book B. anger C. the baby

C

Many famous people had dreams when they were young. They often worked hard to make their dreams come true.

When I was only 13 years old, I first thought about what I should do in the future. I used to dream about being a basketball player, a soccer player, or a baseball player. However, I gave up these dreams because I was too short. Then I thought about going into music, so I bought a guitar. But I couldn't play it very well. Then I had to give up my dream again. After that I thought about being a reporter and I worked really hard at it. At the age of 25, my dream came true and I became a reporter.

Finally, I learned the truth about making dreams come true. I should never give up and I must work hard.

根据短文内容回答下列问题。

56. How old was the writer when he first had a dream?

57. Why did he give up being a basketball player?

58. How many dreams did he give up?

59. Did his dream come true at last?

60. What can you learn from this passage?

IV. 写作技能 (共 6 小题, 计 35 分)

A) 补全对话 从方框中选出能填入空白处的最佳选项。有两项多余。(共 5 小题, 计 10 分)

Tony: I'm hungry, Gina. What about you?

Gina: Me, too. 61

Tony: That's a good idea. What about going to the Big Dongfang Restaurant? The food there is very delicious.

Gina: Oh, Tony, 62

Tony: Why?

Gina: I like the food there, but the pictures on the wall make me sad, and the loud music makes me tense.

- | |
|---|
| <p>A. Because I like to listen to quiet music while I'm eating.
 B. Because I don't like the quiet music.
 C. but I don't like the Big Dongfang Restaurant.
 D. What do you think of the music?
 E. Why not get something to eat?
 F. The loud music makes me uncomfortable.
 G. I'd rather go to the Blue Lagoon Restaurant.</p> |
|---|

Tony: I agree. 63 Well, so where would you like to go?

Gina: 64

Tony: The Blue Lagoon Restaurant? Why?

Gina: 65

Tony: OK! Let's go!

B) 情景作文。(计 25 分)

在现代生活中, 广告无处不在。有人喜欢广告, 有人讨厌广告。请你来当评论家, 谈谈自己的看法, 说说广告的优点与缺点。词数 80 左右。

提示词汇: cheat 上当, 受骗



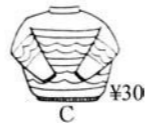
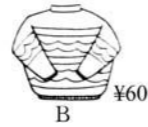
第4单元测试卷

(时间: 120分钟 满分: 120分)

I. 听力技能 (共20小题, 计20分)

A) 根据所听到的对话, 选出合适的图片。(共5小题, 计5分)

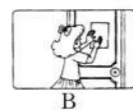
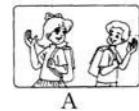
() 1. How much is the sweater now?



() 2. What sport would the woman like to do?



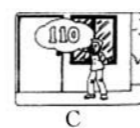
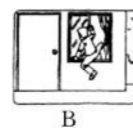
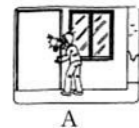
() 3. How will the girl tell Victor about it?



() 4. Who's Max?



() 5. Which picture is RIGHT?



B) 听对话, 选择最佳答案。(共5小题, 计5分)

() 6. What did David use to be afraid of?

A. Dogs.

B. Snakes.

C. Cats.

() 7. What does the man do?

A. He is a scientist.

B. He is a doctor.

C. He is a policeman.

() 8. Where does Jimmy live now?

A. On King Street.

B. On Bridge Street.

C. On New Street.

() 9. How has Fred changed?

A. He is much taller.

B. He is much thinner.

C. His hair is shorter.

() 10. Who likes to have English classes now?

A. Jane.

B. John.

C. Peter.

C) 听对话, 选择最佳答案。(共5小题, 计5分)

() 11. Did Ted know Jane?

A. Yes, he did.

B. No, he didn't.

C. We don't know.

() 12. What did Jane use to be like?

A. She used to be shy.

B. She didn't use to be shy.

C. She was outgoing.

() 13. Who used to be afraid of flying in an airplane?

A. Ted.

B. Jane.

C. We don't know.

() 14. What is Ted afraid of doing now?

A. Flying a kite.

B. Taking a plane.

C. Taking a train.

() 15. How does Ted go out?

A. By bike.

B. By plane.

C. By bus.

D) 请根据所听到的对话内容和表格中的提示词语, 将所缺的关键信息填写在相应位置上。(共5小题, 计5分)

Things lost	16. a _____	Size	17. _____
Where lost	on a No. 104 bus	Color	18. _____
Owner's name	John 19. _____	Phone number	20. _____

II. 知识运用 (共25小题, 计35分)

A) 单项选择 从A、B、C三个选项中选择正确的答案填空。(共15小题, 计15分)

() 21. She used to _____ few friends, but now she has many friends.

A. be

B. having

C. have

() 22. When I was a child, I used to _____ chocolate.

A. liking

B. like

C. liked

() 23. _____ work in Microsoft?

A. Did you used to

B. Did you use to

C. Do you used to

() 24. Where _____ live before you came here?

A. did you used to

B. did you use to

C. use you to

() 25. No one likes him _____.

A. still

B. never

C. anymore

() 26. _____ Mary _____ to be a doctor?

A. Does; use

B. Did; use

C. Is; used

() 27. He is afraid of _____ strangers.

A. see

B. seeing

C. saw

() 28. It _____ that he has been ill for a long time.

A. seems

B. looks

C. looks as if

() 29. Jack used not to play soccer, _____?

A. didn't he

B. did he

C. wasn't he

() 30. Don't _____ about things so much. It will make you stressed out.

A. afraid

B. terrify

C. worry

() 31. Cindy is a _____ African girl.

A. 16-year-old

B. 16 years old

C. 16-years-old

() 32. He was often _____ classes, so he can't get good grades.

A. absent from

B. studying hard

C. listening carefully

() 33. It's been three years _____ we last saw our primary school classmates.

A. that

B. for

C. since

() 34. He used to be short and strong, but now _____ big and strong he is!

A. what

B. very

C. how

() 35. The head teacher advised the boy's parents _____ their son in person.

A. to talk

B. talk with

C. to talk with

B) 完形填空 通读下面的短文, 掌握其大意, 然后从各题所给的A、B、C三个选项中选出一个最佳答案。(共10小题, 计20分)

Football may be the most 36 of the games. People in many 37 around the world like playing it. In the 19th century 38 in England first played this kind of balls. The players moved the ball 39. The first international football game was between England and Scotland in 1872.

Football is played by 40 with eleven men on each team. Each team has one way to 41. It must score more goals (进球) 42 the other team. Each 43 in games is one point (分). Football is a round ball. Players may kick (踢) it and 44 it by any part of the body except the 45. Only one player on the team can use his hands. This player is the goal keeper.

() 36. A. careful

B. popular

C. dangerous

() 37. A. towns

B. countries

C. villages

() 38. A. people

B. English

C. children

() 39. A. with his foot

B. by his feet

C. with their feet

- () 40. A. two teams B. three teams C. one team
 () 41. A. win B. winning C. won
 () 42. A. as B. like C. than
 () 43. A. football B. goal C. ball
 () 44. A. move B. use C. carry
 () 45. A. feet B. heads C. hands

III. 阅读理解 (共 15 小题, 计 30 分)

A

My mother was telling me about how she and her family got their first television when she was a teenager. Of course it was black and white. She said she only watched it at night. She didn't remember watching it in the morning or afternoon. When I was young we had only about 3 or 4 different channels. My brothers, my sisters and I would sometimes fight about which channel to watch. But we usually enjoyed the same shows.

Nowadays we can get hundreds of channels on TV. I can't believe it! There are channels with old movies, cooking, fishing and so on. It's amazing! There is a channel for everything. I wonder how much my brothers, my sisters and I would fight if we had hundreds of channels when I was a child. Of course we had only one television set. These days I notice families with 2 or 3 or more television sets in their homes. I guess it stops people from arguing over which channel to choose from.

根据短文内容, 选择最佳答案。

- () 46. In the past days, what kind of television sets did people only have?
 A. Black and white ones.
 B. Color ones.
 C. All kinds of television sets.
- () 47. My mother watched TV _____ when she was young.
 A. in the morning B. in the afternoon C. at night
- () 48. Nowadays, how many channels can we get on TV?
 A. 3 or 4 different channels. B. Only one channel. C. Hundreds of channels.
- () 49. When I was a teenager, my brothers, my sisters and I usually enjoyed _____.
 A. four shows B. the same shows C. different shows
- () 50. Which of the following is NOT true?
 A. My brothers, my sisters and I would sometimes fight about which channel to watch when I was a child.
 B. These days, there is only one channel with old movies, cooking and fishing.
 C. People have many channels to choose from now.

B

Dear Xiao Ming,

Do you know how to write an English letter? When we write a letter in Chinese, we always put the date at the end of the letter. But it is different in English. We have to put it on the top of the right corner. And above the date, we also write the number of our house and the names of our street, city and country. To begin the letter, we always use words like "Dear Sir" "Dear Mr/Miss/Mrs...". At the end of the letter, we usually use words like "Yours" "Yours ever" or "Truly yours".

Yours,
 Wang Lu

根据短文内容, 选出最佳答案。

- () 51. "We have to put it on the top of the right corner." The word "it" here means _____.
 A. the date B. the letter C. the envelope
- () 52. Who writes this letter?
 A. Xiao Ming. B. You. C. Wang Lu.
- () 53. From the passage, we know when we write an English letter, we should put down our address _____.
 A. at the end of the letter on the left
 B. at the end of the letter on the right
 C. at the top of the letter on the right
- () 54. How do you begin your letter if you write to Peter White?
 A. Peter. B. Mr Peter. C. Dear Mr White.

- () 55. What's the main idea of the letter?
 A. How to write English letters.
 B. How to write Chinese letters.
 C. Writing letters and sending emails.

C

On April 22, people all over the world take time out to appreciate (珍惜) the earth that we all share. It's Earth Day, a special day to learn about our planet (行星) and how to take care of it.

On Earth Day, some people listen to speeches about the environment. Others help clean up their offices or save water and electricity at home. Your parents may even decide to take a day off from driving their cars.

The idea for Earth Day came from a U. S. Senator (参议员), who was worried about pollution and the health of plants and animals. And the idea quickly caught on (流行起来). In 1970, the first Earth Day was celebrated. More than 20 million people in cities all over the U. S. took part. Since then, Earth Day has been used to educate people about their role in taking care of our planet.

In 1990, 200 million people from 140 countries took part in clean-ups, tree planting and other environmental events on Earth Day. Since then, Earth Day has become a global celebration.

根据短文内容回答下列问题。

56. When is Earth Day?

57. Who came up with the idea for Earth Day?

58. How many people celebrated the first Earth Day in 1970?

59. Is Earth Day popular around the world now?

60. What is Earth Day?

IV. 写作技能 (共 6 小题, 计 35 分)

A) 语篇翻译 阅读下面的短文, 将文中画线部分的句子译成中文。(共 5 小题, 计 10 分)

Do you have any hobbies? If students don't have any interest except school work, they may become boring people. And that can influence their studies.

Studying without relaxing isn't good for health. 61. We can't get good grades if we have bad health. We should make use of our free time. We should do something we like. Some people like singing, taking photos and drawing pictures. 62. Other people prefer collecting stamps, reading or shopping. I have a few hobbies, but my favorite one is collecting stamps. 63. I like it best because I can learn a lot of things from stamps.

Some people collect stamps because they can make money from the stamps. But I am just interested in collecting them and enjoy looking at them when I am free. 64. Stamp collecting is becoming more and more popular all over the world. I know an Australian boy and a French girl through the Internet. They both like collecting stamps. We show our stamps to each other online (网上). 65. That is so cool.

61. _____
62. _____
63. _____
64. _____
65. _____

B) 情景作文。(计 25 分)

请以 "How I've Changed!" 为题写一段话, 谈谈自己过去和现在的变化。短文可适当发挥, 使其连贯、通顺。词数 80 左右。



弥
封
线



3~4 单元练习卷

(时间: 90 分钟 满分: 100 分)

I. 单项选择 (共 15 小题, 计 15 分)

- () 1. Go _____ the museum, and _____ the second turning on the right. You'll find the post office.
A. pass; take B. past; take C. pass; get
- () 2. There's a supermarket _____ the hotel _____ the bank.
A. between; to B. between; with C. between; and
- () 3. —It's too late. I have to go now.
—Oh, it's raining outside. Don't leave _____ it stops.
A. since B. until C. while
- () 4. Tell her not to spend _____ time playing computer games.
A. too much B. too many C. much too
- () 5. There are _____ floors in the building and Mrs Li lives on the _____ floor.
A. twelve; twelve B. twelve; twelfth C. twelfth; twelve
- () 6. —Could you please _____ me your bike?
—Certainly. Here you are.
A. borrow B. keep C. lend
- () 7. How do you _____ the trouble?
A. do with B. deal with C. dealing with
- () 8. —Why not _____ a kite with me this afternoon?
—Sounds good.
A. fly B. flying C. to fly
- () 9. —Do you know _____ we'll get there at 3:00 this afternoon?
—I'm afraid we'll be late.
A. that B. how C. if
- () 10. —Could you tell me _____ it takes to go from here to Beijing by air?
—About 50 minutes.
A. how many B. how much C. how long
- () 11. —Could you please tell me _____?
—It's next to the post office.
A. where is the supermarket
B. where the supermarket is
C. where was the supermarket
- () 12. He used to spend time _____ in the river.
A. swim B. swam C. swimming
- () 13. —Did you _____ be interested _____ English?
—Yes, I did.
A. used to; at B. use to; on C. use to; in
- () 14. Did you _____ to play the piano? I like that a lot.
A. used B. use C. be used

- () 15. She used to be shy, but now she's outgoing and gets _____ attention.
A. tons B. a lot C. tons of

II. 完形填空 (共 10 小题, 计 15 分)

Every morning, Tom goes to work by train. As he has a 16 way to go, he always buys a newspaper. It helps to make the time 17 more quickly. 18 Tuesday morning, he turned to the sports page. He wanted to see the report about an important 19 match the night before. The report was 20 interesting that he forgot to get off at his station. He knew this when he looked out of the window and saw the sea. He got off at 21 station and had 22 a long time for a train back. Of course, he arrived very 23 at the office. His boss was very 24 when he was told why Tom was late. "Work is 25 than football!" he shouted.

- () 16. A. short B. long C. easy
() 17. A. pass B. past C. to pass
() 18. A. At B. In C. One
() 19. A. basketball B. football C. volleyball
() 20. A. so B. very C. much
() 21. A. other B. another C. the next
() 22. A. to wait B. wait C. waited
() 23. A. early B. fast C. late
() 24. A. angry B. glad C. happy
() 25. A. much important B. most important C. more important

III. 阅读理解 (共 15 小题, 计 30 分)

A

Hi, I'm Li Lan. I study in a high school now. It seems that my life has changed a lot in the past few years. For example, I used to be short but now I am tall. I used to have long hair, but now I have short hair because I have no more time to take care of it. I used to be afraid of the sea because I didn't know how to swim, but now I am a good swimmer in our school. As for eating, I used to have meat and eggs, but now I like eating more vegetables.

When I was young, I didn't use to read any books, but now I often read some storybooks. When I was in primary school, I used to play football with my friends after school, but now I have to go home right away and do my homework. I didn't like math and I used to be terrified of the tests, but now I like every subject and never mind any tests. In the past, I used to have time to chat with my friends online, but now I am too busy to do it. I am so busy that I miss my old days a lot.

根据短文内容, 判断正 (T) 误 (F)。

- () 26. Li Lan is tall and her hair is short now.
() 27. Li Lan used to like math best, but she was afraid of the sea.
() 28. From the passage we can know Li Lan likes eating healthier food than before.
() 29. Li Lan didn't use to read storybooks, but now she likes reading them.
() 30. Li Lan's life has changed to be busier than before.

B

Dear Mom,

Time flies quickly. Two months has gone by since I joined this boarding school. Everything is going well. During my first month here, I was like a fish out of water. I came to realize how many things I should thank you for.

On the cold winter days, I have to get up early almost every morning to fetch hot water. I began to feel ashamed that I never said "thank you" every time you prepared (准备) hot water for me each morning on winter days before I got up.

弥
封
线

得分: _____

学号: _____

姓名: _____

班级: _____

I am no longer that girl who was often unable to find her books in her bedroom. It used to take me a lot of time to collect all the books for the day's classes. But I have gotten over that bad habit now. And now I know how much time you used to take to collect my books every evening.

I have learned to do the laundry on my own now. I came to realize that washing clothes is a boring job, especially on winter days. Sometimes there is no hot water and I have to wash my clothes with cold water by hand.

I came to know how grateful (感激的) I should be to have you as my mom. Thank you, Mom.

Yours,
Silvia

根据短文内容, 选出最佳答案。

- () 31. Silvia has been at the boarding school for _____.
- A. one week B. two weeks C. two months
- () 32. The underlined word "ashamed" means "_____" in Chinese.
- A. 惭愧的 B. 恐惧的 C. 吃惊的
- () 33. At the boarding school, Silvia doesn't _____ anymore.
- A. do her laundry
B. put her books everywhere
C. say "thank you" to her mother
- () 34. From the letter we can learn that _____.
- A. Silvia used to do her laundry at home
B. Silvia often helps her mom do housework
C. Silvia's mom has done many things for her before
- () 35. Silvia wrote this letter in order to tell her mom _____.
- A. her school life
B. her thanks from her heart
C. she could do many things

C

Saying no can be very difficult. People who are very shy often have little confidence. It is very hard for them to say no. They would feel shy when they say no, but doing things that they don't want to do will make them unhappy.

A simple and direct "No" is the best way. If you want to explain, you can keep it simple. Just say, "No, I've already made plans for this time." or "No, I'm not free at that time."

Other indirect but polite ways of saying no:

- Sorry, I can't do this right now.
- I'm afraid I can't, but thank you for asking.
- Please accept (接受) that I cannot come.
- I'd rather not.

To say no you should:

- Start the sentence with the word "No".
- Shake (摇晃) your head when you say no to make sure others understand. Your voice should be clear and direct.

Sometimes it is difficult to say no. You can try to reply and explain in the following way:

"Sorry. I would have taken care of your cat next weekend, but I will be going out. I know it will be hard to find someone to take care of the cat. I will try to help you next time."

Remember that: you have the right (权利) to say no!

根据短文内容回答下列问题。

36. Who usually have trouble saying "No" according to the passage?

37. How do indirect ways of saying "No" sound?

38. When you really want to say "No", how should you make your voice?

39. What does the writer encourage us to do?

40. When it is really difficult to say "No", what should you do?

IV. 根据中文提示, 完成句子 (计 20 分)

41. 打扰一下, 请问你能告诉我最近的银行在哪里吗?
_____, could you please tell me where _____?
42. 在那个时间这家餐馆总是客人很多, 所以早点儿来才有桌子。
The restaurant is always busy at that time, so come _____ a table.
43. 他一直在关注我, 并且会为我做好的每一件事而感到自豪。
He was watching me, and would always _____ everything that I did well.
44. Larry 现在仍然害怕在众人面前说话。
Larry is _____ in front of many people.
45. 你过去常常留长发吗?
_____ you _____ long hair?
46. 请你安静点。她很害羞。
_____, please. She's _____.
47. 很难相信他过去是一个问题孩子。
It's hard to believe that he used to be _____.
48. 校长建议这个男孩的父母与他们的孩子谈谈。
The head teacher _____ the boy's parents _____ their child.
49. 父母的爱让他自我感觉很好。
His parents' love made him _____.
50. 令每个人惊奇的是, 这次谈话改变了李文的一生。
_____, this conversation changed Li Wen's life.

V. 情景作文 (计 20 分)

学校杂志社要举行以“感恩”为主题的英语征文活动, 请根据以下提示, 写一篇征文稿。

1. 介绍谁是你想要感恩的人;
2. 说明为什么要感恩于他;
3. 表示自己的决心。

注意: 1. 词数 80 左右;

2. 请不要逐句翻译, 可适当发挥以使行文连贯;

3. 开头已经给出, 不计入总词数。

The Person That I Want to Thank Most

In my life, there are many people I should thank. _____

- ()39. A. cheap B. low C. dear
 ()40. A. ahead B. back C. across
 ()41. A. looked at B. looked after C. looked for
 ()42. A. the other B. another C. other
 ()43. A. angry B. unhappy C. pleased
 ()44. A. received B. gave C. borrowed
 ()45. A. brother B. son C. sister

III. 阅读理解 (共 15 小题, 计 30 分)

A

Many Chinese students think American students enjoy more freedom than them at school. But American schools also have their rules. If the students break the rules, they will get punishment, too.

On the first day of a new term, 128 students of Morton High School were sent home for wearing the wrong clothes. There are altogether 1,200 students in the school. Usually only 20 students break the school dress rule every day. So the headmaster Theresa Mayerik said it was the worst new term she had ever seen.

At Morton High School, students' favorite clothing such as baggy (宽大的) trousers, low-necked shirts and tank tops (紧身短背心) are not allowed in classrooms. Some students think they have the right to choose what to wear, but the headmaster doesn't think so. "I'd be supportive if half the school was sent home, because 99% will get the message that our school are for education." "Freedom" does not mean "free of restrictions (约束)". That is to say there is no total freedom in the world, no matter in the US or in China.

根据短文内容, 选出最佳答案。

- ()46. Many Chinese students think that _____.
 A. American students are very free at school
 B. American students are not so clever as them
 C. American students don't love their school at all
- ()47. 128 students of Morton High School were sent home for _____.
 A. not finishing their homework
 B. being late for school
 C. not wearing the right clothes
- ()48. Some students in Morton High School think that they have the right to _____.
 A. decide when to go to school
 B. choose what to wear
 C. eat and drink in class
- ()49. What does the underlined word "supportive" mean in Chinese?
 A. 高兴的 B. 支持的 C. 害怕的
- ()50. What's the writer's attitude (态度) to the school dress rule?
 A. Agree. B. Disagree(不同意). C. Not sure.

B

Most people have flown kites or have seen one ride and dip in a strong spring wind. Not so many people know that kites were first made in China thousands of years ago. The ancient (古代的) Chinese were making and flying kites even before they were writing.

A long time ago, the Chinese made kites to use in wars. They would fly these war kites in the dark. The kites were fixed so that they made strange sounds. Men who were at war with them would hear these sounds and run away. They thought those sounds were made by gods in the sky.

The ancient Chinese also flew kites to bring good luck and to make their crops grow rich and tall. Sometimes they tied long strings (绳子) and hooks (钩) to their kites. Then they would fly the kites over water, letting the hooks hang down to catch fish.

The Chinese use sticks, strings and paper for their kites. Some of these kites look like animals or trees. Others look like birds or houses.

根据短文内容, 选出最佳答案。

- ()51. The main idea of the first paragraph is that _____.
 A. kites were first made in China
 B. most of us have flown or seen one kite
 C. the ancient Chinese were making kites before they were writing

- ()52. In ancient China kites could be used for _____.
 A. catching fish B. helping people fly C. watering the crops
- ()53. The ancient Chinese used kites in wars because the kites _____.
 A. could bring good luck B. looked like animals C. could help them win a war
- ()54. The Chinese usually use _____ for their kites.
 A. sticks, strings and grass B. strings, hair and wood C. paper, strings and sticks
- ()55. What is the best title for this passage?
 A. Lucky Kites B. Strange Kites C. Chinese Kites

C

Some time ago, an old businessman had a large store in Boston. He wanted a boy to work for him, and he put an advertisement in the newspaper. The next morning, many boys came to the old man's office, asking for the job.

There was a post (柱子) by his desk, and there was a nail (钉子) in it. He took a walking stick and said, "Everyone has three chances. If anyone can hit the nail on the head with this stick more than once, I will give him the job." The boys thought it was easy. They all tried, but nobody could make it. So the old man said, "I'm sorry I can't take any of you." And they left.

He kept the advertisement in the paper, and the next morning many more boys came, and among them he saw a thin boy who had been there the day before. The boy hit the nail successfully for three times. The old man felt surprised and asked how he did that. "Yes," said the boy, "I failed yesterday, but I thought that if I kept on trying a while, I could do it. So I went home and practiced hitting a nail with a stick till I could do it, and I got up very early this morning, and tried again."

The old man said, "You are the boy for me." And he gave him the job. Whatever the boy had to do, he tried to do his best. It was not very long before he became the best clerk in the store.

根据短文内容回答下列问题。

56. What could they use to hit the nail?

57. How many chances could everyone have to hit the nail?

58. Who got the job on the first day?

59. Did the boys know the advertisement on TV or in the newspaper?

60. Why could the boy hit the nail successfully?

IV. 写作技能 (共 6 小题, 计 35 分)

A) 补全对话 从方框中选出能填入空白处的最佳选项。其中有两项多余。(共 5 小题, 计 10 分)

- MAN: Good morning. 61
 GIRL: Yes, please. I'd like to buy a camera.
 MAN: We have many cameras here. Some are made in China, and some are made in other countries.
 GIRL: This one looks very nice. 62
 MAN: In Japan.
 GIRL: 63
 MAN: 5,000 yuan. This is a digital camera.
 GIRL: Wow, that's too expensive! 64 Do you have an ordinary one?
 MAN: Sure. What about those ones?
 GIRL: Well, this one looks very good. And the price is OK. Is it made in China?
 MAN: Yes, it's made in Shanghai.
 GIRL: OK, 65

- A. I'll take it.
 B. I can't afford it.
 C. I really like it.
 D. When is it made?
 E. Where is it made?
 F. Can I help you?
 G. How much does it cost?

B) 情景作文。(计 25 分)

你喜欢旅游吗? 你去过的那些地方中, 你最喜欢哪里? 请你用英语写一篇短文, 介绍一处给你留下深刻印象的自然景观或旅游胜地。短文不少于 80 词。



第6单元测试卷



(时间: 120分钟 满分: 120分)

I. 听力技能 (共20小题, 计20分)

A) 听对话, 选择合适的图片。(共5小题, 计5分)

- () 1. What did Jack use to be afraid of? () 2. What will the woman buy for Betty?



- () 3. How does the man improve his listening? () 4. What's mentioned in the conversation?



- () 5. Whose is the French book?



B) 听下面5段对话, 从题中所给的A、B、C三个选项中选出最佳答案。(共5小题, 计5分)

- () 6. What does Tina feel difficult in learning Chinese?
A. Listening. B. Reading. C. Grammar.
- () 7. What time is it now?
A. 7:30. B. 7:45. C. 7:35.
- () 8. Whose pen might it be?
A. Fred's. B. Carmen's. C. Jack's.
- () 9. Where does this dialogue probably take place?
A. In a restaurant. B. In a clothes shop. C. In a tea house.
- () 10. Will the man go on smoking?
A. Yes, he will. B. No, he won't. C. It's not mentioned.

C) 根据所听到的对话, 选择最佳选项。(共5小题, 计5分)

听下面一段对话, 回答第11~12小题。

- () 11. What is Lucy like now?
A. She wears only one earring. B. She has long hair. C. She is outgoing.
- () 12. What's the relationship between the two speakers?
A. Teacher and student. B. Father and daughter. C. Doctor and patient.

听下面一段对话, 回答第13~15小题。

- () 13. Who went to the movie?
A. Mary. B. Mary and her cousin. C. Mary, her cousin and Mike.
- () 14. How does Mary like the rock music?
A. She thinks it's great. B. She can't understand it. C. She thinks it's fun.
- () 15. What does Mary mean at the end of the conversation?
A. She can't help Mike. B. She will help Mike. C. She needs Mike's help.

D) 笔录要点 根据你听到的内容, 将下面5个小题的信息补充完整, 每空一词。(共5小题, 计5分)

Email is a new way to send and receive a 16. _____. In the past, you might spend a few weeks 17. _____ a letter from somebody. But today, you can send an email to one of your friends within a few 18. _____ through the Internet. And sending an email is 19. _____ than sending a

letter or making long-distance calls. As long as you have a computer, you can even send or receive an email for 20. _____. So, many people today prefer email to other ways of communication. What do you think about it?

II. 知识运用 (共20小题, 计35分)

A) 单项选择 从A、B、C三个选项中, 选出最佳答案填空。(共15小题, 计15分)

- () 21. —Do you know who invented the telephone?
—No. I only know it _____ in 1876.
A. invented B. was invented C. invents
- () 22. The book _____ into many other languages last year.
A. translated B. be translating C. was translated
- () 23. Annie _____ to the party. She had a wonderful time with us.
A. invites B. is invited C. was invited
- () 24. —Sorry, I took your book _____ mistake.
—It doesn't matter.
A. with B. by C. at
- () 25. I know that potato chips _____ by George Crum.
A. was invented B. are invented C. were invented
- () 26. —It's so kind of you to give me a ride to the station.
—_____.
A. It doesn't matter B. Never mind C. With pleasure
- () 27. Today, computers are really helpful. They _____ everywhere.
A. use B. are used C. used
- () 28. Horses used to be used for _____ things for people.
A. carry B. carried C. carrying
- () 29. Now the basketball sport is enjoyed _____ many people _____ fun and exercise.
A. by; for B. with; for C. to; with
- () 30. I want to _____ the food _____ four pieces.
A. divide; to B. divide; by C. divide; into
- () 31. English is used _____ a second language _____ people in many countries.
A. as; by B. as; for C. for; by
- () 32. The number of teachers in our school _____ 80 and a number of them _____ male teachers.
A. is; are B. are; is C. are; are
- () 33. —What _____ this piece of cloth used for?
—It is used for _____ the table clean.
A. does; keeping B. is; keeping C. will; to keep
- () 34. Our new library _____ last year. We enjoy reading and studying in it.
A. was built B. built C. is built
- () 35. The food smells _____. We can't eat it. Please throw it away.
A. delicious B. sweet C. sour

B) 完形填空 通读下面的短文, 掌握其大意, 然后从各题所给的A、B、C三个选项中选出一个最佳答案。(共10小题, 计20分)

There have been many great inventions that change the way we live. The first great 36 was one that is still very important today—the wheel. This made it easy for man 37 heavy things and to travel long distances. For hundreds of years after that, there were 38 inventions that had as much effect as the wheel. Then in the early 1800's the world started to change 39. There was little unknown land left in the world. People did not have to explore much any more. In the second half of the 19th century many great inventions were made. 40 them were the camera, the electric light and the radio. These have all become a big part of our life today.

The first part of the 20th century saw more great inventions. The helicopter in 1909. Movies 41 sound in 1926. The computer in 1928. And jet planes in 1930. This was also a time when a new 42 was first made. Nylon came out in 1935. It changed the kind of clothes people wear. Of course new inventions continued to be made. Man began looking 43 ways to go into space. Russia made the first step. Then the United States took another. Since then other countries, including China and Japan, 44 their steps into space. In 1969 man took his biggest step away from the earth. 45 first walked on the moon. This was certainly just a beginning. New inventions will someday allow us to do things we have never yet dreamed of.

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得分: _____
学号: _____
姓名: _____
班级: _____