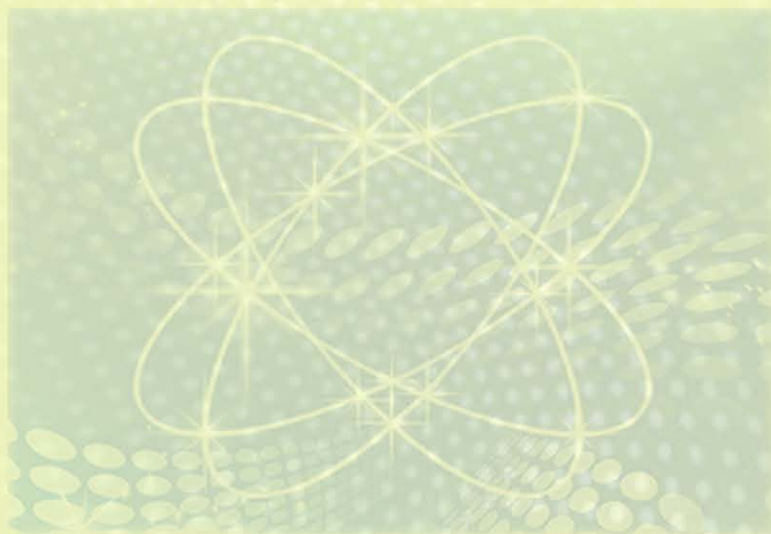


英语



重庆大学出版社

致艺考生

艺考生想要升入理想的大学,必须跨过两道门槛。第一道门槛是专业课,各省联考相对比较简单,容易拿下。对于基础较好、足够勤奋努力的艺考生来说拿到清华大学、中央美术学院、中国美术学院等校考专业合格证也不是问题。但是第二道门槛——文化课,对于艺考生简直可以用“鬼门关”来形容了。因为从高三开始,有的艺考生甚至从高二下学期就开始准备专业课的考试,使文化课复习一度处于停滞或半停滞的状态。因此在专业课考试结束后,复习文化课便成为艺考生的头等大事。现在全国卷的普及范围越来越广,考试难度加大对艺考生更是“雪上加霜”。那么如何成功地迈过文化课这一关呢?选择正确的复习资料、高效的复习方法以及靠谱的复习机构就至关重要了!

基于此,“文考帮——艺考生文化课专用复习资料”经过三年的市场调研、实践,在众多高考命题专家、一线优秀名师的倾力打造下终于与读者见面了。它适合包括美术、声乐、器乐、舞蹈、播音主持、编导、空乘等多个专业的所有艺考生,是学生在集训期间自己复习及一轮复习、机构老师带领学生复习的好搭档。“文考帮”由一轮基础知识复习、二轮专题讲解、三轮真题演练三个部分构成完整体系。其突出特点是:名校名师、直击高考;高度浓缩、精准点拨;急艺考生所急,想艺考生所想。全国卷地区卷艺考生均适用。

我们深深地知道,作为艺考生的你们:

承载着——父母的期盼、恩师的厚望;背负着——天赐的智慧、青春的理想!

我们也殷切地希望——你们庄严地承诺:

从今天起,从此刻起;

不作懦弱的退缩,不作无益的彷徨;

你们将——带着从容的微笑、踏着稳健的步伐,

去赢取志在必得的辉煌!

“文考帮”编写委员会

2017年8月8日

前 言

风雨兼程砺意志,苦乐同享铸辉煌!

学习是充实精神的路途。复习是一个巩固知识、深化知识的过程,它能将脑海中纷繁复杂的知识脉络化、系统化、生动化。英语复习不仅需要即时复习,还需要定期复习。即时复习能够快速温习当天所学习的知识,使之牢固化;而定期复习则能够整合一个阶段所学习的知识,加深印象。两种复习方式相互交错,才能达到最佳学习效果。同时,同学之间的积极交流也是科学复习的必经之途。同学之间的学习交流能够促进学习的进步,起到互通有无、取长补短的作用。学而有法,学无定法,贵在行法。世上没有完全相同的两片叶子,更没有完全相同的人。每个人都有自己的特点,适合自己的,就是最好的方法。因此,每位同学要提升自主学习和自主辨别的能力,这是进行有效高考复习的基础。

编 者

2017年8月

目录

单词练习	1
词组练习	12
语法练习	13
词汇综合练习	17
阅读理解练习	21
七选五阅读理解练习	33
作文练习	37
答案解析	39





单词练习

Direction: Complete the sentences with proper words according to the Chinese in brackets.

(1)

1. Elementary _____ (教育) is very important to every child.
2. Abraham Lincoln was _____ (谋杀) in 1865.
3. Mike will never forget his happy _____ (童年) he spent in the countryside.
4. A daily is a newspaper that is _____ (出版) everyday except Sunday.
5. The policeman brought the little boy to a _____ (安全的) place.
6. As we all know, the _____ (最喜欢) food of Americans is hamburger.
7. The children learned about the _____ (关系) between the moon and the tides.
8. The slaves in the north are fighting for their _____ (自由).
9. He was stopped every dozen meters by his friends who wanted to offer _____ (祝贺) on his success.
10. I was sitting on the floor shivering with _____ (害怕).
11. I can't wait so you had better give me an _____ (立刻) reply.
12. His spoken English is _____ (吃惊) wonderful.
13. This should help him _____ (形成) lasting relationships.
14. Try and try until you _____ (成功).
15. Your work has improved in _____ (数量) and quality in this term.
16. The age of the students ranged from 16 to 19 with an _____ (平均) age of 18.
17. During the Second World War from 1937 to 1945, there were many _____ (组织) boycotts of Japanese goods all over China.
18. Sports and games are very _____ (有价值) to people's health.
19. The plane made a true course _____ (朝着) Iceland.
20. Most people tend to have the admixture of strengths and _____ (短处).
21. _____ (判断) from what he said, he must be a teacher.
22. Marx was forced to leave his motherland for the _____ (政治) reason.
23. Stress has an effect on both your _____ (身体) and mental health.
24. A theme park provides much _____ (娱乐).
25. Some people still have the habit of writing silly things in _____ (公共的) places.

(2)

1. If you have a strong will, you will _____ (克服) any difficulty.
2. He studies law books and maybe he'll turn to be a _____ (律师) in the future.

3. The man is _____ (贪婪) and he's never satisfied with his wealth.
4. He didn't pass the exam _____ (只是) because he hadn't worked hard.
5. He, on behalf of all students, gave a speech at the graduation _____ (典礼).
6. You are lucky to have had in your youth the help and _____ (指导) of such a man.
7. He is a _____ (天才) artist. His paintings are world-famous.
8. A little _____ (鼓励) is all some people need to keep doing good jobs.
9. I _____ (坚持) on his coming with me.
10. Charlie thinks money will _____ (解决) all his problems.
11. Smoking is _____ (禁止) here and you'd better smoke outside.
12. With the rapid _____ (发展) of city, real estate in the center is becoming more expensive.
13. The strategy of trading space for time sounds _____ (有道理).
14. At last they _____ (历经) the joy of success.
15. The _____ (气候) in the south is warmer than that in the north.
16. People in New York City now _____ (愿意) to live in the countryside rather than downtown.
17. We have to get the job done _____ (秘密).
18. If we'd driven the car in _____ (轮流), you wouldn't have felt tired.
19. This company is one of the post office's biggest _____ (顾客).
20. Have you ever sworn to heaven that you will love her _____ (永远).
21. A lot of valuable things including some _____ (珍贵的) stones were unearthed in that grave.
22. How early man constructed Stonehenge without use of modern _____ (技术) is a mystery.
23. All the nuclear _____ (武器) should be get ride of.
24. It was through _____ (贸易) and cultural links that European culture and techniques were brought to Britain.
25. He had learned _____ (高等的) mathematics by himself by the time he was fourteen.

(3)

1. As we know, the earth is _____ (划分) into twenty-four time zones.
2. A civil _____ (仆人) is someone employed in the civil service to work for the government.
3. With respect to the Present's view on the matter, nothing has yet been _____ (发表) in the press.
4. The _____ (航行) from England to India used to take six months. It must have been very boring on a ship for that long.
5. If you need to buy _____ (国外) currency, it is usually cheaper to do so in your home country.
6. The beggar spent a lot of time with his dog, who became his closest _____ (同伴).
7. _____ (根据) to the agreement, Shylock may have a pound of flesh to be cut off nearest to Antonio's heart.
8. We are not treated _____ (平等), so we can't bear the injustice.
9. Most _____ (发明者) have high IQs; they invented many things.
10. Hangzhou is _____ (比作) to the paradise on the earth.

11. The lawyer gave him the _____ (公证) he wanted.
12. She was in England for the _____ (出版) of her new book.
13. Throughout history, great thinkers have used their creativity and _____ (想象力) to change the world.
14. We _____ (出席) his wedding ceremony last Sunday.
15. The government has set up a special _____ (经济) zone to attract more overseas companies.
16. As a _____ (惩罚), the boy was made to wash the car.
17. Five people were killed in a head-on collision on highway 218; two cars were moving _____ (直接) towards each other.
18. He applied for a patent for his _____ (最新) invention—a new method of removing paint.
19. Bassanio, Antonio, Portia and Shylock are the main _____ (角色) in the play.
20. No staples are allowed, as the boxes will be _____ (回收). So we should glue the cardboard together.
21. If the river level continues to rise, it will have very _____ (严重) consequences for many villagers' homes.
22. The judge in the _____ (法庭) passes the judgment on the criminal.
23. He was _____ (攻击) and robbed by two people wearing masks.
24. At the beginning of the party, they shook hands and then _____ (交换) greetings and small presents.
25. The boy wants to be a _____ (海员).

(4)

1. It is a _____ (悲剧), for the good loses and the bad wins.
2. If you glance at him, you will find he is an _____ (诚实) man.
3. _____ (当今) most people use paper handkerchiefs.
4. She cannot make a decision by herself. I know the _____ (软弱) of her character.
5. Miss Li speaks English with _____ (极好) pronunciation.
6. I _____ (相信) in him and I have no doubt that what he said is the truth.
7. Under the wise leadership of the Communist Party, the Chinese people are marching _____ (向前) for a better life.
8. He suffered a lot under the _____ (奴隶制).
9. Bringing in different smells can give you _____ (不同) senses.
10. He is _____ (学习) hard to receive a master's degree.
11. They made a _____ (调查) about the protection of wild animals.
12. The temperature _____ (变化) between 30 and 40 degrees centigrade.
13. He was arrested by the police for _____ (违反) the law.
14. You should have _____ (信心). As long as you study hard, you will succeed in time.
15. The officer _____ (命令) him to get down on knees.
16. Aristotle was a great _____ (思想家) in ancient Greece.
17. On October 1, 1949, Chairman Mao declared the _____ (成立) of the People's Republic

of China.

18. Is there any _____ (可能) of our getting there in time?
19. Good _____ (节目) on TV have good effects on children.
20. How about _____ (介绍) yourself first, Jenny?
21. My train was 20 minutes late in the morning and there was a _____ (相似的) delay in the evening.
22. I've never seen a Shakespeare's play _____ (表演) so wonderfully.
23. In the poor areas, _____ (贫穷) prevented the children going to school.
24. The drowning swimmer required the life guard's _____ (即刻) attention.
25. The boy spoke in a very low voice _____ (承认) he had broken the glass.

(5)

1. The surgeon in the hospital is _____ (做手术) on a patient.
2. You can _____ (猜测) the meaning of the word if you know its root.
3. She keeps a _____ (日记) in German.
4. The car accident has caused _____ (严重) damage to Mary's eyesight; she will not be able to see things clearly for the rest of her life.
5. Conflicts are _____ (继续) between the two countries and many people get killed every day.
6. They had the computer on trial for thirty days to find out whether it was' _____ (满意).
7. This minister is in charge of the foreign _____ (事务) of that small country.
8. I asked everyone there if they had seen a necklace, but _____ (没有) luck.
9. All of us wish you a pleasant _____ (旅途).
10. They had fought against their enemy for several years before they won the final _____ (胜利).
11. The chair was _____ (本打算) for you, but she took it away.
12. I always feel sick at the thought of his _____ (残忍).
13. The car accident _____ (发生) late last night.
14. Time flies like an _____ (箭). It is ten years since I began to work as a teacher.
15. China's role in keeping the world peace is highly _____ (称赞) by many countries.
16. _____ (有趣) enough, the two brothers have much in common.
17. Ever if we choose _____ (营养) food for our main meals, we probably still need to refuel now and then.
18. He passed the entrance examination not only to his own but also to his parents' _____ (满意).
19. The warmth from the fire made her feel _____ (瞌睡).
20. Do come please, I will wait for you at the _____ (入口).
21. Their talk includes rhythm and rhyming words as well as tongue twisters, which often make the audience _____ (鼓掌).
22. Such was Albert Einstein, a simple man of great _____ (成就).
23. She is _____ (高兴) today, because she got an A for her composition.
24. The notice reads: Don't come in without _____ (允许).

25. We are trying to _____ (鼓舞) him.

(6)

1. She was late—she's _____ (很可能) stuck in a traffic jam.
2. Eric _____ (折叠) the letter into a triangle before putting it into the envelope.
3. She was very _____ (吝啬) and wouldn't give a cent to help the poor child.
4. The police asked him for information on the _____ (事故).
5. Thank you for your _____ (邀请) which reached me just now.
6. To _____ (逗乐) people, skilled artists make use of the richness of the spoken language to create a rapid flow of fun.
7. He is a famous teacher with forty years' _____ (经验).
8. The robber _____ (威胁) to kill one employee in the bank if the police wouldn't let him leave.
9. The old man runs four miles every day. That's why he is so _____ (健康).
10. Which of the following _____ (陈述) is not mentioned in the reading material?
11. The girl felt _____ (害怕) after hearing some strange footsteps.
12. The price of the holiday travel _____ (变化) from 500 dollars to 1,200 dollars, depending on the time of the year.
13. Without any _____ (犹豫), she took up the red flag and rushed out.
14. Her _____ (了解) of that country remains poor for she hasn't spent much time on it.
15. If we don't send him to hospital, he will die from _____ (流血).
16. The work was _____ (完美) done and the teacher was pleased.
17. They are going to have their son _____ (教育) in their own country.
18. The students of Class 2 are making an _____ (实验).
19. She met the challenges of travel alone in Antarctic in an _____ (极限) climate.
20. They have made great progress since the _____ (开始) of this term.
21. Our plane was delayed for hours and the wait seemed _____ (无止境).
22. The matter is not of much _____ (重要) to us.
23. We probably all want to find new ways to _____ (改善) our life.
24. _____ (不幸), he had no chance to go there.
25. Usually a teacher's words have an _____ (影响) on children.

(7)

1. We had a party last Friday, _____ (庆祝) my parents' silver wedding.
2. That's a fast food store where you can buy _____ (美味) snacks.
3. We went to the Summer Palace last year. All of us were deeply touched by its _____ (美丽).
4. She sat with her head _____ (弯) forward, thinking about what her husband had said.
5. You have to put everything back in the cupboard _____ (适当) at the end of the experiment.
6. The box is full of glass objects. Please put it down with _____ (小心).

7. These two signatures are so _____ (相似) that it's very difficult to tell them apart.
8. Your cell phone is used frequently and it doesn't work now because it needs to be _____ (充电).
9. The underground carries a lot of _____ (乘客) from the south.
10. In early spring workers come to cut off useless _____ (树枝) of trees.
11. The show had a very large audience, _____ (涉及) from children to grandparents.
12. She _____ (轻柔) put her baby into the baby bed and then left quietly.
13. The plane crashed, killing all 200 people _____ (飞机上).
14. I'm hungry now. Let's go to the _____ (餐馆).
15. Turn the bottle _____ (倒置) in order to empty it.
16. I don't know the _____ (发音) of this word. Could you tell me how to pronounce it?
17. The population of this city has _____ (下降) from 800,000 to 700,000 in the past decade.
18. We'll never forget the _____ (教授) who taught us English at the university.
19. What he has done is _____ (值得) of being praised.
20. Such kind of help from her is always _____ (感激).
21. Water can be used to produce _____ (电).
22. The storm was _____ (伴随) by thunder.
23. You'd better pay more _____ (注意) to listening and speaking when you learn a foreign language.
24. The criminal was _____ (判处) to death.
25. She has a valuable necklace with _____ (珍贵的) diamonds.

(8)

1. They were _____ (热情) welcomed when they arrived at the village.
2. A _____ (商业) college teaches things that would be useful in business.
3. Seeing the boy fall into the river, the young man jumped into it without _____ (犹豫).
4. The farmers are _____ (收获) crops in the fields.
5. There is a _____ (留言) from Karen on the phone.
6. They football game was _____ (播出) live on TV across Europe.
7. They are going to _____ (庆祝) their victory with music and dancing.
8. The _____ (大多数) of students find it quite hard to learn German.
9. Very few people have _____ (成功) in losing weight these days.
10. The book gives a short _____ (描述) of the city.
11. The doctor _____ (表扬) our daughter for her courage this morning.
12. There were piles of newspapers _____ (到处) in the house.
13. What is your _____ (最喜欢的) color?
14. The little girl is wearing a _____ (粉红色的) dress.
15. Spring has come and the trees are thick with green _____ (叶子).
16. I consider it _____ (不可能) to believe a single word you say.

17. He turned on the television set hanging from the _____ (天花板).
18. We were talking on the phone when _____ (突然) the line went dead.
19. One of my favorite sayings is "Understand all and _____ (宽恕) all."
20. A man I _____ (认出) as his father sat with a newspaper on his knees.
21. The finance company has _____ (拥有) of the house.
22. _____ (赢得) the support of the majority requires time, energy and devotion.
23. Xi'an International _____ (展览) Center has attracted many business people.
24. I am very hungry—I _____ (错过) the lunch.
25. It is certainly true that computers, cell phones and _____ (数字) cameras have become part of our life.

(9)

1. Jack took a deep _____ (呼吸) and then dived into the water.
2. I've got a _____ (普通) sort of car, nothing special.
3. I want to thank everyone who has _____ (鼓励) and supported me.
4. Jenny has spent hours in front of the _____ (镜子).
5. It is a _____ (稍微) colder today than it was yesterday.
6. Tom was _____ (羞愧) of having lied to his parents.
7. _____ (一月) is the first month of the year.
8. Can you _____ (想象) standing up there and giving a speech?
9. We had great difficulty in _____ (呼吸), for the air was thin.
10. Well, you have acted _____ (愚蠢地) and you will pay for it.
11. He was wearing dark glasses to _____ (保护) his eyes from the sun.
12. Honestly I thought the fried chicken was _____ (不错).
13. In _____ (地理) lessons we learn about countries and the people in them.
14. They got lost in the desert and died from _____ (饥饿).
15. The car was a _____ (廉价货) at that price.
16. Their living conditions have been _____ (改善) in the past few years.
17. Please give my _____ (祝贺) when you see her.
18. The wounded soldier must be sent to the hospital as soon as _____ (尽可能).
19. The scientist was famous for his _____ (发现) of the new element.
20. _____ (二月) comes after January.
21. I could hardly _____ (认出) him yesterday because he had changed so much.
22. Have you got the _____ (通知) of the meeting being put off?
23. Can all the buildings be _____ (完成) by the end of this year?
24. The nation was _____ (渴望) for change.
25. We need to carry out some _____ (改进) to the system.

(10)

1. The doctor _____ (检查) me carefully and asked me to take some medicine.
2. Now more and more people show much _____ (兴趣) in football.
3. The boys sat in front of me, talking _____ (兴奋) for hours.
4. Being asked to recite the text, the boy felt a little _____ (紧张).
5. The patient kept _____ (咳嗽) all day and night.
6. Parents should help their children to form good _____ (习惯).
7. Three hundred _____ (被盗的) bicycles were returned to their owners last month.
8. She looks very _____ (面熟) to me, but I don't remember her name.
9. What is the best known chain of fast-food _____ (餐馆) in the world?
10. Children are _____ (好奇) about everything around them.
11. I changed into my sports shoes so that I could walk more _____ (舒服).
12. It is raining heavily outside. Please take your _____ (雨伞).
13. They are busy _____ (准备) for the coming final examination.
14. I'll go to see him next _____ (星期六).
15. I borrowed the _____ (杂志) from the library.
16. Students need to learn how to _____ (安排) their work.
17. The students are listening to the teacher _____ (专心地) in the class.
18. Thank you for giving me the valuable _____ (信息).
19. We finally _____ (说服) the father to send his daughter to school.
20. Oh, you have made a wrong _____ (选择). You'd better think it over again.
21. We gave our classroom a _____ (彻底) cleaning before the National Day.
22. This plant is found in the _____ (北部) part of the country.
23. Thank you for _____ (提供) to help, but I can manage it myself.
24. The bus can carry 60 _____ (乘客).
25. A soldier's duty is to _____ (服从) orders.

(11)

1. Don't be frightened by the television camera. Just speak _____ (自然地).
2. My office is on the _____ (第九) storey.
3. There has been a 50% growth in the _____ (市场) for personal computers.
4. Don't _____ (浪费) your money on silly things.
5. When I got home after the holiday there were a lot of _____ (留言) in my phone.
6. All countries, big or small, should be _____ (平等).
7. A fence at the back of the garden _____ (分开) us from the neighbors.
8. Sleep is _____ (必要) to one's health.
9. Do you know the _____ (平均) monthly rainfall in this area?

10. What's the _____ (天气) like today?
11. The man _____ (穿着) in a new suit is our manager.
12. "TV" is the shortened form of the word _____ (电视机).
13. His letter showed that he loved his son and took _____ (骄傲) in him.
14. The boys and girls will be _____ (分开) into four groups to play the game.
15. The sleeves of the coat are too long for me, and so I want them to be _____ (剪短).
16. I wonder if this medicine is _____ (有效) enough to get rid of his fever.
17. Go to see a doctor, you are _____ (显然) ill.
18. It is certain that the man in the grave spent his childhood in _____ (中部) Europe.
19. The boy is studying in a _____ (技术的) school.
20. All the students were standing up _____ (笔直地).
21. The fashionable wife was dressed in the _____ (最新式的) Paris fashion.
22. It is not polite to discuss one's _____ (私人的) life in interviews.
23. The students are busy making _____ (准备) for the examination.
24. The bed wasn't particularly _____ (舒服).
25. With seven people squashed in one room, you don't get much _____ (隐私).

(12)

1. It's wise to save some money and _____ (提供) for the future.
2. Those who are _____ (缺席) this morning will have to go to the headmaster's office.
3. Lei Feng set a good _____ (榜样) to us and we should learn from him.
4. It's _____ (一定) that the price of meat and eggs will go up.
5. _____ (鼓励) by his teacher, Tom made up his mind to study well.
6. She wanted to marry the young man. But her parents are not for their _____ (婚姻).
7. It was _____ (不公平) to blame her for something that was not her fault.
8. We were having dinner at a _____ (餐馆) when we found a fly in our soup.
9. We're introducing new ways of attracting _____ (潜在的) customers, so that more people will go and buy our products.
10. —What's the matter with Rod? —I think he's still _____ (不高兴) that we forgot his birthday.
11. All adults enjoy the right to _____ (投票) in the general elections.
12. Going on a trip to a faraway _____ (目的地) can be expensive and difficult.
13. The shirt is 100% _____ (纯) cotton, that is, not mixed with any other material.
14. If you come here by air, please tell me your _____ (航班) number.
15. How _____ (疯狂) the football fans are!
16. He has a good sense of humor, so people do _____ (喜欢) working with him.
17. Experienced travelers may prefer to make their own _____ (安排).
18. Ann wants to lose weight; she has to _____ (避免) eating fatty food.
19. What's the _____ (准确) size of the room?

20. Martin Luther King, Jr. fought for the _____ (自由) of the black people.
21. His father is a _____ (猎人) who makes a living by hunting.
22. The president visited our school, _____ (陪同) by some officials.
23. I'll go there again, if _____ (需要).
24. The police asked her to _____ (描述) the man.
25. Contact your local branch to _____ (安排) an appointment.

(13)

1. He looks old, yet _____ (实际上) he is only twenty-five.
2. Your plan sounds good; if you raise the plan at the meeting I'll _____ (支持) you.
3. Television has both advantages and _____ (劣势).
4. The reason I _____ (取得) good results is I work hard—and so could you.
5. What is the _____ (关系) between the two speakers?
6. He is _____ (贪婪) for profits.
7. Please draw the _____ (窗帘) to prevent the sunlight.
8. Please _____ (宽恕) me for all I've said and done.
9. Do you think teaching in a _____ (私立的) school is better than that in a state school?
10. Noise is unpleasant, _____ (尤其) when you are trying to sleep.
11. The old temple _____ (追溯到) back to the Ming Dynasty.
12. The majority of men earn their living by manual _____ (劳动).
13. On a _____ (直播的) TV program, I saw a magician turn a piece of paper into a living fish.
14. We do not know how these huge stones were _____ (运输) over a distance of 380 kilometers.
15. Colds are very _____ (普遍) in that area every spring and early summer.
16. The children nowadays enjoy reading science _____ (小说).
17. As a hotel manager, you should listen to your guest's _____ (抱怨) and try to solve the problems.
18. I paid only 200 Yuan for the bike but it's _____ (价值) much more.
19. _____ (吸引) by the beautiful scenery, the tourists wouldn't leave.
20. On our _____ (到达) in Beijing, we were warmly welcomed.
21. Rainbow is a natural _____ (现象), which is very beautiful.
22. Though they had so many difficulties, they still kept _____ (乐观) so as to succeed.
23. —Do you need any help? —No, thanks. I can _____ (设法完成) it myself.
24. She _____ (抱怨) that no one had been at the airport to meet her.
25. He never admitted his guilt or asked for _____ (宽恕).

(14)

1. The scientist worked hard to make many _____ (有价值的) discoveries.
2. The task you gave me is _____ (超出) my ability, so I can't do it.

3. After China's _____ (加入) into the WTO, we face both chances and challenges.
4. Country music today _____ (保持) much the same as before.
5. France is a _____ (欧洲) country.
6. They were busy from _____ (黎明) till dark.
7. Listen to the radio. They are _____ (广播) a program of music.
8. Many tall buildings were _____ (毁坏) in the earthquake.
9. The latter is better than the _____ (前者).
10. In my _____ (见解), English is not so easy to learn.
11. Andy _____ (雇佣) two workers in his garage.
12. Francis Bacon was a famous British _____ (科学家) and writer.
13. He felt disappointed when he found his request was _____ (拒绝).
14. He was found guilty of attempted _____ (谋杀).
15. What do you usually do in your _____ (业余) time?
16. They are on a _____ (航海) across the Atlantic Ocean.
17. The environmentally friendly car uses _____ (太阳) power, that is, the sun's energy.
18. It's too late to go out now. _____ (而且), it's starting to rain.
19. The _____ (距离) between the two cities is 600 miles.
20. The situation in Iraq is very _____ (复杂).
21. Holding flowers, the children warmly welcomed the foreign _____ (客人).
22. His reply is very _____ (令人失望的).
23. He is a good teacher. He is _____ (尊重) by all the students.
24. It was a very _____ (复杂) issue.
25. I absolutely _____ (拒绝) to take part in anything illegal.



词组练习

Direction: Choose the best answers.

1. The rescue team made every _____ to find the missing mountain climber.
A. force B. energy C. effort D. possibility
2. People greatly _____ in their views of life.
A. lead B. differ C. bring D. struggle
3. —The prison was _____ fire last night.
—Someone must have set fire _____ it.
A. on; with B. on; to C. over; with D. in; to
4. I know nothing about the young lady _____ she is from Beijing.
A. except B. except for C. except that D. besides
5. This new-type machine _____ little room.
A. takes up B. is taken up C. has been taken up D. is taking up
6. We're leaving at six o'clock and hope _____ most of the journey by lunch time.
A. to do B. to have done C. to make D. to have made
7. She was afraid _____ the dog in case it became dangerous.
A. of exciting B. to excite C. that she excited D. to be exciting
8. The managers discussed the plan that they would like to see _____ the next year.
A. carry out B. carrying out C. carried out D. to carry out
9. Let us not waste _____ time we have left.
A. the little B. little C. a little D. a little more
10. The news about the terrible flood there greatly discouraged _____ there for a sightseeing.
A. us from going B. us to go C. our going D. our to go
11. Nobody noticed the thief slip into the house because the lights happened to _____.
A. put up B. give in C. be turned on D. go out
12. —May I have another chocolate?
—Yes, of course. _____.
A. Take it yourself B. Eat it, please C. Help yourself D. Have it yourself
13. Isn't it very kind _____ your parents to do that for us?
A. for B. to C. about D. of
14. I don't skate now, but I _____ when I was a kid.
A. used to B. am used to it C. used D. used to do





语法练习

Direction: Choose the best answers.

- Tom suggested that we _____ such a meeting, but Jenny insisted that it _____ of great importance.
A. not hold; should be
B. didn't hold; be
C. hold; was
D. not hold; was
- Hi, Tracy, you look tired.
—I am tired. I _____ the living-room all day.
A. painted
B. have been painting
C. had painted
D. have painted
- I'm sorry. I _____ you _____ to me.
A. don't know; are speaking
B. don't know were speaking
C. didn't know; were speaking
D. didn't know; are speaking
- The murderer was brought in, with his hands _____ behind his back.
A. to be tied
B. being tied
C. tied
D. having tied
- The reason _____ he didn't come was _____ he had to take care of his sick mother.
A. why; that
B. why; which
C. which; why
D. that; for
- We _____ so tired. We've only been to a party.
A. mustn't have felt
B. wouldn't have felt
C. shouldn't have felt
D. couldn't have felt
- The girl _____ on the ground _____ to me that she had _____ the book on the shelf.
A. lying; lay; laid
B. lay; lied; laid
C. lie; lied; lay
D. lying; lied; laid
- I heard that as many as 4,000 people were killed.
—Yes, _____ news came as _____ shock to us.
A. the; the
B. the; a
C. /; /
D. /; a
- What _____ when I phoned you?
—I _____ my homework and started to take a bath.
A. had you done; finished
B. were you doing; had just finished
C. did you do; had just finished
D. were you doing; was finishing
- My uncle _____ until he was forty-five.
A. married
B. didn't marry
C. was not marrying
D. would marry
- Scientists say it may be five or ten years _____ it is possible to test this medicine on human patients.
A. since
B. before
C. after
D. when
- Where did you meet him?
—It was in the hotel _____ he stayed.
A. that
B. where
C. which
D. since

