

四七九名师联合编写

RONGCHENG XUEBA

蓉城学霸



蓉城考试研究中心 编写



英语

八年级上册

RJ



电子科技大学出版社

英语周计划

阅读与完形填空

2+1

选材有趣，题材新颖

计划性强，按日推进

梯级计划，由易到难

答案解析，名师指导



七年级 八年级 九年级(中考版)



成都专版

根据成都历年中考的常见题型，如阅读理解、完形填空、完成对话、选词填空、完成短文、完成表格等，精选阅读材料，分类别、多角度地挖掘文章资源，既提升了阅读能力，又加强了对中考B卷的把握。



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要点梳理

归纳总结 夯实基础

要点梳理

Section A

重点短语

- 向某人寻求帮助
- 与……交谈
- 提高我的口语技能
- 和朋友一起工作学习
- 做报告
- 逐词阅读
- 听磁带
- 害怕做某事
- 爱上
- 肢体语言

- ask... for help
have conversations with...
improve my speaking skills
work/study with friends
give a report
read word by word
listen to tapes
be afraid to do sth.
fall in love with
body language

- 为……做准备 prepare for
- 一点一点地;逐渐地 bit by bit
- 寻找 look for
- 把……和……连接或联系起来 connect... with
- 压力过大的;紧张的 stressed out
- 立刻;马上 at once
- 反反复复 over and over again
- 找到;查明 find out

词性转换

- bear *v.* 结实;开花;承受 → born *v. & adj.* 出生;天生的
- able *adj.* 能;有能力的;能干的 → ability *n.* 能力;才能
- create *v.* 创造;创建 → created *adj.* 创造的 → creative

第1课时 Section A(1a—2d)

I. 选择填空 从各题的 A、B、C 三个选项中选择正确的答案。

- () 1. —Jack used to have _____ writing practice.
—Yes, and he had learned _____.
A. a lot of; a lot B. a lot of; a lot of
C. a lot; a lot of
- () 2. The more careful you are, _____ mistakes you'll make.

II. 根据句意及首字母提示补全单词。

- A parent must be p_____ with his children and often play with his children.
- The words "buy" and "by" have the same p_____.
- She tried to read a _____ to practice English in the morning.
- Please open your t_____ and let's read the new words together.
- Do you often have c_____ with your parents to make them know more about you?

课时同步

一课一练 巩固提升

写作讲座

相关话题 提升技能

单元写作讲座

——如何写介绍学习方法的短文

必背范文(一)

美籍老师 Frank 应邀将在暑假后来济宁一所初中学校任教。为了解初中生英语学习的一些情况,他设计以下调查表。请你根据调查问卷,用英语写一篇短文,谈谈你在英语学习方面的一些情况,以帮助他完成该调查。(100 词左右)

Questions

Finally I lost my interest in English. How I wish somebody can give me some suggestions? Would you like to help me?

必背范文(二)

亲爱的同学,你的初中学习生活马上就要结束了。请你以“My English study”为题谈一下三年来学习英语的心得体会。

单元综合练习

总分:100分 时间:70分钟

A 卷

I. 选择填空 从各题的 A、B、C 三个选项中选择正确的答案。(共 10 小题,每小题 1.5 分;计 15 分)

- () 1. —Mr. Li, I can't understand everything in class.
—Don't worry! I'll _____ the main points at the end.

lyrics(歌词) of it _____ her thoughts and feelings.

A. express B. discuss C. expect

II. 完形填空。(共 10 小题,每小题 1.5 分;计 15 分)

Tom is a ninth grader at No. 7 Middle School, Chengdu. He got back home on March 10th after four days out in the open. He ran away from home _____ 1 _____ he

综合练习

科学汇编 对接中考

编*写*说*明

莫问腹中才高几斗,敢为枝头华压群芳。

本书在结合成都中考题型的基础上,汇聚了蓉城一线教师的备考智慧。旨在为广大蓉城学子倾心打造一套实用的学习指导用书。

本书具有以下特点

☞ 一、注重基础,课时同步

本书在每个单元前设置要点梳理,罗列该单元重点短语、词性转换、重点句子等知识点,方便学生预习和复习。同时又将其设置为活页方便老师、学生检测。本书以教材相关知识为指导,每个单元编排为6个课时。

☞ 二、选材有趣,题材新颖

本书的阅读材料取材广泛,同时专门针对成都B卷题精选话题相关的课外文章进行设题,让学生既巩固了现有知识、提升了解题能力;又扩大了阅读量,开阔了眼界。

☞ 三、取长补短,开拓创新

每个课时设置5~6个题型,从对基础的训练到对能力的提升都有涉及,既注重对课文所学知识要点的考查,又注重培养学生运用所学知识解决问题的能力。单元末设置单元写作讲座,精选与单元话题相关的必背范文两篇,提高学生的写作能力。

☞ 四、名师编写,对接中考

本书由蓉城考试研究中心备考组组织四、七、九名师编写,和蓉城一线名师反复讨论题型的设置。囊括成都中考的A、B卷题型。让学生在巩固知识点的同时又对接了中考,提升B卷的解题能力。

蓉城考试研究中心

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Unit 1 Where did you go on vacation?

要点梳理

Section A

重点短语

- | | |
|----------------|--|
| 1. 去度假 | go on vacation |
| 2. 待在家里 | stay at home |
| 3. 去爬山 | go to the mountains |
| 4. 去海滩 | go to the beach |
| 5. 去参加夏令营 | go to summer camp |
| 6. 为考试而学习 | study for test |
| 7. 好久不见 | long time no see |
| 8. 去某个有趣的地方 | go somewhere interesting |
| 9. 相当多 | quite a few |
| 10. 大多数时间 | most of the time |
| 11. 当然 | of course |
| 12. 为自己买某物 | buy sth. for oneself |
| 13. 给……买…… | buy... for... |
| 14. 在乡下 | in the countryside |
| 15. 喂母鸡 | feed some hens |
| 16. 除了……没什么事可做 | there's nothing much to do but do sth. |
| 17. 记日记 | keep a diary |

词性转换

- wonderful *adj.* 精彩的; 绝妙的 → wonder *n.* 惊奇; 奇迹 *v.* 想知道; 琢磨
- myself *pron.* 我自己; 我本人 → my *pron.* 我的 → I *pron.* 我 (主格) → me *pron.* 我 (宾格)
- yourself *pron.* 你自己; 您自己 → yourselves *pron.* 你们自己 → you *pron.* 你; 你们 → your *pron.* 你的; 你们的 → you *pron.* 你; 你们 (宾格)
- bored *adj.* 厌倦的; 烦闷的 → bore *n.* 讨厌的人; 麻烦事 *v.* 使厌烦 → boring *adj.* 令人厌烦的; 乏味的

重点句子

- 你去哪儿度假了? Where did you go on vacation?
- 你去什么有趣的地方了吗? Did you go anywhere interesting?
- 食物怎么样? How was the food?
—每样东西尝起来都真的很美味! Everything tasted really good!
- 为什么你不给你自己买东西呢? Why didn't you buy anything for yourself?
- 唯一的问题是晚上除了读书没有别的事可做。
The only problem was that there was nothing much to do in the evening but read.

Section B

重点短语

- | | |
|----------------|---------------------------|
| 1. 到达 | arrive in |
| 2. 决定做…… | decide to do sth. |
| 3. 尝试滑翔伞 | try paragliding |
| 4. 给……的感觉; 感受到 | feel like |
| 5. 在过去 | in the past |
| 6. 绕……走; 四处走走 | walk around |
| 7. 区别; 有影响 | make a difference |
| 8. 乘坐火车 | take the train |
| 9. 由于 | because of |
| 10. 第二天 | the next day |
| 11. 沿途 | along the way |
| 12. 一小时后 | one hour later |
| 13. 再/又两个小时 | another two hours |
| 14. 山顶 | the top of the hill |
| 15. 故宫 | the Palace Museum |
| 16. 学习一些重要的东西 | learn something important |
| 17. 从某地带回某物 | bring back sth. from sp. |
| 18. 找出; 查明 | find out |
| 19. 继续 | go on |
| 20. 跳上跳下 | jump up and down |
| 21. 兴奋地 | in excitement |
| 22. 出来 | come out |

词性转换

- enjoy *v.* 享受 → enjoyable *adj.* 有乐趣的; 令人愉快的 → enjoyment *n.* 享受
- decide *v.* 决定; 选定 → decision *n.* 决定
- building *n.* 建筑物; 房子 → build *v.* 建筑; 建造 → built (过去式)
- trader *n.* 商人 → trade *n. & v.* 贸易; 做生意
- difference *n.* 差别; 差异 → different *adj.* 不同的 → differently *adv.* 不同地 → differ *v.* 不同; 相异
- wait *v.* 等待; 等候 → waiter *n.* 男服务员 → waitress *n.* 女服务员
- hungry *adj.* 饥饿的 → hunger *n.* 饥饿

重点句子

- 你发现什么活动好玩? What activities do you find enjoyable?
- 我觉得自己像一只鸟。I felt like I was a bird.
- 我想知道这里过去的的生活是什么样子。I wonder what life was like here in the past.
- 一天的差异多么大啊! What a difference a day makes!
- 并且,因为这糟糕的天气,我们无法看到下面的任何东西。
And because of the bad weather, we couldn't see anything below.
- 它是如此美丽以至于我们都忘记了前面的5个小时(的劳累)!
It was so beautiful that we forgot about the last five hours!

第1课时 Section A(1a—1c)

I. 选择填空 从各题的 A、B、C 三个选项中选择正确的答案。

- () 1. — _____ did Tina go last month?
—She went to New York City.
A. What B. Where C. Why
- () 2. —Where did you go _____ vacation?
—Shanghai. And I went there _____ my parents.
A. on; with B. for; to C. with; in
- () 3. Last weekend, our class went _____ a school trip. We went to the beach _____ bus.
A. on; by B. for; on C. to; with
- () 4. Bob _____ the museum with his sister last Saturday.
A. visits B. visited C. is visiting
- () 5. —Tom went to Beijing for vacation, didn't he?
—_____. He stayed at home.
A. Yes, he did B. No, he doesn't
C. No, he didn't
- () 6. I visited my uncle and he _____ a big meal _____ me.
A. makes; to B. made; to C. made; for
- () 7. On my way home, I _____ an old man _____ on the ground last night.
A. see; lie B. saw; lying C. seen; lied
- () 8. —Hi, Jack! Nice to see you here in Chengdu!
—Me too. But I _____ you were in Shanghai.
A. think B. thought C. am thinking
- () 9. —Can you tell me who visited museums last weekend?
—Of course, Sam and Lily _____.
A. did B. go C. does
- () 10. —Are there _____ with your leg?
—Yes, I have a pain on my legs because I ran too much yesterday.
A. anywhere wrong B. something wrong
C. anything wrong

II. 根据句意及首字母提示补全单词。

1. —Where did Bob go on v _____?
—He went to Hawaii.

2. —Did you go to summer c _____ this weekend?
—Yes, I did.

3. Xing Hua s _____ at home and did some housework last Saturday.

4. I like to go to the b _____ and lie on it to relax.

5. My father's brother is my u _____.

III. 用所给词的适当形式填空。

1. Tom and Mary _____ to China last month, and we prepared a party for their _____. (come)

2. Mary _____ English yesterday morning. She _____ it every day to improve her pronunciation (发音). (read)

3. My mother _____ (not do) housework yesterday.

4. —When _____ you _____ to China?

—I _____ there three years ago. (move)

5. How many people _____ (be) there in your class last term?

IV. 阅读短文, 判断正(A)误(B)。

What are most 14-year-old boys doing? Going to school, playing sports with friends or doing their homework? But life is much more colorful for the young TFBOYS members.

TFBOYS is a singer group started in 2013. Its name is The Fighting Boys. It has three members, Wang Junkai, Wang Yuan and Yi Yangqianxi. Wang Junkai, the group leader, is 17 years old. The other two boys are both 16 years old. The three young singers are so excellent that they show themselves to thousands of people. They have made four albums (唱片) and won several singing awards (奖). Now the three boys are among the most popular teenage stars in the country.

Many people are interested in TFBOYS. After all, its members are still school students. During the weekdays they study at school with their classmates. On weekends and holidays they have singing classes, dancing classes and other trainings. In fans' eyes, the group has a healthy and friendly image (形象). Most of their fans are also teenagers. "We are of similar age," teens say, "They feel like friends to us and we love their songs!"

- () 1. TFBOYS is a singers' group.
- () 2. Wang Junkai is the youngest of the three boys.
- () 3. TFBOYS has made thirteen albums and won twelve singing awards.
- () 4. TFBOYS have singing classes, dancing classes and other trainings in their spare time.
- () 5. Many teenagers love TFBOYS and their songs.

V. 完形填空。

Traveling abroad is a good way for people to relax. But do we have good manners?

On Feb. 25, 2015, a report said that a(n) 1 mother let her child pee in front of a shop in Tokyo. A reporter came to the mother, but instead of saying "sorry", she said that her child peed inside a plastic bag and not make the floor 2.

This case caused a big discussion on Chinese people's 3 manners again.

According to a survey, Chinese tourists were ranked 4 behind US citizens in a poll of the world's worst travelers. And some store clerks in many countries complain that some Chinese people eat snacks before 5 them.

"These bad manners 6 China's image," commented *Beijing Youth Daily*.

During the visit to the Maldives last year, President Xi Jinping reminded Chinese people that they 7 behave when traveling. From then on, most people began to mind their 8 during traveling. They began to keep down their 9 and wait in lines in public.

"Local people will 10 us as long as we respect them in the first place," said an article in *Beijing Youth Daily*.

- () 1. A. American B. Chinese C. Japanese
- () 2. A. clean B. dirty C. broken
- () 3. A. drinking B. eating C. traveling
- () 4. A. first B. second C. third
- () 5. A. paying for B. looking after C. thinking of
- () 6. A. keep B. hurt C. describe

- () 7. A. may B. can C. should
- () 8. A. behavior B. clothes C. time
- () 9. A. voice B. steps C. language
- () 10. A. serve B. respect C. care

VI. 补全短文 根据短文内容,从短文后的 A—F 选项中选出 5 个适当的选项补全短文。

"Homestay is a form of study-abroad program. It allows the visitor to stay with a local family to better understand the local lifestyle. It also helps to improve the visitor's language ability. If you wish to learn more about foreign cultures or to get foreign experience, you should join this kind of holiday. 1" said a teacher during a school meeting last term.

After this meeting, 2 At last, I had such a chance to go on such a holiday with some of my school-mates last month. We went to London, a place where I had wanted to go since years ago.

After we got to London, we went to stay with different families. I was lucky that my host family (寄宿家庭) was a white couple who had a daughter about my age. 3 They were interested in me and I learnt a lot of things from them, too.

4 After breakfast, a local teacher would come to take us in his car. Then we would have classes or go on a sight-seeing trip to different places of interest like Big Ben, London Bridge, and Buckingham Palace. We would go back to our own homes after the activities.

The holiday was a valuable experience for me. I enjoyed every minute of it. 5 Three weeks later, we had to leave "home" for Hong Kong.

- | |
|--|
| A. Yes, time really flew fast.
B. I am sure you won't be disappointed.
C. I always thought about this kind of holiday.
D. It took me 8 hours to fly to London.
E. They treated me as a daughter of their family.
F. The holiday was filled with activities every day. |
|--|

1. _____ 2. _____ 3. _____ 4. _____ 5. _____

第2课时 Section A(2a—2d)

I. 选择填空 从各题的A、B、C三个选项中选择正确的答案。

- () 1. In our school _____ students like violin, but _____ of them can play it well.
A. a little; a few B. a few; few
C. a few; little
- () 2. —Do you know _____ boy over there?
—Yes, he likes playing _____ volleyball very much.
A. the; / B. a; the C. a; /
- () 3. The film was so _____ that we all liked it.
A. wonderful B. sad C. boring
- () 4. —Did Mary go _____ interesting?
—No, she didn't.
A. somewhere B. anywhere C. everywhere
- () 5. —_____ did Mary go to summer camp with?
—She went to summer camp with her sister.
A. How B. Why C. Who
- () 6. —Did Grace study _____ English test last night?
—Yes, she did. She _____ for three hours.
A. about; studied B. with; studied
C. for; studied
- () 7. I like to stay at home _____ on Sunday.
A. read B. to read C. reading
- () 8. I planned to do _____ interesting in the park today, but because of the rain, I did _____.
A. something; nothing
B. something; anything
C. anything; nothing
- () 9. Tom and Daming _____ happy because they climbed _____ the top of the high mountain at last.
A. was; to B. were; to C. were; on
- () 10. I can't buy _____ gifts for my family, because they are _____ expensive.
A. much; too much B. many; too many
C. many; much too

II. 用所给词的适当形式填空。

1. Is there _____ in the reading room? I want _____ to help me with my English. (someone)
2. We all like Mr. Hu's _____ (wonder) English speech.
3. She didn't do _____ (something) special last weekend and she just read an English book _____ (much) of the time.
4. Do you like to go to anywhere _____? I know some places of _____ near here. (interest)
5. How many _____ (photo) did you take last weekend?

III. 补全对话 从方框中选择正确的选项补全对话。

- A: 1
- B: It was great! I went to Beijing with my parents on February 28, 2016.
- A: Cool! 2
- B: We went to the Summer Palace, the Great Wall and so on.
- A: 3
- B: It's interesting. I really like the Palace Museum.
- A: 4
- B: Yes, I did. I saw a famous star on the Great wall. And I took some photos with him!
- A: Wow, that's great! Can you show me the photos?
- B: Sure. I will bring them to school tomorrow.

- | |
|--|
| <p>A. Did you see any popular stars?</p> <p>B. How was your vacation, Mary?</p> <p>C. What do you think of Beijing?</p> <p>D. Where did you go in Beijing?</p> |
|--|

1. _____ 2. _____ 3. _____ 4. _____

IV. 完形填空。

Ben is a 14-year-old school boy. His life is full of exams and studies on weekdays. He has 1 free time. He thinks playing computer games is the best way to make him 2. When he is free, he sits in front of the computer. Just like that way, he doesn't eat or drink 3 several hours.

Last weekend, he 4 games on the computer again. He was too 5 and didn't want to move. He didn't have 6 for six hours. When he had to go to

the bathroom, he found he could not move. He was taken to the 7. The doctor told him that he should have a good rest and do more exercise.

After coming back from the hospital, Ben follows the doctor's 8. He often plays basketball with his friends. 9 sometimes he still plays computer games on weekends, he 10 does it for long. Now he lives a happy and healthy life.

- ()1. A. few B. a few C. little
- ()2. A. sleep B. relax C. asleep
- ()3. A. for B. in C. after
- ()4. A. listened B. watched C. played
- ()5. A. sad B. excited C. worried
- ()6. A. something B. anything C. nothing
- ()7. A. school B. hospital C. library
- ()8. A. advice B. decision C. dream
- ()9. A. Although B. If C. Because
- ()10. A. ever B. often C. never

V. 阅读理解。

My name is Eric. Last July, I went to Walt Disney World in Orlando, Florida. It was a wonderful trip because I spent time with my family. I went there with my dad, mom, brother and sister. We had lots of fun there...

We took my dad's new car to Florida. It was a long trip but we enjoyed ourselves on the way.

We went to a dinner show—*Jolly Holiday*. It had funny characters(人物)and lots of singing. We enjoyed it.

I went on rides with my dad, brother and sister. We went on Splash Mountain. We went through a tunnel(隧道). We saw different Disney characters. My mom took photos of me with different Disney characters. We saw Cinderella at the Magic Kingdom. She gave a show with her friends. At the Beach Club Resort, my family saw Chip and Dale. They walked around to meet everyone.

- ()1. When did Eric take a trip to Walt Disney World?
A. In June this year. B. In July last year.
C. In July this year.
- ()2. How many people went with Eric?
A. Five. B. Three. C. Four.

- ()3. How did Eric get to Florida?
A. By car. B. By bus. C. By train.
- ()4. Where did Eric see Cinderella?
A. At a dinner show.
B. On Splash Mountain.
C. At the Magic Kingdom.
- ()5. Which of the following is TRUE?
A. Cinderella gave a show at *Jolly Holiday*.
B. Eric went on rides with his dad and mom.
C. Chip and Dale walked around to meet people.

VI. 短文填空 从下面方框中选出 10 个单词, 并将其正确形式填写在下方横线上, 使短文意思完整、通顺(每词限用一次)。

say	way	star	long	though	popular
he	area	call	make	fast	between

Are you still doing the V for victory sign? It's out. The latest popular hand gesture(手势)is putting both of your hands and put them together to make a heart-shape. It is 1 "hand heart".

Many young pop 2 in the US have done the move in recent photos. "The 'hand heart' gesture means something 3 'I love you' and 'thank you'," said Taylor Swift, the country singer. "You can send a sweet, simple message without 4 a word." Swift often does it at her concerts. And she is believed to be the first to 5 it popular.

Last month, Justin Bieber and 6 superstar friends did the "hand heart" and put the photos online. They did it to help out three kids whose parents were killed in a car accident.

"It used to take much 7 for nonverbal(非语言的)culture to move. But now, it moves 8 because we have smart phones and the Internet.

In the Republic of Korea, the "hand heart" has been 9 for a long time, but in a different 10. People there put their hands above their heads, making a bigger heart shape with their arms. It means "I love you".

- 1. _____
- 2. _____
- 3. _____
- 4. _____
- 5. _____
- 6. _____
- 7. _____
- 8. _____
- 9. _____
- 10. _____

第3课时

Section A (Grammar Focus—3c)

I. 选择填空 从各题的 A、B、C 三个选项中选择正确的答案。

- () 1. —Look at this model ship. I made it all by _____ last week.
—Wow, you are so smart!
A. me B. myself C. my
- () 2. —Can you help me with my English, Jenny?
—_____.
A. It doesn't matter B. Good idea
C. Of course
- () 3. —Has Mary ever visited Tower Bridge?
—Yes. She _____ there two years ago.
A. visits B. visited C. was visiting
- () 4. —What did you buy _____ your father?
—A scarf.
A. to B. about C. for
- () 5. It seems _____. You'd better take an umbrella with you.
A. rain B. raining C. to rain
- () 6. Every time I stay at my grandparents' home in the countryside, I have nothing much to do but _____ with my grandparents.
A. talk B. to talk C. talking
- () 7. —_____ did you feel like the food there?
—It was great! Everything tastes very _____.
A. What; good B. How; good
C. How; well
- () 8. Last Sunday, we had fun _____ in the mountains.
A. to camp B. camping C. camped
- () 9. Is there _____ in today's show?
A. something interesting
B. interesting something
C. anything interesting
- () 10. No one _____ to help him—he is not friendly at all.
A. want B. hopes C. like

II. 用所给词的适当形式填空。

1. —Is there _____ in the box?
—No. There's _____ in it. It's empty. (something)
2. The work seems _____ (be) hard to finish.
3. Thank you, Mom! I can finish _____ homework by _____. (I)
4. Can you see some _____ (hen) in the picture?

5. The movie is so _____ that everyone get _____. (bore)

III. 从下面方框中选出与下列各句中画线部分意思相同或相近,并能替换画线部分的选项。

A. hate	B. Why not	C. rainy
D. bought nothing	E. many	

- () 1. Why don't you go out with us?
- () 2. I didn't buy anything for myself.
- () 3. She went shopping and bought quite a few things.
- () 4. I dislike the cold winter in Harbin.
- () 5. We'll stay at home if it is wet tomorrow.

IV. 完形填空。

Last night I stayed at home with my grandfather, uncle and cousin. I asked them some questions about their 1. Some of their 2 were very interesting.

My cousin Zhang Lin doesn't like weekends. She says on weekends she doesn't go to school 3 she has no time to play. She has to 4 English, math and music. She thinks her weekends are 5.

My grandfather doesn't think weekends are special because he always does the 6 things every day. He only goes to the park to 7 newspapers and listen to the radio.

My uncle likes weekends. He can do 8 he likes on weekends. He always goes to climb the mountains with 9 friends. They usually start on Saturday and 10 two days in the mountains. Then on Sunday evening, they come back home.

- () 1. A. friends B. habits C. weekends
- () 2. A. messages B. answers C. exercises
- () 3. A. so B. and C. but
- () 4. A. learn B. teach C. speak
- () 5. A. slow B. cheap C. busy
- () 6. A. only B. same C. other
- () 7. A. read B. watch C. see
- () 8. A. how B. which C. what
- () 9. A. her B. his C. their
- () 10. A. spend B. save C. keep

V. 阅读理解。

Do you want to have a nice trip during the Spring Festival? Maybe Yunnan is a good choice for you. There you can enjoy different spotlights(焦点). Look at the travel ads below:

Unit 1 Where did you go on vacation?

Time	Places	Activities
Day 1	Shangri-La	◆ Arrive in Shangri-La County. ◆ You will meet your local (当地的) guide at airport or bus station and she will take you to the hotel. ◆ Visit Napa Lake in your free time in the afternoon.
Day 2	Lijiang	◆ Drive to Lijiang for 2 hours and visit the Tiger Leaping Gorge on the way. ◆ In Lijiang, you can visit Black Dragon Pond (黑龙潭) and Jade Dragon Snow Mountain (玉龙雪山). ◆ You can take cable cars to Baisha village.
Day 3	Dali	◆ Take buses to Dali (about 3.5 to 4 hours). ◆ Visit Bai village Xizhou and Zhoucheng. ◆ And there is a Dali old town.
Day 4	Kunming	◆ Fly to Kunming in the morning, which is the capital of Yunnan Province. ◆ Then take a tour to the Stone Forest. ◆ In the afternoon, end your trip and leave Kunming by air.

- () 1. In which season is this wonderful trip?
A. Spring. B. Summer. C. Winter.
- () 2. When can you visit Napa Lake?
A. On the first day.
B. On the second day.
C. On the third day.
- () 3. You can't visit _____ in Lijiang on the second day.
A. the Tiger Leaping Gorge
B. Black Dragon Pond
C. Jade Dragon Snow Mountain
- () 4. How long does it take you to go to Dali from Lijiang?
A. About 2 hours. B. About 3 hours.
C. About 3.5 hours.
- () 5. How can you go home after ending your trip?
A. By train. B. By car. C. By air.

VI. 完成表格 阅读下面短文,根据其内容,完成表格中所缺信息。

Anger is a kind of feeling. Many things can make

you angry. When your teacher gives you too much homework, when your team loses an important game, when a friend borrows your favorite thing and then breaks it, you may get angry.

Usually, your body will tell you when you are angry. For example, you breathe faster, your face turns red, and you may want to break something or hit someone, but sometimes you hide your anger. For example, you may hide it in your heart. The problem is that if you do this, you may get a headache or your stomach may hurt.

In fact, it's not good to hide your anger, and it's a normal thing for you to get angry sometimes. As soon as you find your problems, you may try to relax. When you get angry, you can talk about it with adults, such as parents, teachers, etc. After doing this, you'll find those bad feelings can start to go away. Here are some other things you can do when you start to feel angry: count from 1 to 100; give someone a hug; go for a bike ride; think about good things, etc.

Remember that when you are angry, how you act can make everything better or worse.

Don't let your anger control (控制) you.

Title: <u>1</u>	
<u>2</u>	▲ Your teacher gives you <u>3</u> . ▲ Your team loses an important game. ▲ A friend <u>4</u> your favourite thing.
Behaviors (表现)	▲ Your breath <u>5</u> . ▲ Your face turns red. ▲ You may want to <u>6</u> . ▲ You may get a headache or your stomach may hurt if you <u>7</u> in your heart.
<u>8</u>	▲ Talk about it with adults like parents, teachers, and so on. ▲ <u>9</u> ; count from 1 to 100; hug someone; go for a bike ride; <u>10</u> good things ...

1. _____ 2. _____
 3. _____ 4. _____
 5. _____
 6. _____
 7. _____ 8. _____
 9. _____ 10. _____

第4课时 Section B(1a—1e)

I. 选择填空 从各题的A、B、C三个选项中选择正确的答案。

- () 1. The food in Chengdu is very _____ and we all like it very much.
A. terrible B. delicious C. expensive
- () 2. —Did you see my schoolbag? I can't find it _____.
—No. Maybe _____ in the classroom saw it.
A. everywhere; anyone
B. anywhere; someone
C. anywhere; everyone
- () 3. —How was your vacation?
—It's _____. Everyone had a good time.
A. boring B. excellent C. friendly
- () 4. When did your father _____ Chongqing?
A. arrive to B. get C. arrive in
- () 5. —_____ did you do in Shanghai?
—Nothing. We stayed at the hotel because of the heavy rain.
A. Where B. What C. How
- () 6. —You should have come earlier for the meeting.
—Sorry, there _____ heavy traffic on my way.
A. is B. was C. will be
- () 7. Did you have great fun _____ your vacation in the countryside?
A. spending B. spend C. spent

II. 根据句意及首字母提示补全单词。

1. The skirt is very e_____, I don't have enough money to get it.
2. The hat is nice and c_____. I will take it.
3. —It's raining heavily outside, Mike.
—What a t_____ day! We had to stay at home.
4. My mother made d_____ food for us on my birthday party.
5. I think Beijing Opera is very b_____ and I can't stand it.

III. 通读句子, 选用方框中短语的适当形式完成句子。

do something interesting	buy something for
be boring	have a good time
be friendly to	

1. We all _____ in the park. We sang and danced there happily.
2. —Did you _____ last weekend?
—No. I did nothing special.
3. My English teacher _____ us.
4. —Did Tony _____ his sister?
—Yes, he did.
5. Jack falls asleep in the theater because the film _____.

IV. 完形填空。

Are you sorry for not traveling during the National Day? If you stay at home at that time, I think you are very 1. Why? Because there are too many people 2. In many places of interest in China, it's too crowded to do anything.

According to the report, it was too 3 on the Great Wall on October 1st, 2015. You even couldn't take photos for yourself or your friends. All what we could 4 were people. It was said that there were about twenty people per meter on the Great Wall. My friends told me they could see 5 but people on the Great Wall. "We couldn't 6 if the people in front of us didn't walk," he said. He showed us a 7 on the Great Wall. In the photo, we 8 found him out, because there were too many people.

So some people give the advice that we 9 have the golden week any more. But other people say no to this advice. What's your idea of 10? Are you sorry now for not traveling during the golden week?

- () 1. A. lucky B. sad C. boring
- () 2. A. somewhere B. anywhere C. everywhere
- () 3. A. silent B. dirty C. crowded
- () 4. A. make B. see C. hear
- () 5. A. something B. anything C. nothing
- () 6. A. read B. walk C. swim
- () 7. A. photo B. ticket C. book
- () 8. A. always B. usually C. hardly
- () 9. A. can't B. mustn't C. shouldn't
- () 10. A. this B. that C. it

V. 阅读理解。

What is the world's highest tree? Where is the hottest place? To find out the answers, please open the

book — *Guinness World Records*. It recorded the finest human achievements (成就). And it started to record them in 1954.

Guinness World Records tells us many wonderful things. Now more than 100 million copies of the book have been sold in almost 40 languages, and a new edition (版本) comes out every year.

The idea of the book came from the Briton Sir Hugh Beaver. One day, he and his friends argued about the fastest game bird (猎鸟) in Europe and they failed to find an answer in any book. Later, the *Guinness World Records* was published by Jim Pattison Group in Canada.

From then on, many people wanted to get into the book. Anyone who has a special skill or talent can apply for a Guinness Record. After that, Guinness judges will check your information. If yours is correct, they will send you an official Guinness World Records certificate (证书)! Ashrita Furman from the US, holds the most Guinness World Records. He holds 125 ones. But there are many records that Guinness won't accept. For example, they do not recognize any activity that could harm people or animals.

- () 1. How old is the *Guinness World Records*?
A. 40 years old. B. 62 years old.
C. 125 years old.
- () 2. What does the *Guinness World Records* book record?
A. It records the finest human achievements.
B. It records wonderful things.
C. It records the famous people.
- () 3. The idea of the *Guinness World Records* is from _____.
A. Hugh Beaver
B. Hugh Beaver's friend
C. Jim Pattison Group
- () 4. Which of the following is NOT true?
A. The *Guinness World Records* is translated into almost 40 languages.
B. Over 100 million copies of the *Guinness World Records* are sold every year.
C. A new edition of the *Guinness World Records* comes out every year.

- () 5. Who may get the official Guinness World Records certificate?
A. Mike can eat 129 birds in 20 minutes.
B. Jack killed a tiger without anything except his hands.
C. Sally can sing many songs with her nose.

VI. 完成对话 在对话的空格上填上适当的单词,使对话完整正确。一空一词(含缩写词)。

A: Hi, Mary. I 1 where you went on vacation last weekend.

B: Well, I didn't go 2 but stay at home on Saturday. I had quite a 3 things to do.

A: Like what?

B: On Saturday I did my homework and studied for the test. On Sunday I went to the library for the book report.

A: Oh, it seemed that your weekend wasn't much 4 .

B: Yeah, I always feel too much pressure (压力) from schoolwork. How I wish I could enjoy 5 at weekends! How about you? Did you do 6 fun last weekend?

A: Yes. I went to the countryside with my friends.

B: Really? What did you do there?

A: The weather was sunny and hot in the morning, so we 7 to go swimming in the river.

B: Wow! That sounds great!

A: Not really. The weather was not so good in the afternoon. It started to rain hard. 8 , we forgot to bring umbrellas with us. So we got 9 all over because of the rain.

B: What happened next?

A: We started going back home when the rain stopped. Then we felt a little hungry, so we 10 some wild fruit to eat along the way. But later, we all had a terrible stomachache.

B: Oh, no! I'm sorry to hear that.

1. _____ 2. _____
3. _____ 4. _____
5. _____ 6. _____
7. _____ 8. _____
9. _____ 10. _____