

EXPLORING 4

English

探索英语 4

COURSEBOOK

学生用书



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探索英语 4 Coursebook 学生用书

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出版前言

《探索英语》(*Exploring English*) 是英国广播公司 (BBC) 语言教学专家为非英语国家的青少年在学习英语的同时能够全面了解英国文化和生活、提高国际意识而精心编写的教材。该教材问世后, 在世界各地深受欢迎。现由我社引进并改编, 供中国学生使用。

《探索英语》共四级, 每级包括学生用书、练习册和教师用书, 是一套面向中学生 (初一至高三) 或相当水平学习者的教材, 可供学校作为辅助教材使用, 也可供社会办学作为主干教材使用, 或供学习者自学使用。

《探索英语》通过讲述来自世界各国的中学生在英国的生活故事, 向读者介绍了丰富的英国文化和生活知识, 并对比和展现了各国文化生活的特点。教材内容新颖, 图文并茂, 以灵活多样的教学方式帮助学习者在轻松的环境中, 循序渐进地掌握各种英语知识。

本套教材专为以英语为外语的学习者编写, 采用先进的语言教学法, 以交际法为核心, 促进学习者听、说、读、写、译能力的全面发展, 着重培养学习者的听说能力, 并帮助其了解英语作为一种国际性语言的特色, 增强其用英语参加交际的信心和能力, 使其了解生活圈外的世界中的问题, 更好地理解各种不同的观点。全套教材借助形式多样的书面和口头媒介, 通过各种精心设计的交际任务来提高学习者对口语和书面语的理解能力和表达能力。学生学完本套教材可达到剑桥第一证书 (the First Certificate of English) 要求的水平。

作为英语教材中的精品, 《探索英语》定会成为广大学习者的良师益友, 引领大家一步步走向成功。

上海外语教育出版社



Dear student,

Welcome to **EXPLORING English 4**. This book will help you not only learn more about the English language but also broaden your knowledge about a wide variety of interesting subjects.

Read on to find out about how the Internet can be used to save a life; whether animals can be a cure for illnesses; how the strength of El Niño has changed more than just the weather; what makes a Hollywood superstar, and many other fascinating topics.

Through **EXPLORING English 4** you'll take another step closer to your preparation for the First Certificate in English, so we've made sure that we've given you a clear picture of the examination. This book will help you to prepare for all five papers. It will also enable you to express your thoughts in speaking and writing with more self-confidence and will encourage you to think about a wide range of social issues with maturity and sensitivity.

We wish continued success in your studies this year.

With best wishes,

the **EXPLORING English** team



亲爱的同学：

欢迎使用《探索英语4》。本书不仅可以帮助你学习更多的英语语言知识，更会让你在众多趣味盎然的短文阅读中开阔眼界，扩大知识面。

在阅读过程中，你会发现许多新奇问题的答案，如因特网如何被用来拯救生命；动物究竟能否帮助人类治愈疾病；“厄尔尼诺”现象为何远非天气变化这么简单；好莱坞的超级明星是如何造就的，等等。

在完成前三级教材的学习后，本书将会对你的英语水平有更进一步的促进，同时也会为你备战诸如第一证书的考试加助一臂之力。除此之外，本册书还力求能使你在各类考试的口试和写作部分中更加自信流畅地进行表达，同时也能更加成熟敏锐地思考一些社会问题。

衷心地祝大家在今年的学习中能够不断取得进步！

《探索英语》编写组

UNIT 课文单元	TOPICS 单元主题	LANGUAGE 语言要点	FUNCTIONS 语言功能	LISTENING 听力练习
1 LIGHTS! CAMERA! ACTION! 灯光! 摄像! 开拍! P 14 (第14页)	CINEMA THE LIFE STORY OF ARNOLD SCHWARZENEGGER THEATRE 电影院 阿诺德·施瓦辛格的生活故事 剧院	structures <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ● present simple / progressive ● past simple / progressive ● used to ● definite / indefinite article 结构 <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ● 一般现在时/现在进行时 ● 一般过去时/过去进行时 ● used to的用法 ● 定/不定冠词 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ■ making introductions ■ asking for information ■ 做介绍 ■ 询问信息 	FCE Part 1: Multiple choice Part 2: Note-taking FCE 第一部分: 多项选择 第二部分: 记笔记
2 COACH OR CAR? 马车还是汽车? P 26 (第26页)	AT A TRAVEL AGENT'S TRAVEL ITINERARY TOURISM 在旅行社 旅行路线 旅游	structures <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ● future simple/progressive ● going to, future perfect simple ● how to express future time 结构 <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ● 一般将来时/将来进行时 ● going to的用法 ● 将来完成时 ● 如何表达将来时间 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ■ asking for / giving opinions ■ agreeing / disagreeing with opinions ■ 征求或发表看法 ■ 表示赞同或不赞同 	FCE Part 3: Identify the speaker Part 4: True or False? FCE 第三部分: 辨别说话人 第四部分: 判断正误
3 FUNCTIONAL ENGLISH USE OF ENGLISH 功能英语 英语的使用 P 38 (第38页)	GOING OUT GOING ON HOLIDAY 外出 去度假		<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ■ making suggestions / objections ■ making offers/requests ■ 提出建议/反对意见 ■ 提议/提出要求 	
4 ANIMALS 动物 P 42 (第42页)	MEDICINE ON FOUR LEGS ABANDONING PETS CRUELTY TO ANIMALS 宠物疗法 弃养宠物 虐待动物	structures <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ● present perfect simple / progressive ● past perfect simple / progressive 结构 <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ● 现在完成时/现在进行时 ● 过去完成时/过去进行时 		FCE Part 1: Multiple choice Part 2: Note-taking Pronunciation: (/ɜ:/, /ʌ/, /eə/ /ɔ:/, /əʊ/, /ɪə/) FCE 第一部分: 多项选择 第二部分: 记笔记 发音练习: (/ɜ:/, /ʌ/, /eə/ /ɔ:/, /əʊ/, /ɪə/)
5 HOW TO LIVE LONGER 如何延长寿命 P 54 (第54页)	HEALTHY EATING LOSING WEIGHT THE HISTORY OF A COLD 健康饮食 减肥 感冒的历史	structures <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ● plurals (countable and uncountable nouns) ● no / no one / none, some / any ● many / (a) few, much / (a) little - very, too, enough - so/such ... (that) 结构 <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ● 复数(可数名词和不可数名词) ● no / no one / none, some / any 的用法 ● many / (a) few, much / (a) little - very, too, enough - so/such ... (that) 的用法 		Pronunciation: (/s/, /ʃ/) FCE Part 3: Identify the speaker Part 4: True or False? 发音练习: (/s/, /ʃ/) FCE 第三部分: 辨别说话人 第四部分: 判断正误
6 FUNCTIONAL ENGLISH USE OF ENGLISH 功能英语 英语的使用 P 66 (第66页)	SPORTS VEGETARIANISM 体育运动 素食主义		<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ■ expressing likes / dislikes ■ expressing opinions ■ 表达喜恶 ■ 表达观点 	

SPEAKING 会话练习	READING 阅读练习	WRITING 写作练习	USE OF ENGLISH 语言使用	VOCABULARY 词汇精练
Pairwork: (Transferring information from a grid.) FCE Part 1, Part 2 Pairwork: (Talking about films / posters.) Groupwork: (Discussing quotes and giving opinions.) Role play: (Going to the theatre.) 成对练习: (转换格中的信息) FCE 第一部分、第二部分 成对练习: (谈论电影/海报) 分组活动: (讨论引文并给出观点)	FCE Part 1: Multiple matching (summary sentences) Part 2: Multiple choice Part 3: Gapped text (sentences) FCE 第一部分: 多项搭配(总结性句子) 第二部分: 多项选择 第三部分: 完成短文(句子)	Letter (informal) 书信(非正式)	FCE Part 3: Transformations Part 4: Error Correction FCE 第三部分: 转换 第四部分: 改错	Derivatives Phrasal verbs: turn Confusable words Prepositions Phrasal verbs: take 派生词 短语动词: turn 易混淆的词 介词 短语动词: take
Pairwork: (Talking about future plans.) FCE Part 3, Part 4 Pairwork: (Making future predictions.) Discussing holiday destinations. 成对练习: (谈论将来的计划) FCE 第三部分、第四部分 成对练习: (预测将来) 讨论度假目的地	True or False? FCE Part 2: Multiple choice Answer the questions in full 判断正误 FCE 第二部分: 多项选择 完整地回答问题	Descriptive essay 描写性文章	FCE Part 3: Transformations Part 4: Error Correction FCE 第三部分: 转换 第四部分: 改错	Derivatives Prepositions Phrasal verbs: get Confusable words 派生词 介词 短语动词: get 易混淆的词
Role play: (Making arrangements for a party.) 角色扮演: (为晚会做准备工作)			Complete FCE test paper 完成 FCE 测试试卷	
FCE Part 1, Part 2 Role play: (Information gap.) Tongue twister FCE 第一部分, 第二部分 角色扮演: (填补空缺信息) 绕口令	FCE Part 1: Multiple matching (headings) Part 2: Multiple choice Tick the true sentences FCE 第一部分: 多项搭配(标题) 第二部分: 多项选择 在正确的句子前打勾	Narrative essay 记叙文	FCE Part 3: Transformations FCE 第三部分: 转换	Derivatives Confusable words, Suffixes Sounds of young animals Collocations Phrasal verbs: run, Homophones 派生词 易混淆的词, 后缀 幼小动物的叫声 词的搭配 短语动词: run, 同音词
FCE Part 3, Part 4 Tongue twister Pairwork: (Describe and guess.) Groupwork: (Discussing quotations.) FCE 第三部分, 第四部分 绕口令 成对练习: (一边描述一边猜) 分组活动: (讨论引文)	FCE Part 1: Multiple matching (headings) Part 2: Multiple choice Filling in a grid FCE 第一部分: 多项搭配(标题) 第二部分: 多项选择 填表格	Comparison - contrast essay 对比性文章	FCE Part 4: Error correction Part 3: Transformations FCE 第三部分: 转换 第四部分: 改错	Derivatives Word association Linking words and phrases Idioms with parts of the body Confusable words Phrasal verbs with 'out' Phrasal verbs: give 派生词 单词联想 连接词或短语 与身体部位有关的习语 易混淆的词 与“out”搭配的短语动词 短语动词: give
Pairwork: (Creating dialogues.) Pairwork: (Discussing food habits.) Class survey 成对练习: (编对话) 成对练习: (讨论饮食习惯) 班级调查			Complete FCE test paper 完成 FCE 测试试卷	Positive / Negative words 肯/否定词

UNIT 课文单元	TOPICS 单元主题	LANGUAGE 语言要点	FUNCTIONS 语言功能	LISTENING 听力练习
7 CHANGING WORK ENVIRONMENT 改变工作环境 P 70 (第70页)	TECHNOLOGY IN WORK AND EDUCATION STRESSFUL JOBS STAR SIGNS AND OCCUPATIONS 工作和教育中的科技应用 有压力的工作 星座与职业	structures <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ● comparisons ● adjectives / adverbs / adverbs of frequency ● the imperative 结构 <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ● 比较级 ● 形容词/副词/频率副词 ● 祈使句 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ■ expressing certainty / uncertainty / possibility ■ 表达确定/不确定/可能性 	FCE Part 1: Multiple choice Part 2: Note-taking FCE 第一部分: 多项选择 第二部分: 记笔记
8 SPORTING ACTIVITIES 体育活动 P 82 (第82页)	FOOTBALL FEVER ACTIVITY HOLIDAYS DANGEROUS PASTIMES 足球热 活动假期 危险运动	structures <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ● question tags ● so do I / I do too ● neither do I / I don't either 结构 <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ● 反意疑问句 ● so do I / I do too 的用法 ● neither do I / I don't either 的用法 		Pronunciation: (/æ/, /ɑ:/, /ʌ/) FCE Part 3: Identify the speaker Part 4: True or False? 发音练习: (/æ/, /ɑ:/, /ʌ/) FCE 第三部分: 辨别说话人 第四部分: 判断正误
9 FUNCTIONAL ENGLISH USE OF ENGLISH 功能英语 英语的使用 P 94 (第94页)	BUSINESS PROBLEMS WHITE WATER RAFTING 生意难题 皮划艇运动		<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ■ talking about problems ■ giving advice ■ 谈论问题 ■ 提供意见 	
10 HEALTHY ALTERNATIVES 选择健康饮食 P 98 (第98页)	ALTERNATIVE DIETS GOOD AND BAD TABLE MANNERS TASTES OF THE WORLD 可供选择的健康饮食 良好和不好的餐桌礼仪 世界各国口味迥异	structures <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ● have ● can / could, be able ● must, will / would, shall / should, ought to, do, need 结构 <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ● have的用法 ● can / could, be able的用法 ● must, will / would, shall / should, ought to, do, need的用法 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ■ making assumptions ■ 做出假设 	FCE Part 1: Multiple choice Part 2: Note-taking FCE 第一部分: 多项选择 第二部分: 记笔记
11 AROUND THE WORLD 环球掠影 P 110 (第110页)	COOBER PEDY INDIA UNUSUAL PLACES IN EUROPE 库柏皮迪 印度 发现欧陆的独特名胜	structures <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ● infinitive ● gerund 结构 <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ● 不定式 ● 动名词 		Pronunciation: (/ts/, /tʃ/, /n/, /ŋ/) FCE Part 3: Identify the speaker Part 4: True or False? 发音练习: (/ts/, /tʃ/, /n/, /ŋ/) FCE 第三部分: 辨别说话人 第四部分: 判断正误
12 FUNCTIONAL ENGLISH USE OF ENGLISH 功能英语 英语的使用 P 122 (第122页)	ALCOHOL: YES OR NO? 饮酒: 支持还是反对?		<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ■ expressing certainty / uncertainty ■ expressing probability / doubt ■ 表达确定/不确定 ■ 表达可能性/怀疑 	

SPEAKING 会话练习	READING 阅读练习	WRITING 写作练习	USE OF ENGLISH 语言使用	VOCABULARY 词汇精练
FCE Part 1, Part 2 Guessing game: (20 questions) Role play: (Going to an astrologer.) FCE 第一部分, 第二部分 猜谜看游戏(20个问题) 角色扮演: (去占卜)	FCE Part 4: Multiple matching (Who said what?) Part 3: Gapped text (sentences) Scanning and matching FCE 第三部分: 完成短文(句子) 第四部分: 多项搭配 (谁说了什么?) 快速浏览并完成搭配	Transactional letter (formal - applying for a job) 实用商务信函 (正式一申请工作)	FCE Part 3: Transformations Part 4: Error correction Part 5: Word formation FCE 第三部分: 转换 第四部分: 改错 第五部分: 构词	Derivatives Confusable words Idioms related to work Negative prefixes 派生词 易混淆的词 与工作有关的习语 否定前缀
FCE Part 3, Part 4 Role play: (Prioritizing.) Groupwork: (Problem solving.) Discussing sports Tongue twister FCE 第三部分, 第四部分 角色扮演: (谁优先) 分组活动: (解决问题) 讨论体育运动 绕口令	FCE Part 1: Multiple matching (headings) Part 3: Gapped text (sentences) Part 4: Multiple matching (Which text?) Making inferences FCE 第一部分: 多项搭配(标题) 第三部分: 完成短文(句子) 第四部分: 多项搭配 (哪篇课文?) 推论	Report 报告	FCE Part 3: Transformations Part 4: Error correction FCE 第三部分: 转换 第四部分: 改错	Derivatives Prepositions Idioms with "cards" / "game(s)" Confusable words Word fields Phrasal verbs with 'up' Different meanings of 'get' 派生词 介词 与 "cards" / "game(s)" 有关的习语 易混淆的词 词义场 与 "up" 搭配的短语动词 "get" 的不同意义
Pairwork: (Discussing problems and giving advice.) 成对练习: (讨论问题并提出意见)			Complete FCE test paper 完成 FCE 测试试卷	Paraphrasing 同义替换
FCE Part 1, Part 2 Pairwork: (Discussing and comparing good table manners.) Making promises Discussing quotations Pairwork: (Discussing unusual foods.) FCE 第一部分, 第二部分 成对练习: (讨论并比较良好的餐桌礼仪) 许诺 讨论引文 成对练习: (讨论少见的食品)	FCE Part 2: Multiple choice Part 3: Gapped text (paragraphs) Part 4: Multiple matching (Which text?) FCE 第二部分: 多项选择 第三部分: 完成短文(段落) 第四部分: 多项搭配 (哪篇课文?)	Narrative essay 记叙文	FCE Part 3: Transformations Part 4: Error Correction FCE 第三部分: 转换 第四部分: 改错	Derivatives, Prepositions Phrasal verbs: go Idioms with food / drink Collocations British / American English Homonyms Synonyms 派生词, 介词 短语动词: go 与食品/饮料有关的习语 词的搭配 英式/美式英语 同音异义词 同义词
FCE Part 3, Part 4 Pairwork: (Describing a city / town you like.) Groupwork: (Designing a poster.) FCE 第三部分, 第四部分 成对练习: (描述你喜欢的一个城市/城镇) 分组活动: (设计一张海报)	FCE Part 1: Multiple matching (summary sentences) Part 3: Gapped text (paragraphs) Part 4: Multiple matching (Which text?) FCE 第一部分: 多项搭配 (总结性句子) 第三部分: 完成短文(段落) 第四部分: 多项搭配 (哪篇课文?)	Transactional letter (formal - making a complaint) 实用商务信函 (正式一投诉)	Part 3: Transformations Part 5: Word Formation 第三部分: 转换 第五部分: 构词	Derivatives, Compound words Prefixes, suffixes, Idioms with 'house', Phrasal verbs: look British / American English Confusable words 派生词, 合成词 前缀, 后缀, 与 "house" 有关的习语 短语动词: look 英式/美式英语 易混淆的词
Class Survey (Making predictions) Tongue Twister 班级调查 (做预测) 绕口令			Complete FCE test paper 完成 FCE 测试试卷	

UNIT 课文单元	TOPICS 单元主题	LANGUAGE 语言要点	FUNCTIONS 语言功能	LISTENING 听力练习
13 WEATHER AND ENVIRONMENT 天气和环境 P 126 (第126页)	EL NIÑO BAD WEATHER CONDITIONS HOW 'GREEN' ARE YOU? 厄尔尼诺现象 恶劣的天气条件 你的环保意识有多强?	structures <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ● unreal past tenses ● wish / hope, would rather / had better ● conjunctions, exclamatory structures 结构 ● 虚拟过去时态 ● wish / hope, would rather / had better的用法 ● 连词, 感叹句 		FCE Part 1: Multiple choice Part 2: Note-taking FCE 第一部分: 多项选择 第二部分: 记笔记
14 CRIME 犯罪 P 138 (第138页)	TRICKED FORBES INVESTIGATES THE DEATH PENALTY 骗局 FORBES 调查 死刑	structures <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ● the causative use of 'have' ● the passive voice 结构 ● "have" 的使役用法 ● 被动态 		Pronunciation: (Vowel differentiation.) FCE Part 3: Identify the speaker Part 4: True or False? 发音练习: (区别元音) FCE 第三部分: 辨别说话人 第四部分: 判断正误
15 FUNCTIONAL ENGLISH USE OF ENGLISH 功能英语 英语的使用 P 150 (第150页)	LATE FOR A DATE 约会迟到		<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ■ making apologies / excuses ■ 道歉/说明理由 	
16 SPACE AND TECHNOLOGY 太空和科技 P 154 (第154页)	EXTRATERRESTRIALS SPACE EXPLORATION SAVING A LIFE ON THE INTERNET 太空外探险 网络救援	structures <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ● conditionals 结构 ● 条件句 		Pronunciation: (Short and long vowels /ɒ/, /ɔ:/) FCE Part 1: Multiple choice Part 2: Note-taking 发音练习: (短元音和长元音 /ɒ/, /ɔ:/) FCE 第一部分: 多项选择 第二部分: 记笔记
17 TRANSPORT 交通运输 P 166 (第166页)	THE CLOSURE OF A STATION TRANSPORT PROBLEMS IN LONDON THE DANGERS OF TRANSPORT 关闭火车站 伦敦的交通问题 交通运输的危险性	structures <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ● direct and reported speech 结构 ● 直接引语和间接引语 		FCE Part 3: Identify the speaker Part 4: True or False? FCE 第三部分: 辨别说话人 第四部分: 判断正误
18 FUNCTIONAL ENGLISH USE OF ENGLISH 功能英语 英语的使用 P 178 (第178页)	A ROAD ACCIDENT 道路交通事故		<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ■ expressing past regrets ■ 表示遗憾 	

SPEAKING 会话练习	READING 阅读练习	WRITING 写作练习	USE OF ENGLISH 语言使用	VOCABULARY 词汇精练
FCE Part 1, Part 2 (Discussing quotations) (Giving advice) FCE 第一部分, 第二部分 (讨论引文) (提供建议)	Part 1: Multiple matching (summary sentences) Part 2: Multiple choice Part 4: Multiple matching (Which text?) 第一部分: 多项搭配 (总结性句子) 第二部分: 多项选择 第四部分: 多项搭配 (哪篇课文?)	Article 论文	Part 1: Cloze test Part 3: Transformations Part 4: Error correction 第一部分: 完形填空 第三部分: 转换 第四部分: 改错	Derivatives Confusable words Phrasal verbs with 'on' Idioms with 'rain', 'storm', 'wind' Prepositions, Antonyms Linking words and phrases 派生词 易混淆的词 与'on'搭配的短语动词 与"rain", "storm", "wind"有 关的习语介词, 反义词 连接词和短语
FCE Part 3, Part 4 Pairwork: (Punishment that fits the crime.) Role play: (Reporting a theft to the police.) FCE 第三部分, 第四部分 成对练习: (与所犯罪行为相应 的惩罚) 角色扮演: (向警方报告一桩 盗窃案)	FCE Part 1: Multiple matching (headings) Part 2: Multiple choice Part 4: Multiple matching (Which text?) FCE 第一部分: 多项搭配(标题) 第二部分: 多项选择 第四部分: 多项搭配 (哪篇课文?)	Discursive essay 推论性文章	Part 1: Cloze test Part 5: Word Formation 第一部分: 完形填空 第五部分: 构词	Derivatives Confusable words Phrasal verbs with 'down' Collocations Phrasal verbs: come 派生词 易混淆的词 与"down"搭配的短语动词 词的搭配 短语动词: come
Pairwork: (Finding excuses, apologies.) 成对练习: (找出理由, 道歉)			Complete FCE test paper 完成 FCE 测试试卷	Paraphrasing 同义替换
FCE Part 1, Part 2 Role play: (An interview with an extraterrestrial.) Discussion: (Computers and the Internet) FCE 第一部分, 第二部分 角色扮演: (采访外星人) 讨论: (电脑与网络)	FCE Part 1: Multiple matching (headings) Part 2: Multiple choice Part 4: Multiple matching (Who said what?) FCE 第一部分: 多项搭配(标题) 第二部分: 多项选择 第四部分: 多项搭配 (谁说了什么?)	Transactional letter (formal - asking for information) 实用商务信函 (正式一咨询)	Part 5: Word Formation Part 4: Error Correction 第四部分: 改错 第五部分: 构词	Derivatives Collocations Confusable words Homonyms Prepositions Formal letter phraseology 派生词 词的搭配 易混淆的词 同音异义词 介词 正式文书的措辞
Groupwork: (Gathering information.) FCE Part 3, Part 4 分组活动: (收集信息) FCE 第三部分, 第四部分	Tick the sentences FCE Part 2: Multiple choice Part 4: Multiple matching (Which text?) 在正确的句子前打勾 FCE 第二部分: 多项选择 第四部分: 多项搭配 (哪篇课文?)	Discursive essay 推论性文章	Part 3: Transformations 第三部分: 转换	Derivatives British / American English Prepositions Word Fields Confusable words 派生词 英式/美式英语 介词 词义场 易混淆的词
Pairwork: (Dialogue building, based on visuals.) 成对练习: (根据图片编 对话)			Complete FCE test paper 完成 FCE 测试试卷	

UNIT 课文单元	TOPICS 单元主题	LANGUAGE 语言要点	FUNCTIONS 语言功能	LISTENING 听力练习
19 P 182 THE HUMAN FACE OF WAR 战争下人们的痛苦表情 (第182页)	REFUGEES 难民问题	revision of Units 1-4 复习1-4单元	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> expressing feelings 表达感情 	
20 P 184 INTO THE DEEP 进入海底世界 (第184页)	JACQUES COUSTEAU 杰奎斯·库斯蒂欧	revision of Units 1-8 复习1-8单元	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> narrating past events 讲述发生的事情 	FCE Part 2: Note-taking FCE 第二部分: 记笔记
21 P 186 DISASTERS 灾难 (第186页)	FIRE 火灾	revision of Units 1-12 复习1-12单元	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> talking about personal experience 谈论自己的经历 	FCE Part 3: Identify the speaker FCE 第三部分: 辨别说话人
22 P 188 A LAND OF EXTREMES 风情万种的国度 (第188页)	RUSSIA 俄罗斯	revision of Units 1-16 复习1-16单元	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> giving factual information and personal opinion 说明事实真相, 表达自己观点 	Pronunciation: (Transcribing phonetic symbols) 发音练习: (写音标)
23 P 190 THE POET, THE REFORMER AND THE ACTRESS 诗人、改革家、演员 (第190页)	LORD BYRON, MARTIN LUTHER KING JR, MELINA MERCOURI 拜伦、马丁·路德·金、莫琳娜·莫古丽	revision of Units 1-18 复习1-18单元	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> narrating biographical information 讲述个人故事 	
24 P 192 THE GENERATION GAP 代沟 (第192页)	DO PARENTS REALLY UNDERSTAND THEIR CHILDREN? 父母真的了解他们的孩子吗?	revision of Units 1-24 复习1-24单元	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> giving the pros and cons of a social issue 谈论某一社会问题的利与弊 	FCE Part 4: True or False? FCE 第四部分: 判断正误
25 P 194 Speaking Practice I 口语练习一 (第194页)				
26 P 196 Speaking Practice II 口语练习二 (第196页)				

SPEAKING 会话练习	READING 阅读练习	WRITING 写作练习	USE OF ENGLISH 语言使用	VOCABULARY 词汇精练
FCE Part 2, Part 4 Tongue Twister FCE 第二部分, 第四部分 绕口令	A personal account 个人表述	Narrative essay 记叙文	FCE Part 3: Transformations FCE 第三部分: 转换	Synonyms Paraphrasing 同义词 同义替换
Role play: (Interviewing a Cousteau team member.) Groupwork: (Prioritizing) 角色扮演: (采访一名库斯 蒂欧成员) 分组活动: (谁优先)	Biographical account 传记体文章	Article 论文		Synonyms Word fields 同义词 词义场
FCE Part 3 FCE 第三部分	Narrative 记叙文	Descriptive essay 描写性文章	FCE Part 4: Error Correction FCE 第四部分: 改错	Synonyms Derivatives 同义词 派生词
FCE Part 2, Part 4 FCE 第二部分, 第四部分	Magazine article 杂志文章	Comparison / Contrast essay 比较/对比性文章	FCE Part 5: Word Formation FCE 第五部分: 构词	Homonyms Confusable words 同音异义词 易混淆的词
FCE Part 3, Part 4 FCE 第三部分, 第四部分	Encyclopedia extracts 百科全书摘要	Dialogue 对话	FCE Part 2: Open Cloze test FCE 第二部分: 开卷完形填空	Confusable words Crossword puzzle 易混淆的词 纵横拼字谜
FCE Part 2 FCE 第二部分	Magazine article 杂志文章	Discursive essay 推论性文章	FCE Part 2: Open Cloze test FCE 第二部分: 开卷完形填空	Positive / Negative words Derivatives 肯/否定词 派生词

1a LIGHTS! CAMERA! ACTION!

WARM UP

- Do you watch TV or go to the cinema much? How often? What do you like to see?
- Do you like to stay in sometimes? How do you spend your time when you do?
- Would you like to work in films / TV one day? Why (not)?



LISTEN AND READ

GIRLS IN FILM

Helen Hunter

1 'I have two jobs really. I'm mainly a scriptwriter. That means I write screenplays - they're film stories. Writing screenplays isn't at all easy.

5 First of all, I have to come up with an original idea and, secondly, I have to keep rewriting the story in detail until I think it's just right - interesting, clever and humorous. I'm also a producer. This means I have to borrow money from investors to make the film. I try to find people who will lend us money if they believe that the film will be a hit. If they don't, they will turn the film down.

15 'Well, five of us at film school decided to get together and make a film. We wrote a screenplay and then looked for investors and luckily we found the money to make the film. The film, called *Love and Other Madness*, was a box-office hit and got very good reviews.

20 With that success, it has been much easier to get people interested in our new films.'

25 'Our latest film is another comedy. We're shooting a lot of the scenes in a studio, but I prefer working on location because it looks and feels more natural. We're planning to release the film at Christmas so that it's in the cinemas during the Christmas holidays.'

30 'After this film, I'm working on a screenplay for Fox Studios, then we'll film it. I'm also going to a few film festivals in Europe and the States. It's always very important to see what other film-makers are doing because it helps you to improve your own work. I want to make great films and every new film is a chance to improve on the one before.'

Helen Hunter

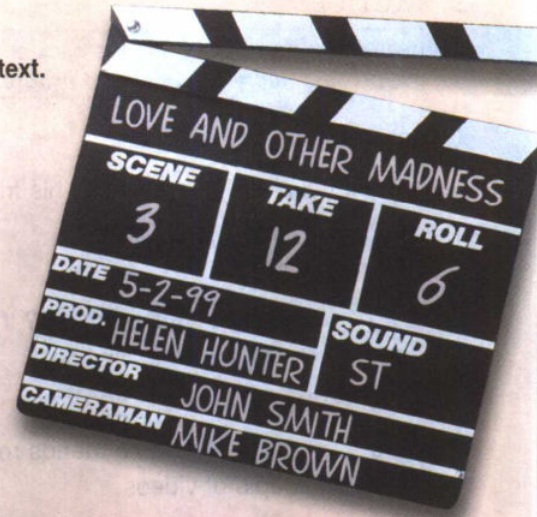
SCREENPLAY
LOVE AND OTHER
MADNESS



COMPREHENSION CHECK

Choose the most suitable summary sentence from the list A-E for each part 1-4 of the text. There is one extra sentence which you do not need to use.

- A WHAT ARE YOU WORKING ON NOW?
- B WHAT DO YOU DO?
- C WHAT ARE YOU DOING NEXT?
- D WAS YOUR FIRST FILM A SUCCESS?
- E HOW DID YOU GET INVOLVED IN FILM-MAKING?




VOCABULARY CHECK

a Circle the correct answer according to the meaning in the text.

- | | | |
|---------------------------------|---------------------|--------------------|
| 1 come up with (line 5): | a release | b find |
| 2 original (line 5): | a new and different | b first |
| 3 humorous (line 8): | a strange | b funny |
| 4 hit (line 13): | a success | b failure |
| 5 shooting (line 23): | a filming | b improving |
| 6 on location (line 24): | a in a studio | b outside a studio |

b Tick the correct answer.

- | | | |
|-----------------------------------------------|-------------------------|------------------|
| 1 A scriptwriter is someone who writes | a scenarios | b poems |
| 2 An investor is someone who puts in | a time | b money |
| 3 If you release a film, you ... | a show it to the public | b make a film |
| 4 When you improve your work, you ... | a review it | b make it better |
| 5 A good chance is ... | a an opportunity | b time |

 BRITISH English		 AMERICAN English
pictures	→	movies
cinema-goer	→	movie-goer
interval	→	intermission



WORD EXPANSION

Use the word in capitals to form a suitable word for each space.

(un)real decide
really (un)decided
reality decision

comedy nature
comedian (un)natural

produce
production
product

- 1 Life sometimes looks wonderful in films, but in _____ it's quite different. **REAL**
- 2 Who's your favourite _____? **COMEDY**
- 3 She's _____ whether to go to film school or not. **DECIDE**
- 4 Companies spend a lot of money advertising their _____ at cinemas. **PRODUCE**
- 5 'Try to look more _____,' the producer said to me. **NATURE**

VOCABULARY DEVELOPMENT

For him, writing screenplays is **as easy as A B C**.
She became famous **at the age of** twelve.

'**Aim** the camera **at** the actress in the middle,' he said.
All in all, the performance was quite good.

[See the Grammar Section at the back of the book for the **present simple** and **present progressive**.]

1 Choose the correct **verb form**.

- Frank usually _____ his friends on a Saturday night out.
(joins, is joining)
- _____ anything tonight? If not, we could go to that Coca Cola exhibition.
(Do you do, Are you doing)
- We _____ some friends round this Friday to watch a couple of videos.
(invite, are inviting)
- Julia Lang _____ as well as other actresses in musicals.
(doesn't act, isn't acting)
- _____ much on entertainment every month?
(Do you spend, Are you spending)
- Sheila _____ our tickets for the Robbie Williams concert this weekend.
(gets, is getting)

2 Replace the underlined verbs in the sentences with the **present simple** or **present progressive** of the verbs in the box.

look, appear, not mean, have, think of, see

- Call back later, Tom. Jean is taking a bath.
- The new drama series on Channel Four seems quite interesting.
- They are considering booking some seats for the evening performance.
- I understand now why his latest film is a huge box-office hit.
- I don't want to be unkind, but your concert got bad reviews.
- Paul Newman seems to be tired of the big screen.

VOCABULARY DEVELOPMENT

They'll be filming on location for **another** two weeks. She's **anxious about** the performance this evening.

The police are **after him** and they'll soon catch him. 'After you, madam,' he said politely as he opened the door.

3 PHRASAL VERBS: **turn**

Choose the correct **phrasal verb** to fill in the blanks.

- turn on** = make sth work
- turn up** = { • increase in volume
• appear, arrive (often unexpectedly)
- turn off** = stop sth working
- turn down** = { • reduce in volume
• not accept

- Can we _____ the TV, please? My favourite programme is on in five minutes.
- Film producers _____ hundreds of scripts each year.
- _____ the radio _____, please. I can't hear it.
- My father hates heavy metal music. He _____ the radio whenever any comes on.
- Could you _____ the stereo a bit? You know I'm trying to study for my exams.
- Guess who _____ at John's wedding!

4 CONFUSABLE WORDS

Choose the correct word to fill in the blanks.

borrow / lend

- Can you _____ me £20 to go to a concert?
- Producers often have to _____ money to make a film.

enjoy / entertain

- When I have guests to _____, I take them to a nice restaurant.
- Do you _____ going to the theatre?

live / alive

- Is Elizabeth Taylor still _____?
- I love watching my favourite singers _____.

last / latest

- Spielberg's _____ film is very interesting.
- When was the _____ time you went to a jazz concert?

