

中山醫科大學  
孫逸仙紀念醫院  
院 志



1835 — 2000

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# 序 言

## ——献给医院 165 岁的生日礼物

中山医科大学孙逸仙纪念医院创办于 1835 年,她点燃了古老的中国西方医学文明火种,使中西医学得以联袂发展,造福中华、惠泽社群。斗转星移,光阴如梭,医院的发展已经历了 165 个春秋。今天,每当我们临风翘首仰望大院内竖立的“孙逸仙博士开始学医及革命运动策源地”纪念碑,犹在感受着一代伟人——孙中山先生当日行医济世的革命精神和医国医人的爱国激情。孙中山先生在医院留下的史迹,为医院悠久的历史增添了璀璨的光彩。“孙中山”——一个震撼世界的光辉名字,“奋斗”——一个催人奋进的响亮口号,已成为今天激励我们迈向 21 世纪,再创辉煌的号角。

岁月荏苒,在这漫漫长路的风雨历程中,医院曾几经变迁,数度易名,历尽百年沧桑,此间曾几度鼎盛辉煌,也曾数次危机衰落,但医院不忘救死扶伤,服务大众,坚持高尚医德医风、精湛医术、严格管理、科研攻关、严谨治学、育人不倦之风经久不衰。今天正当 21 世纪的太阳冉冉升起,龙腾千禧吉祥的 2000 年,我们迎来了医院建院 165 周年的大喜日子,回首医院往昔岁月,艰辛与荣耀历历在目,面对未来的光荣和理想而百感萦怀。医院的各级领导为发扬百年医院艰苦奋斗、自强不息的革命精神和脚踏实地、勇于开拓的优良传统,为在新形势下医院的生存与振兴,而组织编写这部院志,祈以认识医院、了解自己、启迪后人、激励现在、思源思进、同心同德、再创新世纪辉煌。我们编写组的全体人员,有幸得到黄洪章院长、王荣新书记等多位院领导的指导和支持,不懈努力投入编写工作。编写过程中,承蒙医院和社会上各界人士的关心、指导和支持,提供了不少宝贵的历史珍藏资料。医院各部门、各科室倾注了大量的人力和物力,全力收集、提供资料,帮助我们能在短短的数月内完成编写工作。在此,我们编写组的全体人员谨向有关领导、前辈、专家、教授及支持我们工作的社会各界人士和医院全体同仁们,表示深深的谢意。

医院跨越百多年的悠久历史,时间跨度大,涉及面广,要编写出一部比较完整、系统的院志确实困难很大,但是,在全院同仁们的关心和支持下,在前辈们的鼓励和指导,我们已尽心尽力,争取做到翔实和完整。然而非深文周纳,拙编仍难免存在错误和疏漏,恳请各位前辈和院内、外的同仁们,给予批评、指正。

今天,医院历尽沧桑,功成名就,值居安思危,再写新章之际,我们谨以此“院志”献给为医院发展洒下辛勤汗水的人们,以祝贺医院 165 岁诞辰。

中山医科大学孙逸仙纪念医院

院 志 编 写 组

2000 年 8 月

## BRIEF INTRODUCTION

Sun Yat-sen Memorial Hospital, a subsidiary hospital of Sun Yat-sen University of Medical Sciences (SUMS), which is a pear a key university subordinated to the Ministry of Public Health, is situated on the Zhu Jiang River in the center of Guangzhou city.

Founded in November, 1835, it is the first western medicine hospital and one of the birthplaces of modern medical sciences in China. In 1865, the hospital was moved to the present site and named "Canton Hospital". "Canton Medical School" was set up the next year, later known as "South-China Medical School". It was the earliest western medicine school in China. In 1879, the school created a precedent for its enrollment of women students to study medical science. Simultaneously, she published the first academic periodical of western medicine in China. In 1886, Sun Zhong Shan, the great pioneer of Chinese democratic revolution, studied in the school by the name "Yat-sen" and began his revolutionary activity. This made the hospital a place of origin of the Chinese democratic revolutionary movement.

In 1931, "Canton Hospital" was transferred to "Ling-Nan University" and renamed as "Medical College Of Ling-Nan University". Later "Medical College Of Ling-Nan University", "Medical College Of Zhong San University" and "Guang Hua Medical School" were merged into "Huanan Medical College" in 1953. From then on, the hospital was successively renamed as "South-China Medical College", "The Second Affiliated Hospital of Sun Yat-sen Medical College". In 1985, the hospital was registered in the Ministry of Public Health as "Sun Yat-sen Memorial Hospital". Now, it is a large comprehensive hospital and a clinical college named Ling-nan Medical College.

The hospital has not only a long history but also an advanced level of medical treatment, education and research. What's more, it possesses a high reputation in Hong Kong, Macao and Southeast Asia.

The hospital has 800 beds and about 900 medical staff, including 40 professors and 100 associate professors or more. And there are 11 Doctoral tutors and 80 Master tutors. The annual number of out-patients is 1.3 million with an average of 4300 per day. And 130 thousand patients are admitted every year. Each department is sufficiently equipped with contemporary facilities for diagnosis, therapy and research, such as MRI, CT, ECT, DSA, All-Automatic Biochemical Analyson, Color doppler, ESWL of water pocket Extract, Dual-energy X-ray Absorptiometry and Hyperbaric Oxygenation. Advanced diagnostic and therapeutic techniques are applied and developed.

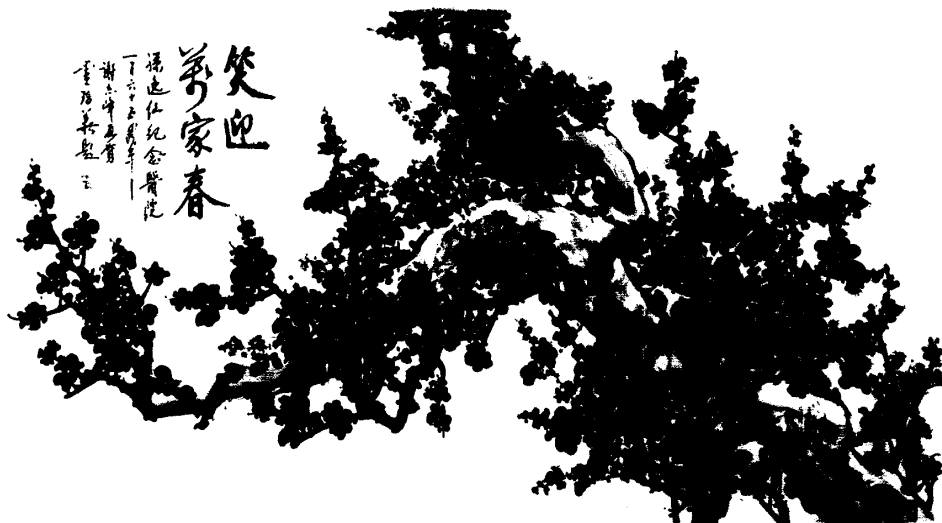
Five departments in the hospital are the key departments of Guangdong "Five-one" project. The Department of Endocrinology is prominent for its long-term systematic research on the pathogenesis and comprehensive therapy of diabetes mellitus. The laboratory of "Guangdong Diabetes Mellitus Prevention and Treatment Center" is a unit of the Ministry of Health and "Family of Diabetes Patients" is directed by this department. The Department of Cardiovascularology is famous for its research on cardiac urgent pacing, pacemaker appliance and electric physiopathology of arrhythmia. It obtained the financial aid of 1997 Research Fund for the clinic key subjects of Ministry of Health. The Department of Orthopedics is domestically advanced in the bone tumor diagnosis and therapy, the research on the pathogenesis of fe-

mural head necrosis and correction of spinal deformity in three dimensions. The relevant researches have been awarded Scientific and Technical Progress Prize by the State Education Commission, and one of which is the first prize. In partnership with Hong Kong University, the department set up "Sun Yat-sen Center of Spinal Diseases". The Department of Digestive Medicine and the Department of Hepatobiliary Surgery develop basic and clinical research on pancreas carcinoma and liver carcinoma. They have come up to advanced standards on comprehensive treatment of liver carcinoma and molecular biological studies on diagnosis and therapy of virus hepatitis. Several provincial awards were obtained and the Digestive Disease Research Center was founded. The Department of Gynecology and Obstetrics, with a high research level on the study of the basis and appliance of reproductive endocrinology, launched Drug Liberation of Oviduct and gained many research awards. Moreover, the Department of Dermatology made significant achievements on the pathogenetic and therapeutic study of SLE. The Department of Pediatrics and the Department of Stomatology are superior in blood disease treatment and mandibulofacial surgery respectively. The former gained financial aid from CMB.

Sun Yat-Sen Memorial Hospital shoulders the responsibility for training all levels of medical workers coming from all over the country and abroad. There is a post doctor circulation station, 11 doctoral points and 27 master ones. The hospital is in charge of intern education and graduate doctor training. Every year, studying here are several postdoctors, 100 MD and masters, 300 undergraduates and 100 graduate doctors or more. Ten achievements in scientific research gain awards in provincial level during "the 8th Five-Year Plan" period and two projects were evaluated as the major projects of Guangdong "Five-One" Project in "the 9th Five-Year Plan" period. Each year more than 200 academic articles are issued in all kinds of specialized periodicals and 3-5 monographs and some textbooks published. "Modern Clinics in General Surgery" and "Ling-Nan Emergency Medicine", two provincial periodicals are edited here.

With the support of all patrons, the hospital has developed inspiringly. Since 1987, it has been appraised four times as Guangdong "Civilized-Hospital" successively and was entitled as "Advanced Unit in Public Health System" by the Ministry of Health in 1992. Sun Yat-sen Memorial hospital was honored the first "Class A-Category 3" hospital in Guangzhou area in August 1993 and "newly-born Friendly Hospital" in 1997. In 1998, the hospital was graded as one of the "100 Civilized Hospitals" in Guangdong Province, and in 1999 awarded the title of "Guangdong Provincial Or. Norman Bethune Type Advanced Unit".

Reviewing the history and looking ahead, the medical staff in Sun Yat-sen Memorial Hospital will continue to carry out the "universal fraternity and help everyone in medical need" spirit and serve the people with noble medical morality and advanced technique. Under the banner of SUMS's "Strive Forward, Renew the Glory", the hospital will greet the 21st century with a completely new atmosphere and contribute more to the development of medical science.



广东省省长卢瑞华为我院 165 周年题词

Inscription to commemorate the 165 th anniversary of the hospital by Lu Ruihua,  
Governor of Guangdong Province.

喜贈孫逸仙紀念醫院  
歌聲千里月  
更上一層樓  
田紀雲  
一九九七年六月

国务院前副总理田纪云题词

Inscription by Tian Jiyun Former Vice Premier of the State  
Council, PRC.

施仁术献爱  
心勇攀医学  
高峰  
为中山大学附属孙逸仙纪念医院  
陈敏章  
一九九七年六月

卫生部陈敏章部长题词

Inscription by Chen Minzhang, Minister of the Ministry of Health PRC.

祝贺孙逸仙纪念医院命名典礼

学习孙中山先生  
兴医救国的先进思想  
为统一祖国建设四化  
多作贡献

前中央顾问委员王首道题词

Inscription by Wang Shuodao Former  
Member of the Advisory of the Chinese  
Communist Party.

乙丑年春

王首道题

中山医科大学  
孙逸仙纪念医院  
缅怀逸仙教诲  
行医济世救人  
張文康  
一九九七年六月

卫生部张文康副部长题词

Inscription by Zhang  
Wenkang, Deputy Minister  
of the Ministry of Public  
Health.

关怀与鼓励

Concerning & Encouragement

心系患者  
情暖万家

祝中山大学孙逸仙纪念  
医院建院一百零三周年

朱森林

广东省人大朱森林主任题词  
Inscription by Zhu SenLin, Chairman of the  
Guangdong Provincial People's Congress.

伟人此处学收黄  
誓拯中华奔八方  
缅怀前驱怀济世  
求精为众热肝肠

許志杰



前广州市委书记许志杰题词  
Inscription by Xu Zhijie, Former Secretary, of the  
Communist Party Committee of Guangzhou City.

以病人为中心  
树新风尚

黄庆道

一九九七年

广东省卫生厅黄庆道厅长题词  
Inscription by Huang Qingdao, Director of  
Public Health Bureau of Guangdong Province

以病人为中心  
树新风尚

丁丑仲夏

王陇德



卫生部王陇德副部长题词  
Inscription by Wang Longde, Deputy  
Minister of the Ministry of Health.

发扬中山传统  
创建文明医院

一九九七年六月

郭荣昌

广东省政协郭荣昌主席题词  
Inscription by Guo Rongchang, Chairman of Guang-  
dong Province Political Consultative Conference

改革开放结硕果  
百年冬院换新颜

黄洁夫九七九

中山医科大学黄洁夫校长题词  
Inscription by Huang Jiefu, the President of  
Sun Yatsen University of Medical Sciences

勤奋耕耘求发展

励精图治创辉煌

叶国雄

一九九七年九月

广州市卫生局叶国雄局长题词  
Inscription by Ye Guoxiong, the  
Director of the Public Health  
Bureau of Guangzhou

为求医者呈献博爱精神

愿白衣使尽成济世华佗

姚蓉宾

一九九七年九月

广州市姚蓉宾副市长题词  
Inscription by Yao Yongbin, the  
deputy mayoress of Guangzhou City

学习孙逸仙博士的革命精神  
要全心全意为人民服务  
要有救死扶伤的精神

柯麟 一九八五年

中山医科大学前校长柯麟题词  
Inscription by Ke Lin, the President of  
Sun Yat-sen University of Medical Sciences

造福桑梓  
仁心仁術

林百欣題

救病扶傷  
佐世濟人

一九八五年

馬萬祺題

全国政协副主席马万祺题词  
Inscription by Ma Wanqi Vice Chairman of the Chinese  
People's Political Consultative Conference.

香港知名人士林百欣先生题词  
Inscription by Mr. Lin Baixin, celebrity in HongKong



医学堂门楼和纪念碑

1886 年孙中山先生以“孙逸仙”之名在我院学习时留影  
Studying in this hospital, Dr. Sun Yatsen(Sun Zhongshan)  
took this photo in 1886.

奮鬥門  
民元孫文

Motto "Strive Forward" written by Dr. Sun Yat-sen





图为 1997 年建成的 26 层“岭南楼”

# 目 录

## 第一章 悠久的历史 辉煌的业绩

|                             |     |
|-----------------------------|-----|
| 第一节 百年艰辛                    | (1) |
| 一、博济医院的创立                   | (1) |
| 二、艰苦曲折的历程                   | (1) |
| 第二节 孙中山先生的足迹                | (3) |
| 一、博济医院是孙中山先生早年学医及开始革命运动的策源地 | (3) |
| 二、母校情谊                      | (3) |
| 第三节 再创辉煌                    | (4) |
| 一、重获新生                      | (4) |
| 二、再创辉煌                      | (4) |
| 第四节 医院历史大事记                 | (6) |

## 第二章 行政管理

|                    |      |
|--------------------|------|
| 第一节 医院行政管理架构       | (9)  |
| 第二节 行政组织的建立与变迁     | (10) |
| 第三节 医院管理委员会        | (11) |
| 一、院务委员会            | (11) |
| 二、学术委员会            | (11) |
| 三、临床输血管理委员会        | (11) |
| 四、病案委员会            | (11) |
| 五、药事管理委员会          | (11) |
| 六、医院感染委员会          | (12) |
| 七、基本建设领导小组         | (12) |
| 八、医院仪器设备技术评价/咨询委员会 | (12) |
| 九、爱国卫生运动委员会        | (12) |
| 第四节 历任院长名录         | (13) |
| 第五节 职能科室简介         | (15) |
| 一、院长办公室            | (15) |
| 二、岭南医学院办公室         | (15) |
| 三、护理部              | (16) |
| 四、门诊部              | (19) |
| 五、预防保健科            | (21) |
| 六、人事科              | (24) |
| 七、医务科              | (25) |

|               |      |
|---------------|------|
| 八、科研科·····    | (25) |
| 九、信息科·····    | (25) |
| 十、监察科·····    | (26) |
| 十一、保卫科·····   | (26) |
| 十二、财务科·····   | (26) |
| 十三、审计室·····   | (27) |
| 十四、医疗设备科····· | (27) |
| 十五、基建科·····   | (28) |
| 十六、总务科·····   | (29) |
| 十七、教学科·····   | (30) |
| 十八、研究生科·····  | (30) |
| 十九、继续教育科····· | (30) |
| 二十、膳食科·····   | (30) |

### 第三章 党群工作

|                      |      |
|----------------------|------|
| 第一节 党委系统组织架构·····    | (32) |
| 第二节 党建工作·····        | (32) |
| 一、党组织的建立与发展·····     | (32) |
| 二、医院党组织组成状况·····     | (32) |
| 三、历届党委的政治核心作用·····   | (34) |
| 第三节 党委办公室及基层党支部····· | (37) |
| 一、党委办公室·····         | (37) |
| 二、基层党支部·····         | (38) |
| 第四节 纪律检查委员会与监察科····· | (38) |
| 一、纪律检查委员会的建立·····    | (38) |
| 二、历届纪委会主要工作·····     | (38) |
| 三、历任纪委会书记、委员名录·····  | (39) |
| 四、监察科的成立·····        | (39) |
| 第五节 统战工作·····        | (40) |
| 一、概况·····            | (40) |
| 二、各民主党派组织的建立与发展····· | (40) |
| 第六节 工会组织·····        | (41) |
| 一、工会组织的建立·····       | (41) |
| 二、历届工会委员会主席名录·····   | (41) |
| 三、职工代表大会制度·····      | (41) |
| 四、工会的群众工作·····       | (41) |
| 第七节 共青团组织·····       | (42) |

|                   |      |
|-------------------|------|
| 一、团组织的建立与发展·····  | (42) |
| 二、团组织的主要活动·····   | (43) |
| 三、历任共青团委书记名录····· | (43) |

## 第四章 医疗工作

|                        |      |
|------------------------|------|
| 第一节 医疗业务的变化和发展·····    | (44) |
| 一、业务科室的发展·····         | (44) |
| 二、病床的现状·····           | (46) |
| 三、医务人员人数的变化·····       | (46) |
| 四、目前人员结构比例·····        | (46) |
| 第二节 医疗管理机构·····        | (47) |
| 一、医疗管理机构的变迁·····       | (47) |
| 二、医务科行政工作·····         | (47) |
| 第三节 医疗管理制度的建立与健全·····  | (47) |
| 一、建立医疗管理制度·····        | (47) |
| 二、恢复和健全医院各种医疗规章制度····· | (47) |
| 第四节 不断进取 树立医院良好形象····· | (49) |
| 一、广州地区首家“三甲医院”·····    | (49) |
| 二、爱婴医院·····            | (49) |
| 三、知名专业(专科)简介·····      | (49) |
| 第五节 社会医疗任务·····        | (50) |
| 一、医疗队·····             | (50) |
| 二、支援基层医院·····          | (51) |
| 三、参与突发事件的医疗救护·····     | (52) |
| 四、医疗保健·····            | (52) |
| 五、横向医疗联系·····          | (53) |
| 第六节 校级以上医疗成果奖·····     | (53) |

## 第五章 科学技术研究

|                                   |      |
|-----------------------------------|------|
| 第一节 科研管理·····                     | (55) |
| 一、科研管理制度的建立与健全·····               | (55) |
| 二、科研机构的建立·····                    | (55) |
| 第二节 科研兴医·····                     | (57) |
| 一、科研课题·····                       | (57) |
| 二、历年科研基金资助情况·····                 | (58) |
| 三、科研成果·····                       | (58) |
| 四、兼任国内学术团体职务情况,兼任各级杂志主编、编委情况····· | (58) |
| 五、历年主篇著作情况·····                   | (58) |

# 第六章 医学教育

|                                 |      |
|---------------------------------|------|
| 第一节 中山医科大学岭南医学院临床医学教育组织架构 ..... | (59) |
| 第二节 中山医科大学岭南医学院的变迁 .....        | (59) |
| 一、岭南医学院沿革 .....                 | (59) |
| 二、学制与课程 .....                   | (61) |
| 第三节 医学教育的发展 .....               | (62) |
| 一、多层次、多学科的医学教育管理 .....          | (62) |
| 二、发展中的多媒体电化教育 .....             | (62) |
| 三、医疗系本科教学 .....                 | (62) |
| 第四节 研究生教学 .....                 | (64) |
| 一、研究生教育的发展 .....                | (64) |
| 二、研究生学位评定委员会 .....              | (64) |
| 三、临床医学博士后研究 .....               | (65) |
| 第五节 继续教育 .....                  | (65) |
| 一、住院医师培训 .....                  | (65) |
| 二、医、护、技再教育 .....                | (66) |
| 三、继续医学教育成果 .....                | (67) |

# 第七章 医院外事工作

|                    |      |
|--------------------|------|
| 第一节 对外医疗工作 .....   | (68) |
| 第二节 对外友好往来 .....   | (68) |
| 一、对外参观接待 .....     | (68) |
| 二、建立院际合作关系 .....   | (68) |
| 第三节 对外学术交流 .....   | (68) |
| 一、派员出国学习进修 .....   | (68) |
| 二、对外学术交流 .....     | (69) |
| 三、客座教授 .....       | (69) |
| 四、接受国外人员来院进修 ..... | (69) |

# 第八章 临床、医技科室设置

|                  |      |
|------------------|------|
| 第一节 临床专业科室 ..... | (70) |
| 一、急诊科 .....      | (70) |
| 二、内科 .....       | (71) |
| 三、外科 .....       | (82) |
| 四、妇产科 .....      | (88) |
| 五、儿科 .....       | (90) |
| 六、中医科 .....      | (92) |
| 七、眼科 .....       | (94) |

|                          |       |
|--------------------------|-------|
| 八、耳鼻咽喉科                  | (97)  |
| 九、口腔科                    | (98)  |
| 十、皮肤科                    | (100) |
| 十一、神经科                   | (102) |
| 十二、康复医学科                 | (104) |
| 十三、肿瘤科                   | (105) |
| 十四、放射科                   | (106) |
| 十五、麻醉科                   | (108) |
| 十六、综合科                   | (110) |
| 第二节 医技科室                 | (111) |
| 一、药剂科                    | (111) |
| 二、检验科                    | (112) |
| 三、输血科                    | (113) |
| 四、病理科                    | (115) |
| 五、核医学科                   | (116) |
| 六、手术室                    | (118) |
| 七、超声科                    | (118) |
| 八、激光科                    | (119) |
| 九、医学研究中心                 | (120) |
| 第九章 博士导师简介               | (122) |
| 附 篇                      | (129) |
| 一、获全国、省各种先进荣誉称号单位名录      | (129) |
| 二、医院获省级以上各种先进、荣誉称号一览表    | (129) |
| 三、获全国、省各种先进荣誉称号个人名录      | (129) |
| 四、历年社会兼职人员及党外知名人士代表名录    | (130) |
| 五、十年来教学获得省级以上嘉奖和校级以上优秀课程 | (131) |
| 六、护士获省级以上奖励名录            | (131) |
| 七、护士获省(护士节)、市以上奖励的项目     | (132) |
| 八、历任党支部书记、团委书记名录         | (132) |
| 九、历届工会委员会主席名录            | (135) |
| 十、历届职代会主席团成员名录           | (135) |
| 十一、职能科室历任负责人名录           | (136) |
| 十二、历任护理部负责人名录            | (139) |
| 十三、临床医技科室历任负责人名录         | (139) |
| 十四、历届研究生学位评定委员会委员名录      | (143) |
| 十五、历年正高级医药专业人员名录         | (146) |