



中国地方志丛书

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陕县志

THE ANNALS OF SHAN COUNTY

(1986~2000)

陕县地方史志编纂委员会 编

中州古籍出版社

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图书在版编目(CIP)数据

陕县志/《陕县志》编纂委员会编. —郑州:中州古籍出版社, 2006.1
ISBN 7-5348-2600-4

I. 陕… II. 陕… III. 陕县—地方志—1986~2000
IV. K296.14

中国版本图书馆 CIP 数据核字(2006)第 002113 号

陕县志

责任编辑:王月

责任校对:刘安璋

出版 社:中州古籍出版社

(地址:郑州市经五路 66 号 邮政编码:450002)

发行单位:新华书店

承印单位:郑州方志印务有限公司 0371-67811562

开 本:889mm×1194mm 1/16

印 张:58

字 数:1280 千字

版 次:2005 年 12 月第 1 版 2006 年 1 月第 1 次印刷

印 数:0001-3500 册

书号:ISBN 7-5348-2600-4/K·1014

定价:368.00 元

本书如有印装质量问题,由承印厂负责调换

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照片提供 员更厚 乔 璇 杨立煌 石旭民 曲长江

序一



修志是中华民族的光荣传统，志书是中华民族世代奋斗、兴衰荣辱的史诗画卷，伴民族，随历史，代代相济，永不断章。在全面建设小康社会的今天，第二轮《陕县志》在省、市地方志办公室的关心指导下，经过县志总编室和各乡（镇）、县直各单位的通力协作，现已付梓，这是全县人民值得庆幸的一件大事。她将发挥存史资治，服务当代，垂鉴后世的作用。

第二届《陕县志》以马克思主义、毛泽东思想、邓小平理论和“三个代表”重要思想为指导，坚持辩证唯物主义和历史唯物主义的立场、观点和方法，记述了陕县 20 世纪 80 年代中期至 20 世纪末 15 年间的政治、经济、军事、文化重大事件及发展历程、风土人情、精英人物等。着重记述了政治、经济两大体制改革，物质、政治、精神三大文明的建设，陕县发生了翻天覆地的变化；记述了一座新县城的诞生，结束了陕县有县无城的历史，全县人民有了自己的政治、经济、文化中心；记述了甘山、高阳山、空相寺、回春河四大名胜景区的开发；记述了神力、三化、崤山、天成、新源热工、黄金六大企业集团的组建转制，带动了乡镇企业、非公有制经济的发展，工业强县的格局已经形成；记述了畜牧、烟草、林业、苹果、蔬菜五大支柱产业的发展，农民由此逐步摆脱贫困，过上小康富裕生活。这些陕县人民与时俱进、艰苦奋斗的辉煌业绩，为昭示后人振兴陕县提供了宝贵财富。

我到陕县已经工作 8 个年头，同全县干部群众一起参与了政治、经济体制的改革，三大文明的建设，四大景区的开发，五大支柱产业的发展，六大工业集团的组合和新县城的建设。巨大变化，历历在目，经验教训，体会深刻。这次适逢盛世修志，把陕县历届党政领导和广大干群创造的辉煌业绩载入史册，服务当代建设，流传后世百代，本人能在任期看到《陕县志》问世，实感荣幸之至。

编纂一部县志，是一项系统的文化工程；一部县志记载着一个县的地理、历史、政治、经济、文化方方面面的情况，是一地之全书，是一个县域、一个时段历史社会的真实反映。我们期待大家在今后的工作中能够通读《陕县志》，用好《陕县志》，继承前人事业，开发自然资源，勇于开拓创新，建设小康社会；我们欢迎海外侨胞、港澳台同胞、外资外商通过《陕县志》了解新陕县，到甘棠古县投资；我们欢迎分布在全国各地的陕县籍人士，通过《陕县志》勾起思乡爱乡之情，为繁荣振兴陕县献计献策；同时我更寄希望于全县的青少年，通过阅读《陕县志》这部乡土教材，更加热爱祖国，热爱陕县，奉献美好青春，建设美好家园！

中共陕县县委书记

王建民

Preface I

An annals building is a glorious tradition of the Chinese Nation. The annals book is a historic poetry which records the generations' struggle, vitalization, ruin, glory, humiliation, it accompanies the Chinese Nation, develops with the history and extends from generation to generation. On the way to construct a well-off society in an all-round way, the second turn of Annals of Shanxian County, under the guidance of the Provincial and City Local Annals Office and in the cooperation of General Compilation Office of county annals and each directly subordinated units at county or township level, now has been finished. As a big affair which is worth for all people to congratulate, this annals is to play a vital role in recording history, management, servicing the society and edifying the coming generation.

In the second version of Annals of Shanxian County, guided by Marxism and Leninism, Mao Zedong Thoughts, Deng Xiaoping Theories and the important thoughts of "Three Representatives", this annals persists in the view of discrimination materialism and historic materialism, relates the development course concerning politics, economy, culture, vital affairs, local conditions and customs, principal personalities within 15 years from the mid 1980s to the end 1990s. It focuses on the political and economic system reform, the construction of material, political and spiritual civilization as well as the great changes of Shanxian County. It relates the naissance of a new county seat, ends the history that the Shanxian County has no county seat. It relates the development of four famous landscapes like Ganshan Mounain, Gaoyang Mountain, Kongxiang Temple, Huichun River. It relates the incorporation and system reform of six enterprise groups like Shenli, Sanhua, Xiaoshan, Tiansheng, Xinyuanregong, Gold, which drives up the development of township enterprises and non-public-owned economy, in this way, the pattern of strong industrial county has been formed. It also relates the development of five mainstay industries like the live stock, tobacco, forest, apple, vegetable, which helps farmers escape from poverty toward well-off living conditions. All of the said brilliant achievements which the Shanxian People have made through hard struggle offer a costful guidance for the coming people to vitalize the economy of Shanxian County.

I have been working in Shanxian County for 8 years and have participated in the reform of political and economic system, the construction of 3 big Civilizations, the development of 4 landscapes, the development of 5 mainstay industries, the incorporation of 6 industrial groups and the construction of new county seat together with all the people of Shanxian County. The great changes which have happened are still present in my eyes, either experiences or lessons, all give me a deep thought. I am honored to see in my terin of office the completion of Annals of Shanxian County which records into history book the greatly achievements the Party leaders of generations and the people have made, services the local construction and benefits the coming generations.

To compile a book of county annals is a systematic cultural project for the reason a county annals records the overall situations concerning geography, history, politics, economy, culture, and reflects realistically a county region and a length of history. We hope the people may read thoroughly and use well the Annals of Shanxian County in later work, inherit the predecessor's causes, develop natural resources, devote to innovation, build a well-off society; we welcome the oversea Chinese people, Hong Kong and Macao compatriots, foreign businessmen make a knowledge of a new Shanxian County by the aid of the Annals and further have an investment at Gantang Enccent County. We welcome those personalities of Shanxian Native Place return to Shanxian County and dedicates stratigies for vitalizing the economy of Shanxian County. Also I wish the young generation over the County read it carefully and become more zealous to love our homeland, love Shanxian County, and thus contribute their youths to the construction of beautiful homestead.

The Party Secretary of CCPC of Shanxian County: Wang Fumin

序二



盛世修志，是中华民族优秀的文化传统。千百年来，这一传统代代相承，发扬光大。国有史，县有志，家有谱，自古皆然。

志乃一地社会信史，是一方文化、历史的积累。历史需要创造，也需要记载。记载不是为了炫耀，不是为了粉饰，而是为了记录创造，清点积累，昭彰得失，承上启下，让子孙后代去借鉴，去参照，明辨是非，继承发展，创造更大的辉煌。古人说：“治天下以史为鉴，治郡国者以志为鉴”，就是这个道理。

陕县濒临黄河，位居中原，历史悠久，文化积淀厚重。数千年前，华夏先民即在这片古老神奇的黄土地上，繁衍生息，创造了古老的文明。新中国成立前，由于天灾人祸，连年战乱，生产落后，民不聊生。中华人民共和国成立以后，特别是中共十一届三中全会以来，坚持改革开放，遂使百业振兴，经济繁荣发展，国家日益富强，人民生活不断提高。全县34万人民，紧跟时代步伐，同心协力，开拓进取，奋力拼搏，创造出了许多辉煌业绩，农村经济千帆竞发，工业生产势头强劲，城市建设日新月异，旅游开发特色凸现，三大文明交相辉映，各项工作取得了新的突破，陕县面貌发生了翻天覆地的变化，可歌可泣，可敬可叹。第二届《陕县志》如实记载了这一事实，这是全县人民用心血和汗水浇灌出的文明之花，结出的胜利之果，也是全县人民引以自豪的光辉篇章，值得载入史册，流传千古。

这部县志为人民歌功颂德，为人民树碑立传，如实记载了改革开放以来各项事业发展过程中的成绩和经验，同时也如实反映了一些教训和失误，以告诫人们，任何时候都要“务必使同志们继续地保持谦虚、谨慎、不骄、不躁的作风，务必使同志们继续地保持艰苦奋斗的作风，”决不可固步自封，满足现状。特别是进入21世纪，面对机遇和挑战，在激烈的竞争中，只有认清形势，扬长避短，才能迈开稳健的步伐，保持经济持续发展，不断取得新的更大的成就。

县志编纂是一项浩繁的系统工程，非众手难以成志。在县志编纂过程中，承蒙省、市地方史志办公室及兄弟县（市）领导、专家的亲切关怀和具体指导，全县各乡（镇）、县直各单位、中央、省、市驻陕县的企业及陕县在外工作人员的大力支持，全体编辑人员呕心沥血，不畏寒暑地忘我工作，才使她得以付梓。为此，对所有为陕县县志编纂工作做出贡献的同志表示衷心的感谢。

岁月流逝，历史长存。回顾过去，深知创业艰辛；瞻望未来，倍感任重道远。值此志书问世之际，寄语全县人民，要高举邓小平理论伟大旗帜，认真贯彻落实“三个代表”重要思想，团结在以胡锦涛为总书记的党中央周围，与时俱进，开拓进取，齐心协力，扎实工作，加快兴县富民步伐，促进县域经济发展，全面建设小康社会，谱写出和谐陕县的新篇章。

陕县人民政府县长

余万新

Preface II

To establish annals at the prosperous era is an excellent cultural tradition of the Chinese Nation. Over thousands of years, this tradition has been inherited one after one generation and now sees a greater development. A country has its history, a county has its annals, even a family has its stemma, and such a phenomenon has been followed for thousands of years.

An annals is a messenger of local society as well as an accumulation of local culture and history. History which is created by human needs to be recorded without an attempt to show or varnish something but to remark creations, make clear history, conclude losses and gains so as to make a connecting link between the preceding and following from which our descendants may draw lessons and references and create a more brilliant future. An ancient said : "A country ruler takes the country's history for warning, and a county ruler takes the county's annals for reference".

Shanxian County, close to the Yellow River and located at Central China, has a long history and a deep deposit of culture. Thousands years ago, the ancient Chinese people began to live on this fecund loess and they created an ancient civilization along thousands of years. Before foundation of prc, Shanxian people were living in misery due to natural and man - made disasters, war chaos and production lag.

Since the foundation of the People's Republic of China, especially after the 3rd Plenary Session of the 11th CPC Congress, we insist in reform and opening up policy and thus gradually realize the fact that hundreds of industries are rebounded, economy is both flourished and developed greatly, our country's strength becomes strengthened and the people' living standard becomes improved day by day.

Following times step closely, three hundred and forty thousand Shanxian people struggle and work hard in a cooperation way and have achieved prominent achievements. The development of agriculture and industry is in strong momentum, urban construction is undergoing a great change with each passing day, exploitation of tourism has shaped its characteristic, Three Dominant Civilizations are shining each other and breakthrough has taken place in many fields of our work. Shanxian County is undergoing an earthshaking change which moves us to praises and tears.

These facts are faithfully recorded in the second round of Shanxian County Annals, which can be regarded as an epitome of history and a mirror for us to recognize the society and the era. It is a portrait of Shanxian people in the reforming and opening up progress, a civilization flower and a victory fruit cultivated by their sweat and blood, as well as a glorious canto which is deserved to be recorded, circulated and memorized for ever.

This County Annals pay tributes for its people and truthfully reflect the development experiences and achievements of various undertakings since the reform and opening up. At the same time, it records some lessons and misplays and warns the people to keep modesty at anytime, to keep on hard working, not to rest on the laurels and satisfy with the status quo. In the 21st Century, facing with chances, challenges and keen competitions, we must see clearly the situation, carry our advantages forward and put our shortcomings backward so that we may stride our surefooted step, keep a sustainable economic development and achieve more great achievements.

County annals compilation is a vast, numerous system atic work which can not be completed but by the people. Thanks given to relevant cares of some local History Office at the City and Provincial level, leaders and specialists of brother counties (cities), to work stuff of units of all townships (towns) of Shanxian county, to work stuff of enterprises at Central, provincial or city level stationed in Shanxian County and some work stuff out of the county, to all the compiling stuff for their full - hearted efforts.

Time lapses fast, but history lives forever. Reviewing the past, I know to my cost the hardness of a cause, and looking forward, I keenly sense the heavy responsibilities on the shoulder. On the annals' birth, I am lucky to have a honored chance to send my message to all the people of the County: we shall hold high the great banner of Deng Xiaoping Theory, implement earnestly the important thought of "Three Representatives", and let us rally closely around the Party Central Committee with Comrade Hu Jintao as the general secretary, keep pace with the times, carve out vigorously, make concerted efforts, work diligently toward the objectives to accelerate the step of enriching the people, promote the economic development of the entire County, build a well - off society in an all - round way and compose a new canto of a concordant ShanxianCounty.

The Head of Shanxian County People's Government: Song Wanxuan

凡 例

一、本志为新编《陕县志》之续志,记事上限起于1986年,为保持记事的连续性和完整性,对重要事实适当前溯;下限断至2000年,对下限外全县性的重要史实,设限外辑要予以记载。

二、本志以马克思主义、毛泽东思想、邓小平理论和“三个代表”重要思想为指导,坚持辩证唯物主义和历史唯物主义的观点,坚持实事求是的思想路线,力求做到思想性、科学性和资料性的统一。

三、本志采用编、章、节、目结构,共分34编139章472节。写法采取述、记、志、传、图、表、录并用体,以志为主,横排竖写,图表附于相关部类。

四、本志采用通俗的语体文,行文力求准确、朴实、简洁、流畅。语言文字遵行《中华人民共和国国家通用语言文字法》。使用简化字,以国家语言文字工作委员会1986年10月公布的《简化字总表》为准。

五、本志使用计量单位,以1985年9月全国人大通过的《中华人民共和国计量法》为准。数字使用,按照1995年12月国家技术监督局发布的《出版物上数字用法的规定》。

六、入志人物以本籍为主,坚持生不立传的原则,对革命、建设、改革有显著业绩的已故者写传入志,在世人物以简介、名表或以事系人入志,均按生年为序。

七、各种数字均以县统计部门上报的数据为准,统计部门没有的,采用主管部门提供的数据。

八、各种名称,第一次出现时用全称,名称过繁的夹文内注明简称,再次出现时用简称。地名一律用2000年年底标准地名。

Explanatory Notes

1、This Annals is a serial one to the newly – compiled “Annals of Shanxian County”. Its record originates from 1986, in which the vital affairs are traced back to somewhat degree with a view to keeping the Continuity and integrity of annals, and, ends at 2000, out of which the vital affairs over the county are given a summary.

2、Guided by Marxism, Mao Zedong Thoughts, Dengxiaoping Theories and the important thoughts of “Three Representatives”, this annals persists in the view of discrimination materialism and historic materialism, sticks to practical and realistic thoughts line, tries to achieve idealistic, scientific and data unity.

3、This annals is subject to a structure of part, chapter, section. Which is devided into 34 parts, 139 chapters, 472 sections. Written in the forms of relation, record, annals, biography, drawing, figure, extract, it is dominated with annals, arranged horizontally and written longitudinally, with figures attached to related sections.

4、This annals is written in a popular language style which is correct, unadorned, simple and smooth and is in accordance with National Universal Language Approach of the PRC. This annals uses simplified character which is in accordance with the General Table for Simplified Character as issued by State Language Working Commission in October 1986.

5、This annals employs a measurement unit which is in accordance with Measurement Law of the People’s Republic of China reviewed by the National People’s Congress in September 1985. The applied numeral shall be in accordance with Regulations for Numeral Use on Publications as issued by State Technological & Supervision Bureau in December 1995.

6、Persisting in no establishment of biography for an alive, the people recorded in this annals gives priority to local native place, among it, those deceased people who dedicates greatly to revolution, construction and reform are recorded with their biography in this annals, while those people who are alive are recorded in this annals in approach of brief, name list or their doings which are written in order of birth date.

7、Various numbers applied refers to the data reported by the County Statistical Department, if no, preferring to the data provided by a competent department.

8、Various names prefers to its full name when presented the first time, but for those too complicated names, they should be given a simplified one which is used for where they appear the next time. All the place names used are subject to a standard place name by the end of 2000.

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