

·天津市地方志系列丛书·

100503

天津市圖書館志

九四老人顧廷龍題



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知識是社會發展
的
巨大動力
圖書是人類智慧
的
無
盡
源
泉

張映雪



耐得清苦，乐于奉献，
善待读者，甘为人梯，这是
津门图书馆工作者的好传
统，我们更应该发扬光大。

贺天津图书馆志之出版

張新生

一九九六年七月十七日



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第二工人文化宫图书馆



天津市团校图书馆阅览室

序

在十九世纪末期,天津出现了不同于古代藏书楼的新生事物——图书馆。它是在西方科学文化的影响下,伴随着维新派、洋务派推行“废科举、兴学校”教育革新运动而诞生的。天津地处渤海之滨,为京都之门户,明清以来已逐渐形成北方商业贸易中心;1860年又对外开埠通商,洋务派亦以天津为基地兴学办厂。天津当时已成为南北人文荟萃,中西文化交流之要地。在这样的政治、经济和文化的背景下,直隶图书馆、北洋西学学堂图书馆、南开学校图书馆等一批新型的图书馆,随着新式学校教育的建立,较早地出现在津沽大地上。

天津正式建立公共图书馆和学校图书馆,至今已有近百年的历史。纵观近百年间天津图书馆事业的发展,前半世纪是历尽艰辛曲折,饱尝了创业的艰难和守业的窘困。天津解放以后,在中国共产党领导下的社会主义新中国,各类图书馆才得以恢复、普及和发展。四十余年间,图书馆事业的发展虽也曾受过“文化大革命”时期极左思潮的冲击而历经挫折,但是中国共产党十一届三中全会以后,天津市在改革开放的洪流中,经济建设持续稳步增长,各类图书馆均得到较快的发展,不同类型、不同规模的图书馆已是遍布城乡,藏书数量更是成倍增长,现代化的水平不断提高,在各项服务工作中亦做出了新的成绩,出现了图书馆发展史上前所未有的最好的时期。

对于天津市图书馆事业的发展,过去虽曾有过“概况”、“简介”等资

料,但只是个别的、局部的情况介绍,尚未有全面系统介绍全市图书馆事业的著作。在天津市文化局文化史志编修委员会的领导下,经过全市图书馆界参加修志工作同志们的共同努力,作为《天津市文化艺术志》的组成部分——《天津市图书馆志》现在正式出版了。这是全市图书馆界值得庆贺的一件大事。这部《天津市图书馆志》以全面、系统、翔实、具体的资料,展示了天津市图书馆事业近百年发展的历史和现状,其中重点是记录了建国后,尤其是1979年以来各类图书馆建设发展的新成就,为图书馆界开展学术研究,提供了丰富的、珍贵的资料。

编纂《天津市图书馆志》,从着手搜集资料到编纂成书,历时五个春秋。全体参与修志的同志,不辞劳苦,不避寒暑,不讲条件,不计报酬,精心编写,并做了大量的组织工作,为我们提供出一部内容丰富、颇具学术价值的志书宏制。盛世修志,泽被百代。对于参与修志诸同志的辛勤劳动和卓越贡献,在此谨致以崇高敬意。

天津市图书馆事业发展到今天的规模,经过了几代人的努力。在各馆的藏书建设、目录建设、馆舍建设、服务成果乃至片纸只字中,无不浸润着图书馆工作人员的心血。他们在清苦的工作岗位上,甘做人梯,热心为读者服务;埋头苦干,为祖国建设默默奉献。今天在改革开放和社会主义现代化的伟大进程中,作为献身图书馆事业的图书馆工作者,应当继承和发扬这种爱国、敬业、服务奉献的精神,努力学习,勤奋工作,为我市的社会主义物质文明和精神文明建设做出新的贡献。

高传和

1996年10月

Preface

Towards the end of the nineteenth century , a new thing——library appeared which was different from the “building for collecting books” in ancient times. Under the influence of science and culture in the Western countries, it came into being along with the movement of education reform i. e. “abrogating imperial examination system and setting up new style schools” carried out by the “reform group” and “western group”. Located at the bank of the Bohai Sea, Tianjin has been the gateway of Beijing and become the center of commerce and trade in the northern part of China since the Ming Dynasty. In 1860, Tianjin opened to the world as a commercial port. Some schools and factories were set up by the “western group” . At that time, Tianjin had become an important place of gathering the talents from the southern and northern parts and exchanging culture between China and Western countries. Under such a political, economic and cultural background, along with the establishment of new style schools, a lot of libraries of a new type, as Hebei Provincial Library, Beiyang University Library and Nankai Middle School Library were set up earlier in Tianjin and Tanggu.

It is about one hundred years since public libraries and school libraries were formally set up in Tianjin. From the history of the undertaking of Tianjin Libraries in the past one hundred years, we can see that we have experienced all kinds of hardships and tasted of all the difficulties of starting an undertaking and the awkward situation for keeping it in the first half century. After the liberation of Tianjin, under the leadership of the Communist Party of China, various kinds of libraries have been restored, popularized and developed. In more than 40 years, although the development of library undertaking was assaulted by the ultra “left” trend of thought and suffered a setback during the period of the Cultural Revolution, Tianjin economic construction has increased continuously and steadily, all kinds of libraries have developed rapidly in the powerful current of reform after the

Third Plenary Session of the Eleventh Central Committee of the Communist Party of China. Libraries of various kinds and on different scales have been set up around cities and towns, the quantity of collection has doubled and redoubled. The level of modernization has raised constantly, new achievements have been made in their service, a best period unprecedented in the history of library development has appeared.

As to the development of the undertaking of Tianjin libraries, some materials as "Brief Introduction", "Survey" have been edited, but they only gave us a rough idea of individual and local information. There haven't been any works on the history of the undertaking of Tianjin libraries systematically so far. Under the leadership of the Cultural History and Annals Edition and Revision Committee of Tianjin Cultural Bureau, through the hard work done by all the comrades in Tianjin library circles who attended the compilation, 《Annals of libraries in Tianjin》as the component part of 《Annals of Tianjin Culture and Art》has been published. It is a great event worth to be celebrated within the library circles of Tianjin. With comprehensive, full, accurate and concrete materials, 《Annals of Libraries in Tianjin》has shown the current situation and the history of the undertaking of Tianjin libraries in the past one hundred years, mainly recorded the new achievements of the construction and development for all the libraries after the founding of the People's Republic of China, especially after 1979. It has supplied us rich and treasure materials for the academic study in the library fields.

From the materials to the book, the compilation of 《Annals of libraries in Tianjin》has lasted for five years. All comrades who took part in the compilation have been meticulous and done a great quantity of organizational work in spite of hard work and bad weather and they aren't concern about working conditions and pay. As a result, they have supplied us a comprehensive annals with rich and valuable academic contents. We pay our respects to all the comrades who have been engaged in compiling the book for their hard work and remarkable contribution.

Now, the undertaking of Tianjin Libraries has come up to a considerable scale. It is the re-