

高中英语功能与 结构测试

第一册(上)

于文 何淑娟 米洛 编



English

东北师范大学出版社

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GAOZHONG YINGYU GONGNENG YU JIEGOU CESH

(第一册·上)

于 文 等 编

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出版说明

本书是《初中英语功能与结构测试》一书的姊妹篇。

从1996年起，全国各地的高中将普遍使用与现行义务教育初中英语教科书相衔接的新编高中英语教科书。这套教材系列中缺少教学测试与评价材料仍是一个教学中亟待解决的问题。编写本书的目的，是为广大高中师生提供切实可用的测试材料，作为新编高中英语教材系列的一个补充，从而方便教学测试与评价的进行，促进高中英语教学质量的提高。

本书的编写力求体现新编高中英语教材功能与结构结合的特点，探索与教材体系相适应的测试模式。测试的内容分为“听力测试”、“语言结构”、“交际能力”、“阅读理解”和“书面表达”五个项目。编写中除注意了遵循大纲、靠紧教材、扩大覆盖、安排权重、精选素材、科学准确外，还着重考虑了测试与高考接轨，以使大纲、教材、高考三者在测试要求、内容和形式上都能有机结合。

本册书与新编高中英语教科书第一册（上）配套使用。每个教学单元（Unit）为一套形成性测试题，每个复习单元（Mainly revision）为一套阶段（期中、期末）总结性测试题。书后是听力测试的文字材料和试题答案，并附听力测试的录音磁带。

编写本书亦属尝试，不当之处，敬请指正。

编者

1996年6月

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Unit 1 The summer holidays

[听力测试]

I. 听下面对话,然后从每题的选项中选出正确答案。(5分)

- Where did this dialogue happen?
A. In a school. B. In a village. C. In Dalian. D. By the sea.
- How long did Liu Li stay in Dalian?
A. The whole month. B. About half a month.
C. The whole vacation. D. The whole three weeks.
- What did Liu Li like best there?
A. To go to the zoo. B. To go to the parks.
C. To go swimming in the sea. D. To stay with her aunt's family.
- Where and with whom did Li Jun spend his summer holidays?
A. At home with his parents. B. At home with his grandparents.
C. In a village with his parents. D. In a village with his grandparents.
- How old is Liu Li now?
A. Thirteen. B. Fourteen. C. Fifteen. D. Sixteen.

II. 听下列句子,在空缺处填写所听到的单词。(5分)

- Which subject do you like better, _____ or chemistry?
- Rice is usually grown in the south, while _____ in the north.
- It is hard to find a seat in the _____ of the cinema.
- He got a _____ idea after he read the passage once.
- Farmers hope the weather will be fine at _____ time.

[语言结构]

III. 从A、B、C、D中找出其划线部分与所给单词划线部分读音相同的选项。(5分)

- message A. metre B. even C. general D. operate
- corner A. oral B. orange C. world D. forget
- really A. ready B. area C. break D. wheat
- though A. enough B. mountain C. knowledge D. follow
- headache A. channel B. machine C. chemistry D. reach

IV. 根据下列句子所给的汉语注释,在空缺处写出单词的完全形式。(10分)

- Let me _____ (介绍) my friend, Wang Hau.
- Please do not mind my writing these _____ (意见) to you.
- He tried it again and again, and every time he got the same _____ (结果).
- I could tell from his _____ (表情) that he was angry.
- The boys in China see the sunrise earlier than the boys in the United _____ (美国).
- "Please give my _____ (问候) to your husband." she wrote at the end of the

letter.

22. _____ (物理) will be taught by Mr Brown next term.
23. There have been many changes in the _____ (历史) of the English language.
24. He's interested in _____ (化学) and quite good at it.
25. In _____ (地理) lessons we've learned about these countries.

V. 从 A、B、C、D 四个选项中, 选出可以填入空白处的最佳答案。(15分)

26. — _____ were you in before you came to No. 1 Middle School?
— In No. 15 Middle School.
A. Where B. What C. Which D. Which school
27. — _____ did you come to China?
— I wanted to do something for China's education.
A. What B. When C. Why D. How
28. — _____ is it from your home to the station?
— Just ten minutes walk.
A. Where B. When C. How long D. How far
29. — _____ haven't you seen any good films?
— For a whole year.
A. What time B. How many times C. How long D. How often
30. — _____ do you do computer studies?
— Twice a week.
A. How much time B. How many times C. How long D. How often
31. Bob asked Betty _____ a birthday party next Friday.
A. when she was going to have B. whether she was going to have
C. whether was she going to have D. when was she going to have
32. — Can you go with me right away?
— I'll go with you as soon as I _____ my homework.
A. finish B. shall finish C. will finish D. finished
33. — I'd like some fish and chips.
— _____.
A. So had I B. So would I C. So I would D. So I had
34. Let me _____ my friend Steve _____ you.
A. introduce; to B. to introduce; to
C. introduce; with D. to introduce; with
35. _____ of most people, there will be a good harvest this autumn.
A. At the opinion B. In the opinion
C. At the opinions D. In the opinions
36. I haven't been able to _____ who broke the window.
A. look. B. look for C. find D. find out
37. The teacher got everything ready and _____ us how to do it.

- A. went away showing B. went away to show
C. went on to show D. went on showing
38. He is unable to go to work _____ the traffic accident.
A. ever since B. as a result C. as a result of D. as soon as
39. He is a different man _____ he was 10 years ago.
A. like B. like what C. from D. from what
40. Xiao wang _____ while he _____ his motorcycle and hurt himself.
A. fell; was riding B. fell; rode
C. had fallen; rode D. had fallen ; was riding

[交际能力]

VI. 根据给出的情境, 写出日常交际用语。(5分)

41. What would you say when you meet and know somebody for the first time?

42. What would you say when you let your two friends know each other?

43. When you want to stop talking with somebody, you can say:

44. When you want somebody to give your regards to ...in your letter, you should write:

45. You want to send your penfriend a card for Christmas Day. What would you write on the card?

VII. 根据对话内容, 从对话后的选项中选出能填入空白处的最佳选项。(5分)

- What subjects are you doing this term?
— 46 But I don't think they will be as easy as they were in the junior middle school.
—Perhaps they won't. 47
—English, I think. But the others are interesting, too.
— 48
—Physics. I'm not doing well in it.
—Have you got a good teacher?
—Oh, the teacher's all right. 49
—Things will be better if you put your heart into it.
— 50
- A. Which subject do you like best?
B. Which subject are you good at?
C. And which do you feel is the most difficult?
D. I'll try my best.
E. The same as last term.
F. She's clever and works hard at it.

G. Maybe I haven't been working hard at it.

[阅读理解]

Ⅷ. 阅读下面短文, 然后从文后各题所给的四个选项中选出一个最佳答案。(10分)

If you want to have a really quiet holiday, you must go and stay 51 a farm. Last year we went to my brother's farm and enjoyed 52 very much. But the farmer's life is not an easy one; there's always 53 to do. He must 54 his horses; he must milk the cows. Then, he has to 55 the young animals. Hens and gees (鹅), must all be fed (喂养) for the market. When we stay at my 56, we have to work very hard, but we don't 57, we really enjoy it, if the weather is nice.

In the old days most of the work on a farm was done 58 hand or with the help of horses; but now things are 59. Most of the farm work is done by machines. So you see a farmer's life is not 60 at all.

- | | | | |
|-------------------|-----------------|-----------------|--------------|
| 51. A. at | B. in | C. on | D. to |
| 52. A. us | B. our | C. ours | D. ourselves |
| 53. A. lot | B. a lot | C. a lot of | D. lots of |
| 54. A. look after | B. look over | C. look up | D. find out |
| 55. A. take | B. take care | C. take care of | D. care of |
| 56. A. brother | B. brother's | C. brothers | D. brothers' |
| 57. A. mind | B. fail | C. hate | D. stop |
| 58. A. in | B. on | C. by | D. with |
| 59. A. difficult | B. difficulties | C. differences | D. different |
| 60. A. hard | B. easy | C. happy | D. sad |

Ⅸ. 阅读下面短文, 从每题所给的四个选项中选出最佳答案。(20分)

1

Strange things happen to time when you travel, because the earth is divided (分开) into twenty-four time areas. You can have days with more or fewer than twenty-four hours, and weeks with more or fewer than seven days.

If you make a five-day trip across the Atlantic Ocean (大西洋), your ship enters a different time area every day. As you enter each area, the time changes one hour. Traveling west, you set your clock back; traveling east, you set it ahead. Each day of your trip either twenty-five or twenty-three hours.

If you travel by ship across the Pacific (太平洋), you cross the international (国际的) date line. By agreement, this is the Point where a new day begins. When you cross the line. You change your calendar (日历) one full day, backward or forward. Traveling east, today becomes yesterday; traveling west, it is tomorrow.

61. The difference in time between areas is _____.
- | | |
|---------------|----------------------|
| A. seven days | B. twenty-four hours |
| C. one hour | D. five days |

62. From this passage it seems true that the Atlantic Ocean _____.
 A. is in one time area B. is divided into five days
 C. is divided into five time areas D. must be crossed in five days
63. If you cross the Pacific Ocean going east, _____.
 A. you set your clock ahead one hour in each new time area
 B. you set your clock back one hour in each new time area
 C. you change your calendar one full day forward
 D. you cannot cross the international date line
64. The international date line is the name for _____.
 A. the beginning of a new time area
 B. the point where time changes by one hour
 C. the point where a new day begins
 D. a time area in the Pacific Ocean
65. Which of the following is the best title for this passage?
 A. A Trip Across the Atlantic and the Pacific
 B. A Travel Around the world
 C. Crossing the International Date Line
 D. How Time Changes Around the World

2

A formal(正式的) letter is very different from an informal letter. Formal letters are written to businesses, schools or offices. Informal letters are for relatives(亲戚), friends or teachers. You may write an informal letter by hand but you should type a formal letter. You should use formal language to businesses but informal language in letters to your friends.

Formal and informal letters have different forms. At the top of a formal letter, put your address, the date, and the name and address of the person you are writing to. Put only the date at the top of an informal letter. Begin the formal letter with an expression such as Dear Sir, Dear Dr Lane. Put a colon (:) after these expressions. Begin an informal letter with the person's first name, for example, Dear Aunt Mary, or Dear John. Put a comma (,) after these informal greetings. End a formal letter with an expression like "Very sincerely yours" or "Sincerely yours". End an informal letter with "With love" or simple "Love".

66. When you write a letter to your parents, you _____.
 A. should write a formal letter B. should write a different letter
 C. can write it by hand D. must type it
67. In formal letters we use _____.
 A. formal language B. informal language
 C. different language D. the expression "With love"
68. It _____ to put the address, name and the date at the top of _____.
 A. is necessary; an informal letter
 B. is necessary; a formal letter

- C. doesn't matter whether; a formal letter
D. doesn't matter whether; a letter to a business

69. In a letter, after the expression "Dear Sir", we put a _____.

- A. colon B. comma C. full stop D. question mark

70. Which of the following is NOT true?

- A. A formal letter is different from an informal one.
B. An English letter is different from a Chinese one.
C. The date should be put in both formal and informal letters.
D. We usually use the expression "Sincerely yours" as informal language.

X. 改正所给短文中的错误(如有错,每行只有一个错误)。做法:1. 无错误:在该行右边横线上画√;2. 多一个词:把多的词用\划掉,在横线上写出该词并划掉;3. 缺一个词:在缺词处加^,在横线上写出该词;4. 错一个词:在错词下划横线,在右边横线上写出正确的词。

(10分)

Dear Mr and Mrs Smith,

September 5, 199__

I want to thank you for having me in your home about the summer	71. _____
holidays. I had always wanted return to the village after moving	72. _____
away and it is really great to see most of my old friends again.	73. _____
I told Mother, Father, Sister, all my friends here what a great	74. _____
time I had. I enjoyed the evenings that we spent together. And I	75. _____
can't forget the good food you cooked for I. It was wonderful. I	76. _____
hope you could come and visit us some times soon. Father and	77. _____
Mother would love to see you. Maybe you could come during a	78. _____
winter holidays. I'm sure we'll have a wonderfully time together.	79. _____
With the best wishes	Tom 80. _____

[书面表达]

XI. 根据提示,给你的美国笔友写一封信。(10分)

1. 笔友姓名: _____
2. 写信日期: 199__年9月__日
3. 写信内容:很高兴能与对方通信,简要介绍你升入高中后的情况,寄去你在暑假拍的照片,希望对方来信。
4. 要求: 语句通顺,行文连贯,表达清楚。
词数60—100。

Unit 2 In the lab

[听力测试]

I. 听下面短文,在空缺处填写适当的单词。(5分)

1. This story happened during a chemistry _____.
2. The teacher made a _____ by filling a cup with kerosene, castor oil and vinegar.
3. The _____ he put in his mouth was not the one he dipped into the cup.
4. The teacher looked _____ pleased after he sucked it.
5. From this passage we can infer that the students didn't watch _____ enough.

II. 听下面电话录音,然后填写留言表。(5分)

Telephone Message	
6. From: _____	7. To: _____
8. Date: _____	9. Time: _____
10. Message: _____ _____ _____	

[语言结构]

III. 从 A、B、C、D 中找出其划线部分与所给单词划线部分读音相同的选项。(5分)

- | | | | | |
|-------------------|----------------------|---------------------|----------------------|-------------------------|
| 11. <u>mouth</u> | A. <u>to</u> uth | B. en <u>ough</u> | C. sh <u>ow</u> | D. all <u>ow</u> |
| 12. <u>lab</u> | A. <u>bas</u> in | B. m <u>a</u> de | C. s <u>a</u> dly | D. t <u>a</u> ste |
| 13. <u>none</u> | A. <u>com</u> puter | B. <u>o</u> nce | C. p <u>oss</u> ible | D. instr <u>u</u> ction |
| 14. <u>castor</u> | A. head <u>a</u> che | B. b <u>i</u> cycle | C. wat <u>ch</u> | D. prod <u>u</u> ce |
| 15. <u>exam</u> | A. mix <u>t</u> ure | B. ex <u>a</u> mple | C. ex <u>e</u> pt | D. exerc <u>i</u> se |

IV. 根据下列句子所给单词的首字母,在空缺处写出单词的完全形式。(10分)

16. After a long time, they f _____ found the lost child.
17. He s _____ his mouth and didn't say anything more.
18. Smoking is not a _____ in the reading room.
19. The police r _____ drivers to take care on the icy road.
20. the cook t _____ everything to see if it is all right.
21. Then he received a m _____ from Watkins asking him to call the office.
22. A classroom is not a p _____ place for a football match.
23. You will fail u _____ you work hard.
24. While we were watching the wonderful programme on TV, the e _____ went off.

25. You should give clear i _____ for every practice exercise.

V. 从 A. B. C. D 四个选项中, 选出可以填入空白处的最佳答案。(11分)

26. _____ to write to me as soon as you get there.

A. There's sure B. I'm sure C. Be sure D. It's sure

27. The doctor told him _____ to school until he had no temperature.

A. not go B. not to go C. don't go D. don't to go

28. When the students do experiments in the lab, _____, they must follow the teacher's instructions.

A. first of all B. make sure C. as a result D. in their opinion

29. Mother told his little son Jim, "_____ when you cross the street."

A. Take care of B. Take a look C. Look carefully D. Be careful

30. "_____ show me how to use the computer." he said politely.

A. Please B. Would you please C. Be sure to D. Don't forget to

31. Come to my house when you have time, _____?

A. do you B. don't you C. can't you D. aren't you

32. Don't drink any more, _____?

A. do you B. will you C. can you D. would you

33. I shall come here next week _____ I'm too busy.

A. if B. since C. until D. unless

34. He didn't work _____ and so he failed the examination.

A. hard enough B. enough hard C. hardly enough D. enough hardly

35. Jenny is away with her family _____ holiday this week.

A. in B. on C. to D. for

36. We couldn't eat in a restaurant because _____ of us had _____ money on us.

A. all; no B. any; no C. none; any D. no one; any

VI. 在转换后的句子中每空填一个词, 使与原句的意思一致。(4分)

37. Mother said to James, "Be sure to come back before 10 this evening."

Mother _____ James _____ sure to come back before 10 _____ evening.

38. The doctor said to Linda, "Don't eat cold food."

The doctor _____ Linda _____ eat cold food.

39. "Please tell me what happened next," Li Hua said to her.

Li Hua _____ her to tell _____ what _____ next.

40. "Don't forget to give the message to my wife," he said.

He told _____ forget to give the message to _____ wife.

[交际能力]

VI. 根据给出的情境, 写出日常交际用语。(5分)

41. What would you say when you order somebody to follow the teacher's instructions at school?

42. What would you say when you order somebody to do something that you tell him to do?

43. What would you say when you order somebody not to leave until you go back.

44. What would you say when you request somebody to show you how to use the computer?

45. What would you say when you want to know somebody's opinion of going to watch the football match on Saturday?

VII. 根据对话内容, 从对话后的选项中选出能填入空白处的最佳选项。(5分)

- 46
- OK. Let's go to the computer room. I'll show you around.
- Great! Let's go.
- Here we are. 47
- No.
- Follow me, please. First of all, take off your shoes and put on the slippers.
- How nice it's here! Everything's clean and tidy.
- Smoking isn't allowed here. 48
- No. The computer's beautiful. How to type it?
- Listen to me. 49 Follow my instructions.
- What about when we have finished typing?
- 50 Finally, remember to keep the computer clean.
- A. Are there any do's and don'ts?
- B. Do what I tell you to do.
- C. Don't you smoke, do you?
- D. don't forget to turn off the electricity.
- E. Would you show me how to use the computer?
- F. Make sure everything is put back in the cupboard.
- G. Have you ever been here before?

[阅读理解]

IX. 阅读下面短文, 然后从文后各题所给的四个选项中选出一个最佳答案。(10分)

The Chemistry of the Earth

The world is 51 of different things. Trees, grasses and 52 plants cover the

earth. Above, 53 shines on the earth as it turns in the universe. This is the world that we see 54 us every day.

This world is also the world of 55. In this world, one form of matter is 56 changing into another. We cannot always see it 57 with our eyes. 58 it is taking place all the time. 59 of forms on the earth, living or not, are made of about one hundred chemical elements(元素). The same elements are found everywhere. This may be a surprise to you, but it is true. It is true not only of the earth but also of 60.

51. A. fill B. filling C. filled D. full
52. A. other B. the other C. another D. some
53. A. the sun B. the moon C. the stars D. the satellites
54. A. above B. over C. around D. under
55. A. physics B. chemistry C. biology D. geography
56. A. always B. sometimes C. usually D. never
57. A. happen B. happening C. to happen D. happened
58. A. And B. Or C. Yet D. So
59. A. A million B. Millions C. The million D. The millions
60. A. all universe B. whole universe
C. the whole universe D. the all universe

V. 阅读下面短文,从每题所给的四个选项中选出最佳答案。(20分)

A doctor was once teaching a class of medical students at a famous hospital. One evening a man was brought in, and the doctor turned to one of the students and asked: "What's wrong with this man."

"I don't know, sir," the student answered! "shall I examine(检查) him and find it out?"

"There is no need to examine him," said the doctor. "You should know without asking questions. He has hurt his right knee(膝盖). Didn't you notice the way he walked? He hurt it by burning it in the fire. You can see one of the legs of his trousers is burnt away at the knee. He fell down this morning. You can see the mud(泥) on his trousers. This afternoon it was fine, but early this morning it rained hard. He fell down and his trousers were wet. He tried to dry his trousers by the fire, and he hurt his knee."

Then the doctor turned to the man and asked, "Is that right?"

"Yes, sir," said the man.

61. This story happened _____.
A. early in the morning when it was raining hard
B. in the afternoon when the weather was fine
C. in the evening while the students were having their class
D. at night when the fire was burning
62. The doctor knew that the man had hurt his right knee because _____.
A. it rained hard early that morning and the man had fallen down.

- B. he saw how the man walked
 - C. he examined the man and found it out
 - D. he had a strange way to guess
63. How did the doctor know the man had fallen down that morning ?
- A. He noticed the way the man walked.
 - B. He found it out without asking questions .
 - C. He saw the mud on the man's trousers.
 - D. The man told him about it .
64. The man was brought to the hospital _____ after he hurt his leg .
- A. at once B. about an hour
 - C. about two hours D. about half a day
65. The main idea of the story is that _____.
- A. a doctor should look carefully when he examines his patient (病人)
 - B. a doctor should know things without asking questions
 - C. a medical student should learn how to know things without asking question.
 - D. a medical student should learn how to examine a patient in a hospital

2

Though my English is weak ,I am very thankful to my English teacher , Mr Scott , for his help . It was he that made me come into the door of English study and encouraged me once and again not to lost my heart . Without him , I would not have kept studying English. Mr Scott is well learned and good at teaching . He has an unusual way of making his classes lively and interesting . He is strict with us as well as in his work . Knowing that we are hungry for knowledge , he does all what he can to teach us as much as possible in or out of class. He is really a good teacher , always thinking of it as his duty to teach his students well. Because of his devotion(贡献) to work and skill in teaching he won great respect(尊敬) from his class.

66. The writer's English is weak ,_____.
- A. so he is very thankful to his English teacher, Mr Scott, for his help
 - B. but he still keeps studying English with the help of his teacher, Mr Scott
 - C. as Mr Scott made him come into the door of English study
 - D. so he lost his heart and stopped studying English
67. The underlined word encouraged in this passage means _____.
- A. gave hope to B. gave love to
 - C. gave instructions to D. gave opinions to
68. Mr Scott has won great respect from his class because _____.
- A. he knows that his students are hungry for knowledge

B. he has a strange way of making his classes lively and interesting

C. he is very strict with his students

D. he puts all his heart into his work and teaches very well

69. Which of the following is NOT true?

A. Mr Scott has much knowledge and teaches English well.

B. Most of the students like Mr Scott's lessons

C. With the help of Mr Scott the writer has become very good at his English

D. With the help of Mr Scott the writer is able to keep studying English

70. Which title best gives the idea of the passage ?

A. Look Carefully and Learn

B. How to Teach English Well

C. Devotion to work

D. My Unforgettable Teacher

VI. 改正所给短文中的错误(如有错,每行只有一个错误)。(10分)

I shall never forget going school for the first time. I 71. _____
remember that I enjoyed travel to school that day because I 72. _____
was on a bus alone for a first time in my life . I have always 73. _____
loved traveling on a bus though now I prefer to cycling . As 74. _____
the bus came near the school, I began to wonder (想知道) what
my teacher would like . When I reached the classroom, all the 75. _____
another children were already there. They were practising 76. _____
writing . Some of them went on write, but some of them stopped 77. _____
and looked at me . Some of them began to talk to each other. 78. _____
The teacher told them don't talk . Then she smiled at me and 79. _____
told me what I had to do . "I'm going to enjoy to be a
student . " I thought . 80. _____

[书面表达]

XI. 假定你是李华。你和几个朋友约定星期天在人民公园野餐(to have a picnic)。你们的英国朋友 Peter 也应邀参加。请你根据下面的示意图,给他写封短信,告诉他进公园后如何找到你们。(10分)

注意:

1. 词数 60—100 (树林 woods)

2. 开头语已为你写好。

Sept. 8, 199__

Dear Peter,

We're so glad you 're coming to join us
on Sunday . Here is how you can find us .

