

SHORTCUT WA

業了捷径

主编

天津南开中学特级教师 天津市实验中学高级教师 天津市实验中学高级教师

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一年级分册





年级分册

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综合训练

本部分为彩色版《新捷径·高中英语 (一年级分册)》 同步训练习题之参考答案。

Unit 8

- 1. B 2. C 3. B 4. A 5. D 6. A
- 7. B 8. D 9. A 10. D 11. C
- 12. C 13. B 14. A 15. C 16. B
- 17. B 18. A 19. A 20. B 21. D
- 22. C 23. B 24. A 25. B 26. D
- 27. C 28. A 29. B 30. D 31. C
- 32. D 33. A 34. B 35. B 36. A
- 2 5 00 N 01 D 00 D 00 N
- **37.** D **38.** C **39.** B **40.** A **41.** D

46. D

- **42.** D **43.** A **44.** B **45.** B **47.** D **48.** C **49.** D **50.** \checkmark
- 51. 夫掉 on 52. a→the
- 53. out 后加 of 54. in→on
- **55.** foods→food **56.** is→was
- 57. quietly→quiet 58. 去掉 to
- 59. ran-→run

Unit 14

- 1. C 2. A 3. B 4. D 5. A 6. C 7. C 8. A 9. B 10. C 11. D
- 12. C 13. C 14. D 15. D 16. B

- 17. B 18. B 19. A 20. C 21. B
- 22. A 23. D 24. A 25. C 26. B
- 27. D 28. A 29. A 30. D 31. C
- 32. B 33. B 34. D 35. C 36. A
- 37. B 38. C 39. A 40. C 41. B
- **42.** C **43.** C **44.** A **45.** C **46.** A
- 47. C 48. D 49. ✓ 50. fall→fell
- **51.** I 后加 was **52.** so→but
- 53. to 后加 the 54. 去掉 is
- 55. 去掉 more 56. neither→none
- 57. correct→correcting 58. had→have

Unit 20

- I. 1. D 2. B 3. A 4. D 5. B
 - **6.** C **7.** D **8.** C **9.** B **10.** B
 - 11. D 12. D 13. A 14. C
 - 15. D 16. C 17. A 18. A
 - 19. B 20. C
- II. 1. C 2. A 3. D 4. C 5. D
 - 6. C 7. B 8. A 9. D 10. C
 - 11. B 12. C 13. D 14. A
 - 15. A 16. A 17. C 18. D
 - 19. B 20. C

- III. 1. A 2. A 3. D 4. B 5. C
 - 6. C 7. B 8. B 9. D 10. A
- IV. 1. of 后加 the
 - 2. China→Chinese
 - 3. carve→carved
 - 4. century→centuries
 - 5. <
 - 6. 去掉 be
 - 7. of→from
 - 8. And→But
 - 9. to \rightarrow for
 - 10. discovered→developed

Unit 26

- I. 1. A 2. B 3. D 4. B 5. C
 - 6. B 7. D 8. C 9. A 10. C
 - 11. C 12. B 13. D 14. A
 - 15. B 16. A 17. D 18. B

- 19. C 20. A
- II. 1. A 2. C 3. B 4. D 5. C
 - 6. A 7. B 8. D 9. A 10. A
 - 11. B 12. A 13. B 14. A
 - 15. C 16. D 17. D 18. B
 - 19. C 20. A
- III. 1. A 2. A 3. C 4. D 5. B
 - 6. D 7. B 8. A 9. D
- IV. 1. busily→busy
 - 2. speak→say
 - 3. 去掉 with
 - 4. In→On
 - 5. thing→things
 - 6. ask→asked
 - 7. 夫掉 at
 - 8. was→was not
 - 9. 🗸
 - **10.** you→I

Unit 1 The summer holidays

一、基本内容检测
I.单词拼写。
1. I prefer v to meat, especially (尤其) in summer.
2. B is one of the interesting subjects students are required to study at school.
3. She is e in a company as a typist.
4. Students usually make a study plan at the <u>b</u> of a new term.
5. He i his new girl friend to his mother.
6. He g many kinds of flowers in his back garden.
7. A she was tired, she went to work, but she did not stay there long.
8. His illness is the <u>r</u> of hard living in the countryside.
9. In my o, the West Lake is the best place to go for our summer vacation.
10. It takes a lot of p to become a good swimmer.
Ⅱ.汉译英。
1. 老师吩咐班上的学生在他离开教室时继续安静地做练习。
The teacher the class to go on quietly while he was
the room.
2. 在收割季节里,农民让机器从早到晚地开着。
At time, farmers their machines from morning
night.
3. 他说玛丽有一台电视机,她确实有。
He says Mary has a TV set, and
4. 你假期外出了吗?

		for your	?	
5. 我们昨天在户外烤肉吃。				
	We meat	ope	en fire yest	erday.
_	、高水准能力	力检测		
单	项选择。			
1.—I was born in Shanghai.				
	A.So did my bro	ther	B. So is my bro	other
	C.So was my bro	other	D.My brother	was, either
2.	You can see the	road sign tl	he light of the stre	et lamps.
	A.by	B. with	C. in	D. under
3.	Our teacher aske	d me to go and see	him after school a	and
	A.so did I	B. so did he	C.so I did	D. so he did
4.	He looks	tired for he has w	orked	×
	A. too much, mu	ich too	B. much too,	too much
	C. too many, ma	any too	D. many too,	too many
5.	It's getting late.	We must be off	now. Which of th	e following can't replace the
	underlined part?			
	A. begin ·	B.go	C.start	D. be leaving
6.	Even hol	idays, he preferre	d something	g nothing.
	A.on, to do, to	do	B.in, doing,	to do
	C.on, doing, to	doing	D.on, to do,	to doing
7.	Although he is co	onsidered a great w	vriter, his	works are not widely read.
	A. however	B./	C. but	D. still
8.	Please m	y regards to your f	ather.	
	A. give	B. take	C. bring	D. pass
9.	We have worked	out the plan and i	now we must put it	into
	A. fact	B. deed	1	D. reality
1(). Let's his	s opinion before m	aking a decision.	
	A. find out	B. find	C. search	D. look for
11	. —Jane is sure _	tonight.		
	—Don't be so s	ure it.		
	A. of come, ab	out	B. coming, w	vith
	C. will come, a	bout	D. to come,	of

12. Mary is well know	n to be good	foreign languages.		
A. learning	B.at learning	C. for learning	D. to learn	
13. After giving a repo	ort about the school	, Mr.Smith	the guests around it.	
A. went on to show	v	B. went on showing	g	
C. went on with sh	owing	D. has gone to sho	w	
14. My father had me	the house th	ne whole afternoon	yesterday.	
A. cleaned	B. to clean	C. clean	D. cleaning	
15. —Do you know ou	ir town at all?			
-No, this is the	first time I h	iere.		
A. was	B. have been	C.came	D.am coming	
16. Most parents	their children to	go on to college.		
A. wish	B. hope	C.let	D. have	
17. —By the way, M	ary sends her best w	ishes to you.		
A. It's great		B. All right		
C. That's nice of h	ner	D. Thank you		
18 the beginn	ing of the meeting,	we heard a report	by the headmaster.	
A. At	B. In	C.On	D.By	
19. — do you v	vrite to your mother	?		
—Once a month.				
A. How often	B. How much	C. How long	D. How soon	
20. Hello, Mary. I_	know you	in London.		
A.don't, are	B.don't, were	C.didn't, were	D.didn't, are	
			*	
三、综合能力检	测	960		
Ⅰ.完形填空。				
It was Saturday a	fternoon. A man na	amed John had just	1 school for the last	
time. He was going to start 2 the following week, so he decided to 3 some				
new clothes and a nev	v pair of shoes. The	ere was quite a nice	e shop <u>4</u> his home.	
The shop was quite $\underline{5}$, for it had opened only the week before. It sold $\underline{6}$				
shoes and clothes. John decided to go and see7_ they had.				
The shoes in the	shop were quite	8 and were not e	xpensive. But 9 of	
them were the right _	10 . They were e	ither too big or too	small. At last he bought	
a nice suit and went o	ut of the shop happi	lly.		
() 1. A. started	B. stopped	C.left	D. found	

() 2. A. lesson	B. work	C. play	D. mind
() 3. A. choose	B. pick	C. buy	D. make
() 4. A. at	B. from	C. near	D. around
() 5. A. far	B.old	C.new	D. big
() 6. A. women's	B. men's	C. children's	D.girl's
() 7. A. where	B. when	C. whose	D. what
() 8. A. clean	B. strange	C. light	D. good
() 9. A. both	B. none	C. most	D. few
() 10. A. size	B. number	C. kind	D. length
TT	ATT Valle TOTAL ATT			

Ⅱ.阅读理解。

(A)

An Unpleasant Picnic

Nobody likes staying at home on a public holiday, especially if the weather is fine. Last August we decided to spend the day in the country. The only difficulty was that millions of other people had just the same idea. We moved out of the city slowly behind a long line of cars, but at last we came to a quiet country road. After some time, we stopped at a farm far from the town. We had brought plenty of food with us and we got it out of the car. Now everything was ready so we sat down near a path at the foot of a hill. It was very quiet on the cool grass until we heard bells ringing at the top of the hill. What we saw made us pick up our things and run back to the car as quickly as we could. There were about two hundred sheep coming towards us down the path!

1.	People like to drive out of the city _	*		
	A. when they are on holiday	B. when there is r	nothing to do at home	
	C. if the weather is fine	D. if they have fir	nished a day's work	
2.	It took them to find a quiet	place.		
	A.a short while B.few hours	C.all day	D.a long time	
3.	They heard bells ringing			
	A. as soon as they got out of the car			
	B.shortly after they got their dinner ready			
	C. after they sat down on the grass quite a long time			
	D. when they ran back to the top of	the hill		
4.	They all felt that day.			
	A. excited B. frightful	C. disappointed	D. sorry	
5.	Which statement (情况) isn't true?			

- A. Millions of other people drove to the country for a holiday that day.
- B. They didn't have a good time in the country that day.
- C. They might have had a wonderful time if they had not stayed at a farm.
- D. They enjoyed seeing so many sheep running down the hill anyhow.

 (\mathbf{B})

Mike was having a holiday at his aunt's in London. One day a strange thing happened to him when he was on a bus. He wanted to get off, so he stood up and rang the bell twice in order to make sure the driver heard him. But the bus didn't stop, and the conductor (售票员) came and shouted at him. The conductor was so angry and spoke so fast that Mike didn't understand a word. The bus stopped at the next stop. As Mike got off he heard someone say, "I think he is a foreigner." When Mike got back, he told his aunt about the matter.

"How many times did you ring the bell?" she asked.

"Twice," said Mike.

"Well, that's the signal (信号) for the driver to go on," his aunt explained. "Only the conductor is allowed to ring the bell twice. That's why he got so angry."

6. The story is about what happened to Mike ... A. on a London bus B. at his aunt's house C. in a busy street D. on his way to London 7. Mike rang the bell twice because A. the driver didn't hear the bell B. ringing the bell was quite funny C. the conductor told him to do so D. he wanted to get off the bus 8. If someone rings the bell once, _____. B. the driver will drive slowly A. the bus will go on running C. the driver will stop the bus D. the conductor will get less angry . 9. Mike couldn't understand what the conductor said because . . A. Mike got very much angry B. the conductor was a foreigner C. Mike was listening to others say D. the conductor spoke too fast 10. Which of the following is true according to the story? A. The conductor explained to Mike why he got angry. B. The bus didn't stop where Mike wanted to get off. C. Mike wasn't British but knew English very well. D. Ringing the bell twice is a signal for passengers to get off.

Unit 2 In the lab

一、基本内容检测
I.单词拼写。
1 (电) plays an important part in our life.
2. Air is a (混合物) of gases.
3. Students always do their (实验) in physics, chemistry or biology in different labs.
4. In my opinion, no one is (允许) to smoke in any office.
5. The room is (充满生机) with children singing and dancing.
6. He allowed us to use his (柜子) and computer.
7. There are two bottles. One is filled with (汽油) and the other is filled with
vinegar.
8. When John washes his face in a (盆) he usually put his head into the water.
9. Since Wang Lin isn't in at the moment, you can leave a (留言).
10. You'd better read the (说明) before you use it.
Ⅱ.汉译英。
1. 每天锻炼身体使他显得年轻,而不是苍老。
every day makes him younger older.
2. 学习一门语言时,首先要明白为什么学习它。
When you study language,, you should know why you study it.
3. 再来一杯咖啡好吗?
cup of coffee?
4. 老师带领学生参观实验室。

The teacher the students 5. 只要你和他谈谈,就会了解他是一个好 you talk him, you'll kn	7人。				
二、高水准能力检测					
单项选择。					
1. We'll have to stay inside unless it	tomorrow.				
A.stops raining	B. will stop raining				
C. will stop to rain	D.stops to rain				
2. This kind of Chinese take-away food _	·				
A. tastes deliciously	B. taste delicious				
C. tastes delicious	D. tasted deliciously				
3. The boy often in class to make	ke his classmates, makes his				
teacher very angry.					
A. makes faces, laugh, which					
C. makes a face, laugh, he	D. makes faces, laughing, that				
4. We couldn't eat in a restaurant because	e of us has money with us.				
A. none, any B. all, no	C. no one, any D. any, no				
5. Chairman Mao said that women can _	half the sky.				
A. hold up B. hold	C. held high D. hold on				
6 let me say how glad I'm to be	here.				
A. For the first time	B. After all				
C.In this way	D. First of all				
7. Our hearts are pain as we thin	k of them.				
A. full with B. filled with	C. filled of D. fulled with				
8. She handed bananas and sugar-	cane and invited us to eat.				
A. round B. back	C. down D. in				
9 you understand the rule, you'l	I find it quite easy to keep it.				
A. While B. Once	C.Only D. Whether				
10Don't have the water all th	e time, Tom.				
—Sorry, I'm sorry.	—Sorry, I'm sorry.				
A. run B. to run	C. running D. ran				
11. They said nothing, looking a	t the headmaster.				
A. worried B. excited	C.sad D.coldly				
12. If you don't do you're told,	you'll not be allowed the meeting.				

	A. that, attending		B.that, to attend		
	C.as, attending		D. as, to attend		
13.	. He pointed at a strange thing		three legs and a stra	nge top.	
	A. with	B. to	C. besides	D. in	
14.	The girl felt unhap	py because they had	d the party h	ner.	
	A. except	B. with	C. without	D. besides	
15.	It was much too la	te for mother to beg	gin preparing lunch,	so we all went down to	
	the pub				
	A. instead of	B. instead	C. first of all	D. in place	
16.	Most of us who ric	le bikes have	of the trouble of t	aking buses.	
	A. nothing	B. none	C. some	D. neither	
17.	She tried to make	herself at th	e party.		
	A. noticed	B. notice	C. to notice	D. noticing	
18.	go for a wa	alk with me?			
	A. Would you plea	se	B. What about		
	C. Would you like		D. Would you mine	d	
19	If by any chance s	omeone comes to se	e me, ask them to	leave a	
	A. message	B. letter	C. sentence	D. notice	
20	You'd better	_ of the time and t	hen we'll decide wh	en to start tomorrow.	
	A. be sure	B. make sure	C. sure	D. find out	
	、综合能力检》 · ^{完形填空} 。	则			
	Mr. Parker was liv	ving in the country,	and wanted to go	to an office in the city	
on	e day. He found the	e 1 on a letter,	and got into his car	, and 2 to the city.	
	5			front of the door. He	
loc	ked his 4 and s	tarted to go into the	office, but then he	5 around and went	
ba	back to his car, "I've 6 my keys in it!" he said to himself. He telephoned his				
wife and said, "_7 me, but I've locked my keys in my car. Please 8 me your					
keys."					
Mrs. Parker got into their second car and drove twenty miles to 9 her					
hu	husband. But while he was waiting for her, he walked around his car and 10 the				
other door. It was not locked! He locked it quickly before his wife arrived.					
() 1. A. office	B. way	C. address	D. phone number	
() 2. A. rode	B. drove	C.ran	D. operated	