

1993 年初中升学英语模拟测试卷

本书编写组

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第一套 测试卷

班级 _____ 学号 _____ 姓名 _____ 成绩 _____

一、语音及拼写知识

A) 单词辨音 下列各组词中划线部分的读音有一个与其它三个不同, 要求将这个词前面的大写字母填入左边括号内。(每小题 2 分)

- () 1. A. meat B. read C. meant D. repeat
() 2. A. low B. town C. bowl D. owner
() 3. A. said B. rain C. paid D. against
() 4. A. Saturday B. today C. lay D. play
() 5. A. both B. think C. with D. mouth

B) 句子重音 根据下列对话的情景, 指出下列划线句子中哪些单词一般要重读。(每小题 2 分)

() 6. ————“Is her father a worker?”

————“No, but her mother is.”

A. No, but B. No, mother C. but, is D. mother, is

() 7. ————“When and where did the story take place?”

————“It took place in America in 1918.”

A. It, America B. took C. in America in 1918 D. America, 1918

C) 句子语调 下列各组句子由句子 1、2、3 组成, 指出在一般情况下应该用什么语调。(每小题 2 分)

() 8. 1 Will the library be open today?

2 No, it won't.

3 Why not?

A. 1 升调 2 降调 3 升调 B. 1 降调 2 升调 3 升调

C. 1 升调 2 降调 3 降调 D. 1 降调 2 降调 3 升调

() 9. 1 Can I help you?

2 May I keep the book for two weeks?

3 Certainly.

A. 1 升调 2 升调 3 降调 B. 1 降调 2 升调 3 降调

C. 1 降调 2 降调 3 降调 D. 1 升调 2 降调 3 升调

D) 单词拼写 以下所给单词不完整, 请从 A、B、C、D 中找出适当的字母或字母组合, 使其完整与准确。(每小题 2 分)

- ()10. cott__ A. an B. en C. on D. un
 ()11. regr t A. o B. a C. i D. e
 ()12. h t A. are B. ear C. eer D. ere
 ()13. str_gh_ A. ei B. ai C. oi D. ui
 ()14. fam_s A. ou B. au C. eu D. iu
 ()15. rec_ve A. ea B. ee C. ie D. ei

二、单项填空 在A、B、C、D中选出一个正确答案，并将其前面的大写字母填入左边括号内。(每小题2分)

- ()16. Her mother was born _____ Guangzhou _____ February 3, 1952.
 A. on, in B. in, on C. in, in D. on, on
 ()17. You'd better _____ at once, or you'll miss the train.
 A. go B. gone C. went D. will go
 ()18. Let's have a rest, _____?
 A. don't we B. will we C. shall we D. have we
 ()19. I'm going to the park if it _____ fine tomorrow.
 A. will be B. was C. is D. shall be
 ()20. _____ good time we have had!
 A. How B. What C. How a D. What a
 ()21. She has two sons. _____ of them are studying in Beijing University.
 A. Neither B. Both C. Either D. Each
 ()22. There is something wrong with my watch. I'll have it _____.
 A. repaired B. repair C. to repair D. repairing
 ()23. I have four pencils. One is red, _____ are yellow.
 A. the other B. others C. the others D. other three
 ()24. It's important _____ the balance of nature.
 A. for us to keep B. for us keeping
 C. for us keep D. to us to keep
 ()25. He said the boss often made him _____ fourteen hours a day.
 A. to work B. work C. working D. worked
 ()26. Listen! I have _____ to tell you.
 A. anything important B. some important thing
 C. important something D. something important
 ()27. "Must I finish the work today?" No, you _____.
 A. mustn't B. may not C. needn't D. don't
 ()28. Please give me some ink, there is _____ in the bottle.
 A. few B. little C. a few D. a little
 ()29. "You aren't going to teach him English, are you?"

A. Yes. I'm not

B. No. I am.

C. Yes. I am

D. No, I'm not going

()30. Would you like _____ tea?

A. some

B. any

C. many

D. much

()31. "Which book is yours?" "The new one is _____."

A. I

B. me

C. my

D. mine

()32. My friends _____ here for two weeks.

A. have been

B. have come

C. are coming

D. have been to

()33. "_____ does he come here?" "Once a month."

A. How soon

B. How often

C. How long

D. How many

()34. I asked him _____ with him.

A. what's the matter

B. what the matter was

C. what was the matter

D. what the matter is

()35. Mother often warns me _____ late for class.

A. not be

B. don't be

C. not to be

D. to be

三、完形填空

先通读下面短文，掌握其大意，然后从四个选项中选出一个最佳答案。要求将最佳答案前面的大写字母填入左边括号内。(每小题2分)

Thomas Edison was a (36) American scientist. He was born in 1847. When he was a child, he liked to (37) how things worked. He was in school for only three months. He asked his teacher a lot of (38) questions. The teacher thought the boy was not bright and was not worth (39) when he told this to Edison's mother, she (40) her son out of school. As she had been a teacher, she taught him (41). The boy read a lot. Soon he became very interested in (42).

At the (43) of ten, Edison had already built a chemistry lab (44) himself. Ever since then, he never stopped (45) new and better ways to do things.

()36. A. famous B. old C. unknown D. woman

()37. A. find B. find out C. look for D. search for

()38. A. easy B. difficult C. simple D. strange

()39. A. taught B. to teach C. teaching D. to be taught

()40. A. sent B. carried C. took D. brought

()41. A. herself B. himself C. itself D. oneself

()42. A. sports B. science C. life D. playing

()43. A. year B. old C. age D. child

()44. A. for B. of C. by D. in

45. A. searching for B. to search for
C. searching D. to search

四、阅读理解

阅读下列短文并做后面的题目在四个答案中，选出能回答所提问题的最佳答案。要求将最佳答案前面的大写字母填在左边括号内。(每题 2 分)

Mr. Black gave his wife money every Friday evening, but she always spent it before the next Wednesday. For the next three days she had none.

Every Tuesday evening, Mr. Black asked her, "But what did you spend all that money on?" and she always answered, "I don't know."

One Friday Mr Black brought home an exercise book and a pencil to her. "When you get money from me, write it down on this page, and on the next page write down what you spend the money on."

When Mr Black came home the next Tuesday, his wife came to him and showed him the book. "I have done what you told me," she said happily. On the first page she had written "Friday, 28th June, I got 18 pounds from John," and on the next page, "Tuesday, 2nd July, I have spent it all."

- () 46. Mr Black _____ how she had spent the money.
A. wanted to know B. knew quite well
C. was very clear D. didn't want to know
- () 47. By _____ evening there was no more money left for Mrs Black.
A. Tuesday B. Wednesday
C. Thursday D. Friday
- () 48. Mr Black told his wife to write down _____ on the next page.
A. When she spent the money
B. where she spent the money
C. why did she spend so much money
D. what she bought with the money
- () 49. _____ Mrs Black began to write down how much her husband had given her.
A. At the beginning of July
B. On Tuesday evening
C. On Friday evening
D. Every Wednesday
- () 50. In the end, Mr Black was sure
A. that his wife had a habit(习惯) of saving money.
B. that most of the money had been spent on food
C. about how the money had been spent
D. that his wife spent her money without much care

第二套 测试卷

班级 _____ 学号 _____ 姓名 _____ 成绩 _____

一、语音知识

A) 观察所给单词的划线部份的发音选出其发音不同于其它三个的选项(10分)

- () 1) A. come B. love C. move D. some
() 2) A. often B. west C. rest D. bed
() 3) A. teach B. machine C. chest D. China
() 4) A. cheap B. seat C. leaf D. heavy
() 5) A. such B. but C. put D. cut
() 6) A. worked B. needed C. helped D. watched
() 7) A. short B. sport C. world D. story
() 8) A. dirty B. bird C. fire D. first
() 9) A. sit B. like C. rice D. high
() 10) A. card B. start C. warm D. far

B) 指出下列每组中的三个句子在一般情况下应该用什么语调 (5分)

- () 1) —When were you born?
——In 1977.
——So, you are fifteen this year, aren't you?
A.降 降 降 B.升 降 升 C.降 升 升 D.降 降 升
- () 2) —When will the film be in?
——At 1.30 pm.
——Do you know how long it will last?
A.升 降 升 B.降 升 升 C.升 降 降 D.降 降 升
- () 3) —How long have you studied English?
——For two years.
——For two years?
A.升 降 升 B.升 降 降 C.降 降 降 D.降 降 升
- () 4) —Would you like to wear this coat?
() —Pardon?
——I asked if you would like to wear that coat.
A.升 降 降 B.降 升 降 C.升 升 降 D.升 升 升
- () 5) —When will you go home today?
——This afternoon.
——Then let's go home together, shall we?

A.升降降 B.降降降 C.升升降 D.降降升

C) 拼写单词, 找出下列单词所缺的字母, 并将代表他们的相应字母填入括号内 (10

分)

() 1. P...n...il A. i...s B. e...s C. e...c

() 2. aut...m... A. e...e B. u...e C. u...n

() 3. r...c...ve A. e...ei B. i...ei C. e...ie

() 4. ...mpor...sible A. e...a B. i...b C. i...s

() 5. b...cy...le A. i...k B. y...c C. i...c

二、根据句子的意思用括号内单词的正确形式填空(10分)

1. "Help...(you) to some fish" he said to his friend

2. He is...(friend) to us all.

3. When Joe Hill was sentenced to death, he looked completely...(fear).

4. Dr Bethune set off with a ...(medicine) team.

5. September is the...(nine) month of the year.

6. Do you know how the ...(Egypt) were able to build the pyramids.

7. Of all the stars the sun is the ...(near) to the earth

8. The meat has got burnt. It smells...(terribly).

9. Let me tell you the...(true).

10. I have been to the Great Wall...(two)

三、完成下列各句, 使每小題两个句子意思相同, 每空只准填一个单词 (10分)

1. The young man is so strong that he can lift the heavy box.

The young man is strong... ..lift the heavy box.

2. A thief was seen to come into the bank by the Arab.

The Arab...a thief...into the bank.

3. Mr Black asked his daughter, "What's wrong with you?"

Mr Black asked his daughter what...wrong with....

4. All of them work hard to make their country more beautiful.

She works hard, too.

All of them work hard to make their country more beautiful.She.

5. Jane is a good student. Everyone in our college likes her.

Jane is... a good student...everyone in our college likes her.

四、选择填空(40分)

() 1. When someone is talking to you, you don't hear clearly. You say...

A. Excuse me. I'm not hearing clearly. B. Repeat again please.

C. I don't know what you say.

D. I beg your pardon.

() 2. A stranger says to you, "Could you tell me the way to the No. 19 Middle School?"

You reply..

A. Sorry I couldn't. Ask a policeman. please. B. Certainly.

- C. Yes, it doesn't matter. D. Yes, I could tell you.
- () 3. The park is so beautiful...we have been there many times
A. before B. after C. for D. that
- () 4. "Must we clean the whole room this afternoon?" "No, you..."
A. mustn't B. needn't C. can't D. may not
- () 5. Japan is...the east of China. Washington is...the east of U.S.A.
A. to / to B. in / to C. to / in D. in / in
- () 6. I looked around and noticed Comrade Wang...near a small tree.
A. stand B. stands C. stood D. to stand
- () 7. ...man thought she was ...honest girl.
A. An / the B. The / a C. A / an D. The / an
- () 8. Rose is very hungry. She wants to...
A. get something to eat B. get something to drink
C. have something to eat with D. have something to drink with
- () 9. She asked Jack....
A. that what was he thinking about. B. he was thinking about what
C. what he was thinking about D. what is he thinking over
- () 10. He doesn't drive...you.
A. as careful as B. so fast as C. more fast than
D. the fastest of
- () 11. ...exciting the news...!
A. What / is B. How / are C. How / is D. What / are
- () 12. Her aunt...for over twenty years.
A. is dead B. is dying C. has died D. has been dead
- () 13. "... does John write to his uncle?" "Four times a month."
A. How soon B. How long C. How often D. What time
- () 14. A new hospital...in my home town.
A. has put up B. has been put up C. is going to put up D. puts up
- () 15. The poor woman was ...when she heard it.
A. in surprise B. surprised C. surprising D. surprise
- () 16. After you finish your composition you must...
A. go it over b. go over it C. hand in it immediately D. turn in at once
- () 17. Don't look outside. Let's...our class.
A. go ahead with B. go down C. go through D. go to
- () 18. "Where is Li Hong?" "He...the meeting room."
A. has been to B. has gone to C. is going to D. went
- () 19. By the end of last term we had learned...English words.
A. a million B. thousands of C. two thousands D. nine hundred

() 20. Nobody knows she is a friend of...

A.them B.her C.his D.we

五、完形填空(15分)

It was a very good idea to(1)me to learn English. I've(2)so many students from Germany, France, Japan and(3)the world.(4)my job, there are(5)of students from China here, too. It is just(6)being at home. How happy I am(7)Chinese people in England speaking in our own(8).

Of course, we have English classes(9)the day, and I have to(10)English to the family I stay with. Some of my Chinese friends don't want to go out with me. They want make(11)with Englishmen. But I(12)this is a terrible thing, for most English people only talk about (13).They have a lot of talk about it. Sometimes it(14), sometimes windy days, sometimes fog.

I(15)to go back next year to see you and my old friends. By time I can speak very good English.

() 1.A.take B.send C.put D bring

() 2.A.met B.made C became D got

() 3.A.in B.on C all over D from

() 4.A.To B.In C.For D. With

() 5.A.lot B.much C.few D.lots

() 6.A.staying B.like C.as D.keeping

() 7.A.find B.to find C.look for D.founded

() 8.A.Chinese B.words C.students D.language

() 9.A.in B.on C.at D.for

() 10.A.talk B.speak C.say D.tell

() 11.A.students B.friends C.people D.classmates

() 12.A.want B.think C.thank D.thought

() 13.A.the weather B.themselves C.England D.German

() 14.A.snowing B.windy C.rains D.rained

() 15.A.like B.would like C.will D.will return

第三套 测试卷

班级 _____ 学号 _____ 姓名 _____ 成绩 _____

一、语音部分 (每小题 1 分, 共 20 分)

A) 单词辨音: 下列各组词中划线部份的读音有一个与其它三个不同, 要求将这个词前面的大写字母填入左边括号内。

- | | | | |
|----------------------------|-------------------------|------------------------|-----------------------|
| () 1. A. <u>q</u> uestion | B. <u>i</u> nvention | C. <u>c</u> omposition | D. <u>e</u> xhibition |
| () 2. A. <u>d</u> ays | B. <u>s</u> ays | C. <u>w</u> ays | D. <u>p</u> lays |
| () 3. A. <u>k</u> ite | B. <u>k</u> ee <u>p</u> | C. <u>k</u> ey | D. <u>k</u> nee |
| () 4. A. <u>b</u> ut | B. <u>b</u> us | C. <u>pu</u> t | D. <u>su</u> n |
| () 5. A. <u>b</u> ook | B. <u>bo</u> ot | C. <u>loo</u> k | D. <u>coo</u> k |

B) 下列每组四个句子通常采用的语调有一句与其它三句不同, 请将此句标号填入括号内。

- () 1. A. Have you finished your homework?
 B. What a fine day!
 C. She is a good student.
 D. Let's go to the Summer Palace together.
- () 2. A. Would you like to play basketball with us?
 B. Whose book is this?
 C. Excuse me one moment.
 D. Yes, I do.

C) 填上下列单词所缺少的字母每格只填一个字母

- () 1. rec—der (录音机) () 2. h—rr—ble (可怕的)
 () 3. m—tt—r (物质) () 4. —ela—ion (关系)
 () 5. —rogram—e (节目) () 6. —oose (选择)
 () 7. conc—t (音乐会) () 8. —nv—nt (发明)

D) 下列对话的划线句子中, 哪些单词一般重读?

- () 1. Do you like singing? No, but I like dancing.
 A. like, dancing B. No, like
 C. No, dancing D. No, but
- () 2. Who are you waiting for? I'm waiting for my sister.
 A. waiting for B. sister
 C. waiting, my D. my, sister

E) 下列每组对话由三个句子组成, 指出在一般情况下用什么语调。

- () 1. — Will you clean the classroom now?
 — No, I won't.
 — When will you clean the classroom?
 A. 升调 降调 升调 B. 升调 升调 降调
 C. 升调 降调 降调 D. 降调 降调 升调
- () 2. — Where is my pen?
 — Is it on my desk?
 — Oh, it's on your desk.
 A. 降调 升调 降调 B. 降调 降调 升调
 C. 升调 降调 降调 D. 降调 降调 降调
- () 3. — Which do you like better, tea or milk?
 — Tea
 — I like it, too.
 A. 升调 降调 降调 B. 升调 升调 降调
 C. 降调 升调 升调 D. 降调 降调 降调

二、词汇:

A) 按要求写出下列各词 (每小题 1 分, 共 20 分)

- | | |
|-------------------|-------------------|
| 1. three (序数词) — | 6. knife (复数) — |
| 2. I (反身代词) — | 7. operate (名词) — |
| 3. lend (反义词) — | 8. skate (现在分词) — |
| 4. care (形容词) — | 9. begin (同义词) — |
| 5. regret (过去式) — | 10. good (比较级) — |

B) 从下面 II 栏中找出与 I 栏中意思相同或相近的解释。

I

II

- | | |
|-------------------------|-----------------------------|
| () 1. near from | A. go by plane |
| () 2. wash | B. say sorry |
| () 3. nearby | C. not able to see |
| () 4. go by air | D. at some time in the past |
| () 5. dirty | E. get a letter from |
| () 6. remember | F. have a look |
| () 7. strike | G. close by |
| () 8. once upon a time | H. to keep in the memory |
| () 9. apologize | I. make clean with water |
| () 10. take a look | J. not clean |
| | K. refuse to go on working |

三、选择填空: (每题 1 分, 共 30 分)

- () 1. The children ... play with them.

- A. want that I B. want me for
C. want me to D. are wanting that
- () 12. He is.....
A. a friend of mine B. a friend mine
C. a friend of me D. me friend
- () 13. Ask him to the office..... some chalk.
A. to get B. of getting
C. in order he gets D. that he gets
- () 14. They said that it was film they have ever seen.
A. more interesting B. the most interesting
C. more interested D. interested most
- () 15. English?
A. How long time are you studying B. How long have you studied
C. How long do you study D. How long have you been studied
- () 16. I am afraid that it is going to rain, please..... an umbrella with you.
A. catch B. take C. bring D. fetch
- () 17. Tom hit Jim
A. on the nose B. on his nose
C. in the nose D. by the nose
- () 18. Don't forget the windows when you leave the room.
A. to shut B. shutting C. shutting D. being shut
- () 19. Looking through the window I found him in a chair.
A. sit B. sitting C. sat D. to be sat
- () 20. The boy was writing something on the ground a stick.
A. by B. use C. in D. with
- () 21. They will have a maths test two days.
A. for B. at C. in D. after
- () 22. The students are having a good time in the park. Some are drawing by the lake, are climbing the hill.
A. others B. other C. another D. the other
- () 23. 'Let's hurry, or we'll be late school.
A. to B. at C. with D. for
- () 24. It will the workers a year to build the hospital.
A. bring B. take C. use D. spend
- () 25. It is warm here. You'd better your coat.
A. take out B. take down C. take off D. take away
- () 26. We love our country, the Republic of China.
A. People B. Peoples C. People's D. Peoples'

- () 17. office is much smaller than
 A. Ours... yours B. Our...yours
 C. Their... our's D. your...their's
- () 18. Sorry, I can't answer your question. I know.....about the subject
 A. little B. a little C. few D. a few
- () 19. How long may I the magazine?
 A. borrow B. get C. keep D. lend
- () 20. The sick girl to the hospital at once.
 A. must send B. be must sent
 C. must be sent D. be sent
- () 21. She is..... honest girl and never tells a lie.
 A. the B. one C. a D. an
- () 22. The Changjiang River is the third river in the world.
 A. long B. longer C. longest D. much longer
- () 23. They seldom had history lessons..... the morning of Monday.
 A. in B. on C. at D. with
- () 24. If it tomorrow, I won't go there.
 A. rains B. rain C. will rain D. rained
- () 25. I am leaving Shenyang Shanghai tomorrow.
 A. to B. for C. from D. in
- () 26. The basket is full oranges.
 A. in B. on C. of D. with
- () 27. The doctor is operating a sick man.
 A. in B. of C. for D. on
- () 28. beautiful girl Mary is!
 A. What a B. What C. How a D. How
- () 29. Let's go over the text, ?
 A. aren't we B. will we C. shall we D. don't we
- () 30. Betty told me her father would here tomorrow.
 A. arrive at B. arrive in C. get to D. get

四、动词填空 (用所给动词的适当形式填空) (每题 1 分, 共 5 分)

- () 1. The teacher was satisfied with what he (do).
- () 2. you(go) to the concert last night?
- () 3. My brother promised that he..... (write) to us as soon as he arrived there.
- () 4. We had the recorder.....(repair) yesterday.
- () 5. It is very kind of you.....(say so).

五、在下列各句的 A、B、C、D 中找出有错的一处 (每题 1 分, 共 5 分)

() 1. The old man doesn't has much money.

A

B

C

D

() 2. There are few students in the classroom, aren't there?

A

B

C

D

() 3. I have not read the word, also

A

B

C

D

() 4. By the end of last term we have learned a thousand words.

A

B

C

D

() 5. He was enough busy to help me at that time

A

B

C

D

六、完形填空 (每题 1 分, 共 10 分)

1 all the things we eat and drink, water is the 2 important. Not 3 people understand this, but it is true. The human body can go without food for a long time but two 4 three days without water usually result in 5

Many people do not understand how 6 water the human body needs to work properly (正常地) and many people do not drink 7, especially in hot weather. Most people drink when they are 8 but often need more water, especially if we have been taking exercises.

A man's body is 65 to 75 percent (百分比) water. If we do not have 9 water, however, we feel 10 and may become ill. Do you know what the best drink is?

() 1. A. At

B. By

C. For

D. Of

() 2. A. least

B. more

C. most

D. much

() 3. A. Few

B. many

C. much

D. some

() 4. A. and

B. but

C. for

D. or

() 5. A. dead

B. death

C. die

D. hunger

() 6. A. can

B. little

C. much

D. many

() 7. A. enough

B. few

C. much

D. some

() 8. A. hungry

B. needy(贫困)

C. thirsty

D. tired

() 9. A. all

B. enough

C. every

D. some

() 10. A. angry

B. fine

C. hard

D. tired

七、阅读理解 A (每题 1 分, 共 10 分)

Radio and television are useful in the world today. They can be seen everywhere. Thousands and thousands of people watch TV. Perhaps even more people listen to the radio.

TV is, of course, more useful than radio. On TV you can see and hear what is happening in the world.

However radio is not disappearing. It is still with us. And the number of listeners is becoming large. One reason for this is the invention of the transistor (晶体管). It can be made

very small. It is very easy to carry. You can put one in your pocket and listen to it on the bus or on your bike when you go to work.

Besides (此外) radio is better for blind people, when people are working. They can't watch TV but can listen to music or news over the radio

Radio is much cheaper than TV.

根据短文意思填空 (每空一词)

- () 1. We can see not only TV..... radio everywhere.
- () 2. Perhaps..... people enjoy listening to the radio than watching TV.
- () 3. Radio is still with us today. And it can be made small.....to be put into your pocket after the invention of the transistor.
- () 4. Blind people like listening to the radio..... than others.
- () 5. A TV is not.....cheap..... a radio.

阅读理解 B

Water is very important to living things. Without water there can be no life on the earth. All animals and plants need water. Man also needs water. We need water to drink, to cook food and to clean ourselves. Water is needed in offices, factories and school. Where else is water needed?

Water covers most part of the earth. There is water in seas, rivers and lakes. Water is found almost everywhere. Even in the driest part of the world there is some water in air. You can't see it or feel it when it is the part of air. The water in seas, rivers and lakes is a liquid.

The water in air is not liquid but a gas, we call it water vapour.

Clouds are made of water. They may be made of little drops of water. They may also be made of snow crystals (晶体). Snow crystals are little crystals of ice. Ice is frozen water or water that has become solid.

Water, you have found out, may be a solid or liquid or gas. When it is a solid, it may be as hard as stone. When it is liquid, you can pour (倒) it out of a cup. When it is gas, you can not see it or feel it.

根据短文意思选择一个正确答案填入空白处

- 1. need water. Without water nothing can live.
A. Only animals B. Only people C. Only plants D. All living things
- 2. There in air.
A. are some water B. was some water C. is no water D. is some water
- 3. When water freezes, it changes into.....
A. gas B. liquid C. stone D. crystals
- 4. When water is changed into gas, we call it.....
A. water clouds B. water crystals C. water solid D. water vapour
- 5. Water has..... states (状态).
A. one B. many C. two D. three

第四套 测试卷

班级 _____ 学号 _____ 姓名 _____ 成绩 _____

一、语音：下列各组单词中划线部分的读音有一个与其它三个不同请选出 (12分)

- () 1. A. whole B. when C. who D. whose
 () 2. A. foolish B. cool C. shoot D. good
 () 3. A. cough B. enough C. tough D. young
 () 4. A. school B. headache C. lunch D. Christmas
 () 5. A. cook B. cake C. city D. care
 () 6. A. mouth B. group C. round D. house
 () 7. A. short B. north C. word D. horse
 () 8. A. low B. now C. how D. cow
 () 9. A. bike B. fine C. rise D. give
 () 10. A. map B. wash C. bag D. fat
 () 11. 语调：一般情况下下列四句中哪句读升调

- A. She didn't ask you to go. B. Are you a middle school student?
 C. What an interesting story it is! D. Shut the door, please.

() 12. 一般情况下下列四句中哪句读降调

- A. Shall I close the door? B. What are you going to do?
 C. Can you answer this question? D. Is he playing football?

二、词语解释：根据左边词在右边找出与该词相同或相近的词语 (12分)

- | I | II |
|-------------------|-----------------------|
| () 1. ordinary | A. very big |
| () 2. huge | B. be afraid of |
| () 3. low | C. close by |
| () 4. fear | D. feel sorry for |
| () 5. nearby | E. become lost |
| () 6. start | F. repair |
| () 7. reply | G. usual |
| () 8. join | H. set out |
| () 9. fix | I. answer |
| () 10. disappear | J. become a member of |
| () 11. excellent | K. set free |
| () 12. regret | L. very good |
| | M. not high or tall |

三、按要求写出相应的词 (11分)

- | | |
|-----------------------|-----------------------|
| 1. holiday (复数) | 2. sheep (复数) |
| 3. twelve (序数) | 4. wet (比较级) |
| 5. slow (最高级) | 6. thin (反义词) |
| 7. happy (副词) | 8. fool (形容词) |
| 9. fly (过去分词) | 10. wear (过去分词) |
| 11. well (比较级) | |

四、选择填空 (35分)

- () 1. The bus stopped.....the bus-stop.
A. on B. to C. in D. at
- () 2. He went there by....bus.
A. a B. * C. an D. the
- () 3. "Must we hand in our composition now?"
"No, you....."
A. mustn't B. can't C. may not D. needn't
- () 4. I didn't see the film. She didn't see the film.....
A. either B. also C. neither D. too
- () 5. The book is worth.....
A. to read B. reading C. may not D. read
- () 6. I don't know.....
A. he lives where B. where he live
C. where does he live D. where he lives
- () 7. The meeting will begin.....10 minutes.
A. at B. for C. in D. to
- () 8. Neither Li Hua... Wang Ying can answer the question.
A. nor B. and C. or D. but
- () 9. Great changes..... in the city.
A. have been taken place B. have taken place
C. has been taken place D. has taken place
- () 10. Most matter.....three states: solid liquid and gas.
A. has B. have C. are D. is
- () 11. These are our dictionaries.aren't here.
A. Their B. Your C. Ours D. Theirs
- () 12.children are in the room.
A. This B. There C. Those D. That
- () 13. This tree is taller than that.....
A. once B. ones C. one D. tree
- () 14. The child has had.....