

# PRACTICAL ENGLISH TEST FOR COLLEGES

高等学校英语应用能力考试

## 指导手册

本书编写组 编

## Practical English Test for Colleges 高等学校英语应用能力考试



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高等教育出版社

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我国高等职业教育、普通高等专科教育和成人高等教育的教学目标是培养高级应用型人才,其英语教学应贯彻"实用为主,够用为度"的方针:既要培养学生具备必要的英语语言基础知识,更应强调培养学生运用英语进行有关涉外业务工作的能力。《高职高专教育英语课程教学基本要求(试用)》(以下称"基本要求")就是根据上述要求制订的,而高等学校英语应用能力考试大纲(以下称"考试大纲")则是体现"基本要求"并检测高职高专学生是否达到教学要求而制定的考试大纲。

"基本要求"根据高职高专学生入学水平的现状将要求分为A、B两级,"考试大纲"也相应地将考试分为A、B两级,并明确规定了A级考试和B级考试的具体要求和内容。

为了帮助考生了解本考试的要求和内容,并在考前熟悉所考题型、内容和难度,我们专门编写了这套供考前培训和复习使用的丛书,共3种:《高等学校英语应用能力考试指导手册》、《高等学校英语应用能力考试模拟题 (A级)》和《高等学校英语应用能力考试模拟题 (B级)》。

《高等学校英语应用能力考试指导手册》以"考试大纲"为依据,根据考生的实际困难和需要,精选已公布的实考试卷中典型的试题进行了详尽的解析,指出注意事项和应试技巧,还配有大量练习,进行实训,同时,本书还包括已公布的实考试卷2套,供准备应试的学生自测和复测,以便能做好充分的准备,考出好的成绩。《高等学校英语应用能力考试模拟题(A级)》和《高等学校英语应用能力考试模拟题(B级)》根据考试中的题型和考试范围,各编排了8套模拟试卷。模拟试卷的难度与考试要求基本相当。这样做的目的是使考生通过练习,对每一种题型考什么、怎么考和难易度如何都十分熟悉,从而提高应答的准确率。

按照"考试大纲"的规定, A级有5种题型, 即:1) 听力理解, 2) 语法结构, 3) 阅读理解, 4) 英译汉, 5) 写作或汉译英。B级也有5种题型, 除第2部分为"语法词汇"外, 其他的题型与A级相同。

A 级考试各部分的测试内容如下:

- 1. 听力理解部分测试考生对口头语言的理解, 共分 3 节: 1) 理解对话 (即一个来回的对答), 2) 理解会话 (即多个来回的对答), 3) 理解短文 (或独白)。第1、2 节的题型为多项选择, 第 3 节的题型为简答。该部分所占试卷的分值比例为 15%。
- 2. 语法结构部分测试考生在句子层次上的语法知识, 共分2节: 1) 测试对语法规则的运用, 题型为多项选择; 2) 测试对句法、词法和词性(词性变化)的掌握, 题型为填空。该部分所占试卷的分值比例为15%。
  - 3. 阅读理解部分测试考生对书面语语篇的理解,内容包括一般性及应用性文字,以

后者为主, 题型有多项选择、填空、匹配和简答等。该部分所占试卷的分值比例为35%。

- 4. 英译汉部分测试考生将英语句子和段落译成较为通顺的汉语的能力,句子为一般性或应用性文字,段落则为应用性文字。句子部分的题型为多项选择,段落部分的题型为翻译。该部分所占试卷的分值比例为20%。
- 5. 写作部分测试考生以英语书写应用性文字或填写表格的能力,内容为应用文(通告、信函、广告、说明、摘要、简历表、申请书、协议书等)或实用性段落的翻译(汉译英)。该部分所占试卷的分值比例为15%。

#### B 级考试各部分的测试内容如下:

- 1. 听力理解部分测试考生对口头语言的理解, 共分 3 节: 1) 答问(即选答口头问题), 2) 理解对话(即一个来回的对答), 3) 听写。第1、2 节的题型为多项选择, 第 3 节的题型为填空听写短文(或独白)。该部分所占试卷的分值比例为 15%。
- 2. 语法词汇部分测试考生在句子层次上的语法知识和词汇知识, 共分 2 节: 1) 测试对语法规则和词汇的运用, 题型为多项选择, 2) 测试对句法、词法和词性(词性变化)的掌握, 题型为填空。该部分所占试卷的分值比例为 15%。
  - 3. 阅读理解部分与 A 级的同一部分相同。该部分所占试卷的分值比例为 35%。
  - 4. 英译汉部分与 A 级的同一部分相同。该部分所占试卷的分值比例为 20%。
- 5. 写作部分测试考生以英语书写应用性文字或填写表格的能力,内容为应用文(通知、简短信函、独白的文字稿、简历表、申请书等)或实用性段落/短文的翻译(汉译英)。该部分所占试卷的分值比例为15%。

我们认为,学生要达到以"基本要求"为根据的"考试大纲"的要求,关键在于平日就应当打好语言基础和培养言语能力。考前的试题练习可以帮助考生熟悉考试题型,了解考试要求,通过做练习来检验自己的英语能力是否达到考试要求,还有哪些不足,以便及时弥补,从而取得良好成绩。

本丛书由吴银庚主编,参加本丛书编写工作的有(以姓氏笔划为序)王海、王晓明、李正义、刘春梅、沙韵、吴瑾、时启亮、赵维莉、胡海燕、晨梅梅、谢华、葛明永、曾建湘等。

由于编者水平有限,本书不足之处在所难免,希望广大读者提出宝贵意见。

编者 2003 年5月1日

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#### A级自测试卷(2002年6月实考试卷)

#### PRACTICAL ENGLISH TEST FOR COLLEGES (Level A)

Part I

#### **Listening Comprehension**

(15 minutes)

**Directions:** 

This part is to test your listening ability. It consists of 3 sections.

#### Section A

**Directions:** 

This section is to test your ability to understand short dialogues. There are 5 recorded dialogues in it. After each dialogue, there is a recorded question. Both the dialogues and questions will be spoken only once. When you hear a question, you should decide on the correct answer from the 4 choices marked A), B), C) and D) given in your test paper. Then you should mark the corresponding letter on the Answer Sheet with a single line through the centre.

#### **Example:**

You will hear:

You will read:

A) New York City.

B) An evening party.

C) An air trip.

D) The man's job.

From the dialogue we learn that the man is to take a flight to New York. Therefore, C) An air trip is the correct answer. You should mark C) on the Answer Sheet. Now the test will begin.

1. A) They are doing shopping.

C) They are frying a chicken.

B) They are selling food.

D) They are having dinner.

2. A) The black one.

C) Neither of them.

B) The red one.

D) Both of them.

3. A) Very dull.

C) Not bad.

B) Very good.

D) Not exciting.

- 4. A) The woman should have used a firewall.
  - B) The woman should have taken measures against fires.
  - C) She should have had the computer repaired.
  - D) She should have changed the computer.
- 5. A) The party won't start till Mrs. Johnson comes.
  - B) The party will be put off till the weekend.
  - C) Mrs. Johnson will bring her son to the party.
  - D) Mrs. Johnson won't come to the party.

#### Section B

**Directions:** 

This section is to test your ability to understand short conversations. There are 2 recorded conversations in it. After each conversation, there are some recorded questions. Both the conversations and questions will be spoken two times. When you hear a question, you should decide on the correct answer from the 4 choices marked A), B), C) and D) given in your test paper. Then you should mark the corresponding letter on the Answer Sheet with a single line through the center.

-	nversa	4.	-
	nverco	nan	

- 6. A) She didn't enjoy football matches.
  - B) She didn't know there was a match.
- 7. A) He doesn't like playing football.
  - B) He is a football fan.

- C) She was unable to come back home.
- D) She thought the game wouldn't be exciting.
- C) He is a good football player.
- D) He hasn't watched football recently.

#### Conversation 2

- 8. A) A job applicant.
  - B) Richard Brain.
- 9. A) The application for a job.
  - B) The arrangement for an interview.
- 10. A) On Monday.
  - B) On Friday.

- C) Maria Smith.
- D) The company's manager.
- C) The change of an appointment.
- D) The appointment with a customer.
- C) Any weekday.
- D) Any day except Sunday.

#### **Section C**

**Directions:** 

This section is to test your ability to comprehend short passages. You will hear a recorded passage. After that you will hear five questions. Both the passage and the questions will be read two times. When you hear a question, you should complete the answer to it with a word or a short phrase. The incomplete answers are printed in your test paper. You should write your answer on the Answer Sheet correspondingly. Now the passage will begin.

11.	Where is the announcement made?	
	On the	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
12.	Where will they go first?	
	The	·
13.	What do the five rocks on the mountain look like?	
	They look like five	
14.	Where is the restaurant recommended by the tourist guide?	
	On	of the mountain.

15.	When w	vill they gather again after lunch?	
	At		·
Par	t II	Stru	cture (15 minutes)
	ections:		construct grammatically correct sentences. It consists of
		2 sections.	
Sec	tion A		
Dir	ections:	In this section, there are 10 incom	aplete sentences. You are required to complete each one
		by deciding on the most appropria	ate word or words from the 4 choices marked A), B), C)
		and D). Then you should mark the	e corresponding letter on the Answer Sheet with a single
		line through the centre.	
16.	Never_	faith in himself, James Wa	att went on with his experiment.
	A) lose		C) to lose
	B) losin	g	D) lost
17.	If I had	a car of my own, I it to y	our sister yesterday.
	A) woul	ld have lent	C) must have lent
	B) would	ld lend	D) should lend
18.	I could	have contacted the buyer, but I	enough time in the city.
	A) did r	not have	C) had not had
	B) would	ld not have	D) have not had
19.	Interest	rates will remain their pr	esent level for some time.
	A) will	-	C) to
	B) in		D) at
20.	The sole	diers came to a farmhouse, in front	of sat a small boy.
	A) it		C) which
	B) that		D) where
21.	Whoeve	er does business that fello	ow is bound to lose money.
	A) with		C) to
	B) on		D) against
22.	The eng	gineer claims that this engine is	as the previous one.
	5	e powerful	C) as twice powerful
	B) pow	erful as twice	D) twice as powerful

<u>4</u>	A級自制	则试卷(2002年6月实考试卷	):
23.	I regret t	o tell you that I have no choice	to refuse your application.
	A) and		C) but
	B) or		D) than
24.	I don't tl	hink you have heard of the new dir	ector before,?
	A) don't	I	C) haven't you
	B) do I		D) have you
25.	Sports as	nd happiness to our daily life	we perform in a proper way.
	A) altho	ugh	C) if
	B) while		D) so
Sec	tion B		
Dir	ections:		nts here. You should fill in each blank with the proper ackets. Write the word or words in the corresponding
		space on the Answer Sheet.	ickels. Write the word of words in the corresponding
26.	The boy	who (bite) by a snake w	vas sent to the hospital immediately.
27.	With the	e (discover) of the new n	naterial, the equipment is greatly improved.
28.	Tom mis	ssed the train. He had meant to get	up early, but (wake) up very late.
29.	The dire	ector (definite) told us th	at a dinner would be given in honor of the guests.
30.	(sit)	at the dinner table with stra	ngers made her restless and uneasy.
31.	Mark sh	ould feel ashamed of his (behave)	towards the teacher.
32.	Jack wo	uld never have done that if he (hav	re) a good education.
33.	Our firm	n is competitive in markets because	we only sell products of (excellence) quality.
34.	I am sor	ry, I missed (see) you w	hile in Beijing.
35.	Many st	udents in our class are planning to	take a (commerce) course next term.
Par	t III	Read	ling Comprehension (40 minutes)
Dir	ections:	This part is to test your reading all the materials carefully and do the	bility. There are 5 tasks for you to fulfil. You should read e tasks as you are instructed.
Tas			
Dir	ections:	After reading the following passa	age, you will find 5 questions or unfinished statements,

numbered 36 through 40. For each question or statement there are 4 choices marked A), B), C), or D). You should make the correct choice and mark the corresponding letter on the Answer Sheet with a single line through the centre.

8848.net is a company that focuses heavily on e-commerce. Enter the homepage (主页) of 8848.net, and you can purchase your various goods via the Internet.

The sales of 8848.net last month were 12.5 million yuan, equal to the turnover (营业额) of a middle-sized supermarket. The success of 8848.net indicates that e-commerce is reaching the public, challenging traditional shopping malls. Convenience has become the most important element in any commercial interaction. That's what online shopping offers.

What 8848.net offers are 120 000 online goods, including books, software, computers, and electrical appliances. A Wangfujing department store in Beijing doesn't have so many items. What's more, there are about 4 million Internet fans in China. That means 8848.net is running 4 million chain stores. Traditional huge warehouses and personnel no longer seem to be necessary.

More products and better services are provided, along with lower prices. It is said that 8848.net is now preparing to offer more up-to-date consumer goods, such as digital cameras, MP3 devices and IT (Information Technology) household appliances.

8848's product information is the most complete available on China's e-commerce networks. There are 200 000 pages of information on the firm's goods. Compared to the customers who sometimes find it impossible to choose among products because of the lack of information about online goods, the customers of 8848.net are satisfied. If a customer wants to purchase a book, he can easily find more than 20 related book reviews by experts and ordinary readers. That helps the customer to make a decision.

36.	From the passage, we can learn that e-commerce (Line 1, Para. 1) means		
	A) making use of a supermarket	C) buying and selling on Internet	
	B) purchasing goods in a department store	D) communication through 8848.net	
37.	The successful sales of 8848.net show that		
	A) online shopping has replaced the traditional	shopping	
	B) the net company is turning into a middle-size	zed supermarket	
	C) commercial interaction is becoming more a	nd more important	
	D) people are starting to like online shopping		
38.	8. The biggest advantage of online shopping lies in its		
	A) price	C) convenience	
	B) variety	D) size	
39.	8848.net works best in helping customers to _	•	
	A) complain of bad services	C) select fashionable commodities	
	B) bargain for a lower price	D) make their purchasing decisions	
40.	The author's purpose in writing this passage is	to	

A) advertise 8848.net

C) attract advertisers for 8848.net

B) describe e-commerce

D) compare online and traditional shopping

#### Task 2

**Directions:** This task is the same as Task 1. The 5 questions or unfinished statements are numbered 41 through 45.

America put more people in prison in the 1990s than in any decade in its history. That started a debate over the wisdom of spending billions of dollars to keep nearly 2 million people locked up. According to statistics, the United States ends 1999 with 1 983 084 men and women in prisons. That shows an increase of nearly 840 000 prisoners during the 1990s and makes the United States the country with the highest prisoner population in the world. With the cost of housing a prisoner at about \$20 000 a year, the cost in 1999 for keeping all these prisoners behind bars is about \$39 billion.

Some experts argue that the money is well spent, saying the cost of keeping prisoners behind bars doesn't seem much in comparison to the cost of crime to society. They also point out that the rise in the prisoner population in the 1990s coincided with (与…相一致) a steady drop in the US crime rates. It is reported that serious crime has decreased for seven years in a row. "There are a noticeable number of people who don't do crimes because they don't want to go to prison," they say.

41. There is a heated debate among American experts because \_ A) America has put 2 million people in prison B) the cost for housing a prisoner keeps rising C) billions of dollars has been spent on prisoners D) the prisoner population is the largest in the world 42. From the first paragraph, we learn that \_\_\_\_ A) the number of prisoners in America is increasing B) America has the largest prison in the world C) Crime in America is getting much more serious D) it is easy for a person to be locked up in America 43. In 1999, the government spent about \$39 billion to \_\_\_\_\_. A) improve the prison conditions B) keep men and women in prison C) build houses for prisoners D) maintain the prisons 44. Some experts argue that the money is well spent because \_ A) crime will cost more money to society B) the government can well afford the money

C) the number of prisoners is not really large D) prisoner population decreased in the 1990s

45.	45. The author's attitude towards the government's policy is		
	A) negative	C) doubtful	
	B) positive	D) unknown	

#### Task 3

**Directions:** 

The following is an advertisement. After reading it, you are required to complete the outline below it (No.46 through No.50). You should write your answer briefly on the Answer Sheet correspondingly.

#### Wildlife as Cannon Camera Sees It

One of the greatest roles of picture-taking is to record and preserve images of the world around us worthy to be handed down as a gift for all generations. A photograph of the aye-aye (指猴) offers a rare view of one of Madagascar's (马达加斯加岛的) most unique creatures.

The aye-aye sleeps by day in its nest, emerging at night to search for food. Perceived in extremes according to Madagascan beliefs, this unusual animal is feared by some people, and admired by others. The aye-aye, like most of Madagascar's wildlife, is threatened by a loss of its natural home.

As with most species (物种) in danger, the future of the aye-aye greatly depends on mankind's ability to live in peace with the natural world. A valuable research tool, picture-taking can promote a better understanding of the aye-aye and how it lives within its natural environment. And understanding is perhaps the single most important factor in saving the aye-aye and all of wildlife.

An Advert	isement	t of Cannon Camera		
The roles of picture-taking				
1. to46 and	47	images		
2. to 48 a rare v	iew of v	vildlife such as aye-aye		
3. to help human beings to	49	the wildlife better and	50	the
aye-aye and all of wildlife				

#### Task 4

**Directions:** The following is part of the contents of the book Modern Human Relations at Work. After reading it, you are required to find the Chinese equivalents in the table below. Then you should put the corresponding chapters in the brackets on the Answer sheet, numbered 51 through 55.

- A Nature of human relations
- B Fundamentals of motivation
- C Individual behavior
- D Group behavior
- E Informal organization
- F Formal organization design
- G Technology and people at work
- I Fundamentals of leadership

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- J Role of the leader
- K Appraising and rewarding performance
- L Communicating for effectiveness
- M Management of change
- N Organizational development
- O Human relations and you

#### Example: (F) 正式的机构设计

#### (I) 领导的一般原理

51. (	)	非正式机构	(	)	表扬和奖励
52. (	)	技术与操作人员	(	)	沟通与效率
53. (	)	激励的一般原理	(	)	变革的管理
54. (	)	人际关系的特征	(	)	领导者的作用
55. (	)	个体行为	(	)	您与人际关系

#### Task 5

Directions: The following is a table of troubleshooting (故障排除). After reading it, you should give brief answers (no more than 3 words) to the 5 questions (No.56 through No.60) that follow. The answers should be written after the corresponding numbers on the Answer Sheet.

Problem	Cause and action
The battery pack cannot be fully charged	The battery pack might be over-discharged. Do the
by the power-off charging method in the	following:
standard charge time for your computer.	1. Turn off the computer.
	2. Make sure that the over-discharged battery pack
	is in the computer.
	3. Connect the ac adapter (交流电源适配器) to the computer and let it charge.
	If the battery pack cannot be fully charged in 24 hours,
	use a new battery pack.
	If you have a Quick Charger, use it to charge the over-
	discharged battery pack.
The operating time for a fully charged battery pack is short.	Discharge and recharge the battery pack. If your battery's operating time is still short, use a new battery pack.
The computer does not operate with a fully charged battery pack.	The surge (电冲) protector in the battery pack might be active. Turn off the computer for one minute to reset the protector; then turn on the computer again.

You cannot charge the battery when it is too hot. If The battery pack cannot be charged. the battery feels hot, remove it from the computer and allow it to cool to room temperature. After it cools, reinstall it and recharge the battery. If it still cannot be charged, have it serviced. 56. If the battery pack can't be fully charged in a whole day, what should you do? 57. Why doesn't a computer with a fully charged battery pack operate? Maybe the surge protector is\_\_\_\_\_ 58. When the operating time of a fully charged battery pack is not long enough, what should you do? 59. When the battery is very hot, what shouldn't be done? The battery pack \_\_\_\_\_ 60. What should you do with too hot a battery that is too hot? Remove it and \_\_\_\_\_\_to room temperature. Part IV Translation — English to Chinese (25 minutes) **Directions:** This part numbered 61 through 65 is to test your ability to translate English into Chinese. After each of the sentences numbered 61 to 64, you will read four choices of suggested translation. You should choose the best translation and mark the corresponding letter on the Answer Sheet. And for the paragraph numbered 65, write your translation in the

- 61. Economic problems have to do with the production, distribution and consumption of goods.
  - A) 经济问题同货物的生产、分配、消费有关。
  - B) 经济问题必须要与好的生产、分配、消费一起解决。

corresponding space on the Answer Sheet.

- C) 经济问题常伴随有好多生产、分配、消费等问题。
- D) 经济问题应处理好货物的生产、分配、消费等方面情况。
- 62. The number of the young people in America who cannot read is unbelievably large about one in four.
  - A) 有四分之一的人不相信美国的青年人不看书不读报。
  - B) 在美国,不读书的年轻人所占的比例约有四分之一 —— 这不可信。
  - C) 美国的青年人中不看书报的人数大得难以置信 —— 约有四分之一。
  - D) 大约有四分之一的美国青年不识字, 这个数字大得令人难以置信。

- 63. No wonder the sight of it should send the memories of the old generation back 36 years ago.
  - A) 难怪老一辈人见了它就会想起 36 年前的往事。
  - B) 不管怎样这一场景会把老一代人的记忆带到 36 年前。
  - C) 不管怎样,看到这一场景,人们就会想起 36 年前的老一代人。
  - D) 若不出现奇迹,这一场景就不会把老一代人的记忆带到36年前。
- 64. It turned out that Kate gave all the money awarded to her fellow-workers.
  - A) 结果凯特把获奖得来的全部钱款都分给了他的工作人员。
  - B) 原来凯特把获奖得来的全部钱款都给了他的同事们。
  - C) 事后凯特把她的全部钱款都奖励给了她后来的工人。
  - D) 最后凯特把全部钱款都给了跟随她工作的工人们。

65.	Quite a number of corporations have experienced many unexpected troubles concerning company
	or product names. Moreover, even attempts to change names have led to awful mistakes. It should
	be obvious that careful planning and study of the potential market is necessary because the choice
	of names can be every bit as important as product or package improvement.

Part V

Writing

(25 minutes)

Directions: This part is to test your ability to do practical writing. You are required to write a proper letter to reply to a job applicant (回复求职申请) according to the following information given in Chinese. You should write your letter in the Composition Sheet.

写信日期: 2001年5月15日

写 信 人:杨柳(人事部经理)

地 址: 重庆市中山路 25 号金鹏宾馆

收信人:陈伟

地 址: 重庆市民生路 345 号, 邮编 400098

内 容:回复陈伟(5月10日)应聘宾馆服务部经理一职的来信。通知陈伟于(5月22日) (星期二)上午9:00 来饭店人事部面试,并请他来信或电话确认能否参加面试。

联系电话: 68816531

#### Words for Reference:

人事部经理 Personnel Manager 服务部 Service Department 确认 confirm

#### A 级自测试卷听力录音文稿 PRACTICAL ENGLISH TEST FOR COLLEGES (Level A)

#### Part I

#### **Listening Comprehension**

**Directions:** This part is to test your listening ability. It consists of 3 sections.

#### Section A

**Directions:** 

This section is to test your ability to understand short dialogues. There are 5 recorded dialogues in it. After each dialogue, there is a recorded question. Both the dialogues and questions will be spoken only once. When you hear a question, you should decide on the correct answer from the 4 choices marked A), B), C) and D) given in your test paper. Then you should mark the corresponding letter on the Answer Sheet with a single line through the centre.

Example:

You will hear:

W: Are you catching the 13:15 flight to New York?

M: No. I'll leave this evening.

Q: What are the two persons talking about?

You will read:

A) New York City.

B) An evening party.

C) An air trip.

D) The man's job.

From the dialogue we learn that the man is to take a flight to New York. Therefore, C) An air trip is the correct answer. You should mark C) on the Answer Sheet. Now the test will begin.

- 1. M: Have one more piece of fried chicken, Mary.
  - W: I'm full, thank you.
  - Q: What are the two speakers doing?
- 2. W: Have you decided which suitcase you'd buy, sir?
  - M: I'm afraid not. The colored one is too fashionable while the black one's a bit out of fashion.
  - Q: Which suitcase will the man probably buy?
- 3. M: Thanks for returning the book. How did you like it?
  - W: I couldn't put it down. She writes so well and the story's very exciting.
  - Q: How did the woman think of the book?
- 4. W: My computer was attacked by a strange virus yesterday and all the data was lost.
  - M: Oh, no. Why didn't you use a firewall to kill the virus?
  - Q: What does the man think of the problem?