

簡易英語法本

中 學 校 用
簡 易 英 語 讀 本
第 二 冊

THE
WORLD'S
ENGLISH
LESSONS

No. 2

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No. 2

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此書有著作權翻印必究

SYLLABICATION

AND

PRONUNCIATION

I.—Syllabication

(分 節 法)

(1) 聲音以表言語，因言語之不同，有發一音以表之者，有發二音以上以表之者。

book

gram'mar

trans-la'tion

con-ver-sa'tion

(2) 發一音者，名曰單節語 (monosyllable¹).

book

pen

ink

knife

desk

bench

yes

no

(3) 發二音者，名曰二節語 (disyllable²).

gram'mar

ta'ble

pen'cil

pa'per

ink'stand

read'ing

(4) 發 三音 者, 名曰 三節語 (trisyllable¹).

| | | |
|---------------|-------------|-----------|
| trans-la'tion | dic-ta'tion | his'to-ry |
| vic'to-ry | Jap-a-nese' | cap'i-tal |

(5) 發 四音 以上者, 名曰 多節語 (polysyllable²).

| | |
|-----------------|----------------|
| con-ver-sa'tion | com-po-si'tion |
| in-de-pend'ent | A-mer'ica |

(6) 第一冊所述者, 皆為 單節語 之綴字發音法, 本冊所舉, 則關於 複節語 之法則也。

II.—Syllable

(1) 母音者, 單節之要素, 又複節語中各節之要素也, 故複節語之各節不可無母音。

| | | | |
|---|----|-----------|-------------------|
| I | am | learn'ing | pro-nun-ci-a'tion |
|---|----|-----------|-------------------|

1. tri-syl'la-ble

2. pol-y-syl'la-ble

(2) 語尾之 e, 如發音時, 則爲一節, 如不發音時, 有爲一節者, 有不爲一節者.

| I | II | III |
|----------------|-----------|---------|
| sim'i-le | smile | a'ble |
| rec'i-pe | re-ceive' | i'dle |
| a-pos'tro-phe | scope | lit'tle |
| ca-tas'tro-phe | trope | sa'bre |

第一例 語尾之 e, 讀時有發音而爲一節者, 少

數拉丁語而已.

第二例 ace, ice, age, make 等語尾 e 字, 讀時皆

不發音, 惟將前節之母音引長而已, 不別

爲一節.

第三例 ta'ble, i'dle, ap'ple, sa'bre, the'a-tre 等語尾

之 e 字, 雖不發音, 然別爲一節.

EXERCISE

Syllabify and accent:

a

| | | | |
|--------|---------|--------|--------|
| able | uncle | idle | rifle |
| table | circle | needle | trifle |
| Bible | muscle | candle | baffle |
| noble | buckle | cradle | ruffle |
| bubble | wrinkle | bundle | muffle |

b

| | | | |
|--------|--------|---------|---------|
| eagle | apple | little | dazzle |
| angle | ripple | battle | guzzle |
| single | temple | castle | muzzle |
| bugle | purple | bustle | puzzle |
| juggle | people | wrestle | drizzle |

c

| | | | |
|---------|---------|---------|---------|
| angle | temple | ripple | cattle |
| ample | dimple | cripple | kettle |
| trample | simple | supple | bottle |
| sample | crumple | purple | settle |
| example | grapple | gentle | shuttle |

d

| | | | |
|---------|----------|---------|----------|
| sabre | acre | metre | sceptre |
| fibre | lucre | mitre | spectre |
| timbre | massacre | nitre | lustre |
| calibre | mediocre | theatre | accoutre |

(3) 二母音相連之時, 有爲複合母音 (Diphthong)

者, 有不爲複合母音者。

| ea | ia | ie | io |
|---------------|--------------------|-----------------|------------------|
| meal re'al | di'al li'ar | chief qui'et | na'tion li'on |
| oe | oo | ue | ui |
| foe po'em | room zo-ol'o-gy | true fu'el | suit ru'in |

EXERCISE

下列二母音相連各字, 孰爲複合母音, 孰爲二節之語, 試分別列舉之。

seal
veal
deal
peal
heal
weal
wealth
idea
ideal
create

creation
creator
creature
trial
briar
friar
peculiar
Asia
Russia
violin

violet
violent
thief
quiet
piece
niece
piety
society
anxiety
field

toe
poetry
moon
cooperate
blue
duel
fruit
juice
awful
awry

- (4) 二母音之間，如有單子音，應從子音之屬於前節或後節，而定前節母音之長短。

pā'tent

pāt'ent

- (5) 試就下列各語區分其音節並練習其發音。

| | | | | |
|---------|--------|----------|----------|--------|
| very | river | naval | Polish | habit |
| vary | diver | rival | polish | dragon |
| study | famous | nature | tyrant | wagon |
| student | famine | natural | tyranny | bacon |
| evil | union | nation | fable | primer |
| devil | onion | national | fabulous | acid |

- (6) 二母音之間，有二子音相連者，大概分析讀之，一附於前母音，一附於後母音，惟複合子音及原字(Root Word)爲二重子音者則不分。

| | | | |
|----------|-----------|--------|-----------|
| rab'bit | ma-chine' | a'ble | spell'ing |
| spar'row | graph'ic | sa'bre | re-spect' |

- (7) 試區分下列各語之節。

| | | | | |
|----------|-----------|--------|---------|------------|
| distant | hunger | finger | passive | possessor |
| describe | hanger | singer | passion | possession |
| order | something | danger | passer | temper |
| worker | nothing | anger | possess | tempter |

EXERCISE

下列各語，如爲複節，試區分之。

a

| | | | | |
|---------|--------|--------|--------|--------|
| visit | limit | permit | cabin | rabbit |
| spirit | admit | music | basin | habit |
| sprite | submit | logic | robin | davit |
| merit | commit | notice | cousin | nature |
| culprit | comet | bodice | satin | mature |

b

| | | | | |
|---------|------|---------|--------|---------|
| lion | ere | over | navy | river |
| lioness | era | cover | navvy | diver |
| tiger | ago | shadow | ravel | city |
| tigress | age | shallow | gravel | country |
| actress | ague | meadow | travel | county |

c

| | | | | |
|--------|--------|---------|------------|---------|
| open | honour | hero | patron | tongue |
| over | favour | heroic | patronage | plague |
| melon | labour | heroine | patriot | fatigue |
| demon | savour | double | patriotic | virtue |
| heaven | vigour | truth | patriotism | statue |

d

| | | | | |
|-------|--------|--------|--------|--------|
| veal | paper | placid | stolid | tacit |
| real | piper | lucid | stupid | halo |
| ideal | pepper | valid | humid | nephew |
| cruel | during | solid | rigid | window |
| diet | daring | timid | frigid | willow |

III.—Accent

- (1) 複節語之中，必有一節其發音強於他節，名曰 Accent (揚音)。
- (2) 表 Accent 之法，於發音較強之節末，附 (') 之符號，故凡有此符號附於節末者，全節應發揚音。
- (3) 試發下列各語之音。

a

rab'bit
hab'it
rap'id
plac'id
ac'id

e-vent'
re-turn'
re-nown'
a-fraid'
a-way'

e'ra
vil'la
com'ma
ech'o
he'ro

ne'gro
cit'y
ver'y
bod'y
ho'ly

per-mit'
for-get'
be-gin'
for-bid'
ho-tel'

b

op'er-a
A'si-a
en'er-gy
com'pa-ny
vic'to-ry

i-de'a
um-brel'la
to-bac'co
vol-ca'no
con-sid'er

pi-o-neer'
en-gi-neer'
vol-un-teer'
cav-a-lier'
com-pre-hend'

c

sto'ry
his'to-ry
his-to'ri-an
his-tor'ic
ex-cel'
ex'cel-lent

com'merce
com-mer'cial
he'ro
he-ro'ic
her'o-ism
her'o-ine

con-verse'
con-ver-sa'tion
maj'es-ty
ma-jes'tic
dra'ma
dra-mat'ic

IV.—Vowels in Accented Syllables

- (1) 凡有 Accent 之節，其母音之發音，無論爲長爲短，皆與單節語母音之發音相同。

| <i>Long Vowels</i> | <i>Short Vowels</i> |
|--------------------|---------------------|
| a a'ble | cap.....cap'i-tal |
| he he'ro | beg.....beg'gar |
| I i'dle | fig .....fig'ure |
| so so'ber | rob .....rob'ber |
| use... ..use'ful | rub..... rub'ber |

- (2) 然此規則，有少數之例外，即 Accent 所在之節，縱以母音終，亦有發短音者。

| | | | |
|-----------|--------------|------------|------------|
| trē'ble | vī'sion | po-sī'tion | nā'tion-al |
| doū'ble | di-vī'sion | pe-tī'tion | rā'tion-al |
| trou'ble | pro-vī'sion | vo-lī'tion | ..... |
| cou'ple | de-cī'sion | ..... | ..... |
| tri'ple | de-rī'sion | ..... | ..... |
| ..... | pre-cī'sion | ..... | ..... |
| prē'cious | dis-crē'tion | ..... | ..... |

- (3) 又 Accent 所在之節，縱以子音終，其母音亦有發長音者。

| | |
|---------|-----------|
| dān'ger | strān'ger |
| mān'ger | chām'ber |

(4) 又 Accent 所在之節, 若以 -ar, -er, -ir, -or, -ur 終, 而居其次者爲 r 或母音之時, 其母音不發自然音 (är, ěr, ĭr, ôr, ûr) 而發普通短音 (är, ěr, ĭr, ôr, ŭr).

(5) 試發下列各語之音.

| | | | | |
|------------|--------------|-----------|---------|----------|
| ar'mour | err | mirth | or'der | cur'few |
| ar'row | er'ror | mir'ror | or'ange | cur'ry |
| | er'rand | mir'a-cle | | cur'rent |
| bar'ley | er'rant | | bor'der | |
| bar'rel | er'mine | squirt | bor'row | hur'ly |
| bar'on | | squir'rel | | hur'ry |
| | mer'chant | | mor'bid | |
| car'pet | mer'it | | mor'tal | |
| car'ry | | | mor'al | |
| car'tridge | her'mit | | mor'row | |
| | her'ring | | | |
| gar'ment | | | sor'did | |
| gar'ret | Ber'lin | | sor'ry | |
| | ber'ry | | sor'row | |
| har'vest | | | | |
| har'row | mer'cy | | hor'net | |
| | mer'ry | | hor'ror | |
| par'ty | | | | |
| par'lour | ver'min | | | |
| par'rot | ver'y | | | |
| par'ry | ver'i-ta-ble | | | |
| par'ent | | | | |
| | cher'ry | | | |
| spar'kle | cher'ish | | | |
| spar'row | cher'ub | | | |
| | | | | |
| quar'ter | ter'tian | | | |
| quar'rel | ter'ror | | | |

V.—Vowels in Unaccented Syllables

- (1) 凡以 母音終之節，而 Accent 不在其節時，(即如係單節，應為長音之時)，其母音為 Obscure Sound (暗音)，以 (L) 之符號表之。

ă-ĕ'ri-al ĕ-vent' ĭ-de'ă ȝ-bey' ŭ-nite'

試比較下列各例。

ă'er-i-fyă-ĕ'ri-al
 ĕ'ven.....ĕ-vent'
 ĭ'dle.....ĭ-de'ă
 ȝ'pen.....ȝ-bey'
 ŭ'nit.....ŭ-nite'

chă'os.....chă-ot'ic
 sĕ'cret.....sĕ-crete'
 Bĭ'o-graph...Bĭ-og'ra-pher
 mȝ'ment.....mȝ-men'tous
 hŭ'man.....hŭ-mane'

- (2) 凡以 子音終之末節 而不為 Accent 所在時，(即如係單節，應為短音之時)，其母音為 Silent (默音)，以 *Italics>* 表之。

e'ven

ȝ'pen

sĕv'en

les'son

(3) Obscure A. 凡 Accent 所不在之節, 而以 a 終者, a 之發音, 介於 āle 之 ā 與 ěnd 之 ě 之間, 以 ä 之符號表之, 但通常多發 ä 與 û (r) 中間之弱音, 此可視爲 ä 之促短暗音, 別以 ä 之符號表之。

| | | | |
|----------|-------------|---------------|---------|
| ä-bout' | cä-na'ry | di'ä-ry | e'rá |
| ä-fraid' | pä-ter'nal | bot'ä-ny | i-de'ä |
| ä-gain' | mä-ter'nal | mis'cel-lä-ny | Chi'nä |
| ä-way' | mä-lig'nant | li'brä-ry | com'mä |
| ä-lone' | pä-vil'ion | al'phä-bet | ä-ro'mä |

Pronunciation Exercise

a

| | | | |
|----------|----------|------------|-------------|
| a-bove' | a-lone' | a-gree' | fa'tal |
| a-broad | a-mong' | ma'tron | fa-tal'i-ty |
| a-cross' | a-wake' | ma-ture' | re-la'tion |
| a-head' | a-sleep' | a'ble | rel'a-tive |
| a-live' | a-wry' | a-bil'i-ty | a-bol'ish |

b

| | | | |
|----------------|----------------|--------|-----------|
| ne-ga'tion | en-a'ble | da'ta | for'mu-la |
| neg'a-tive | ca'pa-ble | so'fa | neb-u'la |
| dec-la-ra'tion | eat'a-ble | dra'ma | e-nig'ma |
| de-clar'a-tive | veg'e-ta-ble | la'va | op'er-a |
| a'ble | ve-ge-ta'ri-an | ze'bra | chol'er-a |

c

| | | | |
|------------|-------------|-----------|-------------|
| au-ro'ra | ar'ma-ment | o-ra'tion | sal'u-ta-ry |
| al-ge-bra | per'ma-nent | or'a-tor | big'a-my |
| go-ri'l'la | Jap-a-nese' | buf'fa-lo | com'pa-ny |
| um-brel'la | Par'a-dise | gran'a-ry | lu'na-cy |
| a-ban'don | par'a-graph | sum'ma-ry | ro'sa-ry |

(4) Obscure E. 凡 Accent 所不在之節而以 e 終者, e 之發音, 當爲長音之 ē 縮短而略與短音之 ĩ (in, it, if) 相似之弱音。

| | | | |
|---------------------------------|-------------------------------------|--|--|
| ĕ-lect' ĕ-vent' ĕ-mo'tion | bĕ-fore' bĕ-low' bĕ-come' | dĕ-scribe' dĕ-ceive' dĕ-light' | rĕ-spect' rĕ-ceive' prĕ-vent' |
| en'ĕ-my rem'ĕ-dy el'-ĕ-gy | pi'ĕ-ty so-ci'ĕ-ty va-ri'ĕ-ty | el'ĕ-gant el'ĕ-phant tel'ĕ-scope | con'sĕ-quence sub-sĕ-quent' ap'pĕ-tite |
| sim'i-lĕ | rec'i-pĕ | syn'co-pĕ | stro'phĕ |

Pronunciation Exercise

a

be-neath'
be-lieve'
de-part'
re-gret'
de-gree'

cre-ate'
crea'ture
e'ven
e-vent'
e-lev'en

se'cret
se-crete'
des'ert
de-sert'
pres'ent

pre-sent'
rec'ord
re-cord'
reb'el
re-bel'

b

re-la'tion
rel'a-tive
ne-ga'tion
neg'a-tive
com'e-dy

trag'e-dy
anx-i'e-ty
ex'e-cute
vin'e-gar
bach'e-lor

ap-pre-hend'
e-lapse'
e-clipse'
e-nough'
be-gin'

be-cause'
be-hind'
be-tween'
be-yond'
de-fend'

c

re-ply'
re-turn'
re-nown'
re-store'
se-cure'

se-vere'
pre-fer'
pre-tend'
pre-cede'
pre'cept

re-cite'
de-stroy'
re-mem'ber
De-cem'ber
de-vote'

ben'e-fit
rev'e-nue
si'ne-cure
pro-pri'e-ty
ni'ce-ty