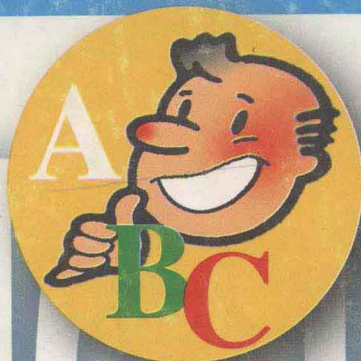


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三年级 下



ENGLISH

初中英语 课堂同步

东北师范大学出版社 DONGBEI SHIFANDAXUE CHUBANSHE

初中英语课堂同步

(三年级下册)

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编者说明

为了贯彻义务教育初中英语教学大纲所规定的教学目的和要求，为了配合新教材的教学内容，培养学生的自学能力和应试能力，我们编写了《初中英语课堂同步》这套书，以满足广大师生的日常教学需要。本书包括以下几个方面的内容：

一、重点提示

这一部分内容有：单词和词组（三会和四会要求）；语法项目；功能项目；重点句型和语音。

二、难点分析

主要对一些难于理解的词、词语、句子和习惯用法给予简明扼要的解释并举例加以说明，同时提供了一些有关的语言和文化背景知识。

三、单元检测

这一部分内容主要提供了与课本单元同步的测试题，包括听力和笔试两部分。这部分内容主要用于检查学生对本单元教学内容的学习和掌握情况，以便

使教学做到心中有数，同时也可以用作日常复习与巩固。

四、课文译文

主要对教科书中的对话、阅读课文等给出参考性中文译文，以帮助学生正确理解课文内容。

五、参考答案

这一部分是单元检测题及期中、期末测试题答案，主要包括听力录音内容和答案以及笔试内容的答案。

如果这套书能对教学工作、学生的复习工作、自学能力的培养和应试能力的提高等几方面有所帮助的话，我们就感到欣慰了。

本套书由人民教育出版社外语编辑室英语组审定。

由于编者水平有限和时间的匆忙，书中难免会有疏漏甚至错误之处，希望广大师生批评指正，以便再版时改正。谢谢。

编写者

1997年1月于北京

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第 15 单元 和双胞胎在家里

一、重点提示 ⇨

1. 单词和词组

四会要求 whether, mistake (*vt. n.*), dance, either, light, dark, cost

right away, for long, make friends, get on...with..., make a mistake, take one's time, try...on

三会要求 lonely, fight, decide, wollen, hang, cotton, expensive, soft

2. 语法项目

本单元的语法项目是以 whether 或 if 引导的宾语从句。如：Lily asked if/whether she liked it. She asked if/whether they had a cotton one.

3. 功能项目

本单元的功能项目有两个，一是 making inquiries (询问)，如：He asked whether they needed some more tea. Can we go and get some, please? 二是 shopping (购物)。购物是一个常见的功能项目，以前我们也学过，但在这个单元里有所深入。

4. 重点句型

Do we need some more tea? Can you go and get some, please?

Did you hear what I said? I'll do it right away. He asked whether/if he could go and get some. What can I do for you?

I can't decide which one to buy. Which would you like? I'd like two sweaters for my daughters. No hurry! Please take your

time. Let me help. What about this one? It's great, but it's not cheap/large enough. I like it, but it costs too much.

二、难点分析

1. Do we need some more tea? 我们还需要一些茶吗?

need 既可以作情态动词,也可作实意义动词,表示“需要”。作情态动词时可放在句首,如:

A: Need I go there right away? 需要我马上去那儿吗?

B: No, you needn't. 不,不需要。

句中的 more 是“还”,“再”的意义,如:

You can ask one more question. 你可以再问一个问题。

Please wear some more clothes. 请再多穿点衣服。

与 some more 相对的是 any more, 它常用于疑问句或否定句,如:

Do you want to walk any more? 你还想继续走吗?

I don't want to stay here any more. 我再也不想呆在这儿了。

2. Sure, Mom. 当然可以,妈妈。

sure 常用于口语,表示“当然可以”,比 of course 的语气柔和一些。Mom 小孩对妈妈的昵称,类似的还有 Mummy 和 Mum。Mother 是成人在正式场合下所使用的字眼。

3. I'll get some at once. 我马上去取一些来。

at once 是个常用的短语,意思是“立刻”,“马上”。与本单元中的 right away 意思相近。如:

When the thief saw a policeman coming, he ran away at once. 当那个小偷看见一个警察过来了,他立刻就跑开了。

He said he could not do the job right away. 他说他不能马上做这项工作。

4. So it is. 是这样的。

此句应当是 It is so, 这里的 so 指上文提到的内容 (It's her turn.)。

5. He asked whether they needed some more tea. 他问他们是否还需要些茶。

此句中的 whether 可用 if 来代替, 表示“是否”, 这两个词都是引导宾语从句的连接词。两词虽然有同样的意思, 但用法不尽相同, 在宾语从句中, whether 常与 or 连用, 强调否定内容, 试比较:

He asked me if I was tired. 他问我是否累了。

He asked me whether I should go or stay. 他问我是去还是不去。

She asked Bill whether he was Canadian or not. 她问比尔是不是加拿大人。

6. People often ask me whether I like being a twin. 人们常常问我喜欢不喜欢当双胞胎。

like 后面可以跟不定式, 也可以跟 ing 形式, 但一般来说, 如果表示 一个短期行为或一次动作, 或者表示“想”、“愿意”时用不定式, 如:

I like to have a swim. 我想游个泳。

I like to talk with you. 我想和你谈一谈。

I would like to have a cup of tea. 我愿意要一杯茶。

如果表示一种爱好或习惯时用 ing 形式, 如:

She likes asking some strange questions. 她老爱问一些稀奇古怪的问题。

I like eating fruit. 我喜欢吃水果。

7. But we never fight for long. 但是我们从来不打闹太长时间。

for long 是一个表示时间的短语，意思是“长时间，长久”，相当于 for a long time. 而不是“经常”的意思。如：

Will you be here for long? 你要在这儿呆很久吗？

8. Usually we get on very well with each other. 我们通常相处得很好。

get on (well) with 意思是“与某人相处（得好）。如：

How are you getting on with your classmates? 你和你的同学相处得怎么样？

9. But people still mistake us for each other. 但是人们还是把我们俩弄错。

mistake 在这儿是动词，意思是“弄错”，

mistake...for 是“把……错认”，如：

He mistook me for my brother. 他把我错当成我的兄弟了。

10. The woollen ones are hanging there. 羊毛衫挂在那边。

注意，woollen 是 wool 的派生词，此处为形容词，意为“羊毛的”或“用羊毛制成的”。在拼写上，这里的 woden 与词汇表中的 woollen 不一样，实际两者都对，前者为美国拼法，后者是英国拼法。

11. No hurry! Please take your time. 不着急，慢慢来。

12. Let me help. 让我帮一下忙。

此处的 Let me help 是 Let me help you (to) decide/choose 的意思。

13. I like it, but it costs too much. 我喜欢它，但是它太贵了。

cost too much 是“花费太多”的意思，相当于 too expensive.

14. I prefer blue, but this blue is too dark. 我喜欢蓝色,但这种蓝太深了。

此处的 dark 不是“黑暗”,而是“表示颜色太深”,与它相对的是 light (颜色浅),如:

dark blue 深蓝

light blue 浅蓝

dark yellow 深黄

light yellow 浅黄

三、单元检测 ◀

A. 听力部分

1. 听对话录音, 选择正确答案。

1. A. The speaker asked Lucy to get some more tea.
B. The speaker asked Lucy to get some more water.
C. The speaker asked Lucy to put on some more clothes.
2. A. Mom. B. Lily. C. Lucy.
3. A. The speaker asked if Lucy could go and buy some potatoes.
B. The speaker asked if Lily could go and buy some tomatoes.
C. The speaker asked if Lily could go and buy some potatoes.
4. A. In a clothing shop.
B. On a bus.
C. In a hospital.
5. A. It's nice.
B. It's too expensive.
C. It's nice but too expensive.

2. 听短文录音，选择填空。

1. Lucy and Lily are from _____.
A. the USA B. UK C. Canada
2. People often mistake them for each other because _____.
A. they have similar (相似的) names
B. they look the same
C. they feel the same
3. Lucy likes being a twin because _____.
A. they can have nice food and clothes
B. they never fight with each other
C. they are together most of the time and never feel lonely.
4. Although they look the same, they have _____.
A. a few small differences
B. a lot of differences
C. a happy family
5. Lily and Lucy don't like the same colours. Lucy prefers _____.
A. dark blue B. light green C. light yellow

B. 笔试部分

3. 为左栏中的汉语选择正确的英文。

- | | |
|--------|---------------------|
| 1. 交朋友 | A. make a mistake |
| 2. 犯错误 | B. a wollen sweater |
| 3. 不急 | C. try...on |
| 4. 立刻 | D. light green |
| 5. 浅绿色 | E. make friends |
| 6. 深蓝色 | F. right away |

7. 羊毛衫 G. dark blue
8. 试穿 H. take one's time

4. 单项选择填空。

- Many people ask Lucy _____ she likes being a twin.
A. what B. when C. whether D. about
- People think Lily and Lucy look the same, but they are _____.
A. different B. strange C. sad D. unhappy
- Lily and Lucy are together most of the time. So they never feel _____.
A. strange B. happy C. lonely D. well
- Although they look the same, they have a few small _____.
A. different B. difference C. differences D. problems
- Lily was born ten minutes before Lucy, so she is _____ than Lucy.
A. old B. older C. young D. younger
- If you don't like the colour, you may _____ it.
A. want B. prefer C. take D. hate
- If someone gives one big birthday present for both of us, it will _____ problems.
A. decide B. cost C. feel D. make
- We never fight _____ long. We always make friends _____ each other again.
A. for...with B. with...for
C. at...for D. for...about
- Usually I _____ very well with the people around me.
A. take on B. get on C. try on D. put on
- Because we feel the same, so I often know _____ she is going

to say.

A. what B. why C. how D. whether

11. Lily said she couldn't _____ which sweater to buy.

A. make B. ask C. take D. decide

12. The shopkeeper asked me to have _____ look at the cotton shirts over there.

A. a B. an C. the D. /

13. A: Good morning. _____

B: I'd like two blouses for my daughters.

A. Nice to meet you. B. How are you?

C. What can I do for you? D. What about this one?

14. I like this one very much, _____ it costs too much.

A. and B. but C. so D. as

15. I think this skirt costs too much. Do you have any _____ ones?

A. better B. wollen C. cheap D. dark

16. _____! Please take your time!

A. Be quick B. Not at all

C. No hurry D. Good morning

5. 选择句子完成对话。

1. A: Hello! (1) _____

B: Yes. What is it?

A: (2) _____

Could borrow your bike again?

B: Certainly. (3) _____

Has your bike broken again?

A: No. I've lost my key (钥匙) to my bike.

But I'll have to go to see a friend in a hospital.

B: I see. (4) _____

A: About four o'clock.

B: OK. Here's the key.

(5) _____ Bye!

A: Thank you. Bye.

A. What happened?

B. Is there anyone at home?

C. I'm sorry to trouble you. —

D. I hope everything goes well.

E. When will you be back?

2. A: Which skirt do you like?

B: I can't decide.

A: Well, (6) _____

B: I prefer green, but this green is too dark.

A: (7) _____

B: That's too light.

A: (8) _____

B: Yes. That's just right. Let me have a look.

A: Here you are.

B: Oh, it's nice and soft, too.

(9) _____

A: Ninety-five yuan.

B: That's too expensive. (10) _____

A: No. That's the price.

B: All right. I'll take it.

- F. Is this one better?
G. What about this one?
H. How much is it?
I. Can it be cheaper?
J. Which colour do you like?

6. 用适当的词填空。

1. Mum asked you if you heard _____ she said.
2. If two things doesn't look the same, they may be _____.
3. This pen costs too much, but I need to buy a _____ one.
4. A: What _____ do you prefer?
B: Light green.
5. I can't _____ which blouse to buy. Can you help me, please?

7. 阅读下列短文，选择填空。

A good-looking man sat down at the table of an expensive restaurant. He asked the waiter (服务员) to bring him a lot of nice food and spent two hours enjoying himself very much. After the waiter gave him the check (帐单), he said to the waiter.

"Ah, my friend," he said, "that was a delicious meal! Perhaps you remember that I was a guest (客人) at this restaurant and I sat at this very same table just about a year ago. And at that time, just because I couldn't pay the check, you, sir, threw me out of this dining room before the other guests!"

"I'm very, very sorry, sir," said the waiter.

"Oh, it's quite all right!" the man said quickly, "but I'm afraid I'll have to trouble you again."

1. This story happened between _____.