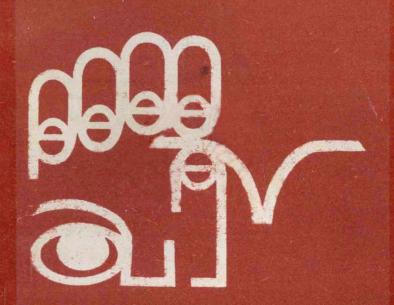
English for Beginners

中学英语标准化考试 (MET)完型填空 100 题

中学生英语之友



图译林出版社

中学英语标准化考试 完型填空100题

(修订本)

许 可 万墅华 刘 骏 何 锋 编著 曹岭岚 审订

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编者的话

完形填空(cloze test) 是英语标准化考试(MET) 试题中检查考生多种语言能力的综合性测试形式。它要求考生从整个语段的内容、组织结构和语言特点出发,全面考虑问题,综合运用所学词汇、语法知识和生活常识准确选择答案,使完型填空后的文章不仅语法知识正确无误,用词恰当,而且意思、结构完整合理,前后一致。因此,完形填空题的难度大于MET 其它类型考查题,成为学生最感困难、最难把握的题型之一。为了帮助学生熟悉这一题型的特点,掌握解题方法和技巧,我们根据新颁《全日制中学英语教学大纲》的要求和学生实际,选编了这本《完形填空100例》,供广大中学英语教师及学生选择使用。

选人本书的文章大都出自国外较新的教材和报刊杂志, 内容力求丰富多采,题材尽量广泛新颖。难度适中,文中生词 用中文注释。空词频度、分布的设计亦尽量做到科学、合理。在 保证文章总体结构完整的前提下,注意了对深层内容的考查, 以求提高学生透过表层结构对深层结构隐含意思的理解能 力。

本书适用于高中各年级,尤其对高三学生帮助更大,学生 可根据自己程度选择使用。

由于编者水平有限,书中难免有谬误之处,恳请广大读者批评指正。

本书由许可、万墅华、刘骏、何锋编写,曹岭岚审订。

编 者 1989年1月

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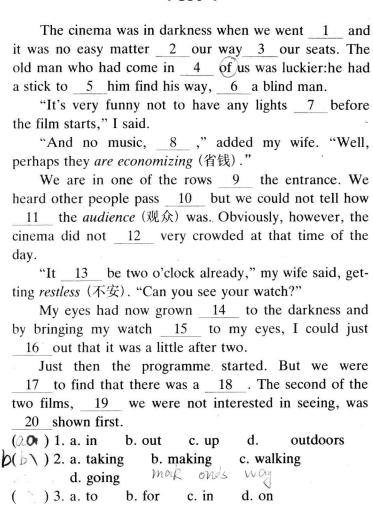
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Test I



```
) 5. a. get b. let c. make d. help
 ( ) 6.a. for b. like c. to d. such
( ) 7. a. bright b. fire c. on d. out
( ) 8. a. too b. also c. either d. neither
   ) 9.a. behind b. close c. near d. by
   ) 10. a. on b. in c. by d. across
 (2) 11. a. big b. many c. much d. (2) 12. a. be b. get c. got d. was
    ) 13. a. may b. can c. must d. should ) 14. a. used b. clearly c. brightly
       d. clean
    ) 15. a. close b. by c. nearbly d. over ) 16. a. give b. send c. found d. make
     ) 17. a. glad b. happy c. disappointed
            d. merry
 ( ) 18. a. matter b. thing c. change d. turn
 (2) 19. a. which b. that c. what d. how
 (p) > 20. a. already b. always c. been
            d. being
```

Test 2

We have rather a small house, with only one <u>1</u> bedroom. You can imagine our *alarm* (恐慌), then, <u>2</u> Aunt Clara wrote to say that she was coming with her family to <u>3</u> for the weekend. Her family, I should <u>4</u>, consists of (包含,由……组成) four boys, all under the 5 of 12.

I sent 6 a telegram at once, 7 that our house was too small. Aunt Clara 8 us up the next morning. "I 9 to explain," she said in her sweetest 10, "the boys will be bringing a couple of tents (帐篷)." Even 11 , my wife was 12 from being reassured (放心). It was 13 we had a large garden, but there was still the problem of 14 four growing boys. "And what if it rains?" she demanded. But Saturday morning turned 15 to be bright and clear when I went to the station to 16 Aunt Clara. I 17 to squeeze (挤) three of the boys together 18 the luggage (行李), into the back of the car. The youngest sat in front, with Aunt Clara and me. "I didn't see the tents 19 your luggage," I remarked (说) over my 20, to David, the oldest boy. "The tents!" exclaimed (惊呼) Aunt Clara, "Heavens! We left them in the luggage van (行李车)!" () 1. a. spare b. free c. empty d. hollow () 2. a. when b. which c. before d. during) 3. a. visit b. play c. stay d. work) 4. a. see b. explain c. know d. ask) 5. a. month b. age c. time d.years () 6. a. up b. off c. round d..for) 7. a. saying b. say c. said d. tell) 8. a. woke b. gave c. called d. picked) 9. a. remembered b. forgot c. left d. had) 10. a. voice b. noise c. sound d. words) 11. a. if b. though c. so d. that) 12. a. away b. far c. hurried d. worried

) 13. a. true b. that c. so d. truth () 14. a. giving b. fooding c. feeding d. sleeping) 15. a. up b. out c. on d. over () 16. a. see b. réceive c. look d. meet () 17. a. had b. managed c. got d. led () 18. a. with b. into c. like d. along) 19. a. between b. among c. upon d. within () 20. a. face b. arm c. hand d. shoulder

Test 3

Tom Smith was a writer. He wrote *detective stories* (侦探故事) _ 1 _ magazines.

One evening he could not find an 2 for a story. He sat 3 his *typewriter* (打字机) in 4 of him, but he had 5 ideas. 6 he decided to go to the cinema.

When he came back, he found that he had __7_ a visitor. Someone had __8_ into his flat. The man had had a drink, __9_ several of Tom's cigarettes and had read his story.

The visitor 10 Tom a note:

I have read your story and I don't think __11__ of it. Please read my __12_ and then you can __13__ it. __14_ the way, I'm a burglar (贼). I am not going to __15_ anything tonight. But if you become a successful writer, I will __16_.

Tom read the note, then he sat down and wrote the

45 40 40
and he is 19 for his burglar to return. Before he goes
out in the 20, he always leaves a half-finished story
near his typewriter.
(i) 1. a. for b. to (c. in) d. on
() 2. a. beginning b. end c. aim d. hour
() 3. a. by b. near c. nearby d. with
() 4. a. back b. behind c. front d. before
() 5. a. no b. any c. not d. much
() 6. a. Because b. For c. So d. But
() 7. a. come b. came c. had d. gone
() 8. a. come b. gone c. run d. broken
() 9. a. drawn b. smoked c. taken d. eaten
() 10. a. gave b. brought c. taken d. left
() 11. a. much b. many c. very d. greatly
() 12. a. suggestions b. ideas c. thoughts
d. orders
() 13. a. do b. finish c. write d. find
() 14. a. In b. On c. By d. With
() 15. a. buy b. rob c. get d. steal
() 16. a. come b. return c. back d. home
() 17. a. last b. rest c. some d. part
() 18. a. yet b. some c. still d. such
() 19. a. looking b. finding c. asking
d. waiting
() 20. a. morning b. afternoon c. evening
d. night

Test 4

The tooth had been bothering David for some time.
He knew that he _1_ have gone to the dentist's (牙医诊
所) 2. But in spite of the 3 he had put it off. He
always put off 4 to the dentist's as 5 as possible.
The dentist smiled pleasantly at first. David 6
him that the tooth had kept him _7_ the _8_ before.
Then the dentist looked 9 his mouth, but he did not
look10_ at the aching (使人感到疼痛的) tooth11_
he looked them all 12.
"Hum" he said, "I'm afraid several of your teeth
need 13 to." He smiled again. But this time it was a
rather grim (令人讨厌的,可憎的) smile. He began to de-
scribe exactly 14 needed doing.
David asked about the tooth 15 had been
16 "I may be able to17 it." the dentist said, and
smiled grimly again. He got his electric drill18
"Now," he said with 19 grim smile, "this shouldn't
20 too much." he came nearer.
() 1. a. can b. might c. should d. would
() 2. a. early b. earlier c. late d. later
() 3. a. difficulty b. discomfort c. pain
d. trouble
() 4. a. going b. to go c. in going
d. and go
() 5. a. soon b. long c. quickly d. much
() 6 a asked b snoke c talked d told

() 7. a. awake b. wake c. woke d. awaking () 8. a. afternoon b. day c. evening d. night) 9. a. at b. for c. into d. out () 10. a. only b. entirely c. mostly d. directly () 11. a. Instead b. Although c. Though d. But () 12. a. off b. away c. over d. throughout () 13. a. checking b. examining c. looking d. seeing) 14. a. that b. what c. where d. which) 15. a. that b. what c. where d. how) 16. a. aching b. ached c. ach d. aches) 17. a. lose b. repair c. save d. take) 18. a. finished b. ready c. done d. other) 19. a. another b. again c. one d. other) 20. a. kill b. ache c. harm d. hurt

Test 5

As it came 1 the corner, the taxi stopped suddenly. The driver got out 2 very puzzled. A big truck which had been 3 the taxi stopped too. The taxi driver was now standing at the corner looking up 4 the sky and the truck driver went and 5 him. A number of cars 6 were forced to stop as 7 and soon a large 8 of people had gathered at the corner.

```
The 9 of all this trouble was very strange 10.
        as if thousands and thousands of birds were
singing together. The noise was quite frightening and
many people looked anxious. The most 12 thing was
that, apart from one or two pigeons, there was not a bird
  13 sight. No one was able to tell what the mysterious
(神秘的) noise was 14 two policemen arrived. They
noticed a large advertisement (广告) for a film high up on
a wall nearby. As the noise seemed to be coming from
this 15, they climbed up and found that a 16
been hidden behind the advertisement. The noise made
by birds' singing was being broadcast over powerful loud-
speakers (喇叭) so as to 17 the attention of passers-
by. The police asked the advertisers to take the recorder
  18 because it had called 19 much attention that it
was impossible for a great many cars and buses to move
 20 in the street.
               b. near c. closely d. nearly
  ) 1. a. close
    ) 2. a. looking b. looked c. seeing d. saw
    3. a. followed b. follow c. following
        d. walked
(
    ) 4. a. at b. in c. above d. down
    ) 5. a. took b. went c. joined d. with
    ) 6. a. followed b. before c. front
        d. behind
    7. a. also b. either c. well
                                     d. good
    ) 8. a. group b. team c. crowd
                                         d. line
    ) 9. a. cause b. reason c. fact
                                        d. course
 ) 10. a. something b. person c. noise
         d. voice
```

) 11. a. heard b. listened c. sounded (d. heard of) 12. a. ordinary b. usual c. common (d. extraordinary) 13. a. on b. in c. at d. out () 14. a. until b. after c. when d. unless () 15. a. direction b. way c. distance d. path) 16. a. person b. radio c. recorder (d. policeman) 17. a. pay b. call c. give d. take) 18. a. off b. up c. down d. away) 19. a. very b. greatly c. so d. far) 20. a. freely b. widely c. slowly d. closely

Test 6

The speedboat was about two miles _1 when we first noticed it. We were _2 in its path. There were two others _3 myself in our canoe, which we had hired that morning to _4 to the island, where we planned to picnic (野餐) and _5 the day exploring (探测).

Our first reaction was to begin paddling (划桨) as _6 as we could, so as to get clear of (避开) the speedboat, but it was soon _7 that our efforts (努力) served no purpose. "Even if they _8 to miss us," observed (说) John gloomily, "the canoe will overturn _9 the speedboat goes past."

I suppose I was _10 worried than my friends be-

9