

全日制普通高级中学

英语泛听

第二册 (上)

EXTENSIVE LISTENING
FOR SEFC 2A

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人民教育出版社

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前 言

《高中英语泛听》以教育部《全日制高级中学英语教学大纲》的教学目的、教学要求和教学内容为依据，与高级中学英语教科书单元内容同步，并适当加以扩展。本书选取的语言材料真实、地道，难易适度，循序渐进，有助于训练学生的听力技能。

本书的编写体例如下：

Part A: 针对该单元所学习的语言内容而编写，分为听辨单词或词组、单句理解和听写填词三部分。目的是进一步理解课文内容，达到听、读、写三方面的有机结合。

Part B: 听力测试，与高考题型统一，分为短对话理解、长对话或独白理解两部分。目的是通过该单元内容的扩展训练，帮助学生适应新世纪高考听力试题的新题型。

本册书配有录音磁带两盒，由外籍专家严格按照《教学大纲》所要求的语速录制。

《高中英语泛听》系列丛书题材新颖，设计规范，考查性强，是广大教师和学生理想的同步泛听材料。

希望使用本书的教师和同学们提出批评、建议，以便我们再版时修改。

人民教育出版社 外语室英语组

2001 年 2 月

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Extensive
Listening
for SEFC

2 A

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● Extensive Listening for SEFC 2A ● Contents

UNIT 1

EXTENSIVE LISTENING FOR SEFC 2A

Disneyland

Part A

I. Choose the one that you hear.

- | | | |
|-----------------------|----------------|---------------------|
| 1. A. exit to | B. entrance to | C. gate of |
| 2. A. in the habit of | B. in face of | C. in the hope of |
| 3. A. tied back | B. come back | C. paid back |
| 4. A. lose her heart | B. lose heart | C. make up her mind |
| 5. A. pick up | B. pick out | C. pick |

II. Decide which one is closest in meaning to what you hear.

- A. We think everything in your pictures is interesting.

B. We don't think there is anything interesting in your pictures.

C. We think there is something interesting in your pictures.
- A. We are wondering if you'll be well known for an artist before long.

B. We are sure you were well known long before.

C. We are certain you'll be famous as an artist soon.
- A. At last he was satisfied with one of his pictures of the mouse.

B. Finally he was fond of one of his pictures of the mouse.

C. In the end he was pleased to see one of his pictures of the mouse.
- A. You can see much farther than the coast.

B. You can see the coast, which is far away.

C. You can see the coast if you'd like to.
- A. In this way the artist became a good friend of the mouse.

- B. In this way the artist made a lot of friends with his mice.
- C. In this way the artist and his mouse wanted to be good friends.

III. Complete the following sentences according to what you hear.

1. Turn left and walk _____, and you will see the post office.
2. The _____ of the Yellow Mountain struck us deeply.
3. You'd better park your car in the _____. It's much safer.
4. Which _____ do you think is the biggest in China?
5. The _____ made in both America and Japan are popular with the people all over the world.

Part B

I. Listen to each dialogue and decide which one is the best answer to each question.

1. What color is the woman's bike?
 - A. Black.
 - B. Green.
 - C. Red.
2. What's the woman's trouble?
 - A. She's getting too fat.
 - B. She's getting too busy.
 - C. She's losing too much weight.
3. How long is the bank open every day?
 - A. Seven hours.
 - B. Eight hours.
 - C. Six hours.
4. How about the football match?
 - A. Exciting.
 - B. Discouraging.
 - C. Tiring.
5. At what time does the office open?
 - A. 7:45.
 - B. 8:15.
 - C. 8:00.

II. Listen to four conversations and one monologue. Decide which one is the best answer.

1

- 1) What's the woman watching?
 - A. A Chinese cartoon.
 - B. An American cartoon.
 - C. An European cartoon.
- 2) What's Disney's first cartoon character?
 - A. Mickey Mouse.
 - B. Snow White.
 - C. The Three Little Pigs.
- 3) Which of the following was not planned by Disney himself?
 - A. Nature films.
 - B. Disneyland.
 - C. Computerized cartoons.

2

- 1) Where was the woman going when the man met her?
 - A. To the cinema.
 - B. To the dormitory.
 - C. To the library.
- 2) What do we learn about the movie?
 - A. It's a Chinese movie popular in America.
 - B. It's an American movie popular in China.
 - C. It's an old movie popular in China.
- 3) What will the woman do?
 - A. Go to see the movie.
 - B. Go to study in the library.
 - C. Go to sleep in the dormitory.

3

- 1) Why does the woman take her daughter to a movie?
 - A. Because she is on holiday.
 - B. Because it's her daughter's birthday.
 - C. Because it's Children's Day.
- 2) Which cartoon film does the woman's daughter like best?

A. Snow White and the Seven Dwarfs.

B. Donald Duck.

C. Sleeping Beauty.

3) For the children the ticket to the park is ____.

A. expensive

B. cheap

C. free

4

1) What is the man going to do?

A. Go to the cinema.

B. Go to rent some VCDs.

C. Go to buy some VCDs.

2) According to the conversation, the director of the first top movie is ____.

A. American

B. Chinese

C. German

3) What movies does the woman like to see?

A. Chinese movies.

B. British movies.

C. Hollywood movies.

5

1) The passage introduces ____.

A. Hollywood

B. Los Angeles

C. California

2) In which year was the oil discovered?

A. In 1908.

B. In 1911.

C. In 1920.

3) Nowadays Hollywood produces films ____.

A. Only for cinema

B. Only for television

C. For both television and cinema

UNIT 2

EXTENSIVE LISTENING FOR SEFC 2A

No Smoking, please!

Part A

I. Choose the one that you hear.

- | | | |
|----------------------|------------------|---------------------|
| 1. A. dropped asleep | B. felt asleep | C. fell asleep |
| 2. A. burning down | B. burnt down | C. brought down |
| 3. A. crying for | B. calling for | C. selling for |
| 4. A. an hour or two | B. an hour or so | C. one or two hours |
| 5. A. in return | B. in turn | C. in turns |

II. Decide which one is closest in meaning to what you hear.

- A. The fourth of the smokers will probably die from smoking.

B. It is impossible for one smoker in four to die from smoking.

C. Smoking will probably cause death to one person in four.
- A. In the 16 – 19 age group, 32% of women smoke while 28% of men don't smoke.

B. In the 16 – 19 age group, 32% of women don't smoke while 28% of men smoke.

C. In the 16 – 19 age group, 32% of women and 28% of men smoke.
- A. They think that this will help them give up smoking.

B. They think that this will help them to throw away their smoking habit.

C. They think that this will help them keep the smoking habit.
- A. The body is thinking of a new supply of the drug nicotine.

B. The body is in need of the drug nicotine.

- C. The body is called as a new supply of the drug nicotine.
5. A. Nicotine is a drug that makes one interested in smoking.
B. Nicotine is a drug that makes one give up smoking.
C. Nicotine is a drug that gets one into the habit of smoking.

III. Complete the following sentences according to what you hear.

1. Even some young people take a pack of _____ with them today.
2. This is good news for the _____ company.
3. The company has to _____ more young people to start smoking.
4. The _____ caught fire because of his carelessness.
5. Without Mr. Lively's _____ you can't get into the club.

Part B

I. Listen to each dialogue and decide which one is the best answer to each question.

1. What happened to the man?
A. The woman didn't help him.
B. The woman stepped on his foot.
C. The woman took his food.
2. What is David going to do?
A. Catch a train home.
B. Do his homework.
C. Go to a park.
3. Where are the two speakers?
A. In a restaurant.
B. On a farm.
C. At the man's home.
4. How much a pound are the apples?
A. 6 cents.
B. 16 cents.
C. 60 cents.
5. What does the woman mean?
A. Nobody can help him with his reading.
B. The new librarian can help to find a good dictionary.

C. The librarian may be of some help to the man.

II. Listen to four conversations and one monologue. Decide which one is the best answer.

1

- 1) What's in the boy's hand?
 - A. A cigarette.
 - B. An apple.
 - C. Nothing.
- 2) In the boy's opinion, which way is more effective to stop smoking?
 - A. Taking "Zhong Mai Yan Ke."
 - B. Eating apples.
 - C. Drinking tea.
- 3) What will the mother buy for his son?
 - A. Cigarettes.
 - B. Apples.
 - C. Neither cigarettes nor apples.

2

- 1) When does the conversation probably take place?
 - A. Before the meal.
 - B. During the meal.
 - C. After the meal.
- 2) What's the woman's attitude to the man's smoking?
 - A. She doesn't mind.
 - B. She cares a lot.
 - C. She feels sick of it.
- 3) Where did the man leave his cigarettes?
 - A. In the dining room.
 - B. In the living room.
 - C. In the ashtray.

3

- 1) Which of the following statements is true?
 - A. The woman loves drinking.
 - B. The man loves drinking.

C. Both the man and the woman love drinking.

2) How long did the man try to quit the habit?

A. One week.

B. Two weeks.

C. Four weeks.

3) What does the woman decide to do?

A. To follow the man's example.

B. To give up drinking.

C. To go on drinking.

4

1) When does the conversation take place?

A. In the early morning.

B. At midday.

C. At midnight.

2) What does the woman complain about the music teachers?

A. They talk loudly.

B. They sing terribly.

C. They make her unable to sleep.

3) Where do the music teachers live?

A. Next door to the man and the woman.

B. One floor above the man and the woman.

C. One floor under the man and the woman.

5

1) What is the passage mainly about?

A. The harms of public smoking.

B. The ban on public smoking.

C. Second-hand smoking.

2) What does the speaker think of public smoking?

A. He is for public smoking.

B. He is against public smoking.

C. He does not care about public smoking.

3) According to the speaker, which is a more serious problem?

A. Public smoking.

B. Industrial pollution.

C. Second-hand smoking.

UNIT 3

EXTENSIVE LISTENING FOR SEFC 2A

Body Language

Part A

I. Choose the one that you hear.

- | | | |
|--------------------|---------------------|-------------------|
| 1. A. good members | B. good manners | C. good teachers |
| 2. A. closely to | B. closer to | C. close to |
| 3. A. passage | B. message | C. manage |
| 4. A. shake hands | B. shake heads | C. move legs |
| 5. English-spoken | B. English-speaking | C. spoken English |

II. Decide which one is closest in meaning to what you hear.

- A. None of the body languages means the same thing in different countries.

B. Some body language means the same thing in different countries.

C. No body language means the same thing in different countries.
- A. French people express hello and goodbye to each other by kissing more often than British people.

B. French people say hello and goodbye to each other more often than British people.

C. When French people meet British people, they often kiss hello and goodbye to them.
- A. Thank you. I can move the box for you.

B. Thank you. I can help you to take the box myself.

C. Thank you. I can carry the box myself.
- A. I'm glad to meet you.

- B. It's my luck to meet you.
 - C. It's my greatest happiness to meet you.
5. A. You should have a smile and handshake to show welcome.
- B. A smile and handshake express your welcome.
 - C. A smile or handshake means welcome.

III. Complete the following sentences according to what you hear.

1. These _____ have different meanings.
2. Body language can help you to _____ with different people.
3. It is _____ to take a bath after sports.
4. When talking, Englishmen like to keep a certain _____ away from others.
5. In some Asian countries, nodding means _____.

Part B

I. Listen to each dialogue and decide which one is the best answer to each question.

1. When does this talk probably happen?
 - A. Before the dinner.
 - B. After the dinner.
 - C. During the dinner.
2. When do they have this conversation?
 - A. Before the dinner.
 - B. During the dinner.
 - C. After the dinner.
3. How tall is the boy?
 - A. 4 feet.
 - B. 7 feet.
 - C. 4 feet 7 inches.
4. When probably is the tea time according to the talk?
 - A. Before 5 o'clock.
 - B. After 4 o'clock.
 - C. Around 4 o'clock.
5. What can you learn from the talk about the woman's brother?
 - A. He is in good health.
 - B. He's ill.
 - C. He's very well now.

II. Listen to four conversations and one monologue. Decide which one is the best answer.

1

- 1) What does the man want to do with Mary?
 - A. To go with her.
 - B. To eat with her.
 - C. To have a talk with her.
- 2) How is the weather when they are talking?
 - A. Sunny.
 - B. Cloudy.
 - C. Rainy.
- 3) What's the relationship between the two speakers?
 - A. Wife and husband.
 - B. Classmates.
 - C. Workmates.

2

- 1) What are they going to do?
 - A. To cross the road.
 - B. To see the traffic on the road.
 - C. To stop the traffic.
- 2) The man wants to rush to the other side of the road because _____.
 - A. he does not see the traffic sign
 - B. he does not see any policeman
 - C. he finds little traffic on the road
- 3) At the end of the conversation, the traffic sign has changed into _____.
 - A. Do Not Walk
 - B. Walk
 - C. Stop

3

- 1) What are the two speakers talking about?
 - A. Their foreign teacher.
 - B. Foreign customs.
 - C. Chinese customs.
- 2) Why did Xiao Wang ask the foreigner her age?