教育部等定高級美語會話教科書 Buranced English Conversations

middle and Normal Schools
PART I

Approved by the Board of Education

教育部審定 高級英語會話教科書

中學及師範學校用

上 册

ADVANCED ENGLISH CONVERSATIONS

FOR

MIDDLE AND NORMAL SCHOOLS

PART I

BY

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Approved by the Board of Education

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THE COMMERCIAL PRESS, LTD.
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英華會話合璧 FIFTY LESSONS IN ENGLISH CONVERSATION

with Chinese translations

By Chang Sze-yi

Instructor in English, Nanyang University

70 cts. per copy

The lessons in this book are easy and are selected from a large number of dialogues that Mr. Chang has used in his classes. The dialogues are natural, give the student a good variety of colloquial phrases, and show him how to ask questions and give answers. The Chinese translations are in Peking Mandarin, and form a separate section of the book. Blank spaces for Notes are provided for in the book.

The Commercial Press, Publishers

II 26

Advanced English Conversations

Part I

FOR MIDDLE AND NORMAL SCHOOLS
Approved by the Beard of Education
COMMERCIAL PRESS, LTD.

編輯大意

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- 一 會話書之作較難於他書貪多務博者徒占 篇幅而不能扼要因陋就簡者雖便取攜而 無裨實用此編力矯以上二弊編制適宜取 材新顯恰合學校中教授或自修之用
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- 一每課首列生字附以音符釋以漢義以便記 誦次列會話以供熟練次列練習以期貫通 次列智用之成句格言以資玩索學者循序 漸進可得舉一反三之效
- 一 每章所列生字選擇謹嚴而關於教育政治 工商諸門之常用者尤為注意凡普通教科 書中所未載者已搜羅略備學者依類求之 自有左右逢源之樂

PREFACE

Notwithstanding the large number of books published in China for teaching English conversation, it is a regret to remark that few of them are suitable to be used as text-books. These books, being written primarily for the use of commercial intercourse, are either too simple to arouse the interest of students or too complex for the systematic study of the subject. Besides, the vocabulary contained therein is generally not well selected, nor are the lessons carefully graded and properly arranged. These defects constitute a need for a text-book on English conversation specially prepared for the use of students.

The present work, a result of many years' lecture in the class-room, is an attempt to give students a more systematic and practical method in English speaking. Some of the distinctive features of the book may be enumerated as follows:

- 1. All chapters are properly classified and each chapter is subdivided into a number of lessons, one of which is generally sufficient for each day.
- 2. New words, with their phonetic marks and Chinese equivalents, are picked out and placed at the head of each lesson. Proverbs, maxims, and all the sentences are also translated into appropriate Chinese.
- 3. An endeavour has been made in the selection of words, especially those mostly used in connection with education, government, industry, commerce, etc. It is hoped that the students will learn a great deal of what they cannot obtain from ordinary reading books.
- 4. Attached to each lesson are exercises for translation, either oral or written, from Chinese into English. Students are required to fill in spaces left blank.
- 5. Many maxims and proverbs, which have much moral bearing upon everyday life, are also introduced, for the purpose of helping to build up good citizenship in China.

With these hopes and comments, the author now presents this little book to the school world. Any criticism with regard to its merits or faults will be gladly received.

THE AUTHOR.

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PHONETIC MARKS

	A, a	
$ \begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$		a all a ask a=ŏ what a fin'al
	E , e	
$\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$		e prey õ võrge c fall'en
	I, i	
īīce iide'a ĭill		$\tilde{i} = \tilde{e}$ vĩrgin i cous i n
	O , o	
ō		o=oo prove o=oo, or u wolf o or'der o ma'son
	U, u	9
ū ūse ū ūnite' ŭ ŭs		$ \begin{array}{lll} $
	C , c	
$\mathbf{e} = \mathbf{k}$ \mathbf{e} all		ç=s çell
	G, g	
<u>g</u> <u>g</u> o		$\dot{g} = \dot{j}$ \dot{g} em

:	N, n	
$\underline{n} = ng$ thank		
	S, s	
\S pleaşe		
<u></u>	X, x	
x = ksox		$\underline{x} = gz \dots e\underline{x}$ ist'
	Ү, у	
$\overline{y} = i$ y		$\breve{\mathbf{y}} = \breve{\mathbf{i}}$ $\operatorname{cit}'\breve{\mathbf{y}}$
ch child gh=sh chaise eh=k chorus ng thing oi oil oy boy ōo noōn ŏo foot ou out, owl sh shy s=zh pleas'ure ph=f philosophy qu=kw queen th thin th the wh=hw when tion=shun na'tion sion=shun ver'sion		

ADVANCED ENGLISH CONVERSATIONS

PART I

CHAPTER I

SENTENCES AND PHRASES IN DAILY USE

LESSON 1

New Words

eŏn'trary 相反的

宥恕

例

pär'don

ĭn'stance

How are you? I am very well, thank you. Are you busy? No, I am not busy. I have nothing 否, 余不忙, 余並不 to do. Where is he? Is he absent? He has gone home. Are you ready?

不在

按照

禮節

pardon). Don't mention it (Don't stand upon ceremony).

Never mind. For instance.

No, not yet.

ab'sent

cer'emony

ăccord'ing to

Of course (certainly).

Wait a little.

men'tion partie'ular(ar=er) 特要

> 君安好否 謝君余甚好 君忙碌否

作事 彼在何處

彼不在此否 彼已回家

君預備否 否,尚未

恕余(乞君見原) Excuse me (Pardon me, I beg your

何足挂齒(勿拘禮)

不足介意 譬如 自然(一定的) 稍待片時

好.先生 All right, sir. 任之可矣 Let it alone. 君知之否 Do you know? 余不知 I don't know. 請守秘密 Please keep it a secret. 君意指此乎 Do you mean this? 然,正是 Yes, exactly. No, I don't mean that. 否,余意不指彼 What does that mean? (What's meant 是何意思 by that?) 於我等無涉 No matter with us. What is the matter? 何事 何事發生 What happened? 有何新聞 What news? 無甚要事 Nothing particular. 環有否 Any more? 無有矣 No more. 再試一次 Try once more. 誰言此 Who said so? 是余 It was I. 容余助君 Let me help you. 多謝(足下) Many thanks (to you). 君願助余否 Will you help me? 然。固所願也 Yes, willingly (With pleasure). First of all, you must tell me. 第一君必須先告余 余不久即告君 I'll tell you by and by.

On purpose; purposely. On the contrary.

As for me; for my part; according to

my opinion; so far as I know.

故意相反

余所知

至於我: 於我一方

面; 照鄙意; 就

Exercise

1. 2. 3. 4. 5. 6.	Questions to be transl 你住在何處 彼忙碌否 君有何新聞 君能試一次否 誰告君者 君意見如何	1. 2. 3. 4. 5.		Answers	
	Pro	verbs and	Maxin	ns	
 Knowledge is power. Art is long; life is short. Where there's a will, there's a way. Speaking makes a ready man. Necessity is the mother of invention. 			知識者權力學藝無窮人有志者事竟言語使人够物窮則變	、壽有限 之成	
	LESSON 2 New Words				
	n'tion 注意 et'lÿ 逕,即	wěľ e óm <i>e</i> mĭstāk <i>e</i> ′	歡迎誤	ĭmpŏs'sĭbl e choiç e	不能的 選擇
Be quick (Make haste). Take care (Pay attention). Is it true? E具實乎 It may be so. Don't you think so? Yes, I think so. Which do you want? Any one will do. Either (neither) will do.				是想	

此为试读,需要完整PDF请访问: www.ertongbook

可

Will this do?

Oh, that won't do (will never do). Well done! (Bravo!) (Welcome!)

Don't make any noise (Keep silent).

Is it possible?

No, it is impossible.

How much do you want?

Of course, the more the better. (The sooner the better.) (The more

the worse.)

Will he come directly?

Certainly, he will.

Will you go with me?

I am sorry I have no time.

Don't be sorry; cheer up.

Is that enough for you?

I want just a little more.

How do you think?

I don't care about that.

In a word. (Above all.) (To speak

the truth.)

What are you laughing for?

Because you have made a mistake.

Who is that gentleman? Is he a stranger to you?

No, I know him quite well. He is Mr. Hu.

What do you say?

I say you are wrong.

Am I right now?

No, not at all.

是可行否

是不可(斷不可)行為之甚善(美哉)(歡

迎)

勿作聲

是能否 否,是不能

君欲幾何

白似茂門

自然,愈多愈妙(愈

速愈妙)(愈多愈壤)

彼即刻來否

一定的,彼即來

君願同我去否

對不起余無工夫

勿煩惱,請快樂

彼物於君已足否

余尚要少許

君以爲如何

余並不注意於是 總而言之(格外的)

スロ 間点

(實說) 君笑何事

因君錯誤

彼君為誰,彼係君

之不相識人乎

否,余於彼甚熟識 彼為何君

君言何

余言君誤矣

現在我對否

否,都不對

Bring (hand) me the book	拿書與我			
Here it is.		書在此		
Do not trouble him.		勿擾彼		
Take your choice. (Do	it as vou	悉隨尊意		
please.)	, D			
Will you be (go) there this	afternoon?	下午君往彼處否		
I shall be there at three.		余將三時到彼		
When will you be (come)	back?	君何時歸		
I'll be back very soon (at		余卽時須歸		
How was it at last?	once).	後來彼事如何		
He failed after all.		彼畢竟失敗		
The railed after an.		似半見入奴		
Exe	ercise			
Questions to be translated	.20	nswers		
1. 君欲何物	1			
2. 彼取幾許 2				
3. 是足夠否 3				
4. 何故君不告我 4				
5. 我錯誤否 5				
6. 下午君來看我否	6. 下午君來看我否 6			
Proverbs and Maxims				
1. Do your duty, there's	a beauty.	也		
2. Men will reap as they	SOM	種瓜得瓜種豆得豆		
3. Idle young, needy old	少壯不學老大傷悲			
./ 6)	2 700 66 5000			
4. Never too old to learn. 學不厭老				
5. Towards evening the lazy man 懶惰者日息而夜作				
begins to be busy	begins to be busy.			

ūsūal (s=zh)

CHAPTER II

SALUTATION

LESSON 3

New Words

尋常 ĕnjoy'ĭng 享要 ŭn'expeet'edly 不料 sûr'nāme prov'ince 姓 省 făm'ilÿ Good morning, sir (madam). Good day, gentlemen (ladies). Good night, Master John. How do you do, Mr. Chang (Mrs. Chang)? How are you? I am very well, thank you. I am as usual. Are you well? I am enjoying good health. How long have you been here? I am glad to see you. How happy it is to meet thus unexpectedly. What is your name (surname)? 台甫(尊姓) Kindly let me know your name. 敢詢台甫 (May I ask your name?) My name is Johnson. 弟名約翰生 Here is my card. 此係弟名刺

先生(夫人)早安 先生們(夫人們)安 好 約翰世兄晚安 張君(張夫人)你好 M 君安好否 謝君余甚健 賤軀如常 君健否 弟頗健 君在此幾久 余深喜見君 辦诟相遇何樂如之

眷属

To what province (country) do you 貴省(國)何處 belong? I belong to the province of Hunan. 敞省湖南 Are you a native of Kiangsu? 足下是江蘇人否 No, I am a native of Kiangsi. 否,弟係江西人 Have you just come? 君方到否 I came here this morning. 余个晨始到 We came to meet you. 我等來接君 How old are you? 貴庚幾何 I am thirty-two. 虚度三十二 You look very young. 君狀甚年輕 Is your family here? My family has returned to Soochow. 敝眷已回蘇州

Exercise

	Questions to be translated	Answers
1.		1
2.	彼先生是令弟否	2
3.	貴友已回上海去乎	3
4.	彼家眷在何處	4
5.	君知彼之名字否	5
6.	今晨君見彼否	6

Proverbs and Maxims

- 1. The bough which is bent bears 屈曲之枝生果最多 most.
- 2. A sweet answer turns away wrath.
- 3. Men, like bullets, go farthest when they are smoothest.
- 4. Humility is the root, mother, nurse, foundation, and bond of all virtue.

柔順之應對息人怒 人猶彈丸愈光潤者 其所往愈遠

謙者為衆德之根本 慈母護婦基礎及 保證也

LESSON 4

New Words

rēmēm'bēr rēl'ātĭve rude'nĕss	記得 親戚 無禮	r ē gärd ' ĭntrödūç <i>e</i> ' ă cc ŏm ' pàn ÿ	注 意 介 紹 偕 隨	ŏ blī ġ e' mĕm'bĕr	感激人員
All well at	home?			府上均好	
They are ve	ery wel	l, thank you	1.	都好,謝君	
Are your p	arents ·	well?		堂上都好	
They are no	ot livin	ıg.		均去世矣	
My father	has be	en sick sind	e last	家嚴自上禮	拜起患
Sunday	7 •			病	
Is he better	· to-day	7?		今日稍愈否	
Yes, he fee	ls a litt	tle better.		然,彼覺略好	F
No, he is e	ven wo	orse.		否,彼病略甚	<u>:</u>
Is your wife	e still i	n Shanghai i)	尊夫人仍在	上海否
No, she has	s gone	to Hankow :	already.	否,彼已往漢	
Please reme	ember :	me to your f	ather.	尊大人前請	致意
Please pres	ent my	y regards to	your	府上都望為	我道候
family.					
Do you con	ne to se	ee me off?		君來送行乎	
I am much	oblige	d to you.		弟甚感君	
Is he your	relative	e?		彼是君親戚	否
No, he is m	y frien	nd.		否,彼爲余友	
Will you in	troduce	e me to him	?	君肯介紹弟	於彼否
Yes, I am g	glad to	do so.		然,余樂為之	
Please show	v me tl	ne way.		請指引此路	

Is this baby a member of your family? 此孩亦君府上之人

No, she is my friend's daughter. Do you see him very often?

Thank you for your kindness.

否,彼**乃**余友之女 君時見彼否

謝君厚意

平

No. I seldom see him. I hope you will excuse my rudeness. Oh, yes, certainly. I will go now. I must not stay any longer. Please stay a few minutes more. Come often (Call again). See you again. Don't come out, please. Then I will not accompany you.

否,余罕見彼 望君恕余無禮 是甚願也 余欲行矣 余決不可再久留 請再留幾分鐘 願君常光顧(請再 來) 再來看君 請留步 則余不送矣 再見

Exercise

	Questions to be translated	Answers
1.	昨日君曾病乎	1
2.	今日君略好否	2
3.	君何時再來	3
4.	堂上均在此否	4
5.	.彼已往何處	5
6.	君將留此幾久	6

Proverbs and Maxims

- There is no policy like politeness. 立身之道莫如謙讓 1.
- Honesty is the best policy.

Good-bye (Farewell).

- $\cdot 3.$ Do to others as you wish them 己所欲施之人 to do to you.
- Reverence is alike indispensable 敬者為個人家族國 4. to the happiness of individuals, of families, and of nations.

立身之道誠爲最貴

家之快樂所不可 缺者也