易达汉语<mark>系列教材</mark>

Easy Chinese Textbook Series

Chinese by rhythmic chants

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达世平 主编 Chief author: Da Shiping





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PREFACE

Learning spoken Chinese by rhythmic chants, the backbone of the Easy Chinese as a foreign language. There are altogether 8 volumes of textbooks. Each volume contains 6 units with several lessons in each unit.

Learning spoken Chinese by rhythmic chants focuses on communicative functions with emphasis on repeated recycling of the vocabulary and progressive sequencing of the language structures. The most distinctive feature of this series is the rhyming texts, which allow students to read the texts aloud and memorize them easily. The dialogue and the exercises of each lesson are designed based on the content of the text, which is repeatedly presented and expanded through the lesson so as to help students consolidate their mastery of the language. Before publication, the drafts of the materials were used successfully by several international schools in China, where it was found that students are interested in reading aloud the rhyming texts, thus their enthusiasm about Chinese learning being increased.

The first two textbooks of this series focus on conversations of entry-level. Basic pronunciations and intonations are taught, and simple and practical expressions used in everyday life are presented, aiming at furnishing learners with basic skills to deal with such everyday issues as clothing, food, residence and transportation. In addition, each lesson contains an elementary introduction to aspects of Chinese culture and geography.

The third and fourth textbooks focus on expansion of students' vocabulary and expressions on the basis of what they have learned in the first two textbooks. By learning rhyming dialogues, students acquire the language skills quickly and increase their fluency in everyday life conversation.

The texts in volumes 5 and 6 set against a background of modern Chinese society and culture, with which students could expand their knowledge in these directions while they are learning the Chinese language.

The texts in volume 7 and 8 use a background of Chinese culture and geography from ancient times to the present in order to bring about a more complete understanding of China's extensive and profound historical culture.

Depending on the students' ages upon the completion of either volume 2 or volume 4, *Magical Chinese Characters* of the *Easy Chinese Textbook Series* may be used to further students' learning of Chinese characters.

Compiler

PREFACE

前言

《汉语韵律会话》是"易达汉语系列教材"的主干教材,是一套以国外青少年为主要教学对象的系列汉语口语教材,共8册,每册6个单元,每单元包括若干课。

这套系列教材以交际功能为主线,同时兼顾词汇的重复率和语言结构的递进性。这套教材的最大特点是,课文采用富于韵律的语言编写,琅琅上口,便于记忆。每课的对话及练习也都紧紧围绕课文内容不断复现、延展,以巩固教学效果。在正式出版之前,这套教材在中国的一些国际学校中已经试用。诵读韵律课文大大提高了教学的趣味性和学生的学习积极性。

本系列第一、二册为汉语会话入门,要求学生能初步掌握语音语调,学会最简单的实用生活用语,解决在汉语环境中日常生活中衣食住行的"生存"问题。第一、二册每单元还简单介绍了有关的中国文化和地理。

第三、四册在第一、二册的基础上增大词汇量,扩展对话内容的广度,学生在韵律会话中能很快掌握语言技能,从而应付较为丰富的日常生活,提高在汉语环境中生活的质量。

第五、六册以当代中国社会及文化为背景,让学生在学习汉语的同时,初步了解当代中国社会文化。

第七、八册以中国文化地理为背景,贯穿古今,便于学生初步了解中国博大精深的历史文化。

根据学生的不同年龄段,在完成《汉语韵律会话》2册或4册后,可以使用"易达汉语系列教材"中的《汉字字母教程》,强 化汉字教学。

编者

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- Lesson 2 锻炼身体心情好 Exercise makes you happy
- Lesson 3 你晚上做作业吗? Are you going to do homework tonight?
- Lesson 4 有空吗? Are you free?
- Lesson 5 复习 Review

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(78

季节 season

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	40.00	0	" Cuther

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Xiànzài Jǐ Diǎnzhōng 现在几点钟 WHAT TIME IS IT NOW



Objectives

Upon successful completion of unit 1, students will be able to:

- ★ use the appropriate nouns to indicate time accordingly;
- ★ use the following sentence patterns in a conversation or statement:
 - 1. use the correct order to indicate dates and time,
 - 2. correctly use the sentence patterns with a time adverbial,
 - 3. use the auxiliary verb "能" to indicate whether it is possible for someone to do something.
- ★ learn 7 Chinese characters and phrases.



Xiànzài jǐ diǎnzhōng? 现在几点钟?

What time is it now?



Kèwén 课文 Text

Chant 0

Xiànzài jǐ diǎnzhōng? 现在 几 点钟?

Xiànzài zǎoshang qī diǎnzhōng, 现在早上 七点钟,

kuài diǎnr chī zǎofàn. 快 点儿 吃 早饭。



Xiànzài jǐ diǎnzhōng? 现在 几 点钟?

Xiànzài zǎoshang qī diǎn bàn, 现在 早上 七点 半,

kuài diǎnr qù xuéxiào. 快 点儿 去 学校。



Xiànzài jǐ diǎnzhōng? 现在 几 点钟?

Xiànzài shàngwǔ bā diǎnzhōng, 现在上午 八点钟,

kuài diǎnr qù shàng kè. 快点儿去上课。 Xiànzài jǐ diǎnzhōng? 现在 几 点钟?

Xiànzài zhōngwǔ shí'èr diǎn, 现在 中午 十二点,

kuài diǎnr chī wǔfàn. 快 点儿吃午饭。



Xiànzài jǐ diǎnzhōng? 现在 几 点钟?

Xiànzài xiàwǔ sān diǎnzhōng, 现在下午三点钟,

kuài diǎnr qù dǎ qiú. 快 点儿去打球。





Xiànzài jǐ diǎnzhōng? 现在 几 点钟?



Xiànzài wǎnshang qī diǎn bàn, 现在晚上 七点 半,

kuài diǎnr chī wǎnfàn. 快点儿吃晚饭。





Xiànzài jǐ diǎnzhōng? 现在 几 点钟?

Xiànzài wǎnshang jiǔ diǎnzhōng, 现在 晚上 九点钟,

kuài diǎnr qù shuì jiào. 快 点儿 去 睡 觉。



1.1	Shēngcí 生词 _{New Words}		
bàn	半	(num.)	half
dă qiú	打球		to play ball
diǎnzhōng	点钟	(n.)	o'clock
fàn	饭	(n.)	meal; cooked rice
kè	课	(n.)	lesson; class
kuài	快	(a.)	quick
kuài diănr	快点儿		to hurry up
shàng kè	上课		to attend a class; to be in class
shàngwǔ	上午	(n.)	morning (from breakfast to lunch)
shíjiān	时间	(n.)	time and but lat
wănfàn	晚饭	(n.)	supper
wănshang	晚上	(n.)	evening
wŭfàn	午饭	(n.)	lunch
xiàwǔ	下午	(n.)	afternoon
xiànzài	现在	(n.)	now
xuéxiào	学校	(n.)	school
yīdiǎnr	一点儿		a little
zăofàn	早饭	(n.)	breakfast
zăoshang	早上	(n.)	early morning (usually before breakfast)



zhōng	钟	(n.)	clock	
zhōngwǔ	中午	(n.)	noon	



Lìshā : Xiànzài jǐ diǎnzhōng? 莉莎:现在 几 点钟?

Dàwèi: Xiànzài qī diǎn bàn. 大卫:现在 7 点 半。

Lìshā : Nǐ jǐ diǎnzhōng shàng kè? 莉莎:你几点钟 上课?

Dàwèi: Wǒ bā diǎnzhōng shàng kè. 大卫:我 8 点钟 上 课。

Lìshā : Nǐ yào kuài yīdiǎnr. _{莉莎} : 你 要 快 一点儿。

Dàwèi: Hǎo de. 大卫:好的。





Yǔyīn liànxí 语音练习 Pronunciation

▲ 半三声 Half-third tone:

qímă măshàng jiŭshí shíjiǔ qĭng jìn qĭng zuò zìdiăn diǎn míng qĭng hē qǐng chī Făwén fāngfǎ qĭngwèn Xiānggǎng qĭngqiú găngbì Hànyǔ yŭyán shēntĭ tĭcāo



轻声 Neutral tone:

tiān liàng — shāngliang

măshàng — chuán shang

dòuzhēng — fēngzheng

hūxī — xiūxi

bàodào — wèidao

xìnxīn — diǎnxin

guāngmíng — cōngming

dōngxī — dōngxi



Wánchéng duìhuà

完成对话

Complete the Dialogue

Look at the clocks and answer:

Xiànzài jǐ diǎnzhōng? 现在几点钟?









Xiànzài 现 在				
	-	 	 	





Yīngwén fānyì

English Version

Chant 1

What time is it now? It's now 7 o'clock in the morning. Hurry up and eat breakfast.

What time is it now? It's now 7:30 in the morning. Hurry up and go to school.

What time is it now? It's now 8 o'clock in the morning. Hurry up and go to class.

What time is it now? It's now 12 o'clock at noon. Hurry up and eat lunch.

What time is it now? It's now 3 o'clock in the afternoon. Hurry up and play ball.

What time is it now? It's now 7:30 in the evening. Hurry up and have supper.

What time is it now? It's now 9 o'clock in the evening. Hurry up and go to bed.

Conversation

Lisa: What time is it now?

David: It's half past seven.

Lisa: What time do you go to class?

David: I go to class at 8 o'clock.

Lisa: You should hurry up.

David: OK.



Lesson Two ^{第二课}

duànliàn shēntǐ xīnqíng hǎo 锻炼身体心情好

Exercise makes you happy



Chant 2

Zǎoshang kànkan tiān, jīntiān tiānqì hǎo. 早上 看看 天,今天天气 好。

Zǎoshang xǐxi zǎo, jīntiān jīngshen hǎo. 早上 洗洗澡, 今天精神 好。

Zǎoshang chīchi bǎo, jīntiān shēntǐ hǎo. 早上 吃吃饱, 今天身体 好。

Shàngwǔ qù xuéxiào, shàng kè xuéxí hǎo. 上午 去学校,上 课学习好。

Zhōngwǔ qù shítáng, chī fàn yíngyǎng hǎo. 中午 去食堂, 吃饭营养好。

Xiàwǔ qù cāochǎng, duànliàn shēntǐ hǎo. 下午 去操场, 锻炼 身体好。

Wǎnshang zuò zuòyè, jīntiān xuéxí hǎo. 晚上 做作业,今天学习好。

Wǎnshang kàn diànshì, jīntiān xīnqíng hǎo. 晚上 看电视, 今天心情好。

Wǎnshang zǎo shuì jiào, míng tiān huì gèng hǎo. 晚上 早睡觉,明天 会更好。











	Shēngcí		
	生词 New Words		
bǎo	饱	(a.)	full; stuffed
cāochǎng	操场	(n.)	playground; sports field
chī fàn	吃饭		to eat (a meal); to have a meal
duànliàn	锻炼	(v./n.)	to do physical exercise; exercise
gèng	更	(adv.)	more; even more
huì	会	(v.)	can; will be
jīngshen	精神	(n.)	vigor
shēntĭ	身体	(n.)	body
shítáng	食堂	(n.)	dining hall; canteen
tiānqì	天气	(n.)	weather
ХĬ	洗	(v.)	to wash
xĭ zǎo	洗澡		to take a shower or bath
xīnqíng	心情	(n.)	mood
xuéxí	学习	(v./n.)	to learn; learning
yíngyăng	营养	(n.)	nutrition
zuò	做	(v.)	to do
zuòyè	作业	(n.)	homework



Huìhuà 会话 Conversation

Lǐ Míng: Jīntiān xiàwǔ nǐ qù dǎ qiú ma? 李明:今天 下午你去打球吗?

Dùmǎní: Jīntiān xiàwǔ wǒ qù dǎ qiú. 杜马尼: 今天 下午 我 去 打 球。

Lǐ Míng: Nǐ jǐ diǎnzhōng qù dǎ qiú? 李明:你几点钟 去打球?

Dùmǎní: Wǒ sì diǎnzhōng qù dǎ qiú. 杜马尼: 我 4 点钟 去 打 球。





Lǐ Míng: Wǒ dǎsuan qù kàn diànshì. 李明:我打算去看电视。

Dùmăní: Nǐ wǎnshang jǐ diǎnzhōng shuì jiào? 杜马尼: 你晚上 几点钟 睡觉?

Lǐ Míng: Wǒ wǎnshang shí diǎnzhōng shuì jiào. 李明:我晚上 10 点钟 睡觉。



shuì jiào.

觉。

睡

ŝ	A :	
	B:	Xiànzà bā diǎnzhōng. 现在 8 点钟。
7	A:	
	B:	Zuótiān xiàwǔ wǒ méiyǒu kè. 昨天 下午我没有 课。
3	A:	
	B:	Wǒ dǎsuan qù dǎ qiú. 我 打算去打球。
9	A:	Xiàwǔ wǒmen qù dǎ qiú, hǎo ma' 下午 我们 去 打球, 好吗?

B:

A:

B: Shì de, wǒ zǎoshang duànliàn

是的,我早上

shēntĭ.

身体。







Yīngwén fānyì 英文翻译 English Version

Chant 2

In the early morning, when I look at the sky, the weather is nice today. In the early morning, when I take a shower, my spirit is high today. In the early morning, when I have a big breakfast, my body is healthy today. In the morning, when I go to school, I learn my lessons well. At noon, when I go to the dining room, the meal is nutritious. In the afternoon, when I go to the playground, I do exercise for good health. In the evening, when I do homework, I learn well today. In the evening, when I watch TV, my mood is good today. In the evening, when I go to bed early, tomorrow will be even better.

Conversation

Li Ming : Are you going to play ball this afternoon?

Domani: Yes, I'm going to play ball this afternoon.

Li Ming: What time are you going to play ball?

Domani: I'm going to play ball at 4 o'clock.

Li Ming: I'm going to watch TV.

Domani: What time do you go to bed (in the evening)?

Li Ming: I go to bed at 10 o'clock (in the evening).

Domani: I go to bed at half past ten.