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Zuoye

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新课程

阳光作业

全新概念 快乐学习

人教统编版

初中英语 · 三年级 上



东北师范大学出版社

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总主编 石 澗
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学校 _____ 班级 _____ 姓名 _____

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出版说明

随着教育改革的深化,以巩固、复习为主的那种传统的、机械的课后作业,也将随着教材内容、教学方法的改变而为科学的、鲜活的作业所代替。《新课程阳光作业》正是这一方向上努力探索的成果。

■以最新教材为蓝本

《新课程阳光作业》分别为“新课标人教版”、“新课标北师大版”、“新课标华东师大版”这三种版本的新教材和“人教统编版”的教材配套编拟,凸显了新教材中知识、能力、素质三元合一的教学理念,在作业设置上编织了科学有效的知识网络,并充分吸纳了成熟的教辅经验和最新的教学研究成果,着力拓展学生的认知视野和思维空间,培养学生应用意识和自主学习的能力。

■“阳光作业”的突出特点

“阳光”是健康、清新、快乐、朝气的代名词,《新课程阳光作业》就是取其清新、快乐之意。因为它与传统的作业有很大的不同,它力求使学生在轻松愉快的学习氛围中获得知识。具体特点如下:

1. 重点突出,题量合理,难度适中,全方位地覆盖和反映知识点。
2. 题型新颖、鲜活、灵动,在同类书中,新题最多。这既是与时俱进的要求,更是新课标关于素质教育精髓的落实。这有利于培养学生的创新能力、分析问题和解决问题的能力。
3. 有一定比例的趣味题,以激发学生的学习兴趣,使之在快乐的学习氛围中,提高作业质量和学习成绩。

■编写体例科学合理

1. 本丛书与新教材完全同步,理科同步到课时,文科同步到课,参照教学大纲划定课时作业,充分体现教材的知识点和能力目标。
2. 栏目设计科学,实用性强。每课时(课)设三个栏目:基础作业、提高作业、热点考题,作业的设计强调科学梯度,既有基础题又有提高题,既有实用题又有热点题;此外又设单元测试、期中测试、期末测试,便于学生自测自检。
3. 答案单独装订,可随意抽取,内容详细全面,既有思路提示,又有解题过程,丝丝入扣,便于学生对照。

■作者队伍实力雄厚

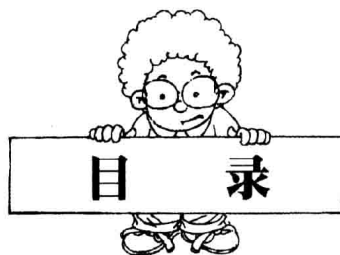
本丛书主编石涧是湖北省特级教师,湖北省教育厅教材审定委员会委员,长期从事教学、教育和研究工作,主编过多种高质量的教辅书。各学科的主编均为黄冈的特级、高级教师,他们都有长期的教学实践和丰富的经验积累。

为了保证本丛书的内在质量,我们特聘请了吉林省重点中、小学部分最优秀的一线教师对本丛书逐册作了审读。

《新课程阳光作业》是东北师范大学出版社和黄冈的特级、高级教师强强联手、通力合作的结晶。我们有理由相信,《新课程阳光作业》的问世,一定会使学生的学习生活充满阳光。

第三编辑室





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Unit 1

In the library

Lesson 1



基础作业

I. 单项选择。

- () 1. Could you tell me _____ ?
A. Lily is where B. where Lily is
C. where is Lily D. is Lily where
- () 2. Your room looks dirty. Will you please _____ it clear?
A. take B. make C. let D. tidy
- () 3. My clock doesn't _____. Can you mend it for me?
A. use B. move C. walk D. work
- () 4. Her mother told her _____ in bed.
A. not read B. not to read
C. don't read D. to not read
- () 5. When class began, we stopped _____ to the teacher carefully.
A. listening B. listen
C. listens D. to listen
- () 6. You'd better _____ in the room.
A. not to smoke B. no smoking
C. not smoke D. to smoke
- () 7. We won't go to the Great Wall if it _____ tomorrow.
A. rains B. rain
C. will rain D. raining
- () 8. You'd better keep the windows _____. It's so hot here.
A. open B. opening C. opens D. opened
- () 9. —I watched the TV programme last night.
—_____.
A. So I do B. So I did
C. So did I D. So do I
- () 10. I remember Susan left _____ a very cold morning of December.
A. in B. on C. at D. from
- () 11. —Is she really very ill?
—_____. She is in hospital.
A. I'm afraid not. B. I'm afraid so
C. I don't know D. I hope so
- () 12. —How was the weather yesterday?
—It was terrible. It rained _____. People could _____ go out.
A. hardly, hardly B. hardly, hard
C. hard, hard D. hard, hardly
- () 13. The smile on the teacher's face shows that he is _____ with the work of the class.
A. angry B. strict C. pleased D. sorry
- () 14. —I'm going to Hangzhou for a holiday this weekend.
—_____ you are there, can you buy me some green tea?
A. Because B. If
C. While D. After
- () 15. There is not enough _____ in the corner to put the table.
A. place B. room
C. floor D. ground

II. 用所给动词的适当形式填空。

- I _____ (ride) my bike along the street when someone _____ (hit) me from behind.
- They will go _____ (fish) if it _____ (not rain) tomorrow.
- My brother _____ (not do) well in the exam so he _____ (fall) behind others. He _____ (be) more careful from now on.
- The car _____ (not move). What _____ we _____ (do)?
- He _____ (take) out a book and began _____ (read).
- Listen! Who _____ (sing) in the next room?
—Maybe it's Sun Hui. She _____ (sing) well.





- Mum likes me _____ (buy) some fruit. Would you like _____ (go) shopping with me?
- Little Tom _____ (draw) pictures every afternoon last week, but he _____ (not draw) at the moment.
- He was always the first _____ (come) and the last _____ (leave).
- They _____ (have) a meeting at this time yesterday.



提高作业

III. 句型转换。

- More than 40 people died in the accident.
_____ 40 people _____ in the accident.
- The ship hit the iceberg and stopped.
The ship hit the iceberg and _____.
- You don't know the answer, she doesn't know, either.
You don't know the answer, _____.
- They went out to play football after they finished their homework.
They _____ go out to play football _____ they finished their homework.
- Mr Brown said it was all right for them to hand in their compositions on Friday or next Monday.
Mr Brown told them to hand in their compositions _____ on Friday _____ next Monday.



热点考题

IV. 完形填空。

You may think that English dictionaries have been used for many, many centuries. In fact, an English dictionary you 1 today wasn't made until the Qing Dynasty (清朝). Three men did most of the important 2 work on dictionaries. They spent nearly all their lives trying to 3 words for their dictionaries. For them, it was a wonderful journey. The largest dictionary in the world is *Oxford English Dictionary*. The 4 for this dictionary came from an important meeting in Britain in 1857. Twenty-two years later,

Oxford University asked James Murray to be the editor (编者) of its new dictionary.

Murray had never been to 5. At the age of fourteen, he left his village school in Scotland and taught himself while working in a bank. 6 he became a great teacher. After Oxford gave him the job, Murray had a small house 7 in his garden to do the work. Every morning, Murray got out of bed at five o'clock and 8 in the small house several hours before breakfast. Often he would work into to night. Murray hoped to finish the new dictionary in ten years. But after five years, he was 9 adding (增加) words for the letter "A"! He worked on the dictionary 10 he was very old. Forty-four years later, in 1928, other editors finished the dictionary.

1. A. use
B. write
C. copy
D. miss
2. A. easy
B. boring
C. early
D. dangerous
3. A. spell
B. invent
C. collect
D. make
4. A. way
B. idea
C. use
D. prize
5. A. school
B. cinema
C. village
D. college
6. A. Later
B. Long before
C. So far
D. Ever since
7. A. sold
B. built
C. broken
D. drawn
8. A. read
B. wrote
C. worked
D. thought
9. A. already
B. still
C. usually
D. always
10. A. if
B. because
C. until
D. since



**Lesson 2****基础作业****I. 单项选择。**

- () 1. Have you _____ travelled by plane?
A. yet B. already
C. ever D. often
- () 2. How much have you _____ the computer?
A. pay for B. paid for
C. spent D. took
- () 3. May I _____ your bike for a day?
A. lend B. borrow
C. have D. keep
- () 4. —I've lost my library book.
— _____!
A. What a pity
B. Not at all
C. It doesn't matter
D. It's nothing
- () 5. I'm _____ my ruler, but I can't _____ it.
A. looking for, look for
B. finding, find
C. finding, look for
D. looking for, find

**提高作业****II. 句型转换。**

1. You'd better catch a bus. (变为否定句)
You'd better _____ a bus.
2. Do you have a book about Bill Gates? (变为同意句)
_____ you _____ a book about Bill Gates?
3. He paid 200 yuan for the new bike. (变为同意句)

He _____ 200 yuan _____ the new bike.

4. Jack learnt Chinese by himself last year. (改为同意句)

Jack _____ last year.

5. I have already had breakfast. (变为否定句)

I _____ breakfast _____.

6. I was worried and the librarian was worried, too.
(变为同意句)

I was worried, and _____ the _____.

III. 补全对话，每空一词。

- A: Good morning! Can I help you?
B: Good morning! Have you 1 the video tape "Back Street Boy"?
A: Oh, yes. You are 2. Somebody has just 3 it. Just a minute, please. I'll go and get it 4 you. (A moment later) Here it is.
B: Thank you. 5 the way, how long may I 6 it?
A: Less than a week.
B: Can I keep it a little 7?
A: Yes, you can. But you must come and renew (续借) it 8 you can't finish it in time.
B: OK. I see.
A: Please take good 9 of it. Don't lost it, or you'll have to pay for it.
B: I won't. Thanks a lot. Goodbye.

**热点考题****IV. 完形填空。**

SARS ("非典") has brought us much trouble. However, everything has 1 sides. One side of SARS is 2 clear. It is serious and over 300 people in China have died of it. But the other side is more important.

SARS makes people realize (认识) that life is





valuable (有价值的). Once in April, Wang Xinying, a student in Taiyuan, traveled on the same bus with a sick man who might have SARS, 3 he had to stay at home for 4 two weeks. "I'm going to treasure my life every day," he said.

SARS teaches people to be thankful. Many doctors and nurses 5 all their time with people who have SARS, and 6 of them have lost their lives. Another student says he wants to be a 7 when he grows up. "Though they know their job is 8, doctors and nurses are trying their best to 9 people's lives. We must 10 them," he said.

SARS also 11 people to understand the trouble of others. The past few months were 12 for Chinese people. But there are some other worse things than SARS in the world, such as war and so on. Think of how the 13 felt on Sept. 11, 2001.

Besides, SARS makes people in different countries join together 14 this special war until they 15 in the end.

- () 1. A. four B. three
 C. five D. two
- () 2. A. ever B. still
 C. already D. always
- () 3. A. so B. since
 C. or D. as
- () 4. A. at first B. at once
 C. at last D. at least
- () 5. A. spend B. cost
 C. waste D. forget
- () 6. A. none B. all
 C. some D. few
- () 7. A. driver B. teacher
 C. doctor D. waiter
- () 8. A. safe B. dangerous

- C. favourite D. famous
- () 9. A. pull B. leave
 C. save D. love
- () 10. A. learn from B. listen to
 C. look after D. agree with
- () 11. A. wishes B. teaches
 C. asks D. wants
- () 12. A. popular B. healthy
 C. happy D. terrible
- () 13. A. French B. Japanese
 C. Americans D. Russians
- () 14. A. with B. in
 C. after D. before
- () 15. A. win B. fail
 C. hurt D. lose





Lesson 3



基础作业

I. 根据句意和首字母补全单词。

- Li Lei's uncle has just come back from America.
He has lived a _____ for a long time.
- I'm afraid it's going to rain. You'd better take an
u _____ with you.
- Our headteacher always e _____ us to work hard at
our lessons.
- I love books because they can give me a lot of
p _____.
- Lily b _____ a book on farming from the school li-
brary last week.

II. 用所给单词的适当形式填空。

- Have you finished _____ (read) the book?
- I'm sorry I _____ (forget) to bring your book
back.
- My brother's hobby is _____ (go) fishing.
- They _____ (look) for the _____ (miss) boy
now, but they _____ (not find) him yet.
- The teacher told us the sun _____ (rise) in the
east and _____ (set) in the west.
- There _____ (not be) any lessons this weekend so
we can go to play in the park.
- When _____ you _____ (buy) the dictionary?
- Her mother _____ (teach) in the school for over
ten years.
- As soon as he saw me, he stopped _____ (talk) to
me.
- Mike and John _____ (clean) the classroom when
I saw them.

III. 补全对话, 使对话完整、通顺。

Kate: 1. Miss Li. 2 I borrowed a book
from the library two weeks ago, but I can't
find it, 3.

Miss Li: 4. Are you sure you have lost it?

Kate: Yes, 5. I looked round the whole school,
6.

Miss Li: What is the name of the book?

Kate: 7.

Miss Li: 8 9 that if you have lost it, you
must pay for it.

Kate: 10. I'll pay for it.

- | |
|----------------------------------|
| A. Oh dear |
| B. What a pity! |
| C. I'm very sorry |
| D. I'm afraid |
| E. I can't find it anywhere |
| F. <i>Red Star Over China</i> |
| G. I think I've lost it |
| H. Excuse me |
| I. Oh yes, of course |
| J. I've looked for it everywhere |

IV. 单项选择。

- Have you found your lost book?
—Yes. I _____ it three days ago.
A. have found B. find
C. found D. founded
- I'm sorry I _____ my English book at
home.
—Don't forget to bring it here tomorrow.
A. lost B. forget
C. missed D. left
- My grandparents _____ in the country, but
now they live with us in the city.
A. used to live
B. used to living
C. were used to live
D. are used to live
- He didn't listen to the teacher carefully in
class so he couldn't come up _____ the an-
swer to the question.
A. with B. to C. at D. on
- _____ have you been abroad?
—Only once.
A. How often B. How long
C. How many times D. How far
- My father didn't _____ home until 12:00
last night.
A. return back B. return to
C. return back to D. return
- How much did the T-shirt _____ you?
—Over eighty yuan.





- A. pay B. cost C. spend D. take
- () 8. —Have you finished your homework _____?
—Yes. I've _____ finished it.
- A. already, yet
B. yet, already
C. yet, yet
D. already, already
- () 9. On her way home she found a library book, she _____ and gave it to the teacher.
- A. picked up it B. picked them up
C. picked it up D. picked up them
- () 10. Mr Wang _____ me he was leaving for Shanghai but he didn't _____ when he was leaving.
- A. said, tell B. told, say
C. spoke, talk D. told, speak



提高作业

V. 下列各句均有一处错误，请找出错处的序号并将正确答案填写在横线上。

1. — What's the time in your watch?
A B
—It says half past twelve. () _____
C D
2. —Who teaches your maths this term?
A B C
—Mr Wang does. () _____
D
3. Mum often tells me don't stay up too late.
A B C D () _____
4. Man, like animals and plants, also need air and water.
A B C D () _____
5. His words at the meeting yesterday made all of us happily.
A B C D () _____



热点考题

VI. 完形填空。

Evening came. It was time for Mr Bell to close his shop. He was checking his money. His son Tom,

who was 15, had just gone outside to buy a newspaper. Just then, a big man walked 1 the shop. He had a gun (枪) in his hand.

When Tom came back, he could hear the man asking his father for 2. Tom could see the gun in the man's hand, but the man didn't 3 or hear Tom.

Tom hurried up the street. He looked for the police, 4 he didn't see any. Then Tom saw an old baseball bat (棒球球棒) lying in the street. "Maybe this will help," he thought. He ran 5 with it.

His father was just giving some of the money to the man. The man was watching Tom's father. Tom knew he could not 6 long. "Now is the time. I must do it now." Tom went up to the man and knocked him down 7 the bat.

Tom and his father then ran outside. This time they got the 8 and told them what had happened. The police quickly went to the shop and caught the man.

- () 1. A. out of B. around
C. into D. down
- () 2. A. paper B. water
C. money D. food
- () 3. A. know B. catch
C. meet D. see
- () 4. A. but B. so
C. for D. or
- () 5. A. back B. over
C. away D. past
- () 6. A. hold B. wait
C. rest D. watch
- () 7. A. by B. from
C. without D. with
- () 8. A. neighbors B. police
C. friends D. children





Lesson 4



基础作业

I. 用所给单词的适当形式填空。

- Lily felt _____ (sad) after she heard the news.
- Yesterday Li Lei _____ (forget) _____ (take) his school bag when he left for home.
- The boss made the worker _____ (work) twelve hours a day.
- It's over ten years since I _____ (leave) my hometown.
- It _____ (take) us nearly two hours _____ (finish) _____ (draw) the picture.
- We'll go on a picnic if it _____ (not rain) tomorrow.
- _____ Lucy _____ (go) to the shop tomorrow?
—No, I don't think so. She _____ (go) there yesterday.
- Would you like some cakes?
—No, thanks. I _____ (have) my supper already.
- An old man saw the accident _____ (happen) when he was walking.
- _____ (not get) off the bus until it _____ (stop).

II. 句型转换。

- Jim likes boating. He likes skating, too.
Jim like _____ boating _____ skating.
- My father has stopped smoking.
My father has _____ smoking.
- Maybe they will return the lost book to the library.
They _____ the lost book to the library.
- How much did you spend on your new clothes?
How much did you _____ your new clothes?
- The bright boy often thinks of some good ideas.
The bright boy often _____ some good ideas.

III. 根据汉语意思完成句子。

- 我还能为你做点别的事吗?
Is there _____ I can do for you?
- 她很着急, 那位图书管理员也一样。
She was worried, and _____ the _____.
- 对于我们来说, 学好英语是十分必要的。
It's _____ us _____ English well.
- 我弟弟过去不常游泳, 但是现在很喜欢。
My brother _____ swim but now he likes it a lot.
- 他一定还在办公室工作。
He _____ still _____ in the office.

IV. 用所给词组的正确形式填空。

used to	put down	pay for
come up with	think of	get back
pick up	speak to	borrow from
sooner or later		

- Henry often _____ books _____ the school library.
- I'm sure she will feel sorry about it _____.
- Have you _____ the answer to the question?
- He _____ forty yuan _____ the English-Chinese dictionary.
- What do you _____ the new film?
- What did Li Lei come to school for yesterday?
—He came to _____ his school things.
- I saw a ruler on the floor and _____ it _____.
- Have you ever _____ an English man?
- The old man _____ get up early, didn't he?
- He _____ the newspaper and went out of the office.



提高作业

V. 单项选择。

- () 1. —She didn't come to school yesterday, did she?
— _____, I thought she was not feeling well.
A. No, she didn't





- B. Yes, she didn't
C. No, she did
D. Yes, she did
- () 2. If you don't know the word, you can _____ in a dictionary.
A. look it up B. put it on
C. take it off D. try it on
- () 3. —I've finished my homework.
—When _____ you _____ it?
A. do, finish B. will, finish
C. have, finished D. did, finish
- () 4. They have got _____ books about science in the school library.
A. hundred of B. hundreds of
C. eight hundreds D. hundred
- () 5. He eats _____ food, so he is _____ fat.
A. much too, too much
B. much too, too many
C. too much, much too
D. too much, too much
- () 6. —Is the boy by the window your brother?
—It _____ him.
A. maybe B. may be
C. would be D. need be
- () 7. —Hi, Mike! Don't touch the cutting machine. It's dangerous.
—_____.
A. Yes, I will
B. No, I won't
C. Never mind
D. Thanks. I won't
- () 8. He doesn't tell me when he _____. I'll call you as soon as he _____.
A. will come, comes
B. will come, will come
C. comes, will come
D. comes, comes
- () 9. —Is it far from your home to school?
—No, it's only _____ walk.

- A. ten minutes B. ten minute
C. ten minutes' D. ten minute's

- () 10. Could you tell me where _____ at the moment?
A. you are living B. do you live
C. you lived D. did you live



热点考题

VI. 书面表达

请以 *Believe Myself, and I Will Win* 为题, 写一篇关于自己在学习或生活中遇到并战胜困难的一件小事的短文。

注意: 1. 主要内容必须包括:

- (1) 你遇到了什么困难;
 - (2) 你是如何克服困难的;
 - (3) 你从此事中领悟到了什么。
2. 60~80 字 (8~10 句) 的短文。
3. 要求切合题意, 内容完整, 表达清楚, 书写规范。

参考词汇: overcome *v.* 克服, 战胜





第一单元测试

(时间: 90分 满分: 100分)

I. A) 根据句意和首字母补全单词。(10分)

1. My k of history is rather poor. I need to read more about it.
2. You'd better c what your teacher said in your notebook. It's very important.
3. The students often borrow books from the school l.
4. Li Lei cried s after he heard the bad news.
5. His uncle often goes a, so he knows a lot about foreign countries.

B) 用所给单词的适当形式填空。(10分)

6. Please keep the _____ (borrow) book clean.
7. The book is still _____ (miss) and she was worried about it.
8. There are many different kinds of books on those _____ (shelf).
9. —Have you ever been abroad?
—Only _____ (one).
10. Of the three boys, Jack writes _____ (care).

II. 单项选择。(16分)

- () 1. He likes _____, but today he doesn't like _____ because it's too cold.
- A. to swim, swimming
 - B. swimming, to swim
 - C. to swim, to swim
 - D. to swim, to swim
- () 2. — _____ Ann _____ a new shirt?
—No, she _____.
- A. Has, /, doesn't
 - B. Does, have, hasn't
 - C. Has, got, hasn't
 - D. Have, got, haven't
- () 3. My sister has been in America for half a

year. She _____ the life there.

- A. is use
 - B. used to
 - C. is used to
 - D. uses
- () 4. Mike asked me _____ my bike _____ him.
- A. to borrow, to
 - B. to lend, to
 - C. to borrow, from
 - D. to lend, from
- () 5. —Jim has been to Shanghai twice.
—So _____ Ann.
- A. is
 - B. does
 - C. has
 - D. have
- () 6. There is a sign on the wall of the school library. It _____ "Be quiet".
- A. says
 - B. tells
 - C. talks
 - D. speaks
- () 7. The little girl asked her teacher _____, "Excuse me sir, it reading _____?"
- A. politely, help
 - B. politely, helpful
 - C. polite, helping
 - D. politely, helpful
- () 8. Her father has gone to the railway station to _____ when the train will arrive.
- A. look out
 - B. look for
 - C. find
 - D. find out

III. 补全对话, 每空一词。(20分)

(T—Tom L—Lin Tao M—Miss Yang)

T and L: Good afternoon!

M: Good afternoon! May I 1 you?

T: Yes. 2 you 3 a book on Chinese history?

M: Let me see... Ah, here it is.

T: Thank you. How 4 you, Lin Tao?

L: Oh. I want to 5 a book on football.





M: Oh, you're lucky. We've just got a new book on football. I think you'll be 6 with it.

L: Thank you very much!

T: How long may I 7 the book?

M: Two weeks.

L: Can I keep it a little longer?

M: Yes, you can. But you must come and renew (续借) it if you 8 finish reading it in time.

T: Must I 9 the book back for that?

M: Yes, you must. And you mustn't lend it to 10.

T: All right I won't.

IV. 完形填空。(24分)

We were going to play a team from a country school. They didn't come 1 the game time arrived. They looked 2 than we had thought. They were wearing 3 blue jeans (牛仔裤) and looked like poor farm boys. We even thought that they had never seen a 4 before.

We all sat down. We felt that we didn't 5 any practice against a team like that. It was already so late that no 6 could be given to them for a warm-up (热身).

The game began. One of our boys 7 the ball and shot a long pass to our forward (前锋). Suddenly a boy in a dirty T-shirt 8 the ball and with a beautiful form (姿势) he shot and got two scores. They 9 us. Then they got another pair of scores in a minute.

Soon it was all over. The country team 10 us.

We certainly learned that even though (即使) a team is good, there is usually another team just a little 11. But the important lesson we learned was: One can't tell (判断) a man or a team by the 12.

()1. A. when B. after

C. and D. until

()2. A. worse B. better

C. stranger D. younger

()3. A. clean B. dirty

C. fine D. nice

()4. A. basketball B. football

C. volleyball D. tennis ball

()5. A. get B. use

C. need D. try

()6. A. place B. time

C. use D. ball

()7. A. got B. missed

C. brought D. kept

()8. A. changed B. caught

C. started D. threw

()9. A. pleased B. broke

C. hit D. surprised

()10. A. won B. lost

C. beat D. saved

()11. A. well B. better

C. bad D. worse

()12. A. T-shirt B. places

C. jeans D. clothes

V. 书面表达。(20分)

去年春天,北京出现了非典型肺炎。在那段时间,我们不得不待在家里。于是我开始自学。在学习方面,我的做法和想法是……

备用单词和短语:

1. have to stay, at home, in those days
2. begin, to learn the lessons, by myself
3. Classroom on the Air
4. think

SARS broke out in Beijing in Spring.





Unit 2

Water sports

Lesson 5



基础作业

I. 根据句意和首字母补全单词。

1. He a _____ here two days before you.
2. I looked for my pen everywhere but I can't find it a _____.
3. She has learnt s _____ from her uncle by the beaches for two weeks.
4. Of all the s _____, I like summer best because I can go swimming in the river.
5. Her father often goes abroad on b _____.

II. 根据汉语意思完成句子。

1. 你迟早会找到答案的。
You will find the answer _____.
2. 我正在整理床铺时，妈妈进来了。
I _____ my bed when Mum came in.
3. 他遇到难题时，总是想不出来。
He usually can't _____ an idea when he meets difficult problems.
4. 他过去常起得晚，现在习惯于早起。
He _____ get up early, but now he _____ up early.
5. 他们出国了吗？
_____ they _____?

III. 句型转换。

1. Both my father and my mother are good at cooking.
(变为否定句)
_____ my father _____ my mother _____ in cooking.
2. I saw he was watching TV. (变为简单句)
I saw _____ TV.
3. He found nothing there. (变为同意句)
He _____ find _____ there.
4. I think he can ride a bike. (变为否定句)
I _____ he can ride a bike.
5. Mr Li went to London five years ago and now he is

still there. (变为同意句)

Mr Li _____ London for five years.



提高作业

IV. 补全对话。

从方框中选择恰当的句子完成对话，并将其字母标号填入相应题前的括号内。

- | |
|---|
| <p>A. This is Li Ming.
B. Good night.
C. Can I speak to Yang Lin, please?
D. I'm sorry to hear that.
E. I'm sorry I can't come.</p> |
|---|

A: Hello!

() B: Hello! 1

A: Just a minute. May I ask who's calling?

() B: 2

A: Hold on, please. Your call, Yang Lin. It's from Li Ming.

C: Hi, Li Ming. This is Yang Lin speaking.

() B: Hi, Yang Lin. Thank you for asking me to your party. 3 You see, my sister is sick and I have to stay home with her.

() C: 4 I hope it's not serious.

B: Not really. She is already a bit better now.

C: Glad to hear it. Please tell your sister I hope she gets better soon. Thanks for calling. Good night.

() B: 5

V. 单项选择。

- () 1. Kate is taller than _____ student in her class. She is the tallest.
A. any B. all the
C. any other D. any others
- () 2. Every morning Mr Green takes a _____ to his office.
A. 20 minutes walk





- B. 20 minute's walk
C. 20-minutes walk
D. 20-minute walk
- () 3. — _____ do you write to your pen friend?
—Once a month.
A. How long B. How much
C. How often D. How soon
- () 4. He has _____ finished his homework, but he hasn't cleaned his room _____.
A. already, already
B. never, already
C. already, yet
D. already, ever
- () 5. The great writer spent most of the time _____ the desk. He has _____ many books.
A. on, write
B. writing, writing
C. at, written
D. on, wrote
- () 6. We _____ ten English songs so far.
A. have learnt B. learned
C. are learning D. learn
- () 7. I don't know _____.
A. how to do B. what to do
C. what to do it D. when to do
- () 8. The coat doesn't fit him well, as he has _____ a big body and the coat is _____ small.
A. so, such B. so, so
C. such, so D. such, such
- () 9. _____ you say. I won't change my mind.
A. No matter whatever
B. No matter what
C. No matter what do
D. No matter how
- () 10. —Have you finished _____ the book?
—Not yet.
A. read B. to read
C. reads D. reading



热点考题

VI. 完形填空。

My hobby is playing chess — one of the greatest games in the world. My mum taught me 1 to play

when I was seven years old. She 2 me every time for the first year. But then, on my 3 birthday, I won for the first time. Now I am always the winner between us.

It takes about a day to learn the rules. 4 if you want to be good, you have to practise for years. You don't need much to play chess — just a chess set and someone to play with. Chess sets 5 be very cheap, or quite expensive. Some people collect chess sets as a hobby, but I 6 to play.

There is a chess club in our school. We meet every week to play each other. I am the best 7 in the club, and the captain of the school chess team. This year we 8 the All England Schools' Championship (冠军). I had to go on stage (台子) in front of the whole school to collect the prize.

I'm saving up my money to buy a chess 9. It's very good for practice. That way I'll 10 have someone to play with, and I'm sure I'm make more progress.

- () 1. A. what B. why
 C. how D. where
- () 2. A. hit B. lost
 C. beat D. fought
- () 3. A. seventh B. eighth
 C. ninth D. tenth
- () 4. A. And B. So
 C. Yet D. But
- () 5. A. can B. must
 C. should D. will
- () 6. A. want B. wish
 C. prefer D. choose
- () 7. A. player B. fan
 C. leader D. learner
- () 8. A. received B. won
 C. lost D. owned
- () 9. A. computer B. book
 C. dictionary D. game
- () 10. A. sometimes B. sometime
 C. always D. seldom

