

大学英语六级考试

最新题型及模拟训练

清华大学教授 吴永麟 主编

中国环境科学出版社

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北京

内 容 简 介

本书是长期教学经验的结晶，目的是为提高学生英语综合能力。针对学生在学习中的缺点和考试中所暴露出来的弱点，纵观今后发展趋势，采用从词汇、结构入手，阅读巩固，辨错改错提高，作文翻译应用的步骤，编写了两类题型：

1. 保留六级考试中原有题型：结构词汇选择，阅读选择，篇章改错、作文。
2. 新辟题型：(1) 结构单句辨错、改错，词汇置换，阅读问答，英译汉和汉译英。

最后以模拟考题检验学习成绩，覆盖面大，词汇丰富，题型前有指导，后有难点注释，译文、范文参考。适合自学，是六级、研究生、托福出国人员考试必备的书。

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中国环境科学出版社出版发行

北京崇文区北岗子街8号

河北三河新艺印刷厂印刷

各地新华书店经售

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1996年7月第一版 开本 787×1092 1/16

1996年7月第一次印刷 印张 18.375

印数 0001—5000 字数 400千字

ISBN 7-80135-118-5/G·535

定价：24.80元

序 言

CET—6(College English Test — Band Six)大学英语六级考试从1989年1月在全国首次举行以来,每年两次,有几十万人参加。为使学生正确对待六级统考,体现国家教委精神,提高考试效果,扎实地把语言学到手,而不是考前突击,考后全忘,我们编写了这本书。

我们结合长期教学经验,分析了学生在学习中的缺点——死记硬背;考试中所暴露出来的弱点——语言基础、应用能力差;按教学大纲和考试大纲要求,从国外最新刊物、试题中精选材料,编写出从客观题向主观题进军的各类练习,即:

1. 保留六级原有题型——词汇/结构选择(谢雨/吴永麟)、阅读选择、作文(纪康丽、吴永麟)、改错(张涛)。

2. 增加新题型——词汇置换、单句辩错、改错(吴永麟)、阅读问答(周洪)、翻译:英译汉(张涛),汉译英(张涛,吴永麟)。

为检验学生学习成果,书后附有三套模拟考题和一套六级真题(1995年公开题)。这是从词汇、结构基础入手、阅读巩固、辨错改错提高、翻译(中译英、英译中)、作文应用、考题检验来巩固课堂学习内容,提高语言水平和应用能力科学步骤,是任何考试,包括六级统考成功的保证。

每项练习前有提示,是编著教学实践总结而得,内容翔实、指导具体、步骤明确,对学生系统重点学习,真正把语言学到手具有一定作用。练习后有答案、难点有注释,翻译有参考译文,作文有范文,便于读者自学。

本书主要为参加六级(CET—6)考试的学生编写,内容由浅入深,所以也适合研究生及其它准备 TOEFL、EPT 考试的学生应用。

由于编著者水平有限,错误在所难免,望读者不吝赐教,以便在修订时,加以纠正。

吴永麟

1996.6 月于清华园

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一、语法结构提示

语法结构和词汇在六级考试中作为综合性题型给出,比例为3:2,词汇为60%左右,结构为40%左右,用以测定学生词汇、短语、搭配和结构的应用能力。这里分两部分列出:词汇、结构。

这部分分两方面给出:①六级保留题型:选择。②单句辨错、改错。共400题,内容尽量包括语法结构各个方面:语法基本规则、变化形式、词法、句法、句型、惯用型等等,以及各种结构综合应用,以巩固考生课堂所学,提高其应用能力。

考生应试这类题,先判定题目要考查的语法现象,然后依照语法规则,进行选择或辨别找出或写出正确答案。要注重一般中的难点,如:

1. 时态语态题,要注意时态呼应,完成时动态功能等。
2. 虚拟语气句中,除了三种基本形式外,要特别留意错综条件句,省略if的倒装词序,某些动词、形容词、名词等及某些句型要求虚拟语气,和情态动词+原形动词和完成时的应用。
3. 主谓一致涉及面很广,有名词、代词、短语、连词等等,要留意它们特定的要求和用法。
4. 非谓语动词中,除应掌握那些词后用动名词或不定式外,还要熟悉两者皆可用时的差别,过去分词和现在分词应用的规律,以及三者的一般、完成、进行时,主动、被动的变化等。
5. 形容词和副词中,词序及 more than, less than 等惯用型是考题中难点。
6. 复合句题型中,要分析引导从句关联词、关系代词和连接词,以解决句子所属类型,还分析句子含义是转折、因果、对比,还是递进,来确定具体的连接词,特别要注意有些具有连接词功能的副词。
7. 倒装词序题中,要留意倒装的条件和词语。
8. 惯用词组搭配、短语中介词以及介词本身的用法。

最后,语法结构题还要从句子完整意思加以校核,从形式到内容予以分析,才能使答案正确率有所保证。

100道辨错改错题要比选择难,是巩固和提高考生结构应用能力,为篇章改错打下基础,避免写作中出错的关键练习之一。

Part I

Structure

Section A Multiple choices

Directions: In this section, there are 300 incomplete sentences. For each sentence, there are four choices A, B, C and D. Chose the ONE that best completethe sentence.

1. We had ~~hoped~~ _____ the game, but the other team ~~played~~ very well.
(A) State University to win (B) that State University win
~~(C) that State University would win~~ (D) State University's winning
2. Professional people appreciate _____ when it is necessary to cancel an appointment.
(A) you to call them (B) that you would call them
(C) your calling them ~~(D) that you are calling them~~
3. In fact, Mary would rather ~~have left~~ for San Francisco _____ in Los Angeles.
(A) than staying (B) than stay
~~(C) than have stayed~~ (D) to stay
4. Not ~~until~~ a baby kangaroo is four months old _____ to line outside its mother's pouch.
(A) is he beginning (B) he begins
(C) it begins ~~(D) does it begin~~
5. I ~~wish~~ that she _____ her husband ~~by the time~~ I go abroad next year.
(A) leaves (B) left ~~完成时~~
(C) has left ~~(D) would have left~~
6. All flights _____ because of the snowstorm, we ~~decided to~~ take the train.
(A) were canceled ~~(B) had been canceled~~
(C) having canceled ✓ (D) having been canceled ✓
7. This new itch-preventing shampoo is not ~~much~~ _____ the other ones that I have ever tried.
(A) different (B) different from
(C) differenter than ~~(D) more different from~~ ^{than}
8. He decided ~~to go~~ _____ some job advertisements.
(A) look at (B) so to look at
~~(C) and look at~~ (D) for looking at
9. When she came back from her trip, the first thing she did was to wash her face
_____.

语料题

- (A) clean (B) to be cleaned
(C) cleaned (D) cleaning
10. Supposing I _____ agree, what shall you do?
(A) don't (B) didn't
(C) had not (D) were not to
11. At this moment I cannot give you a definite answer yet. I'd like to spend _____ more time considering this problem.
(A) rather (B) fairly
(C) quite (D) rarely
12. He knows little of mathematics, and _____ of chemistry.
(A) even (B) no less
(C) still less (D) still more
13. If one of the participants in a conversation wonders _____, no real communication has taken place.
(A) what said the other person
(B) what the other person said
(C) what did the other person say
(D) what was the other person saying
14. She said that she would never give me an answer _____ to my question.
(A) to (B) of
(C) with (D) inside
15. _____ their differences, mother and father had one purpose in common.
(A) In spite (B) In spite that
(C) In spite of (D) Despite of
16. It is desirable that the agreement _____ before Christmas.
(A) is signed (B) was signed
(C) be signed (D) has been signed
17. _____ art was a relatively late development in the United States.
(A) Not until dance as a performing (B) Dance was a performing
(C) Dance as a performing (D) Dance was performed as an
18. The boat _____ already; it's not due to go until ten o'clock.
(A) can't have left (B) needn't have left
(C) mustn't have left (D) won't have left
19. Come when you _____, you will find him in the library.
(A) do (B) will (C) like (D) want
20. Darkness _____ in the young people lingered on merrymaking.
(A) sets (B) being set (C) setting (D) to set

21. Besides being expensive, the food in the cafeteria smells awful.
 (A) bad (B) badly (C) more badly (D) too much bad
22. Can I get you something from the food-stall? "_____, please."
 (A) A dollar's worth of peanuts (B) Peanut of a dollars' worth
 (C) Worth of a dollar of peanuts (D) Peanuts worth of a dollar
23. _____ the certain destruction of germs in milk, it must be held at a fixed temperature for a fixed time.
 (A) To ensure (B) Ensuring
 (C) Ensured *have ab do other* (D) Having ensured
24. General Grant had General Lee _____ him at Appomattox to sign the official surrender of the Confederate forces.
 (A) to meet (B) met
 (C) meet *meeting* (D) meeting
25. How often have queued for _____ seems like hours at the booking office before you can get a train ticket?
 (A) what (B) which (C) that (D) when
26. "Would you like to have some wine or whiskey?"
 "_____, thank you anyway. I have just had some whiskey."
 (A) Either (B) Neither *eat* (C) All (D) Both
27. The local health organization is reported _____ twenty-five years ago when Dr. Audon became its first president.
 (A) to be set up (B) being set up
 (C) to have been set up (D) having been set up
28. I thought _____ of her after that.
 (A) very highly *highly* (B) height
 (C) very high (D) high
29. The quality of my recorder is surely inferior _____ that of yours.
 (A) than (B) to (C) by (D) as
30. For far _____ long the average level of productivity in that country had been lower than was to be expected.
 (A) so (B) very (C) too (D) that
31. Most Americans don't object _____ them by their first names.
 (A) that I call (B) to my calling
 (C) for calling (D) that I am call
32. _____ up with all the curses from Jane, he decided never to speak to her again.
 (A) Feed (B) Feeding
 (C) Fed (D) To feed *feed*

BRC CP AB LA D RB
C A B

33. She put on a _____ for the important occasion.
 (A) red bright silk dress (B) silk red bright dress
 (C) bright red silk dress *英 Chinese* (D) bright silk red dress
34. Not ~~until~~ 1931 _____ the official anthem of the United States.
 (A) "The Star-spangled Banner" did become
 (B) when "The Star-spangled Banner" became
 (C) did "The Star-spangled Banner" become
 (D) became "The Star-spangled Banner"
35. Prof. Lee's book will show you _____ can be used in other contexts.
 (A) that you have observed (B) that how you have observed
 (C) how that you have observed (D) how what you have observed
36. Farmers look forward to _____ every summer.
 (A) participating in the county fairs
 (B) participate in the county fairs
 (C) be participating in the county fairs
 (D) have participated in the county fairs
37. He is _____ teacher that many schools want to hire him.
 (A) such a excellent (B) so excellent a
 (C) a so excellent (D) a such excellent
38. This young man is hardworking and _____. I strongly recommend him.
 (A) conscientious (B) conscience
 (C) conscious (D) consciously
39. There has been an _____ change in the village recently.
 (A) appreciable (B) appreciative
 (C) appreciated (D) appreciate *correctly*
40. The speaker, _____ for her splendid speeches, was warmly received by the audience.
 (A) having known (B) knowing *知道*
 (C) being known (D) known *独立结构*
41. Britain's press is unusual _____ it is divided into two very different types of newspaper, the quality press and the popular press.
 (A) in how (B) in which
 (C) in what (D) in that
42. Many things _____ impossible and incredible in the past are common today.
 (A) considering (B) considered
 (C) to consider (D) being considered
43. Had Paul received six more votes in the last election, he _____ our chairman

now.

(A) must have been

(B) would have been

(C) were

(D) would be

44. Prices for bikes can run _____ \$ 250.

(A) as high as

(B) as high to

(C) so high to

(D) so high as

45. One common English name is Tom, _____ is Dick and still _____ Harry.

(A) other/another

(B) the other/another

(C) the other/the other

(D) another/another

46. I'm going anyway, _____ she will go is up to her to decide.

(A) if or not

(B) whether or not = if

(C) that if

(D) that

47. He is wiser than _____ his money in that undertaking.

(A) risking

(B) to risk

(C) having risked

(D) to have risked

48. Whatever _____ the reason for it, we cannot tolerate such uncivilized acts.

(A) is

(B) was

(C) be

(D) will be

49. Weather _____, we can go to the grassland in Inner Mongolia and stay with herdsmen for a few days.

(A) to permit

(B) permitting

(C) permits

(D) permitted

→ 50. I should say Henry is not _____ much a writer as a reporter.

(A) that

(B) so

(C) this

(D) as

51. In the donation activities, we received _____ used books and magazines.

(A) plenty of 捐赠

(B) a great deal of

(C) a large amount of

(D) vast amounts of

52. To hear him speak English, one _____ take him for an Englishman.

(A) should

(B) would

(C) must

(D) will

53. _____ either he or his accountants going to attend the meeting tomorrow?

(A) Are

(B) Is

(C) Was

(D) Were

54. If it is true that the most nutritious part of an orange is its skin, I wonder why _____ eat it.

(A) people do not

(B) do not people

(C) people not

(D) do people not

55. The use of well-chosen nonsense words makes _____ the testing of many basic hypotheses in the field of language learning.

- (A) it is possibly (B) its possibility
 (C) them possible (D) possible
56. You can drive to Beijing earlier for the meeting _____ you don't mind taking the night train.
 (A) provided (B) unless
 (C) though (D) until
57. I bite my lips when I am thinking. I must break _____.
 (A) the habit to me (B) of the habit myself
 (C) myself of the habit (D) the habit with myself
58. Many embarrassing situations occur _____ a misunderstanding.
 (A) for (B) of
 (C) because of (D) with
59. You have a better command of English than _____ such mistakes.
 (A) making (B) make 不会犯错误
 (C) to make (D) have made
60. Amy is taller than _____ students in her class.
 (A) all the (B) all
 (C) all but (D) all other
61. Travelers _____ their reservations well in advance if they want to fly during the Christmas holidays.
 (A) had better to get (B) had to get better
 (C) had better get (D) had better got
62. Some metropolitan newspapers would make sizable volumes _____ in book form.
 (A) than the print (B) print them
 (C) if printed (D) they are printed
63. The grain could have been gathered in last week if the weather had been fine; but _____, it had to be left in the fields.
 (A) as it is (B) as it were
 (C) as it was (D) as it had been
64. _____ be the consequence, I will be on your side.
 (A) However (B) No matter how
 (C) No matter (D) Whatever
65. I decided to go to the library as soon as I _____.
 (A) finish what I did (B) finished what I did
 (C) finished what I was doing (D) would finish what I was doing
66. The board deemed it urgent that these files _____ right away.
 (A) had to be printed (B) should have been printed

deem / i: /
相信认为

- (C) must be printed (D) should be printed
67. Evidence came up _____ specific speech sounds are recognized by babies as young as 6 months old.
 (A) what (B) that
 (C) whose (D) which
68. Don't leave your car under No Parking sign; _____ your car may be towed away by the police.
 (A) or else (B) because
 (C) if not (D) or rather
69. I have been to the Inner Mongolia grassland _____ because, you know, it is my hometown.
 (A) a hundred time (B) hundreds of times
 (C) hundred times (D) hundred of times
70. The artist asked that his painting _____ displayed at the National Gallery.
 (A) were (B) was
 (C) would be (D) be
71. For some psychologists and educators, in fact, language and thought are considered identical; language equals thought because one cannot be observed without _____.
 (A) another (B) one another
 (C) others (D) the other
72. She is said to _____ like that for many years.
 (A) be working (B) have worked
 (C) have been working (D) work
73. To answer accurately is more important than _____.
 (A) a quick finish (B) to finish quickly
 (C) finishing quickly (D) you finish quickly
74. I saw our boss coming down the hall.
 Then we'd better quit _____ and get down to business.
 (A) talking (B) to talk
 (C) from talking (D) having talk
75. I want _____ as soon as possible.
 (A) that my electric fan is repaired (B) my electric fan repaired
 (C) that my electric fan repairs (D) my electric fan to repair
76. _____ stereophonic phonograph records, two recordings are made of the same musical performance.
 (A) Creates (B) Created
 (C) The creating of (D) To create

77. Richard Nixon had been a lawyer and _____ before he entered politics.
 (A) served in the Navy as an officer
 (B) an officer in the Navy
 (C) the Navy had him as an officer
 (D) did service in the Navy as an officer
78. Boarding Fee in an American private school can run _____ 600 dollars a month.
 (A) so high as
 (B) as high to
 (C) as high as
 (D) as high than
79. I like watching TV _____ to the cinema.
 (A) more than to go
 (B) than going
 (C) rather than to go
 (D) more than going
80. You look _____ but we'll soon fatten you up.
 (A) below weight
 (B) under weight
 (C) less weight
 (D) beneath weight
81. It is not always necessary _____ the TOEFL to be admitted to an American university.
 (A) to have to take
 (B) that you must take
 (C) to take
 (D) that you have to take
82. She _____ no, but that she _____ afraid.
 (A) should have said/were
 (B) would have said/was
 (C) could have said/was
 (D) might have said/were
83. In spite of your living so far away we both hope very much _____.
 (A) your coming
 (B) you to come
 (C) that you come
 (D) that you will come
84. _____ I am concerned, I really did nothing in that action against the government.
 (A) As long as 只要...就
 (B) As far as 在...限度内
 (C) As well as
 (D) As much as in so far as 就...而言
85. "What musical instrument do you like to play, Mary?" "The first choice is of course _____."
 (A) guitar
 (B) the guitar
 (C) a guitar
 (D) guitars
86. I'd rather you _____ anything about the garden until the weather improves.
 (A) didn't do
 (B) haven't done
 (C) wouldn't do
 (D) had don't
87. They haven't decided _____ the microscope themselves or buy one from the United States.
 (A) if to build
 (B) either to build

- (C)if that they should build (D)whether to bulid
88. This skirt is a little bit out of fashion, _____ it is a very good bargain.
 (A)or else (B)or otherwise
 (C)despite (D)otherwise
89. The old lady over there is _____.
 (A)Amy and Mary mother (B)Amy and Mary's mother
 (C)Amy's and Mary's mother (D)Amy's and Mary mother
90. Everything was very expensive. I didn't buy _____ fruit, but I got some _____ apples.
 (A)any/big red (B)much/big red
 (C)any/red big (D)some/red big
91. Whether he agrees or not will be _____ consequence to our decision.
 (A)no (B)of no
 (C)little (D)making little
92. I'd rather that your parents _____ me a gold watch as a birthday present.
 (A)gave (B)would give
 (C)had given (D)would have given
93. "Did you eat three sandwiches?" "yes, I was _____ hungry today."
 (A)more than usual (B)more usually
 (C)unusual (D)unusually
94. Genes determines _____ the shape of a leaf and the sex, height, and hair color of a child.
 (A)such as features (B)such features as
 (C)as such features (D)features as such
95. Teachers of children need to set standards high enough to challenge them, but _____ them from succeeding.
 (A)not so high as to prevent (B)not high so as to prevent
 (C)not so high as to preventing (D)not high so as to preventing
96. Put plants _____ a window so that they will get enough light.
 (A)near to (B)near of
 (C)next to (D)nearly
97. If such a criminal is not arrested, it will certainly pose a danger to _____.
 (A)the society (B)a society
 (C)society (D)societies
98. In reorgnizing the curriculum of Mt. Holyoke College in the late 1800's, Elizabeth laid the foundation _____ the modern college rests.
 (A)in which (B)on which

(C) which is on (D) which is in

99. Some companies have introduced flexible working time with less emphasis on pressure _____.

(A) than more on efficiency

(B) and more efficiency

(C) and more on efficiency

(D) than efficiency

100. Scarcely _____ asleep when a loud knock at the door awakened us.

(A) we had fallen

(B) we fell

(C) had we fallen

(D) had we did fallen

101. I know I couldn't have heard anything, but I do wish I _____ there.

(A) were

(B) was

(C) went

(D) had been

102. All of the plants now raised on farms have been developed from plants _____ wild.

(A) once they grew

(B) that once grew

(C) they grew once

(D) once grew

103. He often sat in a small bar drinking considerably more than _____.

(A) he was in good health

(B) his health was good

(C) his good health was

(D) was good for his health

104. For the investor who _____ money, silver or bonds are good options.

(A) as high as

(B) has very little

(C) has so few

(D) has very few

105. _____ the few who have failed their examinations, all the other students in the hall are in very high spirits.

(A) Apart from

(B) In spite of

(C) Except

(D) But for

106. She has never again created _____ in her later works as the one in her first novel.

(A) such creative a character

(B) so a creative character

(C) such creative character

(D) so creative a character

107. The managing director, along with his assistants, _____.

(A) has just arrived

(B) have just arrived

(C) just arrive

(D) just arriving

108. "How grey your hair is, grandma!" "Do you mean that yours will be _____ mine when you are my age?"

(A) no greyer than

(B) no more greyer as

(C) not grey more than

(D) not greyer as

109. I appreciate _____ to your home.

(A) to be invited

(B) to have invited

(C) being invited

(D) having invited

110. Be the consequences _____ they may. I will not shrink from doing my duty.
 (A) that (B) which
 (C) ~~what~~ (D) as
111. The director listened to his suggestion with an _____ expression.
 (A) ~~intended~~ (B) intent
 (C) intentional (D) ~~intensive~~
112. By 1990, production in the area is expected to double _____ of 1980.
 (A) ~~that~~ (B) it
 (C) one (D) what
113. Two hundred and fifty dollars _____ too much for that low-quality TV set.
 (A) ~~is~~ (B) are
 (C) has (D) have
114. Please be kind to him, After all, his days are _____.
 (A) ~~numbered~~ (B) numbering
 (C) beyond number (D) without number
115. As a safety measure, the detonator for a nuclear device may be made of _____ each of which is controlled by a different employee.
 (A) two equipments (B) two pieces of equipments
 (C) ~~two pieces of equipment~~ (D) two equipment pieces
116. "I saw Ann in the library yesterday." "You _____ her; she is still abroad."
 (A) could not see (B) ~~can't have seen~~
 (C) must not have seen (D) had not seen
117. Emily is the only one of the students who _____ take part in the contest.
 (A) ~~is to~~ (B) are to
 (C) have been going to (D) is
118. Don't argue with him any longer. You are only wasting your breath _____ to win him over to your side.
 (A) having tried (B) to try
 (C) to be tried (D) ~~trying~~
119. "I wish I had seen the play that day." "Well, if I _____ that, I would have given you my ticket."
 (A) would know (B) would have known
 (C) was knowing (D) ~~had known~~
120. Mary is _____ of everybody's feelings.
 (A) ~~considerate~~ (B) considerable
 (C) considering (D) considered
121. Mr. Guo said that he would be punctual for the appointment this time, _____ he