

大学英语
六级考试词汇

分频记忆
宝典

王焱 梁媛 等 编

- 电脑分频，科学高效 •••
- 洞悉真题，直击考点 •••
- 轻松记忆，事半功倍 •••



中国水利水电出版社
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内 容 提 要

本书依据《大学英语六级考试大纲》，采用分频记忆的方式，利用电脑统计技术将大纲词汇在历年六级考试真题中出现的次数进行科学的分频，并按照由高到低的顺序进行编排，对重点词汇予以重点解析，并配有语境例句。同时在每一单元还设置了真题演练和详解。读者通过系统而科学的词汇学习，能高效掌握最有用的单词，做到“温故知新、触类旁通、学以致用”。

本书不仅适合备考大学英语六级考试的学子使用，而且对于广大英语爱好者而言，也是一本有实用价值的参考书。

图书在版编目 (CIP) 数据

大学英语六级考试词汇分频记忆宝典 / 王焱等编. —北京: 中国水利水电出版社, 2009

ISBN 978-7-5084-6388-9

I. 大… II. 王… III. 英语-词汇-高等学校-水平考试-自学参考资料 IV. H313

中国版本图书馆 CIP 数据核字 (2009) 第 044651 号

书 作 者 出 版 发 行	名 者 行	大学英语六级考试词汇分频记忆宝典 王焱 梁媛 等 编 中国水利水电出版社 (北京市海淀区玉渊潭南路 1 号 D 座 100038) 网址: www.waterpub.com.cn E-mail: sales@waterpub.com.cn 电话: (010) 68367658 (营销中心) 北京科水图书销售中心 (零售) 电话: (010) 88383994、63202643 全国各地新华书店和相关出版物销售网点
排 印 规 版 印 定	版 刷 格 次 数 价	贵艺图文设计中心 北京市地矿印刷厂 145mm×210mm 32 开本 10.875 印张 337 千字 2009 年 7 月第 1 版 2009 年 7 月第 1 次印刷 0001—5000 册 22.00 元

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前言

Preface

背单词前先“定位”

现在流行的英语单词记忆方法林林总总,逻辑记忆、联想记忆、分类记忆、循环记忆、卡片记忆、感官记忆、软件记忆、构词记忆、图表记忆、游戏记忆、歌曲记忆、阅读记忆、同义记忆、反义记忆、词典记忆、商标记忆、比较记忆、理解记忆、联系记忆、综合记忆等,真是不一而足。面对五花八门的记忆方法,面对各式各样的单词助记手册,不知您会如何取舍?

毋庸置疑,无论哪种方法都不能完全适用于所有单词的记忆!换句话说,不同类型的英语单词应该用不同的方法去记忆;不同功用的单词也要用不同的方法去记忆。

日常英语单词最好的记忆方法——分类记忆

日常生活中使用的英语常处于不同的语境,每个语境或主题往往涉及某种类别的单词。比如谈到饮食,自然会用到主食、蔬菜、水果等相关的单词,更进一步说,主食又会再细分为米饭、面条、面包等具体的单词。不难想到,日常生活中使用的英语单词多具有按类别出现的属性,所以将单词进行聚类,用分类法记忆单词是最明智的。

备考英语单词最好的记忆方法——分频记忆

在英语考试中,无论是哪种题型,其核心都是考查学生对重点单词、语法的理解和掌握程度。考试就是对知识的抽查!聪明的学生一定会领悟这一道理,他们往往把主要精力放在经常考到的内容上,有重点地进行复习!学习单词也是一样,优先记忆在考试

中出现频次最高的单词,是在有限时间内获得较好复习效果的窍门。

本书依据《大学英语六级考试大纲》,利用电脑统计技术将大纲词汇在历年六级考试真题中出现的次数进行分频,然后按高频至低频的顺序编排,对重点词汇予以重点解析,并配有语境例句。在每一单元还设置真题演练和解析,帮助考生活学活用。

本书由王焱、梁媛主编,马云秀、王建军、王海娜、王越、白云飞、刘梅、张世华、张红燕、张娟娟、张静、李光全、李良、李翔、李楚、陈仕奇、罗勇军、姜文琪、董敏、蒋卫华等也参加了本书的编写。希望通过本书的学习,能给读者带来更多的惊喜,助您能全面攻克单词记忆难关,成为六级考试战场的英雄!

编 者

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Unit

1

五频以上词汇

单词详解

ascribe [ə'skraɪb] *vt.* 归因于, 归咎于

【搭配】ascribe sth. to sb. /sth. 归功于, 归咎于

【例句】He ascribed his failure to objective conditions.

他把失败归咎于客观条件。

【词根记忆】-scrib = write (词根) “写”

immerse [ɪ'mɜ:s] *vt.* 使浸入, 使沉浸于, 使深陷于

【搭配】immerse in 浸入, 沉浸于; 沉溺于

【例句】He immersed himself totally in his work.

他埋头于工作。

【词根记忆】im “里” + merse “沉” 沉入水里

obscure [əb'skjuə] *a.* 微暗的, 难解的, 不著名的 *vt.* 使模糊不清, 掩盖, 隐藏

【搭配】an obscure poet 无名诗人

be of obscure origin 出身卑贱

【例句】The path grew more obscure in the fading light.

小径在渐渐消失的光线下变得更暗了。

【义辨】obscure 指“对某事物的意思含混不清, 或因知识缺乏而难解的”;

vague 指“模糊的, 不明确的”;

ambiguous 指“有两种或两种以上的解释而意义不明确的”。



persistent [pə'sistənt] *a.* 固执的, 坚持的

【搭配】persistent effort 坚持不懈的努力

【例句】Despite persistent denials, the rumor continued to spread.

尽管一再否认, 谣言还是不经而走。

【词根记忆】sist (词根) “坚持、承受”

reconcile ['rekən'sail] *vt.* 使和好, 和解, 使一致, 和谐

【例句】We tried to reconcile her with her family.

我们试图让她和她的家庭和好。

simultaneous [ˌsiməl'teiniəs] *a.* 同时发生的, 同时存在的

【例句】The simultaneous demonstrations are held in London and New York.

在伦敦和纽约同时举行示威游行。

【词根记忆】simul- (词根) “一起 together” → simultaneous 同时发生的

spontaneous [spɒn'tenʃəs, -niəs] *a.* 自发的, 自然产生的

【例句】She shows a spontaneous gaiety of manner.

她露出天真愉快的神态。

transaction [trænzækʃən] *n.* 交易, 处理, 办理

【例句】Buying a house is an important transaction for most people.

买房子对大多数人来讲都是件重要的事。

transit ['trænsit] *n.* 搬运, 运输, 载运

【搭配】in transit 在运输中

【例句】The goods were lost in transit.

这些货物在运输中丢失了。

transition [træn'ziʃən, -'sɪʃən] *n.* 过渡, 转变, 变迁

【例句】Such a sudden transition must affect her and ice her over.

这样的一个人突然变化一定会影响她, 使她变得冷淡而克制起来。

trivial ['trɪviəl] *a.* 琐碎的, 不重要的, 没有意义的

【例句】Don't be angry over such trivial matters.

别为这些琐事生气。

acknowledge [ək'nɒlɪdʒ] *vt.* 承认, 答谢, 告知收到

【搭配】It is universally acknowledged that... ……是大家所公认的

【例句】She is acknowledged as the best tennis-player in the world.

她被公认为是世界最佳网球选手。

【义辨】acknowledge 着重“公开承认”, 常用来指过去曾隐瞒或否认的事;

admit 是指在压力下不得不承认已经证实或难以否认的事实, 供认(事实, 错误等);

concede (不情愿地) 承认, (在结果确定前) 承认失败;

confess 着重承认自己的过错或罪恶;

recognize 指正式承认主权、权利等。

ambiguous [æm'bigjuəs] *a.* 模棱两可的

【例句】He give us an ambiguous answer.

他给了我们一个模棱两可的答复。

【词根记忆】ambi = about (词根) “大约” → ambiguous 模棱两可的

cherish ['tʃerɪʃ] *vt.* 珍爱, 珍视, 爱护

【例句】One of our cherished privileges is the right of free speech.

我们所珍视的权利之一是言论自由。

exclusive [iks'klʌsɪv] *a.* 高级的, 奢华的, 专用的, 独家的

n. 独家报道

【搭配】exclusive of 不包括……在内, 除去, 除……以外

【例句】This company has exclusive rights for the sale of Ford cars in the city.

这家公司享有福特汽车在本市的独家经销权。

inspiration [ˌɪnspə'reɪʃən] *n.* 灵感, 鼓舞人心的人或事

【搭配】have a sudden inspiration 灵机一动

get inspiration from 从……得到启示



大学英语六级考试词汇分频记忆宝典

give (the) inspiration to 启发; 鼓舞

【例句】 His wife was a constant inspiration to him.

他的妻子经常鼓励他。

subject ['sʌbdʒɪkt] *n.* 科目, 主题, 主语, 话题 *a.* 常有……的, 倾向于……的, 受……支配的, 取决于……的 *vt.* 使服从, 征服

【搭配】subject to 易受……的

【例句】 He tried to subject the whole family to his will.

他试图使全家人服从他的意愿。

【词根记忆】 sub-(词根) “下，次，附属”

真题演练

1. He has _____ to museums hundreds of his paintings as well as his entire personal collection of modern art. (2006. 06)
A) ascribed B) attributed
C) designated D) donated
2. Police and villagers unanimously _____ the forest fire to thunder and lightning. (2005. 12)
A) ascribed B) approached
C) confirmed D) confined
3. The police are trying to _____ what really happened. (2004. 06)
A) assert B) avert
C) ascertain D) ascribe
4. Many great scientists _____ their success to hard work. (2003. 12)
A) portray B) ascribe
C) impart D) acknowledge
5. More than 85 percent of French Canada's population speaks

- French as mother tongue and _____ to the Roman Catholic faith. (2002. 12)
- A) caters B) adheres C) ascribes D) subscribes
6. We should _____ our energy and youth to the development of our country. (2002. 01)
- A) dedicate B) cater C) ascribe D) cling
7. One witness _____ that he'd seen the suspect run out of the bank after it had been robbed. (2005. 01)
- A) convicted B) retorted
C) testified D) conformed
8. It is fortunate for the old couple that their son's career goals and their wishes for him _____. (2003. 06)
- A) coincide B) comply
C) conform D) collaborate
9. As visiting scholars, they willingly _____ to the customs of the country they live in. (2002. 12)
- A) submit B) conform
C) subject D) commit
10. All the students have to _____ to the rules and regulations of the school. (2001. 01)
- A) confirm B) confront C) confine D) conform
11. E-mail is a convenient, highly democratic informal medium for conveying messages that _____ well to human needs. (2000. 06)
- A) adhere B) reflect C) conform D) satisfy
12. All individuals are required to _____ to the laws made by their governments. (1999. 01)
- A) obey B) conform
C) concede D) observe



13. I was so _____ when I used the automatic checkout lane
in the supermarket for the first time. (2006. 06)

A) immerse B) delicate
C) thrill D) assault
14. Among all the public holidays, National Day seems to be the
most joyful to the people of the country; on that day the
whole country is _____ in a festival atmosphere.
(2005. 06)

A) trapped B) sunk
C) soaked D) immersed
15. The old couple now still _____ for their beloved son, 30
years after his death. (2004. 06)

A) mourn B) groan C) cherish D) immerse
16. The circus has always been very popular because it _____
both the old and the young. (2003. 09)

A) facilitates B) fascinates
C) immerses D) indulges
17. They were _____ in their scientific research, not knowing
what happened just outside their lab. (2001. 06)

A) submerged B) drowned
C) immersed D) dipped
18. For years now, the people of that faraway country have
been cruelly _____ by a dictator. (2000. 01)

A) depressed B) immersed
C) oppressed D) cursed
19. In our highly technological society, the number of jobs for
unskilled workers is _____. (1999. 01)

A) shrinking B) obscuring
C) altering D) constraining

20. Since the two countries couldn't _____ their differences, they decided to stop their negotiations. (1999. 06)
A) rectify B) oblige C) reconcile D) obscure
21. Frankly speaking, your article is very good except for some _____ mistakes in grammar. (1999. 06)
A) trivial C) rare B) obscure D) glaring
22. Very few people could understand the lecture the professor delivered because its subject was very _____. (2003. 06)
A) obscure C) dubious B) indefinite D) intriguing
23. For many patients, institutional care is the most _____ and beneficial form of care. (2000. 06)
A) pertinent B) appropriate
C) acute D) persistent
24. Bill is an example of a severely disabled person who has become _____ at many survival skills. (1999. 01)
A) proficient B) persistent
C) consistent D) sufficient
25. For many patients, institutional care is the most _____ and beneficial form of care. (1998. 06)
A) persistent B) appropriate
C) thoughtful D) sufficient
26. _____ efforts are needed in order to finish important but unpleasant tasks. (2005. 01)
A) Perpetual B) Persistent
C) Consecutive D) Condensed
27. If you go to the park every day in the morning, you will _____ find him doing physical exercise there. (2003. 06)
A) ordinarily B) invariably
C) logically D) persistently



28. What you say now is not _____ with what you said last week. (2002. 06)
A) consistent B) persistent
C) permanent D) insistent
29. Enk's website contains _____ photographs and hundreds of articles and short videos from his trip around the globe. (2006. 06)
A) prosperous B) gorgeous
C) spacious D) simultaneous
30. Fiber optic cables can carry hundreds of telephone conversations _____. (2005. 06)
A) homogeneously B) spontaneously
C) simultaneously D) ingeniously
31. Nothing Helen says is ever _____. She always thinks carefully before she speaks. (2005. 01)
A) simultaneous B) spontaneous
C) rigorous D) homogenous
32. The institution has a highly effective program which helps first-year students make a successful _____ into college life. (2006. 06)
A) transformation B) transmission
C) transition D) transaction
33. In order to keep the line moving, customers with lengthy _____ are required to do their banking inside. (2003. 12)
A) transit B) transactions
C) turnover D) tempos
34. Retirement is obviously a very complex _____ period; and the earlier you start planning for it, the better. (2003. 06)
A) transformation B) transmission

- C) transaction D) transition
35. Cultural _____ indicates that human beings hand their languages down from one generation to another. (2001. 01)
- A) translation B) transition
C) transmission D) transaction
36. He attends to the _____ of important business himself. (1998. 06)
- A) transaction B) transition
C) transmission D) transformation
37. The wooden cases must be secured by overall metal strapping so that they can be strong enough to stand rough handling during _____. (2005. 06)
- A) transit B) motion
C) shift D) traffic
38. These continual _____ in temperature make it impossible to decide what to wear. (2004. 06)
- A) fluctuations B) transformations
C) transitions D) exchanges
39. The _____ form childhood to adulthood is always critical time for everybody. (2001. 06)
- A) conversion B) transition
C) turnover D) transformation
40. There is much I enjoy about the changing seasons, but my favorite time is the _____ from fall to winter. (2000. 06)
- A) transmission B) transformation
C) transition D) transfer
41. If we continue to ignore the issue of global warming, we will almost certainly suffer the _____ effects of climatic changes worldwide. (2006. 06)



- A) dubious B) drastic
C) trivial D) toxic
42. Don't let such a _____ matter as this come between us so that we can concentrate on the major issue. (2003. 06)
A) trivial B) slight
C) partial D) minimal
43. The manager tried to wave aside these issues as _____ details that would be settled later. (2000. 01)
A) versatile B) trivial
C) preliminary D) alternate
44. A most _____ argument about who should go and fetch the bread from the kitchen was going on when I came in. (1998. 06)
A) trivial B) delicate
C) minor D) miniature
45. Professor Hawking is _____ as one of the world's greatest living physicists. (2002. 06)
A) dignified B) clarified
C) acknowledged D) illustrated
46. Despite almost universal _____ of the vital importance of women's literacy, education remains a dream for far too many women in far too many countries of the world. (2001. 06)
A) identification B) compliment
C) confession D) acknowledgement
47. They are well _____ with each other since they once studied in the same university. (1998. 06)
A) identified B) recognized
C) acknowledged D) acquainted
48. The first sentence in this paragraph is _____; it can be