



吉娜·克莱门

总顾问·陈琳

Great English Monarchs

and their Times

昔日的英国王室



华东师范大学出版社

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Level

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序

一套供青少年和英语爱好者阅读的丛书，应满足三个要求：

Read for pleasure;

Read for information;

Read for language improvement.

《Black Cat 有声名著阶梯阅读》满足了以上要求而有余。

首先，这是一套同时供听觉享受的书。一部作品，当它由专业演员朗读时，就能以其优美的声音、抑扬顿挫的语调、加上传神的表达，使读者和听者真正身临其境，最充分地领会作品中的情、境、思。而这一效果，就不是只有白纸黑字的书面材料所能提供的了。加之这套书图文并茂，更使视、听两种感官得以完美地结合。

其次，这套书为读、听者提供了有益的背景资料，包括作家生平、时代背景、人文知识等，有助于培养青少年的跨文化意识。书中许多传世名画，更给人充分的艺术享受。

再者，虽是读物，却兼具教科书的功能。每本书都编入为数不少的练习，涉及阅读理解、词汇辨析以及语法结构等，为课堂的语言教学提供了有效的补充。

在教育部颁布的国家英语课程标准中指出了泛读的重要性，明确规定了学生每学期的课外阅读量。学习任何外语，只有课内的精读，没有课外大量的泛读，是不可能学好的，更不用说获得语感。《Black Cat 有声名著阶梯阅读》丛书的编印出版，为广大青少年和英语爱好者提供了一个学习英语的新天地——我为你们庆幸。

教育部《英语课程标准》

专家组组长

陈琳

二〇〇三年冬为第一版而作

二〇〇九年夏为第二版修订

使用说明

1 应该怎样选书？

按阅读兴趣选书

《Black Cat 有声名著阶梯阅读》精选世界经典作品，也包括富于创意的现代作品；既有脍炙人口的小说、戏剧，又有非小说类的文化知识读物，品种丰富，内容多样，适合口味不同的读者挑选自己感兴趣的书籍，享受阅读的乐趣。

按英语程度选书

《Black Cat 有声名著阶梯阅读》现设 Level 1 至 Level 6，由浅入深，涵盖初、中级英语程度。读物分级采用了国际上通用的划分标准，主要以词汇 (vocabulary) 和结构 (structures) 划分。

Level 1 至 Level 3 出现的词汇较浅显，相对深的核心词汇均配上中文解释，节省读者查找词典的时间，以专心理解正文内容。在注释的帮助下，读者若能流畅地阅读正文内容，就不用担心这一本书程度过深。

Level 1 至 Level 3 出现的动词时态形式和句子结构比较简单。动词时态形式以一般现在时 (present simple)、现在进行时 (present continuous)、一般过去时 (past simple) 为主，句子结构大部分是简单句 (simple sentences)。此外，还包括比较级和最高级 (comparative and superlative forms)、可数和不可数名词 (countable and uncountable nouns) 以及冠词 (articles) 等语法知识点。

Level 4 至 Level 6 出现的动词时态形式，以现在完成时 (present perfect)、现在完成进行时 (present perfect continuous)、过去完成进行时 (past perfect continuous) 为主，句子结构大部分是复合句 (compound sentences)、条件从句 (1st and 2nd conditional sentences) 等。此外，还包括情态动词 (modal verbs)、被动形式 (passive forms)、动名词 (gerunds)、短语动词 (phrasal verbs) 等语法知识点。

根据上述的语法范围，读者可按自己实际的英语水平，如词汇量、语法知识、理解能力、阅读能力等自主选择，不再受制于学校年级划分或学历高低约束，完全根据个人需要选择合适的读物。

2 怎样提高阅读效果？

阅读的方法主要有两种：一是泛读，二是精读。两者各有功能，适当地结合使用，相辅相成，有事半功倍之效。

泛读，指阅读大量适合自己程度（可稍浅，但不能过深），不同内容、风格、体裁的读物，但求明白内容大意，不用花费太多时间钻研细节，主要作用是多接触英语，减轻对它的生疏感，巩固以前所学过的英语，让脑子在潜意识中吸收词汇用法、语法结构等。

精读，指小心认真地阅读内容精彩、组织有条理、遣词造句又正确的作品，着重点在于理解“准确”及“深入”，欣赏其精彩独到之处。精读时，可充分利用书中精心设计的练习，学习掌握有用的英语词汇和语法知识。精读后，可再花十分钟朗读其中一小段有趣的文字，边念边细心领会文字的结构和意思。

《Black Cat 有声名著阶梯阅读》中的作品均值得精读，如时间有限，不妨尝试每两个星期泛读一本，辅以每星期挑选书中一章精彩的文字精读。要学好英语，持之以恒地泛读和精读英文是最有效的方法。

3 如何充分利用本系列 CD？

本系列每本书均配有 CD，提供作品朗读，朗读者都是专业演员，英国作品由英国演员录音，美国作品由美国演员录音，务求增加聆听的真实感和感染力。多聆听英式和美式英语两种发音，可让读者熟悉二者的差异，逐渐培养分辨英美发音的能力，提高聆听理解的准确度。

聆听与阅读的安排可随读者喜爱，先读后听，先听后读，边听边读或交替进行。读者亦可以本系列的 CD 为核心，着重提高听的能力，此时应选择

程度稍浅的品种。

若将 CD 随身携带，反复聆听、诵读，日积月累，对英语理解能力和表达能力的提高必有显著成效。

4 本系列的练习与测试有何功能？

《Black Cat 有声名著阶梯阅读》特别注重练习的设计，为读者考虑到，切合实用需求，学习功能强。每章后均配有训练听、说、读、写四项技能的练习，分量、难度恰到好处。

听力练习分两类，一是重听故事回答问题，二是聆听主角对话、书信朗读或模拟记者访问后写出答案，旨在以生活化的练习形式逐步提高听力。

模仿录音朗读故事或模仿主人翁在戏剧中的对白，则是训练口语能力的好方法。

阅读理解练习形式多样化，有纵横字谜、配对、填空、字句重组等等，注重训练读者的理解、推敲和联想等多种阅读技能。

写作练习尤具新意，教读者使用网式图示（spidergrams）记录重点，采用问答、书信、电报、记者采访等多样化形式，鼓励读者动手写作。

书后更设有升级测试（Exit Test）及答案，供读者检查学习效果。

充分利用书中的练习和测试，可全面提升听、说、读、写四项技能。

5 本系列还能提供什么帮助？

《Black Cat 有声名著阶梯阅读》提倡丰富多元的现代阅读，巧用书中提供的资讯，有助于提升英语理解力，拓展视野。

每本书都设有专章介绍相关的历史文化知识，经典名著更有作者生平、社会背景等资讯。书内富有表现力的彩色插图、绘图和照片，使阅读充满趣味，部分加上如何解读古典名画的指导，增长见识。有些剧作包含舞台演出剧本，可供戏剧爱好者一显身手。有的书还提供一些与主题相关的网址，比如关于不同国家的节庆源流的网址，让读者多利用网上资源增进知识。

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The story is recorded in full. 故事全文录音



This symbol indicates the exercises featured on the accompanying CD.
听力练习的录音标记

PART ONE



*Portrait of Henry VIII, by Hans the Younger Holbein (1497 – 1543).
Belvoir Castle/Bridgeman Art Library.*

HENRY VIII - A TUDOR KING

INTRODUCTION



To understand the English monarchs it is important to understand their times. Today some of their actions seem cruel or extravagant.¹ But remember that their times were very different from ours. A king or queen of the 16th century had unlimited power. Everyone wanted to please the monarch. Rebels² or enemies were eliminated! Executions were a common event in Europe.

Henry VIII was the son of Henry VII, the first Tudor King. He became king during the Renaissance,³ a time of great change. The Renaissance brought new ideas to art, science and philosophy. However, many of these new ideas clashed⁴ with the church. So, the church and religion changed with the Reformation.⁵ The geography of the world changed too. Explorers discovered new lands, new people and new products.

All his life Henry VIII desperately wanted a male heir⁶ to keep the Tudors on the throne of England.

He had a very complex personality.⁷ He had his faults but he was a brilliant, talented man and an unforgettable monarch.

1. **extravagant** : 挥霍无度的。

2. **rebels** : 叛乱分子。

3. **Renaissance** : 欧洲文艺复兴 (见第 17 页)。

4. **clashed** : 有重大分歧。

5. **Reformation** : 宗教改革。

6. **male heir** : 男继承人。

7. **complex personality** : 复杂性格。



The Young King

*H*enry VIII became king in 1509, just before his eighteenth birthday. Young Henry was not prepared to be king. He became king only because his elder brother, Arthur, died at the age of fifteen.

Soon after the coronation ¹ Henry married his first wife, Catherine of Aragon, who was his brother Arthur's widow. ²

Catherine was the only child of King Ferdinand of Spain. Spain was then a very powerful country. This marriage created a strong alliance ³ between the two countries.

Catherine was beautiful and intelligent, and Henry loved her. For almost twenty years they were the perfect royal couple and were happy together.

The new King looked like a hero. Henry was handsome and robust. ⁴ He was six foot (1.83 metres) tall. At that time most men

1. coronation : 加冕。

2. widow : 寡妇。

3. alliance : 联盟。

4. robust : 壮健的。

Great English Monarchs and their Times



were about five foot four inches (1.60 metres) tall. He had bright blue eyes and red hair. He also had a strong personality. The people of England liked King Henry.

Young Henry was strong and full of energy. He loved playing tennis, riding horses and hunting. He hunted in the forests with hawks.¹ He was a very skilled swordsman and loved mock² fights called jousts.

Henry was also a great scholar. He spoke English, French, Latin and Spanish. He studied ancient Greek, religious writings, mathematics and astronomy. He was an avid³ reader and encouraged others to read too. He loved music and played several instruments very well: the harp, the organ, the lute⁴ and



Henry VIII jousts before Catherine of Aragon (1511).

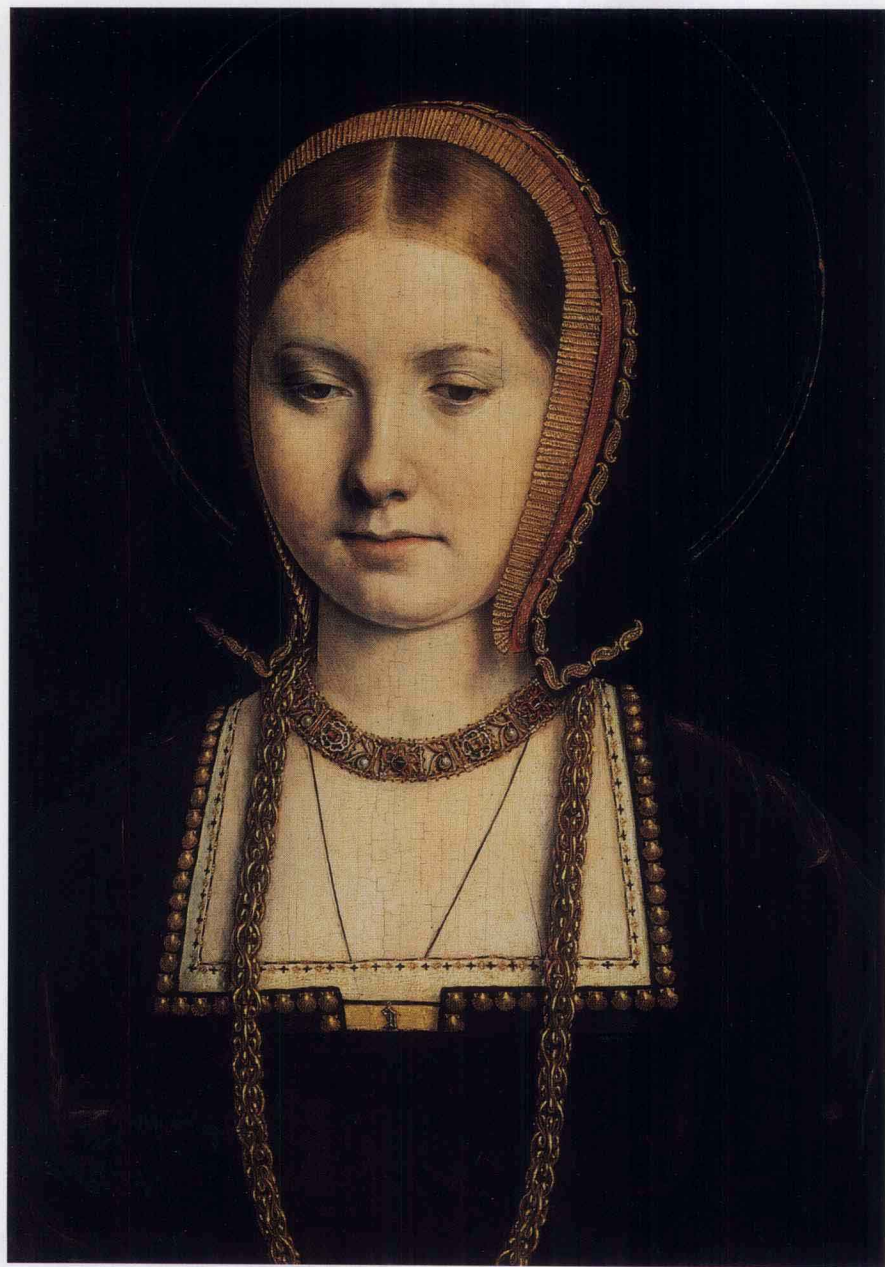
1. hawks :



2. mock : 模拟。

3. avid : 非常热衷的。

4. lute : 诗琴。

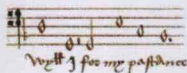


Catherine of Aragon, by Michael Sittow.
Kunsthistorisches Museum, Vienna.

Great English Monarchs and their Times



the virginals.¹ He was a good singer and dancer, and also composed beautiful songs. We can still listen to some of his compositions.



During this time the Renaissance developed in England. King Henry was a patron² of the arts. Writers, poets, painters and musicians were all welcome at his court. The famous Dutch scholar, Erasmus, was Henry's friend.

The young King was very busy with banquets, dancing, hunting and sports. He decorated his castles and palaces with beautiful furniture and paintings. He wore expensive clothes and jewellery, and was generous with his friends.

Henry did not have much time to govern his country. One of his advisers³ began to govern England. His name was Thomas Wolsey, a clever man of humble origins.⁴ He was a cardinal⁵ of the Church.

Henry desperately⁶ wanted an heir to the Tudor throne. Early in 1511 Catherine gave birth to a son. There were great celebrations, but the little Prince died after two months. King Henry was very disappointed.

1. virginals : 16-17 世纪的键盘乐器。



2. patron : 赞助人。

3. advisers : 参谋。

4. of humble origins : 出身寒微。

5. cardinal : 枢机主教。

6. desperately : 极度地。

UNDERSTANDING THE TEXT

1

Choose the correct answer.

- a. Henry VIII became king in 1509
☐ just after his fifteenth birthday
☐ just before his eighteenth birthday
☐ when his sister died
- b. Henry's first wife, Catherine of Aragon, was
☐ King Ferdinand's youngest sister
☐ his brother's best friend
☐ his brother's widow and King Ferdinand's only child
- c. Young Henry was robust and handsome,
☐ but he did not like sports or hunting
☐ but he was not tall
☐ and he loved hunting and sports
- d. He was a great scholar, an avid reader and
☐ an excellent musician
☐ a good painter
☐ a courageous explorer
- e. During Henry's reign
☐ there were wars between England and Spain
☐ the Medieval Ages began
☐ the Renaissance developed in England
- f. Thomas Wolsey began to govern the country
☐ when Henry's brother died
☐ because young Henry was busy with banquets, hunting and sports
☐ because young Henry became very ill
- g. King Henry was very unhappy when
☐ his two-month old son died
☐ Cardinal Wolsey began to govern the country
☐ Catherine of Aragon died

2

The Past Simple.

Go back to Chapter One and underline in pencil the Past Simple of the following verbs. Then write the Past Simple and the Past Participle of each verb in the correct column.

Infinitive (不定式)	Past Simple (一般过去时)	Past Participle (过去分词)
to become		
to be		
to die		
to marry		
to love		
to look		
to have		
to speak		
to study		
to play		
to develop		
to begin		

Now circle the regular verbs (规则动词) in the first column in green and the irregular verbs in red.