

# 新编大学英语

NEW COLLEGE ENGLISH

## 词汇练习册

田建国 主编

3

RECORDING HUMAN CIVILIZATION  
AND BRIDGING DIFFERENT CULTURE

Bridging Cultural Gaps Gracefully

### Word List

Directions: Memorize the words and phrases before class. You will benefit from your effort and you get the passage from your teacher and read it.

### New Words

abrupt /ə'brʌpt/ *adj.* seeming rude and unfriendly 唐突的, 鲁莽的

e.g. He was abrupt to the point of being rude.

accompany /ə'kʌmpəni/ *v.* go a long way with or exist at the same time or place as something else 伴随

e.g. This volume of essays was designed to accompany an exhibition in London.

accomplish /ə'kʌmplɪʃ, ə'kʌm-/ *v.* succeed in doing something 完成

e.g. If we'd all work together, I think we could accomplish our goal.

accomplishment /ə'kʌmplɪʃmənt/ *n.* something that is achieved after a lot of effort 成就, 功绩

e.g. For a novelist, that's quite an accomplishment.

one in order to praise him/her 赞扬

e.g. Bob complimented me on my new confusion /kən'fju:ʒən/ *n.* 混乱

e.g. There has been some confusion of constantly /kən'stəntli/ *adv.* continuously

是, 总是

e.g. She worries constantly.

corporation /'kɒpə'reɪʃən/ *n.* 公司

culture /'kʌltʃə(r)/ *n.* the ideas, beliefs that are shared and accepted by people in e.g. Chinese culture, British culture, Western culture

cultural /'kʌltʃərəl/ *adj.* 文化的

definitely /'defɪnɪtli/ *adv.* with no chance 肯定地, 确实地

e.g. It is definitely going to rain this afternoon.

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# 前 言

《新编大学英语》是根据教育部颁发的《大学英语教学大纲（修订本）》编写的系列教材。《词汇练习册》是为配合这套教材而编写的。《大学英语教学大纲（修订本）》对词汇的基本要求是四级要领会式掌握 4,200 个单词，复用式掌握 2,500 个单词，同时要掌握一定量的常用词组。这些词汇是进行听、说、读、写、译等语言技能活动的基础。为了帮助同学们有效地学习教材词汇，逐步掌握、巩固教材词汇并扩大词汇量，我们特编写了这套练习册。

《词汇练习册》第三册按照教学大纲对词汇的要求，重点对《新编大学英语》第三册中出现的生词提供了大量的练习，同时编排有其他扩充练习。在编写练习的过程中，编者贯彻了语言规范、难度适中、内容广泛、精练实用等原则。

全书共 12 个单元，与《新编大学英语》各相应单元中的课内阅读、课外阅读文章相配合。每单元练习中均包括以下四大部分：

- 一、**Knowing New Words and Phrases**（了解生词和短语）——通过选择词汇、短语填空、划线定义词汇、字母提示词汇填空、根据括号中的动词填出介词或副词等题型，使学生把学到的词汇、短语用到句子中去，从而提高学生对词的活用能力。
- 二、**Further Understanding of New Words and Phrases**（进一步掌握生词和短语）——在活用生词的基础上，通过一词多义、一词多词性、同根词、同义词、介词等五大题型，不同形式、新颖活泼的练习，使学生对每单元的重点词汇从词义、词性、派生、同义及搭配关系等方面进一步学习和掌握，提高对词汇的全面理解和复用能力。
- 三、**Enforcing Band-4 Words and Phrases**（强化四级词汇和短语）——根据给出的四个词汇或词组，进行比较，选出最恰当的词语完成句子。这些练习的目的是帮助学生复习四级大纲中的难点词汇和常见的动词短语、形容词短语、名词短语、介词短语等，加深学生对词汇和短语的理解与掌握。这部分词汇严格控制在大纲四级词汇之内。
- 四、**Comprehensive Training**（综合训练）——通过选词填空、介词填空、字母提示填空、多项选择填空等练习形式，要求学生根据所给短文的上下文填入词的正确形式。这部分题目旨在提高学生在语篇要求下辨别和使用词汇的能力。这部分词汇也严格控制在大纲四级词汇之内。

本书可供学生课外自学、练习，也可由教师结合教学，选择使用。

《词汇练习册》系列由田建国主编，王萍、赵雪爱、甘雪雁为副主编。第三册 1~6 单元以及 7~10 单元的一、二、四部分分别由谭键、张鹏编写，1~10 单元的第三部分和 11~12 单元由陈冬梅编写。

在本书编写过程中，我们参考了国内外一些有关著作和科研成果，未能一一注明，在此谨向原作者表示衷心的感谢。

编者希望本书能体现《大学英语教学大纲（修订本）》的要求，进一步满足英语教学的需要，并希望使用本书的教师和学生提出宝贵的意见。

编者

2003 年 3 月

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## Unit 1 Myths and Legends

### Part I Knowing New Words and Phrases

I Fill in the blanks with the words given below in the box. Change the form if necessary.

jealous	grief	horrible	magnificent	famine
invitation	eloquent	invulnerable	mischievous	peck
delete	refrain	irresponsible	traditional	preparation

1. Thousands died or emigrated during the Irish \_\_\_\_\_ of 1840s.
2. I've got a(n) \_\_\_\_\_ feeling he has forgotten to take his medicine.
3. The defense lawyer made a(n) \_\_\_\_\_ plea for his client's acquittal.
4. The parrot \_\_\_\_\_ my finger through the bars of the cage—it really hurt!
5. Tommy has become very \_\_\_\_\_ of his new baby sister because his parents spend so much time with her.
6. The villagers retain a strong attachment to their \_\_\_\_\_ customs.
7. The son and mother were unable to communicate their respective \_\_\_\_\_.
8. We \_\_\_\_\_ from talking until we knew that it was safe.
9. I'm always impressed by the splendor and \_\_\_\_\_ of the pyramids.
10. He's currently writing a book based on the \_\_\_\_\_ behavior of his ten-year-old daughter.

II Fill in the blanks with the phrases given below in the box. Change the form if necessary.

behave oneself	be greeted with/by	condemn... to	put an end to
of one's own accord	pass... down to	rest with	for the sake of
escape one's notice	jump to one's feet	let oneself go	at will
with certainty	slowly but surely	be consumed with/by	

1. He kept a close watch on that house, nothing \_\_\_\_\_.
2. Genes are the instructions by which parents' characteristics are \_\_\_\_\_ their children.
3. With an air conditioner you can enjoy comfortable temperatures \_\_\_\_\_.
4. He \_\_\_\_\_, thinking that the plane was about to take off.
5. The government tends to \_\_\_\_\_ inflation once and for all.
6. When the well-known pianist entered the hall he was \_\_\_\_\_ applause.
7. As a teenager, I was \_\_\_\_\_ passion for a film star I would never meet.

8. The music got louder and I \_\_\_\_\_, dancing wildly.
9. \_\_\_\_\_ the mind's peace, one ought not to inquire into such things too closely.
10. He's thirty now; it's time that he started \_\_\_\_\_.

## Part II Further Understanding of New Words and Phrases

### III Study the following groups of sentences carefully and give the Chinese of the italicized words or phrases.

#### 1. *condemn*

- a. The terrorist action has been *condemned* as an act of barbarism and cowardice.
- b. They were *condemned* to spend the best years of their lives in prison for a crime they hadn't even committed.

#### 2. *fulfil*

- a. He has sacked his finance minister for "having failed to *fulfil* his job obligations".
- b. Jane was the only one who *fulfilled* all the conditions; she was of the required age, height and education.

#### 3. *obtain*

- a. In 1840 he *obtained* permission to edit a daily newspaper.
- b. Conditions of extreme poverty now *obtain* in many parts of the country.

#### 4. *title*

- a. The *title* of Evelyn Waugh's first novel was *Decline and Fall*.
- b. King, Duke, Lord, Countess, Captain, Doctor, Professor, Madame, and Miss are *titles*.
- c. If you wish to sell the property, you will first have to prove your *title* to it.

#### 5. *bound*

- a. It was *bound* to happen sooner or later.
- b. The country was *bounded* by the sea on two sides and by mountains on the other two.
- c. She's not legally *bound* to pay the debts, but she has agreed to do so as a gesture of goodwill.
- d. She was on a plane *bound* for Moscow when she fell ill.
- e. What you did was beyond the *bounds* of acceptable behavior for an employee of this company.

#### 6. *rank*

- a. In Cambridge, *ranks* of bikes line the streets outside the colleges.
- b. He currently *ranks* second in the world as a tennis player.
- c. Having a large income is one of the advantages of high *rank*.

#### 7. *accord*

- a. What he has done is *in accord with* your instructions.
- b. Everyone in the class participated in these discussions *of their own accord*.

- c. *With one accord* the delegates walked out of the conference.
8. *put out*
- a. We just managed to *put* the flames *out* before any real damage was caused.
- b. The Department of Social Security has *put out* a pamphlet explaining the new rates of pension for retired people.
- c. She *put out* her hand and touched him, said softly: "Don't be angry with me."
- d. The company *puts out* 13 new machines every month.

**IV Each word in the box can be used both as a noun and a verb. Complete each of the following pairs of sentences with a word from the box. Change the form if necessary.**

claw	despair	dye	feast	grant	murmur	palm
peak	register	roar	shell	spear	spit	tremble

- a. "What a \_\_\_\_\_!" she said, as she surveyed the dishes on the table.

b. Mr. Black \_\_\_\_\_ his friends on duck and green peas.
- a. I'm getting bored with these T-shirts—I think I'll \_\_\_\_\_ them.

b. There're dozens of different \_\_\_\_\_ to choose from.
- a. When I was making the cake, a piece of \_\_\_\_\_ from an egg fell into the mixture.

b. You have to \_\_\_\_\_ peanuts before eating them.
- a. The Government agreed to \_\_\_\_\_ him a pension.

b. The student lived on a \_\_\_\_\_ from the government.
- a. They began to \_\_\_\_\_ of ever finding their way back through the forest.

b. Their fourth year without rain drove many farmers to \_\_\_\_\_.
- a. We could hear the lions \_\_\_\_\_ at the other end of the zoo.

b. His apartment was on a main road and there was a constant \_\_\_\_\_ of traffic from down below.
- a. Official figures show that unemployment \_\_\_\_\_ in November and then fell slowly over the next two months.

b. Traffic accidents reach their \_\_\_\_\_ at the weekends.
- a. I suspected that he had \_\_\_\_\_ a playing card.

b. She was so nervous that her \_\_\_\_\_ were all cold and sweaty.
- a. Within two weeks of arrival all foreigners had to \_\_\_\_\_ with the local police.

b. If a student is absent the teacher notes it down in the \_\_\_\_\_ of attendance.
- a. There was a slight \_\_\_\_\_ in his voice as he told us the bad news.

b. I remembered her as a small child, bright red and \_\_\_\_\_ with rage if she was refused something.
- a. The lion tamer was seriously injured when one of his lions \_\_\_\_\_ his back.

b. Our cat likes to sharpen her \_\_\_\_\_ on the legs of the dining table.



12. a. They bought watermelons and ate them as they walked, \_\_\_\_\_ out the seeds.  
b. She used a little \_\_\_\_\_ on a tissue to wipe the mirror clean.
13. a. After the report was published, there were \_\_\_\_\_ of discontent round the office.  
b. He \_\_\_\_\_ a few words she didn't quite catch.
14. a. He was armed with a \_\_\_\_\_ and a round shield.  
b. The hunter \_\_\_\_\_ the deer through its neck.

**V Choose the right word from the following groups of words to fill in each blank. Change the form if necessary.**

1. *accord (n.) accord (v.) accordance according to accordingly*
  - a. She was offended and \_\_\_\_\_ refused to attend the meeting.
  - b. An \_\_\_\_\_ signed by the two sides in January brought a formal end to the war in Bougainville.
  - c. In \_\_\_\_\_ with her wishes, she was buried in France.
  - d. His version of events does not \_\_\_\_\_ with witnesses' statements.
  - e. From each \_\_\_\_\_ his abilities, to each \_\_\_\_\_ his needs.
2. *departure depart departed*
  - a. The old man talked for hours about the \_\_\_\_\_ triumphs of his youth.
  - b. To allow these changes would be a significant \_\_\_\_\_ from tradition.
  - c. The train for London \_\_\_\_\_ from Platform 2.
3. *ungrateful grateful gratitude*
  - a. If you could get that report finished by Thursday, I would be very \_\_\_\_\_.
  - b. Take this as a token of my \_\_\_\_\_ for all your help.
  - c. It'll look very \_\_\_\_\_ if you don't write and thank him.
4. *misbehave misbehavior behave behavior*
  - a. Our job is to show people the need to \_\_\_\_\_ responsibly in or close to the sea.
  - b. The little boat's \_\_\_\_\_ was perfect on the trial trip.
  - c. He was expelled for persistently \_\_\_\_\_ at school.
  - d. Her \_\_\_\_\_ was an embarrassment to her parents.
5. *fatten fat (n.) fat (a.) fatty*
  - a. An unusually thick layer of \_\_\_\_\_ in the man's body had prevented him from dying of cold.
  - b. Good news for \_\_\_\_\_—this new no-exercise, no-diet regime will change your life permanently.
  - c. These cattle are being \_\_\_\_\_ up before being sold.
  - d. Manufacturers of "designer water" have made \_\_\_\_\_ profits.

**VI Replace the italicized parts in the following sentences with words or phrases from the passages. Change the form if necessary.**

1. The German player emerged *triumphant* after a long five-hour match.
2. If you're a member of a club, you must *obey* the rules of that club.
3. Mr. Smith is surprised to see many new buildings are *rising* throughout the city.
4. If it's *a genuine* Michelangelo drawing, it'll sell for millions.
5. The Chinese use chopsticks *instead of* knives and forks.
6. They were oblivious to the outside world as they *embraced* each other on the station platform.
7. Of course, in the end, the *bad* witch does get punished.
8. The people stood *obediently* in line waiting to vote.
9. We're *thankful* to you for your assistance.
10. The names of the 5,000 military personnel who died in the war are *carved* on the Memorial.

**Part III Enforcing Band-4 Words and Phrases**

**VII Compare the words given and then choose the best to complete the following sentences.**

1. Jack's rude remark \_\_\_\_\_ his boss. In return, his boss refused to raise his salary.  
A. affected                      B. altered                      C. bothered                      D. offended
2. Mary has been waiting for John to \_\_\_\_\_, but John simply couldn't call up his courage to face Mary's parents.  
A. motion                      B. dictate                      C. propose                      D. offer
3. Because of environmental concerns, the \_\_\_\_\_ of the traditional refrigerator industry looks dim.  
A. layout                      B. prospect                      C. commission                      D. application
4. The latest TV models can automatically adjust to any \_\_\_\_\_ input between 90 and 230 volts.  
A. voltage                      B. volume                      C. pressure                      D. frequency
5. \_\_\_\_\_, starch (淀粉) and fat are essential to the growth of human beings.  
A. Carbon                      B. Nitrogen                      C. Tissue                      D. Protein
6. Before liberation, \_\_\_\_\_ used to come hand in hand with natural disasters.  
A. affection                      B. famine                      C. vacuum                      D. nuisance
7. I don't like that fellow. He's rather \_\_\_\_\_, though he talks big.  
A. economical                      B. aggressive                      C. ridiculous                      D. shallow
8. Mrs. Thomas is very \_\_\_\_\_ about her food. She believes in low salt, low fat and high fiber.  
A. particular                      B. partial                      C. pessimistic                      D. passive
9. \_\_\_\_\_ transportation is mainly by cargo ships, while land transportation is by trucks and train.

- A. Marine                      B. Mobile                      C. Moderate                      D. Mutual
10. China has become a major participant in \_\_\_\_\_ all important international economic organizations.
- A. actually                      B. basically                      C. virtually                      D. normally
11. A storm was building up and the chickens in the shed became \_\_\_\_\_ and noisy.
- A. depressed                      B. awkward                      C. emotional                      D. restless
12. Jane waited for the telephone to ring twice before she picked up the \_\_\_\_\_ and said hello.
- A. receiver                      B. microphone                      C. speaker                      D. hook
13. His new contribution to the advancement of physiology was universally (well) \_\_\_\_\_.
- A. estimated                      B. accomplished                      C. appreciated                      D. realized
14. Under similar conditions, black cloth \_\_\_\_\_ more heat than blue cloth, so the snow under it melts faster.
- A. engages                      B. attracts                      C. absorbs                      D. tempts
15. Scientists are looking for more efficient ways to \_\_\_\_\_ wind energy into electricity.
- A. change                      B. convert                      C. transmit                      D. alter

**VII You are given several groups of phrases. Choose the most appropriate one to complete the sentence.**

1. It is difficult to say exactly what \_\_\_\_\_ the present dissatisfaction with the management.
- A. brought in                      B. brought about                      C. brought out                      D. brought over
2. Advertisements are intended to \_\_\_\_\_ the best qualities of the product to the public.
- A. put up                      B. put aside                      C. put about                      D. put across
3. He threw a log on the fire, and it \_\_\_\_\_ with a crackle.
- A. burned out                      B. burned with                      C. burned up                      D. burned of
4. The parents of that badly behaved child have a lot to \_\_\_\_\_.
- A. answer to                      B. answer back                      C. answer for                      D. answer up
5. During the emergency, I was \_\_\_\_\_ from home by the army.
- A. called up                      B. called at                      C. called upon                      D. called off
6. Mary found it difficult to \_\_\_\_\_ Jim's father when he disapproved of their marriage.
- A. stand by                      B. stand up to                      C. stand for                      D. stand up for
7. I shall have to \_\_\_\_\_ the money I have saved to pay for the holiday.
- A. draw in                      B. draw up                      C. draw to                      D. draw on
8. It was difficult to \_\_\_\_\_ what was said over the loudspeaker in the square.
- A. make for                      B. make out                      C. make up                      D. make up for
9. He went ahead \_\_\_\_\_ all warnings about the danger of his mission.
- A. in case of                      B. because of                      C. regardless of                      D. prior to
10. Work on the library extension had to be \_\_\_\_\_ while labour was diverted to more

urgent projects.

A. set about                      B. set down                      C. set forward                      D. set aside

11. To \_\_\_\_\_ the overall expenditure, every dollar should be spent carefully.

A. cut out                      B. bring down                      C. put down                      D. slow down

12. I decided to put my watch under my pillow \_\_\_\_\_ someone tried to steal it in the night.

A. as the case                      B. in the case of                      C. in any case                      D. in case

13. Sentimental films filled with nostalgia (怀旧) may especially \_\_\_\_\_ the aged, but most youngsters may still prefer action films.

A. appeal to                      B. attract with                      C. be attached to                      D. be associated with

14. Many kinds of wild animals in America have so few members alive that they are \_\_\_\_\_ of vanishing.

A. in danger                      B. in debt                      C. in hurry                      D. in ruins

15. The geographers \_\_\_\_\_ an artificial way to divide the ocean into seven parts.

A. worked on                      B. cut out                      C. figured out                      D. filled in

## Part IV Comprehensive Training

### IX Cloze: Fill in each blank with one word.

Paris is the capital of the European nation of France. It is also 1 of the most beautiful and most famous cities in the 2.

Paris is called the City of Light. It is also an international fashion 3. What stylish women are 4 in Paris will be worn by women all 5 the world. Paris is also a famous world center of education. For 6, it is the headquarters of UNESCO, the United Nations Educational, Scientific, and Cultural Organization.

There are many other famous 7 in Paris, such as the famous museum the Louvre as well 8 the cathedral of Nortre Dame. However, the most 9 landmark in this city must 10 the Eiffel Tower.

### X Cloze: For each blank in the following passage, choose the best answer from the choices given.

I must tell you about the most awful dream I had the other night. It was 1 of a nightmare. You know I don't believe in the supernatural: ghosts, witchcraft and all 2, but what happened was so 3, I'm almost beginning to 4 there is some truth in it.

It was a terrible night, 5 the

- |              |            |
|--------------|------------|
| 1. A. more   | B. less    |
| C. much      | D. many    |
| 2. A. that   | B. these   |
| C. those     | D. this    |
| 3. A. real   | B. actual  |
| C. essential | D. right   |
| 4. A. doubt  | B. guess   |
| C. expect    | D. suspect |
| 5. A. that   | B. with    |

wind howling and the thunder crashing but finally I 6 to get to sleep. What happened next was really 7. There, at the end of the bed, stood a dark figure. I'm not 8 —honestly I could really see it. It was dark in the room, of course, but I saw the 9 of the figure clearly. I know not all ghosts are 10, but this one looked really terrifying. Then it spoke. At 11, it made some sounds; it was moaning, as if 12.

You can imagine by this time I was trembling 13. Hiding under the blankets, I was 14 from head to foot. What terrified me was the thought that the thing might 15 me. I knew if it did, I would 16. It kept on making strange sounds which now sounded more like 17 or spells. Was it some kind of witch, sent to 18 its magic on me, I wondered. Then it 19 into the wall.

How I fell asleep again is still a 20 to me. What do you make of it? It was a dream after all.

- |                   |                 |                |
|-------------------|-----------------|----------------|
|                   | C. as           | D. which       |
| 6. A. tried       |                 | B. attempted   |
|                   | C. managed      | D. began       |
| 7. A. interesting |                 | B. amusing     |
|                   | C. frightening  | D. wonderful   |
| 8. A. enlarging   |                 | B. emphasizing |
|                   | C. exaggerating | D. pretending  |
| 9. A. summary     |                 | B. symbol      |
|                   | C. outline      | D. formation   |
| 10. A. serious    |                 | B. critical    |
|                   | C. supernatural | D. dangerous   |
| 11. A. most       |                 | B. least       |
|                   | C. best         | D. worst       |
| 12. A. risk       |                 | B. fact        |
|                   | C. pain         | D. danger      |
| 13. A. slightly   |                 | B. shamefully  |
|                   | C. violently    | D. moderately  |
| 14. A. moving     |                 | B. vibrating   |
|                   | C. waving       | D. shaking     |
| 15. A. meet       |                 | B. contract    |
|                   | C. affect       | D. touch       |
| 16. A. whisper    |                 | B. scream      |
|                   | C. move         | D. leave       |
| 17. A. curses     |                 | B. courses     |
|                   | C. causes       | D. cases       |
| 18. A. find       |                 | B. work        |
|                   | C. make         | D. give        |
| 19. A. appeared   |                 | B. vanished    |
|                   | C. departed     | D. turned      |
| 20. A. secret     |                 | B. mystery     |
|                   | C. humour       | D. charm       |

## Unit 2 Manners

### Part I Knowing New Words and Phrases

I Fill in the blanks with the words given below in the box. Change the form if necessary.

consult	fitness	reassure	brutal	opponent
blessing	innate	fragile	reputation	arrangement
acquisition	rebellious	visible	reciprocate	steer

1. Mary's most impressive quality is her \_\_\_\_\_ goodness.
2. These wine glasses are much too \_\_\_\_\_ for everyday use.
3. If the symptoms continue to get worse, \_\_\_\_\_ your doctor.
4. You can only withdraw money from this account by prior \_\_\_\_\_ with the bank.
5. Jenny is learning to ride a bike, but she isn't very good at \_\_\_\_\_ it.
6. What a(n) \_\_\_\_\_ it is you didn't get caught in the storm yesterday.
7. She felt \_\_\_\_\_ after her teacher told her she would pass the examination.
8. Mr. Smith will be a valuable \_\_\_\_\_ to the teaching staff of our school.
9. He was imprisoned in 1987 for the \_\_\_\_\_ murder of a 12-year-old school girl.
10. The company has a worldwide \_\_\_\_\_ for quality.

II Use the verb in bracket to form an appropriate phrasal verb and complete the sentence with it. Change the form if necessary.

1. She \_\_\_\_\_ the newspapers that were scattered around the floor. (gather)
2. He \_\_\_\_\_ me \_\_\_\_\_ the importance of being tidy and well-organized. (lecture)
3. The speaker \_\_\_\_\_ him \_\_\_\_\_ an up-and-coming politician. (refer)
4. I've got to go—something has \_\_\_\_\_ at home and I'm needed there. (come)
5. A crowd gathered round the child that had been \_\_\_\_\_ by a truck. (run)
6. I've often \_\_\_\_\_ Bob \_\_\_\_\_ when he has been a bit short of money. (help)
7. She has said that she will be \_\_\_\_\_ at the next election. (step)
8. A feeling of despair \_\_\_\_\_ us as we realized that we were completely lost. (descend)
9. I can't just \_\_\_\_\_ and do nothing when there're so many homeless people on the streets. (sit)
10. The company \_\_\_\_\_ the highest standards from its suppliers. (insist)

## Part II Further Understanding of New Words and Phrases

III The following words and phrases have different shades of meaning. Study each definition carefully. Try to find the right definition for the word or phrase in each sentence. Write the corresponding letter in the space provided.

- A. *acknowledge* a. agree to the truth of; to recognize the fact or existence of  
b. recognize, accept or admit  
c. state that one has received  
d. express thanks for

1. \_\_\_\_\_ She's usually *acknowledged* to be one of our best artists.
2. \_\_\_\_\_ The company *acknowledged* his long service with a present.
3. \_\_\_\_\_ He refused to *acknowledge* that he was defeated.
4. \_\_\_\_\_ Please *acknowledge* (receipt of) this letter.

- B. *awkward* a. difficult to use  
b. causing difficulty to those who are concerned  
c. lacking skill in moving the body or parts of the body easily  
d. (of a person) difficult to deal with

1. \_\_\_\_\_ The police asked some *awkward* questions about where the money had come from.
2. \_\_\_\_\_ The seal is very *awkward* on land, but quite at home in the water.
3. \_\_\_\_\_ That journalist is an *awkward* customer—she's always asking politicians the questions that they'd prefer not to answer.
4. \_\_\_\_\_ The boat is *awkward* to handle.

- C. *commonplace* a. ordinary or usual  
b. a well-known remark worn out by too much use

1. \_\_\_\_\_ The fashionable remarks of today often become the *commonplace* expression of tomorrow.
2. \_\_\_\_\_ We exchanged *commonplaces* about the weather over countless cups of tea.

- D. *elaborate* a. worked out with much care and in great detail  
b. work out, describe, in detail

1. \_\_\_\_\_ Introduce your main points to begin with and *elaborate* on them later in the essay.
2. \_\_\_\_\_ Peter worked out an *elaborate* scheme for raising the money.

- E. *pick up* a. take hold of and lift  
b. obtain, get or receive  
c. collect or to go and get  
d. improve or increase  
e. start again after an interruption

1. \_\_\_\_\_ We're considering a permit system for all cab drivers who *pick up* passengers at the airport.

2. \_\_\_\_\_ We had *picked up* enough Russian to be able to read the instructions.
3. \_\_\_\_\_ I *picked up* the telephone and asked for the number of the estate office.
4. \_\_\_\_\_ After lunch shall we *pick up* where we left off yesterday?
5. \_\_\_\_\_ Her career began to *pick up* speed when she was in her thirties.

F. *in terms of* a. with regard to

b. by using word or expression in relation to a particular subject

1. \_\_\_\_\_ One simple way of describing strength is *in terms of* surface hardness.
2. \_\_\_\_\_ The work is not very profitable *in terms of* cash, but I am getting valuable experience from it.

#### IV Study the italicized words, paying attention to the parts of speech and giving their meanings in Chinese.

##### 1. *temper*

- a. I found it hard to keep my *temper* with so many things going wrong.
- b. He tried to *temper* the bad news with some hope of better things in the future.

##### 2. *bundle*

- a. He came in carrying a *bundle* of sticks for the fire.
- b. He *bundled* his clothes into the washing machine.

##### 3. *buzz*

- a. The bee *buzzed* from flower to flower.
- b. From the next room I could hear the *buzz* of conversation.

##### 4. *exit*

- a. Make your *exit* through the door at the back of the stage.
- b. He *exited* hastily when the crowd realized who he really was.

##### 5. *stride*

- a. The soldiers *strode* across the street with guns on their shoulders.
- b. The West made impressive *strides* in improving energy efficiency after the huge rises in oil prices during the 70's.

##### 6. *date*

- a. They were *dating* for five years before they got married.
- b. Have you found yourself a *date* for the dance tomorrow night?

##### 7. *chase*

- a. It was one of those boring films with endless car *chase*.
- b. After years of *chasing* her dreams, she finally got a part in a film.

##### 8. *split*

- a. There's a widening *split* between senior managers and the rest of the workforce.
- b. I suggest we *split* the profits between the six of us.

##### 9. *stab*

- a. He was admitted to St. Vincent's hospital with *stab* wounds.
- b. She was *stabbed* in the back by her friend, who had told the newspaper about her



private life.

10. *squeeze*

- a. I can give you a lift but it'll be a tight *squeeze* as I'm taking four other people as well.
- b. As she waited to go into the exam, he *squeezed* her hand and wished her good luck.

V Choose the right word from the following groups of words to fill in each blank. Change the form if necessary.

1. *alternate* (v.) *alternate* (a.) *alternative* (n.) *alternative* (a.) *alternatively*

- a. We could go to the Indian restaurant, or \_\_\_\_\_, we could try that new Italian place.
- b. He \_\_\_\_\_ working in the office with long tours overseas.
- c. Private cars are banned from the city on \_\_\_\_\_ days.
- d. I'm afraid I have no \_\_\_\_\_ but to ask you to leave.
- e. There're \_\_\_\_\_ ways of expressing the same idea.

2. *diplomacy* *diplomat* *diplomatic*

- a. Western \_\_\_\_\_ are meeting in Geneva this weekend.
- b. The two countries have been involved in lengthy \_\_\_\_\_ negotiations.
- c. Thanks to behind-the-scenes \_\_\_\_\_, the international agreement has now been signed.

3. *indication* *indicate* *indicative*

- a. The label on the packet \_\_\_\_\_ all the ingredients in the biscuits.
- b. There's little \_\_\_\_\_ that the protesters will leave the building peacefully.
- c. Resumption of the talks is \_\_\_\_\_ of an improving relationship between the countries.

4. *destined* *destiny*

- a. The \_\_\_\_\_ of our nation depends on the results of this vote.
- b. She is \_\_\_\_\_ for an extremely successful career.

5. *initiative* *initiate*

- a. The government \_\_\_\_\_ a mass campaign to wipe out malaria in the area.
- b. The peace \_\_\_\_\_ was welcomed by both sides.

6. *democracy* *democrat* *democratic*

- a. A \_\_\_\_\_ is a member or supporter of the Democratic Party.
- b. We must accept the results of a \_\_\_\_\_ election.
- c. The government has promised to uphold the principles of \_\_\_\_\_.

VI Replace the italicized parts in the following sentences with words or phrases from the passages. Change the form if necessary.

- 1. The job offers excellent *promotion* prospects.
- 2. This decision will *unavoidably* result in more crimes and more victims.